J.14/2:
969

CRIME

IN THE UNITED STATES

ISSUED BY--JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, Director--FBI

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS—1969

FOR RELEASE
THURSDAY A.M., AUGUST 13, 1970
PRINTED ANNUALLY

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS DEPT.
AUG 17 1970
DUKE UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTS

for the United States

PRINTED ANNUALLY—1969

ADVISORY: Committee on Uniform Crime Records
International Association of Chiefs of Police
D. B. Kelly, Colonel, New Jersey State Police
West Trenton, New Jersey, Chairman

J. Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20535

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D.C. 20402 - Price $1.50

J1.14/7:
1969-71

Contents

	Page
Preface	v
Crime factors	vi
Summary	1–46
Crime Index totals	2–4
Crime and population	4–5
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	5–9
Aggravated assault	9–11
Forcible rape	11–13
Robbery	13–16
Burglary	16–19
Larceny	19–25
Auto theft	25–28
Clearances	28–31
Persons arrested	31–34
Persons charged	34
Careers in Crime	34–40
Police employee data	40–43
Police killed data	43–46
Introduction	47–54
The index of crime, 1969	55–88
United States, 1969 (table 1)	56
United States, 1960 to 1969 (table 2)	57
United States, 1968–1969, by regions, geographic divisions and states (table 3)	58–63
States (table 4)	64–73
Standard metropolitan statistical areas (table 5)	74–88
General United States crime statistics, 1969	89–106
Crime trends, 1968–1969, by population groups (table 6)	90–91
Crime trends, 1968–1969, suburban and nonsuburban cities, by population groups (table 7)	92
Crime trends, 1968–1969, suburban and nonsuburban counties by population groups (table 8)	93
Crime rates, by population groups (table 9)	94–95
Crime rates, suburban and nonsuburban cities, by population groups (table 10)	96
Crime rates, suburban and nonsuburban counties, by population groups (table 11)	97
Offenses known, cleared by arrest, by population groups (table 12)	98–99
Offenses known, cleared by arrest, by geographic divisions (table 13)	100
Offenses cleared by arrest of persons under 18 years of age (table 14)	101
Disposition of persons formally charged by the police (table 15)	102
Persons charged-percent arrested or summoned (table 16)	103
Offenses known, cleared; persons arrested, charged and disposed of (table 17)	103

Page

General United States crime statistics, 1969—Continued
Police disposition of juvenile offenders taken into custody (table 18) 104
Offense analysis (table 19) 105
Type and value of property stolen and recovered (table 20) 105
Murder victims—weapons used (table 21) 106
Murder victims by age, sex and race (table 22) 106
Arrests, 1969 107–146
Number and rate by population group (table 23) 108–109
Arrest trends, 1960–1969 (table 24) 110
Arrest trends by sex, 1960–1969 (table 25) 111
Total arrest trends, 1968–1969 (table 26) 112
Total arrests by age group (table 27) 113–114
Total arrests of persons under 15, under 18, under 21, and under 25 (table 28) 115
Total arrests, distribution by sex (table 29) 116
Total arrest trends by sex, 1968–1969 (table 30) 117
Total arrests by race (table 31) 118–120
City arrest trends, 1968–1969 (table 32) 121
City arrests by age (table 33) 122–123
City arrests of persons under 15, under 18, under 21, and under 25 (table 34) 124
City arrests, distribution by sex (table 35) 125
City arrest trends by sex, 1968–1969 (table 36) 126
City arrests by race (table 37) 127–129
Suburban arrest trends, 1968–1969 (table 38) 130
Suburban arrests by age (table 39) 131–132
Suburban arrests of persons under 15, under 18, under 21, and under 25 (table 40) 133
Suburban arrests, distribution by sex (table 41) 134
Suburban arrests by race (table 42) 135–137
Rural arrest trends, 1968–1969 (table 43) 138
Rural arrests by age (table 44) 139–140
Rural arrests of persons under 15, under 18, under 21, and under 25 (table 45) 141
Rural arrests, distribution by sex (table 46) 142
Rural arrests by race (table 47) 143–145
Suburban and rural arrest trends by sex, 1968–1969 (table 48) 146
Police employee data, 1969 147–168
Full-time police employees; number, rate and range (table 49) 148
Full-time police officers; number, rate and range (table 50) 149
Civilian employees, percent of total (table 51) 150
Police officers killed (table 52) 150
Assaults on police officers by geographic divisions and population groups (table 53) 150
Assaults on police officers, percent distribution of weapons used (table 54) 151
Full-time state police and highway patrol employees, and police killed (table 55) 151
Police employees in individual cities (tables 56 and 57) 152–168
Offenses in individual areas 25,000 and over by population groups (table 58) 169–185

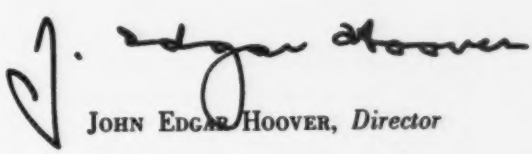
Preface

The decade of the 1960's has seen many changes in society, both good and bad. Our Nation has experienced a number of significant advancements during recent years; however, unusual increases in crime and criminal behavior as documented in this publication have most certainly detracted from these improvements. Crime increases were not unique to the United States. They have occurred in most of the advanced nations of the world which publicly report crime statistics. The causes—social, human, and material—that contributed to these trends are beyond the immediate control of law enforcement agencies. The effect, however, placed new and increasing demands on the law enforcement profession requiring substantial changes in all phases of its activities.

Advanced technologies have been adapted to police management and operations, the improvement of standards, and comprehensive training programs for law enforcement personnel. These needs have long been recognized by law enforcement professionals. The Congress of the United States, as well as state legislatures and others in authority, has taken positive action to meet the increasing crime and civil disorder crises. This support has been primarily in the form of Federal funding to complement local and state budgets. Through this support progress in developing new methods and approaches has become possible.

Computer and communications technologies have been applied to the problems and are playing a major role in improving law enforcement performance. These technologies offer law enforcement at all levels the means by which documented information, vitally important to all phases of performance, can be centralized and shared on a national scale. At the same time computer systems at the state level are rapidly developing and furnishing centralized services to local agencies in both management and operational areas. Therefore, the traditional local and state authority with regard to the law enforcement function is preserved and strengthened. How well we apply and discipline ourselves in the use of these major technological tools will determine much of law enforcement's achievements during the next decade.

Improved means of carrying out our tasks are constantly becoming available. We must remain alert to utilize every resource available in order to assure continued progress in meeting our many responsibilities.



JOHN EDGAR HOOVER, *Director*

Crime Factors

Uniform Crime Reports give a nationwide view of crime based on police statistics made possible by the voluntary cooperation of local law enforcement agencies. Since the factors which cause crime are many and vary from place to place, readers are cautioned against drawing conclusions from direct comparisons of crime figures between individual communities without first considering the factors involved. The national material summarized in this publication should be used, however, as a starting point to determine deviations of individual cities from the national averages.

Crime is a social problem and the concern of the entire community. The law enforcement effort is limited to factors within its control. Some of the conditions which will affect the amount and type of crime that occurs from place to place are briefly outlined below:

Density and size of the community population and the metropolitan area of which it is a part.

Composition of the population with reference particularly to age, sex and race.

Economic status and mores of the population.

Relative stability of population, including commuters, seasonal, and other transient types.

Climate, including seasonal weather conditions.

Educational, recreational, and religious characteristics.

Effective strength of the police force.

Standards governing appointments to the police force.

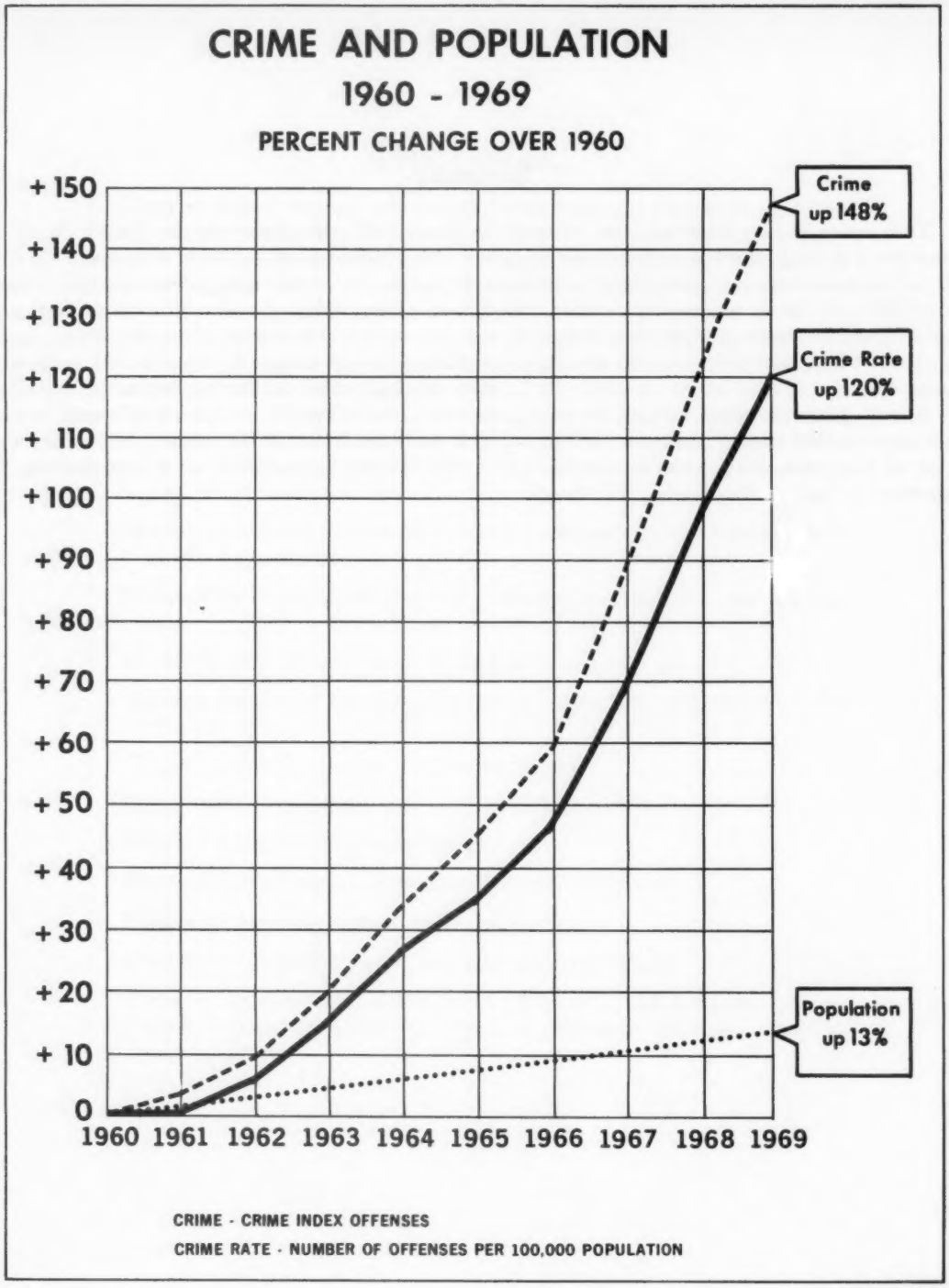
Policies of the prosecuting officials and the courts.

Attitude of the public toward law enforcement problems.

The administrative and investigative efficiency of the local law enforcement agency, including the degree of adherence to crime reporting standards.

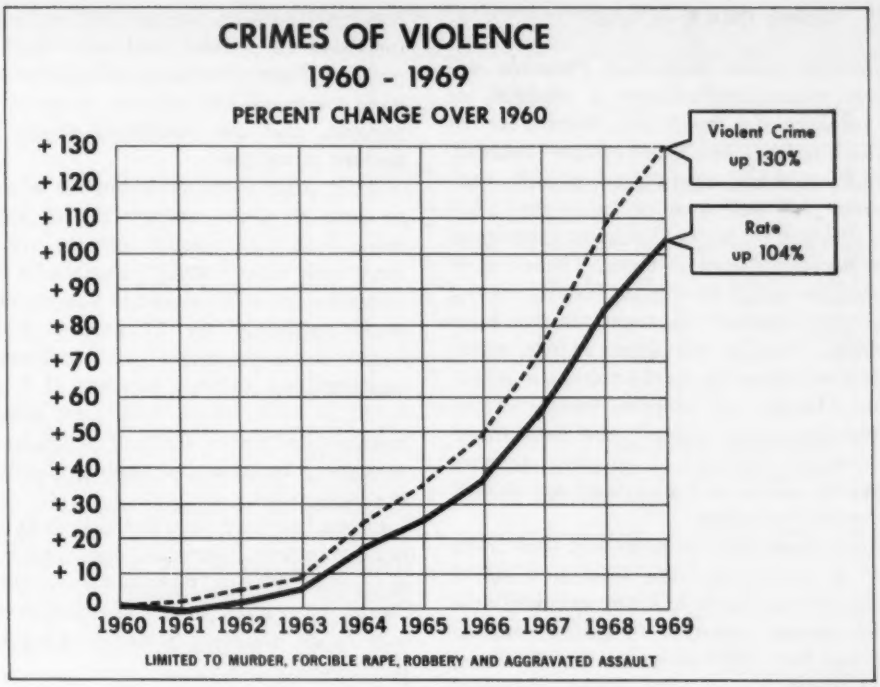
Summary

This section is for readers who are interested in the general crime picture for the United States. The volume, trend and rate of crime related to current estimated population are discussed in context with the Crime Index offenses—murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny $50 and over in value and auto theft. In addition, Crime Index offenses are treated individually to better delineate the nature of these criminal acts. Arrests, persons charged, clearances of crime, police employee data, police killed, and police assaults are discussed. Statistical data concerning the criminal recidivism of persons who have at least on one occasion during their criminal career become involved in the commission of a federal offense are also examined. In subsequent sections technical data of interest primarily to police, social scientists and other students are presented. If you desire assistance in the interpretation of any information in this publication, please communicate with the Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20535.



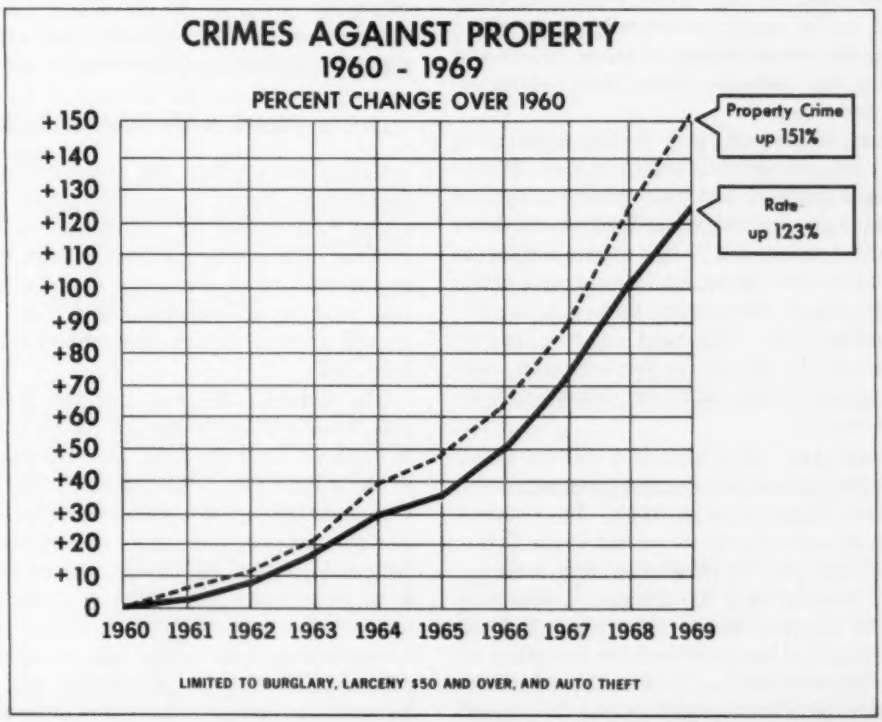
FBI CHART

Chart 1



FBI CHART

Chart 2



FBI CHART

Chart 3

CRIME INDEX TOTALS

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program employs seven crime classifications to establish an index to measure the trend and distribution of crime in the United States. These crimes—murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny $50 and over in value, and auto theft—are counted by law enforcement agencies as the crimes become known to them. These crimes were selected for use in the Crime Index because, as a group, they represent the most common local crime problem. They are all serious crimes, either by their very nature or due to the volume in which they occur. Offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault, are categorized as violent crimes. Offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over in value, and auto theft are classed as crimes against property.

It is believed desirable to point out that there is no way of determining the total number of crimes which are committed. Many criminal acts occur which are not reported to official sources. In light of this fact, the best source for obtaining a count of crime is the next logical universe, namely, crimes which come to police attention. The crimes used in the Crime Index are those considered to be most consistently reported to police and the computations of crime trends and crime rates are prepared using this universe—offenses known to police.

The crime counts set forth in this publication are actual offenses established by police investigation. When police receive a complaint of a crime and the follow-up investigation discloses no crime occurred it is "unfounded." On a national average, police investigations "unfound" four percent of the citizen complaints concerning Crime Index offenses ranging from 3 percent in the larceny classification to 18 percent in forcible rape complaints. Unfounded complaints are eliminated from these crime counts.

In calendar year 1969 almost 5 million Index offenses were reported to law enforcement agencies, a 12 percent increase over 1968. The violent crimes as a group made up 13 percent of the Crime Index total and rose 11 percent, with murder up 7 percent, forcible rape 17 percent, robbery 14 percent, and aggravated assault 9 percent. Each of the voluminous property crimes recorded an increase, which contributed to the 12 percent rise in this group of offenses representing 87 percent of the Crime Index total. Individually, burglary was up 7 percent, larceny $50 and over in value increased 19 percent, and auto theft was up 12 percent. Since 1960, the violent crimes as a group have increased 130 percent, property crimes 151 percent, and the combined Crime Index 148 percent in volume.

As in prior years the suburban areas continued to show an above average rise in the volume of crime with a 13 percent increase over 1968. The large core cities having populations in excess of 250,000 were up 9 percent in volume and the rural areas registered an 11 percent upswing. The largest American cities over 1 million population registered an average increase of 7 percent. As noted in prior issues, while the suburban areas continued to record sharp upswings in the volume of crime, a much higher volume of crime occurs in the large cities.

Crime increases were noted in each crime classification in each geographic region with the volume of crime in 1969 up 16 percent in the North Central States, 14 percent in the Western States, 13 percent in the Southern States, and 5 percent in the Northeastern States.

Estimated 1969 crime figures for the United States are set forth in the following table. As explained on page 53 of this publication, the trends shown in this table are based on the actual reporting experience of comparable places.

CRIME AND POPULATION

Crime rates relate the incidence of crime to population. From a realistic point of view, a crime rate should be considered as a count of victims. The discussion that follows will demonstrate the risk of becoming a victim of crime in this country is increasing and that population growth cannot alone account for the crime increases.

The Crime Index rate for the United States rose from 2,235 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants in 1968 to 2,471 in 1969, an 11 percent increase in the victim rate. The rise in the national crime rate since 1960, or the risk of being a victim of one of these crimes, has more than doubled. Many factors influence the nature and extent of crime in a particular community. A number of these factors are shown on page vi of this publication. A crime rate only takes into consideration the numerical factor of population and does not incorporate any of the other elements which contribute to the amount of crime in a given

National Crime, Rate, and Percent Change

Crime Index Offenses	Estimated crime 1969		Percent change over 1968		Percent change over 1960	
	Number	Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Total	4,989,700	2,471.1	+11.7	+10.6	+147.7	+120.0
Violent	655,100	324.4	+11.2	+10.1	+129.7	+104.0
Property	4,334,700	2,146.7	+11.8	+10.6	+150.6	+122.6
Murder	14,590	7.2	+6.9	+5.9	+62.1	+44.0
Forcible rape	36,470	18.1	+17.4	+16.8	+116.3	+92.6
Robbery	297,560	147.4	+13.7	+12.5	+177.1	+146.1
Aggravated assault	306,420	151.8	+8.5	+7.4	+101.6	+79.2
Burglary	1,949,800	965.6	+6.6	+5.5	+117.3	+92.9
Larceny $50 and over	1,512,900	749.3	+19.0	+17.8	+198.9	+165.4
Auto theft	871,900	431.8	+12.1	+11.0	+167.7	+137.8

area. The statistical tables in this publication disclose the varying crime experiences, especially among large cities and suburban communities, are affected by a complex set of involved factors and are not solely limited to numerical population differences. The text tables set forth on these pages reveal the variation in crime experience by geographic region and particularly large core cities as contrasted with the suburban and rural areas.

The above table discloses each crime category recorded a rate increase ranging from 6 percent in burglary to 18 percent in larceny $50 and over in value. The number of crimes per unit of population is, as expected, highest in the large metropolitan centers and in those areas where the population is rapidly increasing.

The accompanying charts illustrate the trend of crime in the United States for 1960 through 1969 by showing percentage changes in volume and rate of crime together with the population increase. Separate charts provide similar information relative to crimes of violence and crimes against property. Since 1960, the rate for crimes of violence as a group increased 104 percent and property crime rate rose 123 percent.

The reader's attention is directed to the tables containing arrest data which commence on page 108 for additional information on the seven Crime Index offenses, as well as arrest statistics for other criminal acts.

Crime Rate by Area, 1969

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants]

Crime Index Offenses	Area			
	Total U.S.	Cities over 250,000	Suburban	Rural
Total	2,471.1	4,824.7	1,940.8	858.6
Violent	324.4	859.7	162.6	113.8
Property	2,146.7	3,965.0	1,778.2	744.8
Murder	7.2	15.7	3.7	5.6
Forcible rape	18.1	37.9	13.7	10.0
Robbery	147.4	487.5	50.4	13.0
Aggravated assault	151.8	318.6	94.7	85.2
Burglary	965.6	1,759.1	804.6	408.4
Larceny $50 and over	749.3	1,165.3	702.5	263.7
Auto theft	431.8	1,040.6	271.2	72.8

Crime Rate by Region, 1969

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants]

Crime Index Offenses	Northeastern States	North Central States	Southern States	Western States
Total	2,585.8	2,170.4	2,087.2	3,515.9
Violent	330.4	293.3	326.2	363.9
Property	2,255.4	1,877.1	1,761.1	3,152.0
Murder	5.2	6.1	10.4	6.1
Forcible rape	12.6	17.2	17.0	29.2
Robbery	188.6	148.5	112.2	151.8
Aggravated assault	124.1	121.5	186.5	176.7
Burglary	985.3	807.2	837.4	1,437.1
Larceny $50 and over	743.7	654.2	616.2	1,161.4
Auto theft	526.4	415.7	307.5	553.5

MURDER AND NONNEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

This Crime Index offense includes all willful killings without due process and is scored on the basis of police investigation as opposed to any decision of a court, coroner, jury or other judicial body. Deaths caused by negligence are not included in this category but are counted as manslaughter by negligence. Attempts to kill or as-

saults to kill are scored as aggravated assaults and not as murder. The crime count for this offense classification also excludes suicides, accidental deaths and justifiable homicides.

Volume

In 1969, there were an estimated 14,590 murders committed in the United States. This represents a numerical increase of 940 over the 13,650 homicides recorded in 1968. This also represents the smallest absolute rise of murder in 1 year since the 600 total increase in 1965 over 1964. This crime makes up slightly more than 2 percent of the crimes of violence and represents less than one-half of 1 percent of all Crime Index offenses.

The frequency of murder in 1969 was highest during the period August through December, with December representing the high month of the year. During the past decade, with the exception of 1963 and 1968, more murders were committed in December than any other month. In a breakdown by region, 45 percent of the murders in 1969 occurred in the Southern States followed by the North Central States with 24 percent, Northeastern States with 17 percent, and the Western States with 14 percent of the total.

Trend

Murder increased 7 percent in 1969 over 1968 and this represents the smallest percentage increase since the 6 percent rise in 1965. The long-term trend in this serious crime during the period 1960–1969 reveals an increase from 9,000 to 14,590 murders. This is a rise of 62 percent. (Chart 4.)

Regionally, murder offenses rose 16 percent in in the Western States, 10 percent in the North Central States, 8 percent in the Northeastern States, and 2 percent in the Southern States. Large core cities with 250,000 or more population and suburban areas had a 10 percent rise in the number of murders in 1969, while rural areas experienced a 10 percent decline in the number of murder offenses.

Murder Rate

There were 7.2 victims per 100,000 inhabitants in 1969. This is a rise from the 6.8 murder rate

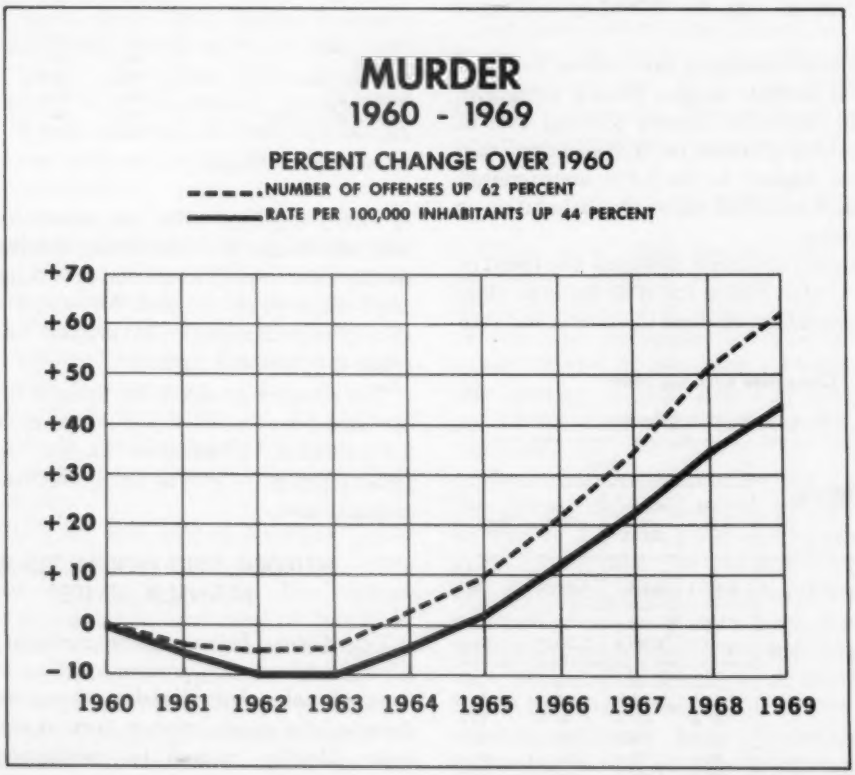


Chart 4

recorded in 1968 and represents a 6 percent increase in the murder rate, 1969 over 1968. Nationwide, cities with 250,000 or over in population had a murder rate of 15.7 per 100,000 inhabitants, up 11 percent over 1968. In the suburbs the rate was 3.7 per 100,000, an increase of 12 percent over 1968. The rate in the rural areas was 5.6 per 100,000 inhabitants, a decrease of 11 percent.

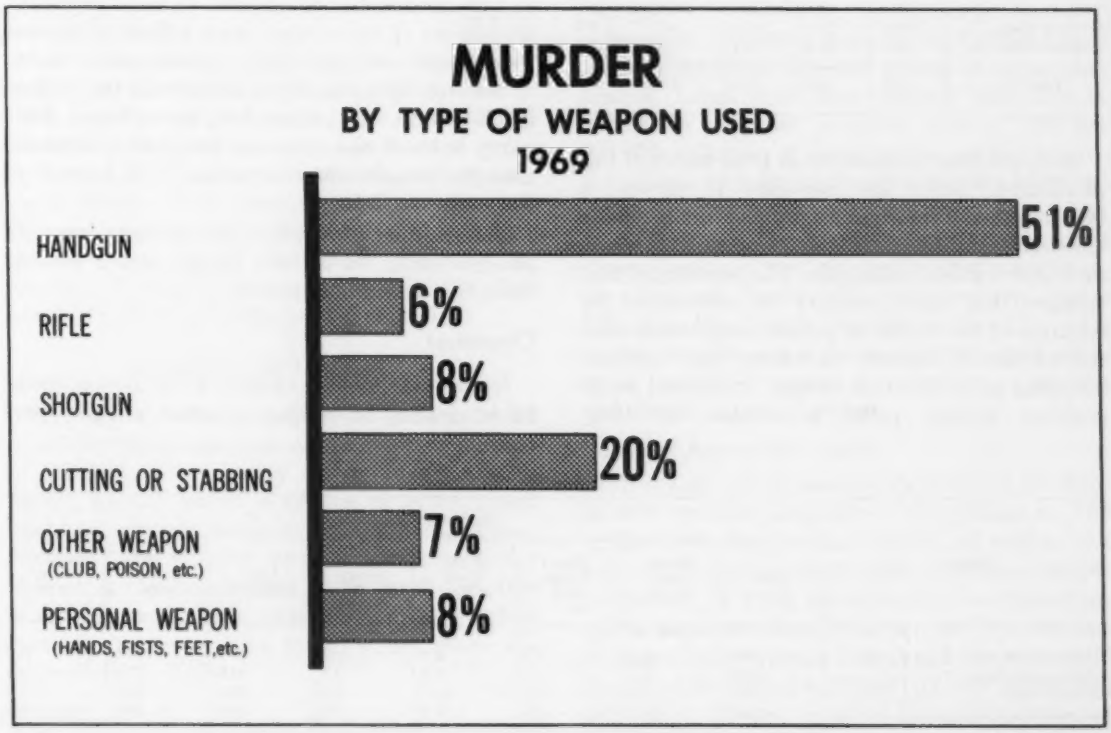
As in past years, the number of murder victims in proportion to population was highest in the Southern States where the rate of 10.4 was 1 percent above 1968. In the Northeastern States a rate of 5.2 was 8 percent above the prior year, and the North Central States rate of 6.1 was up 9 percent. The Western States also had a rate of 6.1 which was 15 percent higher than the 1968 rate.

Nature of Murder

Through the use of a supplemental report, details are collected on murder offenses to obtain data on age, sex, and race of the victims, the weapon used to commit the offense, and the circumstances or motives which lead to the crime.

Males outnumbered females as victims of murder by more than 3 to 1 in 1969, which is similar to the experience in 1968. Nationwide, the ratio of arrests for murder was more than five males to each female. Forty-four of every 100 victims were white and 55 were Negro. The remaining 1 percent was distributed among all other races. It was determined that six of every 10 murder victims were between 20 and 45 years of age, with the largest number, 28 percent, falling in the 20 to 29 age group.

Firearms continue to be the predominant weapon used in murder, as illustrated in the accompanying chart. For the year 1969, as in 1968, 65 percent of the homicide victims were killed through the use of a firearm. As in prior years handguns were again the predominant firearm used, with 51 percent of the murders resulting from the use of handguns, 8 percent from the use of shotguns, and 6 percent of the murder victims died from rifle wounds. Cutting or stabbing weapons were used in 20 percent of the murders, other weapons (blunt objects such as hammers and clubs, poison, arson, explosives, drowning, etc.) in 7 percent, and in the remaining 8 percent



FBI CHART

Chart 5

of the murders, personal weapons such as hands, fists and feet were used.

An analysis of types of murder weapons by region shows that in 1969 the Southern States led in homicides by use of firearms with seven of every 10 victims succumbing from gunshot wounds. Knives or other cutting instruments were used most frequently as murder weapons in the Northeastern States where three out of every 10 homicide victims died of cut or stab wounds. The use of personal weapons resulting in murder by strangulations and internal injuries, was highest in the Western States and lowest in the Southern States. Since 1964, murder through the use of a firearm has risen 80 percent, a cutting or stabbing instrument 28 percent, other weapons 31 percent, and personal weapons 26 percent.

[Percent distribution]

Region	Murder, type of weapon used				
	Total all weapons used	Firearms	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapon; club, poison, etc.	Personal weapons
Northeastern States	100.0	46.3	32.4	9.4	11.9
North Central States	100.0	70.0	15.6	6.6	7.8
Southern States	100.0	71.8	16.8	6.2	5.2
Western States	100.0	58.4	19.7	9.7	12.2
Total	100.0	64.5	19.9	7.4	8.2

As it has been pointed out in prior issues of this publication, police are powerless to prevent a large number of these crimes, which is made readily apparent from the circumstances or motives which surround criminal homicide. The significant fact emerges that most murders are committed by relatives of the victim or persons acquainted with the victim. It follows, therefore, that criminal homicide is, to a major extent, a national social problem beyond police prevention. In 1969, killings within the family made up over one-fourth of all murders. Over one-half of these involved spouse killing spouse and the remainder involved other family killings such as parents killing children and other in-family relationship type murders. In this Program, felony murder is defined as those killings resulting from robberies, sex motives, gangland slayings, and other felonious activities. These known and suspected felonious killings comprised 27 percent of the total murder offenses in 1969. This is up slightly from the 25 percent known or suspected felonious homicides in 1968. The following table demonstrates by geographic region the percentage of murder by type or circumstance in 1969.

During 1969, 7 percent of the murders were the result of romantic triangles or lovers' quarrels. More than four of every 10 were the direct result of arguments outside the family unit and not involving the romantic triangle situations. It is known that the persons participating in these arguments were most frequently acquainted prior to the fatal act.

In situations involving husband and wife, the wife was the victim in 54 percent of the cases and the husband in 46 percent. In these incidents, 48 percent of the victims were white, 52 percent were Negro and less than 1 percent other races.

In lovers' quarrels, the females were the victims in 56 percent of the murders, but when a third party entered the scene to complete a romantic triangle, a male was the victim in 95 percent of the confrontations.

The victims of felony-type murders were 62 percent white, 36 percent Negro, and 2 percent other race or race not stated.

Clearances

Nationwide, police continue to be most successful in clearing or solving by arrest a higher per-

[Percent distribution]

Region	Murder by circumstance							
	Total	Spouse killing spouse	Parent killing child	Other family killings	Romantic triangle and lovers quarrels	Other arguments	Known felony type	Suspected felony type
Northeastern States	100.0	10.7	5.4	4.7	5.2	37.9	22.6	13.5
North Central States	100.0	13.0	3.5	9.3	6.0	40.3	22.5	5.4
Southern States	100.0	14.1	2.2	10.1	8.5	46.1	13.5	5.5
Western States	100.0	13.5	6.0	6.9	6.9	34.4	25.5	6.8
Total	100.0	13.1	3.7	8.4	7.0	41.3	19.3	7.2

centage of the murder cases than any other Crime Index offense. In 1969, as in 1968, 86 percent of the criminal homicides were solved. Persons under 18 years of age were involved in 6 percent of the willful killings solved by the police.

Persons Arrested

Based on reports submitted by law enforcement agencies, 9 percent of all persons arrested for murder were under 18 years of age, and 42 percent were under 25. The involvement of the young age group under 18 years of age is indicated in the long-term arrest trends for murder, 1960–1969, where a 151 percent increase occurred. The increase in adult arrests for murder during this period was 78 percent. Numerically, the 20 to 24 year age group had the heaviest involvement during 1969 with 23 percent of the total arrests coming from within this age group. Negroes made up 62 percent of the arrests for murder in 1969, and 55 percent of the victims of homicide were also Negroes. There was a 5 percent increase in the number of arrests of females for murder in 1969 compared with 1968, and a 28 percent increase in the arrests of young females under 18 years of age for this offense.

Persons Charged

Law enforcement agencies' reports disclose that 56 percent of all adults charged with murder in 1969 were prosecuted during the year. Forty percent of the adults prosecuted were found guilty as charged, and 23 percent were convicted on some lesser charge. The remaining 37 percent won release by acquittal or dismissal of the charges against them. Of all individuals processed for murder, 13 percent were juveniles who had their cases referred to juvenile court jurisdiction.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Aggravated assault is defined as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or other means likely to produce death or serious bodily harm. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime was successfully completed.

Volume

In calendar year 1969, there was an estimated total of 306,420 aggravated assaults. This is an increase of 24,020 offenses over the previous year. This violent crime against the person made up over 6 percent of the Crime Index offenses in 1969 and comprised 47 percent of the crimes of violence. Regionally, the Southern States recorded 38 percent of the total count of these crimes followed by the North Central States 22 percent, while the Northeastern and Western States each accounted for 20 percent. As has been the experience in prior years, the warm summer months recorded the high frequencies during 1969. (See Chart 12.)

Trend

In 1969, the volume of aggravated assault offenses increased 9 percent over 1969 and 102 percent over 1960. Cities with 250,000 inhabitants and over had an 8 percent increase in volume. The suburban areas reported an 11 percent rise and rural areas were up 8 percent. The Western States reported an upward trend of 15 percent while North Central States registered an increase of 12 percent. The Northeastern States were up 6 percent and the Southern States recorded an increase of 5 percent.

Aggravated Assault Rate

For each 100,000 persons in the United States during 1969, there were 152 victims of aggravated assault. Large core cities 250,000 and over in population recorded a victim rate of 319 per 100,000, suburban 95, and rural areas 85. Overall, the victim rate for aggravated assault increased 7 percent over 1968, and 79 percent over 1960. (See Chart 6.) The Southern States were again highest with a rate of 187 per 100,000 followed by the Western States 177, Northeastern States 124, and the North Central States 122. This victim rate was up 8 percent in large core cities while the suburban area rate was up 11 percent and the rural area 5 percent.

Nature of Aggravated Assault

Most aggravated assaults occur within the family unit, or among neighbors or acquaintances. The victim and offender relationship, as well as the very nature of the attack makes this crime similar to murder. In 1969, 24 percent of the serious assaults were committed with the use of a firearm. A knife or other cutting instrument was used in 30 percent of the assaults, 25 percent were committed with blunt objects or other dangerous weapons, and 21 percent with personal weapons, such as hands, fists and feet. The collection of crime

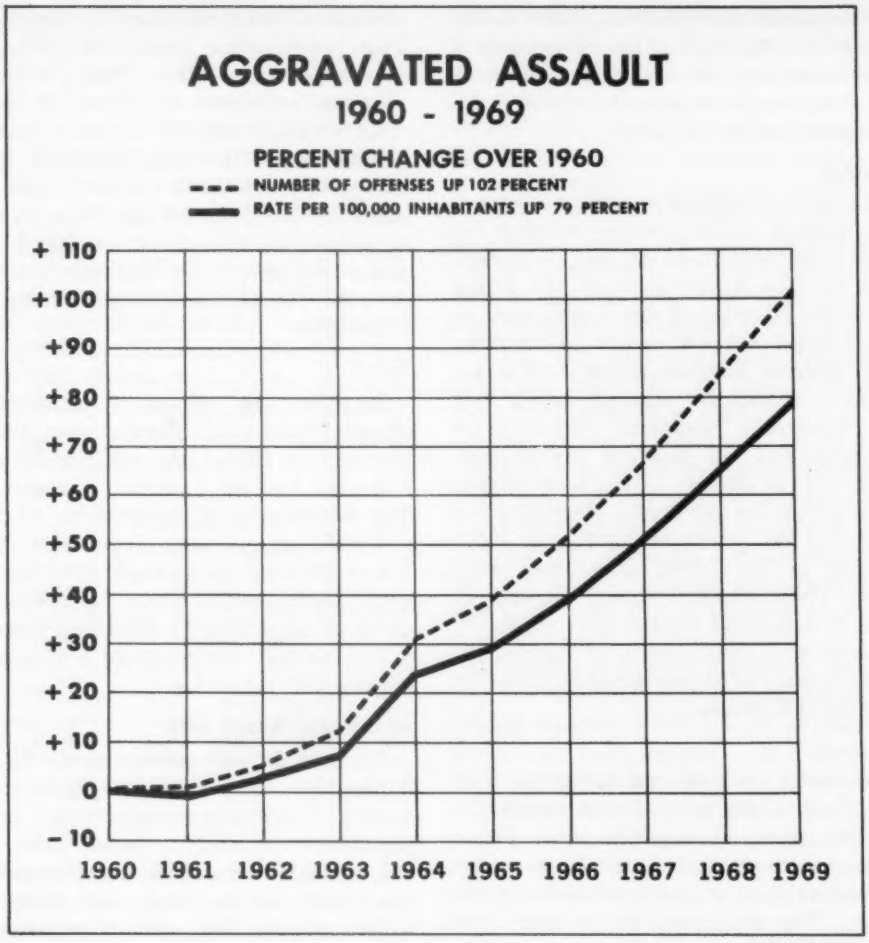


Chart 6

counts in this offense category was broken down into the above subclassifications commencing in 1964 in order to further define the nature of these serious assaults. A comparison of the assault subclassifications for 1969 with 1964 indicates that assaults with firearms have increased 143 percent; assaults with a knife or other cutting instrument have risen 14 percent; those assaults where blunt objects or other dangerous weapons are used increased 66 percent, and those assaults through use of personal weapons have climbed 50 percent. The table which follows demonstrates the regional experience of aggravated assault in 1969 by type of weapon used.

[Percent distribution]

Region	Aggravated assault by type of weapon used				
	Total all weapons used	Firearms	Knife or other cutting instrument	Other weapon; club, poison, etc.	Personal weapons
Northeastern States	100.0	16.2	32.7	31.9	19.2
North Central States	100.0	27.1	29.0	21.5	22.4
Southern States	100.0	26.9	31.2	21.0	20.9
Western States	100.0	22.9	25.4	27.8	23.9
Total	100.0	23.8	29.8	24.9	21.5

Clearances

Performance, as measured by solutions, indicates American law enforcement agencies were successful in solving 65 of each 100 cases in 1969. This relatively high solution ratio follows that of the other crimes against the person. Persons under 18 years of age were identified in 11 percent of these clearances. Due to the nature of these crimes,

arrests are frequently made upon the response of patrol units. This type of patrol call is hazardous to the officers. Since 1960, 107 officers have lost their lives responding to disturbance-type calls, which frequently involve family arguments.

Persons Arrested

Comparing aggravated assault arrests for 1969 with those in 1960 indicates that arrests of young persons under 18 increased 123 percent while arrests of adults were up 45 percent. As a group, persons 21 years of age and over accounted for 70 percent of the arrests for aggravated assault in 1969 and those under age 21 accounted for 30 percent. Arrests of males outnumbered females by 7 to 1.

Persons Charged

Law enforcement agencies have difficulty in obtaining convictions based on original charge in the aggravated assault category. The close family or other relationship which exists between victims and assailants in this category accounts for the victim's frequent unwillingness to testify for the prosecution. Acquittals and dismissals, therefore, continue to run high, almost four out of each 10 cases. Seventy-two out of every 100 adults arrested for aggravated assault in 1969 were prosecuted. Forty-four percent of the adults prosecuted for this offense were convicted on this charge, 18 percent were convicted of lesser charges while 18 percent of all persons processed were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction.

FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape, as defined under this Program, is the carnal knowledge of a female through the use of force or the threat of force. Assaults to commit forcible rape are also included; however, statutory rape (without force) is not counted. Crime counts in this offense category are broken down by actual forcible rapes and attempted forcible rapes.

Volume

During 1969, there was an estimated total of 36,470 forcible rapes. Numerically, the volume increased by 5,410 offenses over 1968. Forcible rape made up less than 1 percent of the Crime Index total and less than 6 percent of the crimes of violence in 1969. The greatest volume was recorded in the Southern States with 29 percent of the total, while the North Central and the Western States each recorded 27 percent, followed by the Northeastern States with 17 percent.

A comparison of the month-to-month variations of forcible rape in 1969 with the long-term seasonally adjusted trend followed the pattern set for many years. Chart 12 reflects the month-to-month variations of forcible rape during 1969, as well as a comparison with the prior 5-year experience.

Trend

The volume of forcible rape offenses in 1969 increased 17 percent over 1968, and 116 percent over 1960. This crime was committed most often in the big cities with 250,000 or more inhabitants which accounts for 46 percent of the forcible rapes. In 1969, this group of cities registered an upward trend of 18 percent, while the volume increased by 12 percent in the suburban areas. An increase of 10 percent was recorded in the rural areas. Geographically, an overall increase was noted in all regions with the Western States up 22 percent, Southern States 19 percent, Northeastern States 15 percent and the North Central States up 13 percent.

Forcible Rape Rate

A crime rate equates the number of crimes per unit of population, and in its proper perspective, is a victim risk rate. In 1969, 35 out of every 100, 000 females in this country were reported forcible rape victims. Since 1960, the forcible rape crime rate has increased 93 percent. In calendar year 1969, the forcible rape rate increased by 17 percent over 1968.

The large core cities recorded a victim risk rate of 74 per 100,000 females, while the suburban area rate was 27 and the rural area 21. Again, as experienced in 1968, females residing in the Western States were most often the victims of forcible rape. In these States, the forcible rape rate was 57 per 100,000 females. The North Central States recorded a rate of 34, followed by the Southern and Northeastern States with rates of 33 and 25 per 100,000 females respectively.

Nature of Offenses

In 1969, 70 percent of all offenses reported in this crime class were actual rapes by force while the remainder were attempts or assaults to commit forcible rape. This offense is a violent crime against the person, and of all the Crime Index offenses, law enforcement administrators recognize that this offense is probably one of the most under reported crimes due primarily to fear and/or embarrassment on the part of the victims. As a national average,

397-633 O - 70 - 2

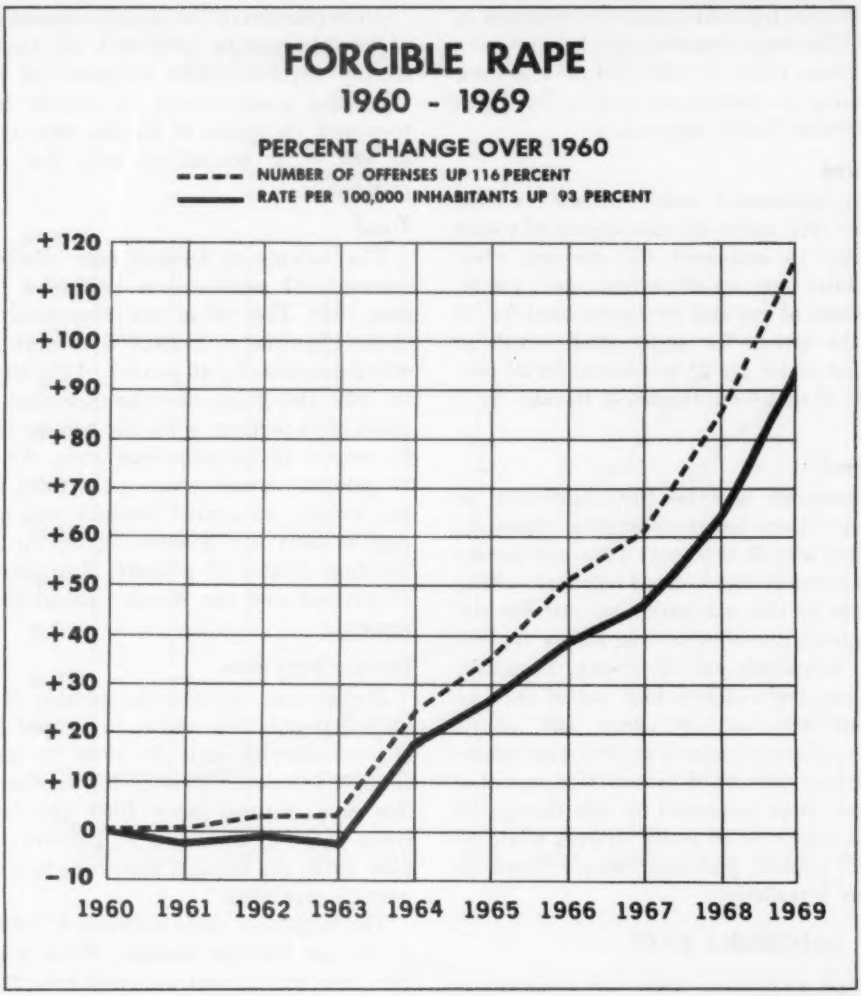


Chart 7

18 percent of all forcible rapes reported to police were determined by investigation to be unfounded. In other words, the police established that no forcible rape offense or attempt occurred. This is caused primarily due to the question of the use of force or threat of force frequently complicated by a prior relationship between victim and offender. Crime counts in this publication are limited to actual offenses established by police investigation.

Clearances

In 1969, 56 percent of all forcible rape offenses were solved. This represents an increase of approximately 1 percent in solution rate when compared to 1968 or approximately 3,000 additional solutions of forcible rape offenses during 1969. During the previous 3 years, 1966, 1967 and 1968, the solution rates for this offense showed decreases.

Persons Arrested

Males 17 to 20 years of age constituted the greatest concentration of arrests for forcible rape in 1969. Total arrests for this offense increased 13 percent with the arrest of persons under 18 years of age up 9 percent over 1968. Sixty-five percent of the arrests for forcible rape during the year were of persons under the age of 25. All arrests for forcible rape in 1969 compared to 1960 indicate an increase of 57 percent. Figures for the same years indicate that arrests of those under 18 years of age have increased 86 percent. In 1969, approximately 50 percent of the persons arrested for forcible rape

were Negroes, 48 percent whites, and all other races comprised the remainder.

Persons Charged

Of all adults arrested for forcible rape in 1969, 62 percent were prosecuted for this offense. Thirty-four percent were found guilty of the substantive offense. An additional 17 percent of the adults prosecuted were convicted of lesser offenses. Prosecutive problems accounted for acquittals and/or dismissals in 49 percent of the cases. Juvenile referrals amounted to 28 percent of the persons processed on forcible rape charges in 1969.

ROBBERY

Robbery is a vicious type of crime which takes place in the presence of the victim to obtain property or a thing of value from a person by use of force or threat of force. Assault to rob and attempts are included. This is a violent crime and frequently results in injury to the victim. For crime reporting purposes data on robbery is collected for armed robbery where any weapon is used, and strong-arm robbery where no weapon other than a personal weapon, is employed. The latter category includes crimes such as mugging, yoking, etc.

Volume

During calendar year 1969, there were an estimated 297,580 robberies committed in the United States. This represents a significant increase over the 261,730 robberies which occurred in calendar year 1968. This offense makes up 6 percent of the total Crime Index and comprises 45 percent of the crimes of violence. In 1969, these offenses occurred most frequently during the period August through December.

Geographically, the heaviest volume of robbery occurred in the Northeastern States, which reported 31 percent of the total in 1969. The percentage distribution in the other geographic regions showed the North Central States had 28 percent, the Southern States 24 percent, and the Western States 17 percent.

Trend

In 1969 robbery offenses increased 14 percent in volume when compared with 1968. Since 1960, robbery has increased 177 percent. Large core cities with over 250,000 population witnessed a 13 percent rise in the volume of robbery. Suburban areas surrounding the large core cities also recorded a 13 percent increase while the rural areas reported an upward trend of 11 percent.

There were substantial increases in robbery in each geographic region. The Southern States had the sharpest increase with a 20 percent rise, while the North Central States were up 16 percent, the Northeastern States 10 percent, and the Western States 9 percent.

The accompanying chart depicts the long-term trend in the volume of robbery and the robbery rate, 1960–69.

Robbery Rate

The 1969 robbery rate of 147 victims per 100,000 inhabitants was 13 percent above the 1968 rate and 146 percent above the 1960 rate. Robbery is a big city crime. American cities with over 250,000 population accounted for nearly three out of every four robberies which occurred in the United States during 1969.

Cities with over 250,000 inhabitants had a robbery rate of 488 victims per 100,000 inhabitants. There were 50 robbery victims per 100,000 in the suburban areas, up 12 percent over the preceding year, and 13 victims in the rural portions of the country. Robbery rates in the larger cities were about 10 times greater than they were in the suburban areas, again pointing out the fact that robbery rates tend to increase in proportion to density of population. On a geographic basis, this crime occurred most frequently in relation to population in the Northeastern States where the rate was 189, 9 percent higher than 1968. The Western States followed with a rate of 152 which was an 8 percent increase, the North Central States 148, a 15 percent rise, and the Southern States 112, a 19 percent increase.

Nature of Robbery

Supplemental information is obtained from cities with populations of 2,500 or more as to robbery by type as a part of the monthly collection of statistical data under this Program. In 1969, these figures disclosed that 55 percent of the robberies were committed in the street. Bank robbery in cities with 25,000 or more population witnessed a 7 percent decrease in 1969. Nationally, bank robbery offenses declined over 1 percent. The average bank robbery dollar loss also decreased from $5,200 in 1968 to $4,500 in 1969.

The long-term trends in robbery by type as illustrated by the following charts show bank robbery has increased 296 percent since 1960.

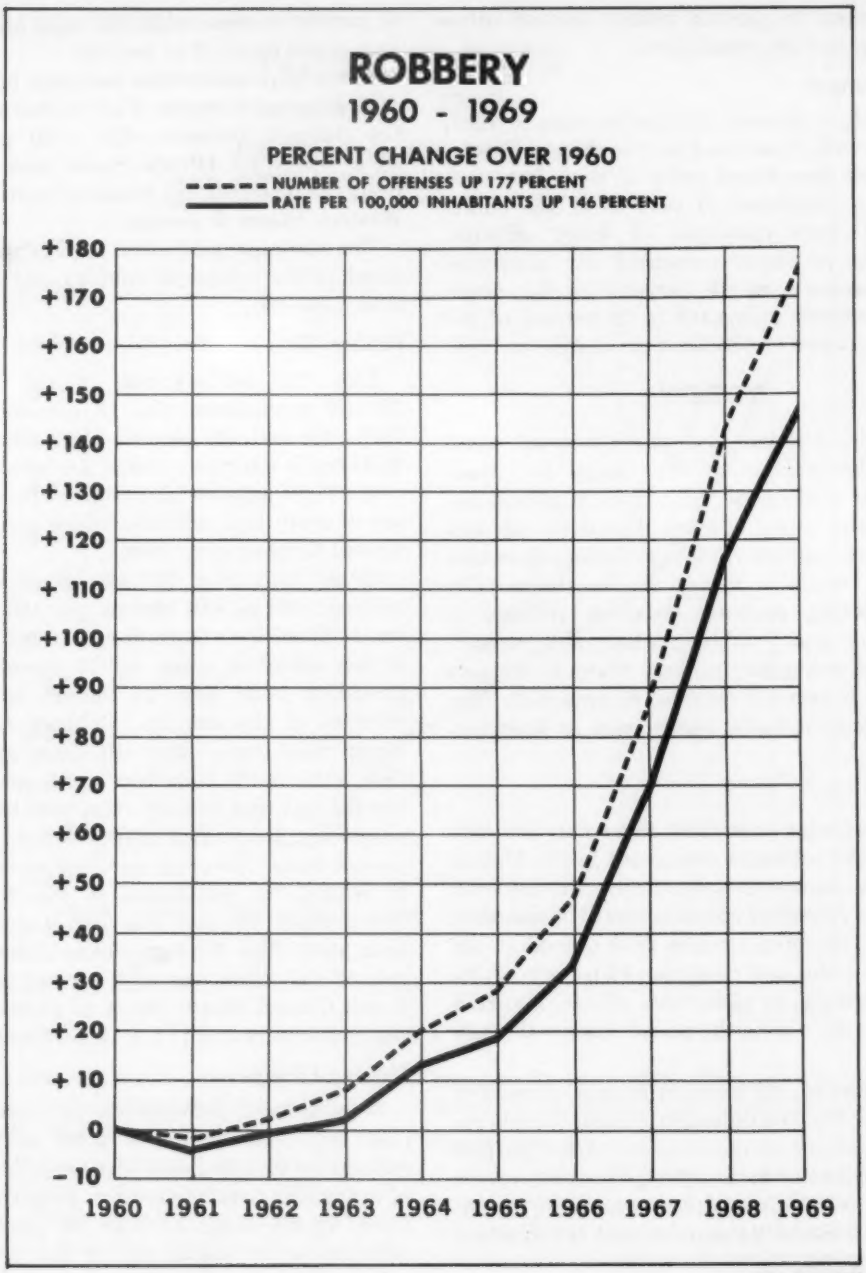

ROBBERY
1960 - 1969
PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960
NUMBER OF OFFENSES UP 177 PERCENT
RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS UP 146 PERCENT
+180
+170
+160
+150
+140
+130
+120
+110
+100
+90
+80
+70
+60
+50
+40
+30
+20
+10
0
-10
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 8

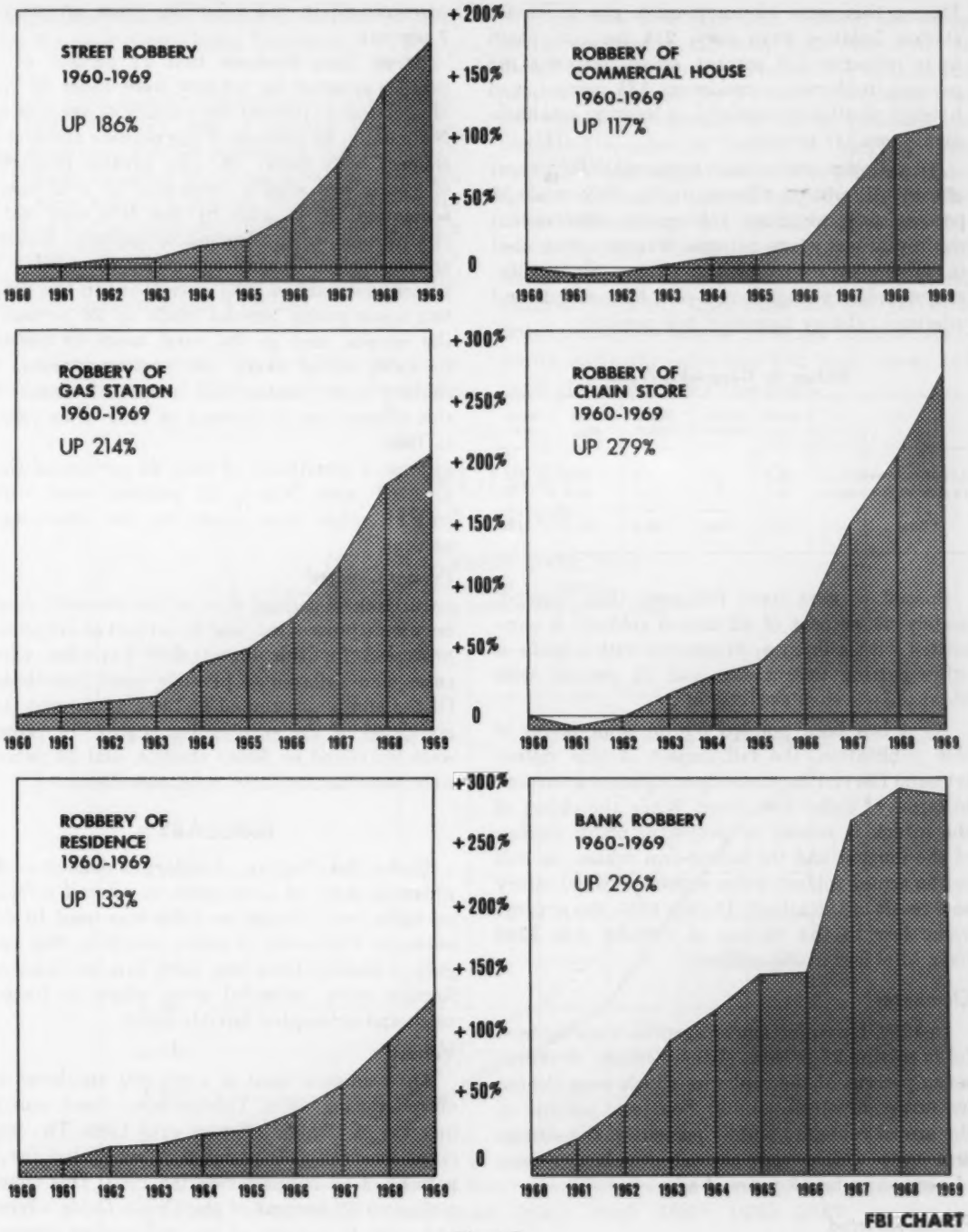

STREET ROBBERY
1960-1969
UP 186%
ROBBERY OF
COMMERCIAL HOUSE
1960-1969
UP 117%
ROBBERY OF
GAS STATION
1960-1969
UP 214%
ROBBERY OF
CHAIN STORE
1960-1969
UP 279%
ROBBERY OF
RESIDENCE
1960-1969
UP 133%
BANK ROBBERY
1960-1969
UP 296%
+200%
+150%
+100%
+50%
0
+300%
+250%
+200%
+150%
+100%
+50%
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 9

During this same 10-year period, gas or service station holdups have risen 214 percent, chain store robberies 279 percent, street robberies 186 percent, robberies in residences 133 percent, and holdups of other commercial or business establishments rose 117 percent.

Armed perpetrators were responsible for six out of every 10 robbery offenses during 1969, while 38 percent were muggings, yokings, or other violent confrontations where personal weapons were used to subdue or overcome the victim. Since 1964, armed robbery has increased 147 percent and unarmed robbery increased 103 percent.

Robbery by Geographic Region

	Total	North-eastern	North Central	South-ern	West-ern
Armed—any weapon	61.5	62.7	58.5	62.8	62.5
Strong-arm—no weapon	38.5	37.3	41.5	37.2	37.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Special surveys have indicated that approximately 63 percent of all armed robbery is committed with a firearm, 24 percent with a knife or other cutting instrument, and 13 percent with blunt objects such as clubs, etc.

As it has been pointed out in prior issues of this publication, the full impact of this violent crime on the victim cannot be completely measured in terms of dollar loss alone. While the object of the attack is money or property, many victims of the mugger and the strong-arm robber, as well as the armed robber, suffer serious personal injury as a result of the attack. During 1969, the average value loss to the victims of robbery was $288 for a total loss of $86 million.

Clearances

In 1969, law enforcement agencies were successful in solving 27 percent of these crimes. Seventy-seven percent of the robberies which were cleared by arrest involved adults. Fourteen percent of the armed robberies and 36 percent of the strong-arm type which were cleared, involved arrests of persons under 18 years of age.

Persons Arrested

Nationally, arrests for robbery increased 13 percent in 1969 compared to 1968. The greatest volume of arrests occurred in cities and were up 13 percent. In the rural areas arrests increased 18 percent and in the suburban areas arrests rose 7 percent.

Arrest data discloses that 77 percent of the persons arrested for robbery were under 25 years of age, and 56 percent were under 21 years of age. Nationally, 33 percent of the persons arrested for robbery were under 18. This greater proportion of young age arrests, compared to solutions, is accounted for in part by the fact they act in groups such as in strong-arm robbery. Robbery arrests for this young age group recorded a 13-percent increase in 1969 over 1968. In the suburban areas young persons made up 26 percent of the arrests, and in the rural areas 14 percent. In 1969, six of every 100 persons arrested for robbery were females and arrests of women for this offense rose 31 percent in 1969 when related to 1968.

From a standpoint of race, 66 percent of those arrested were Negro, 32 percent were white, and all other races made up the remaining 2 percent.

Persons Charged

In 1969, 57 percent of all adults arrested for robbery were prosecuted, and 43 percent of the persons processed for this crime were juveniles whose cases were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Of the adults prosecuted in 1969, 45 percent were convicted of the substantive charge, 17 percent were convicted on lesser charges, and 38 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed.

BURGLARY

Under this Program, burglary is defined as the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft, even though no force was used to gain entrance. Collection of crime counts in this category is broken down into three subclassifications: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

Volume

An estimated total of 1,949,800 burglaries occurred during 1969. Volume-wise, there was an increase of 120,900 offenses over 1968. The large cities over 250,000 population accounted for 40 percent of all burglaries during 1969. This offense makes up 39 percent of the Crime Index offenses and over 45 percent of the voluminous property crimes. The Southern States reported 27 percent of the total volume, the Northeastern and Western States 25 percent and the North Central States 23 percent.

Highs were recorded during the last half of 1969, with the peak month being December.

Trend

Since 1960, burglary has increased 117 percent. In 1969, burglary rose 7 percent over 1968. Big cities over 250,000 population and the suburban areas recorded increases of 5 percent. The rural areas were up 6 percent. By region, the North Central States registered the largest overall gain in volume; up 10 percent. The Western States were up 8 percent, the Southern States 7 percent and the Northeastern States 2 percent.

Burglary Rate

The long-term rise in the burglary rate, 1960-1969 was 93 percent. The 6 percent rise in the burglary rate, 1969 over 1968, followed the sharp 13 percent rise in the rate, 1968 over 1967. It should be remembered the crime rate equates the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants and this continuing upswing in volume indicates the increasing number of victims of burglary both residential and nonresidential. The Western States again recorded the highest burglary rate in 1969 with 1,437 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants followed by the Northeastern States with 985 offenses, the Southern States 837 and North Central States 807. Core cities over 250,000 population recorded a rate of 1,759 per 100,000 inhabitants while the suburban and rural areas had rates of 805 and 408 respectively.

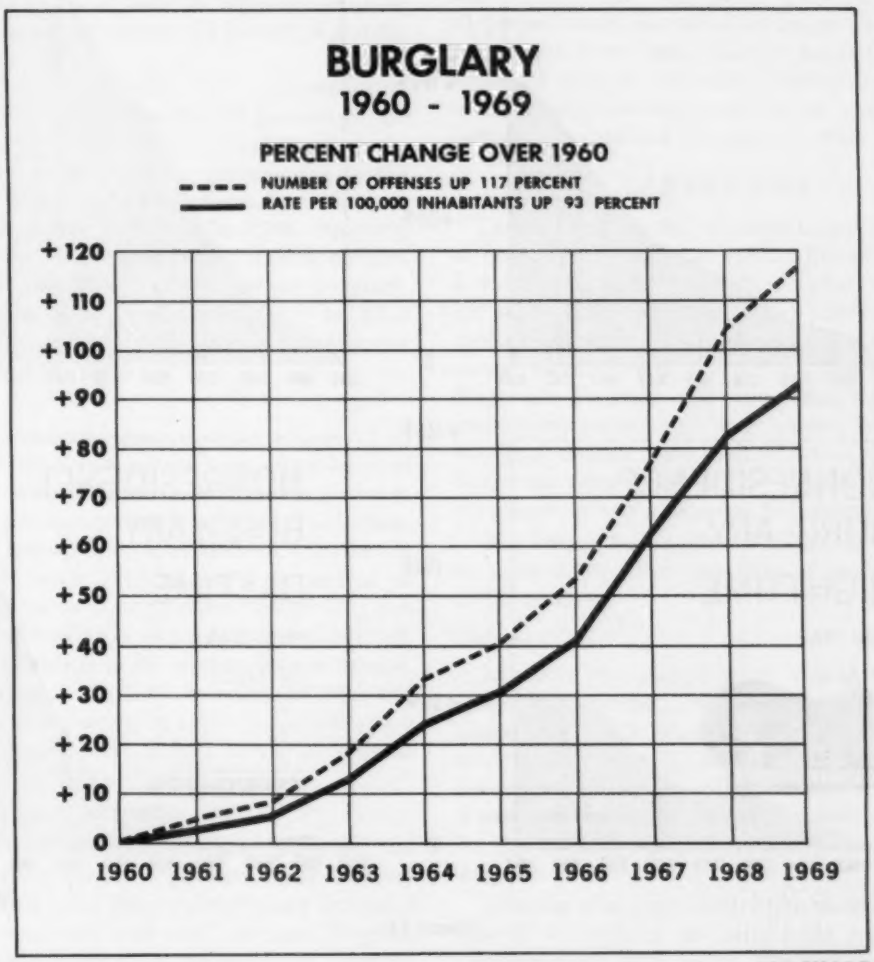


Chart 10

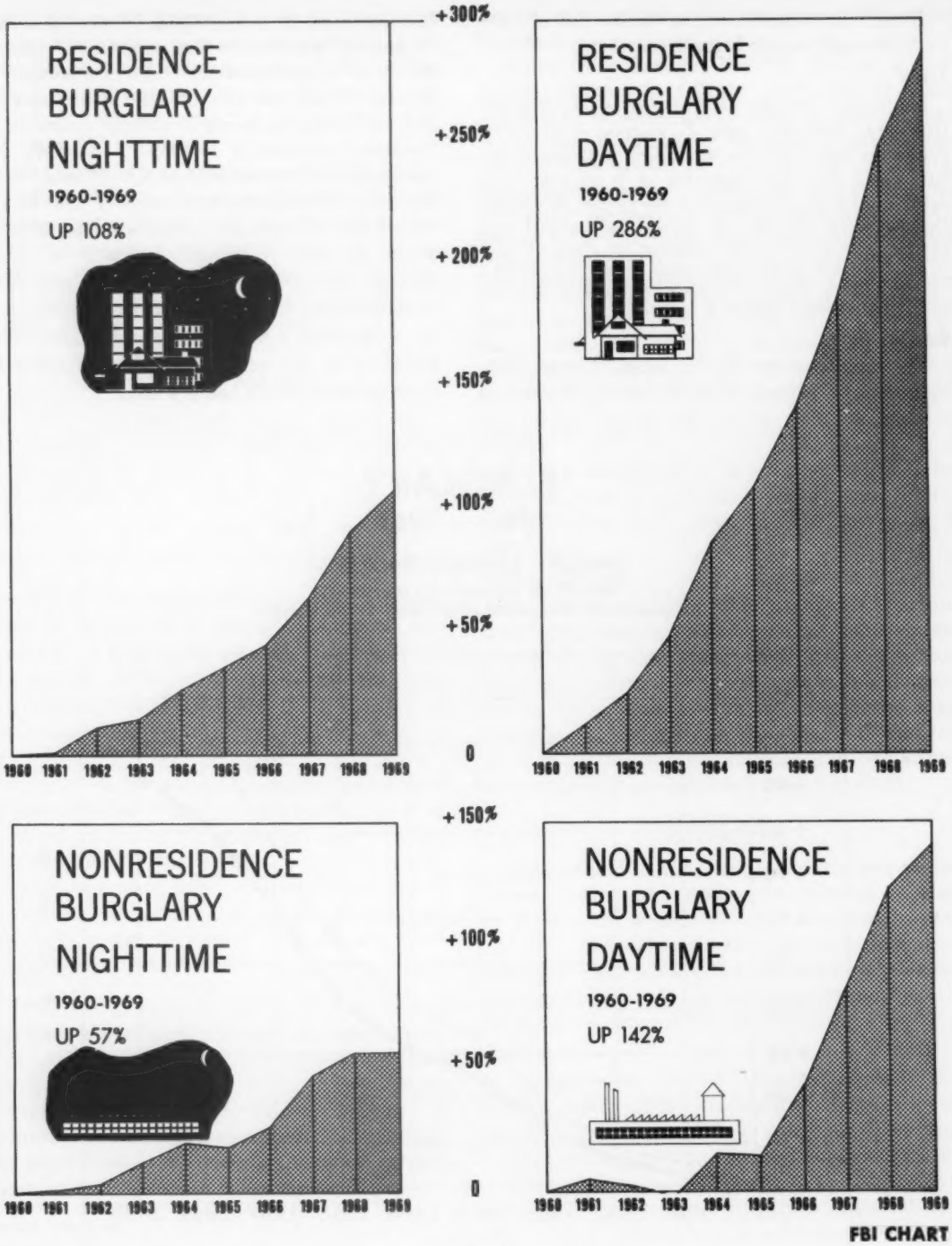

RESIDENCE
BURGLARY
NIGHTTIME
1960-1969
UP 108%
+300%
+250%
+200%
+150%
+100%
+50%
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
RESIDENCE
BURGLARY
DAYTIME
1960-1969
UP 286%
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
NONRESIDENCE
BURGLARY
NIGHTTIME
1960-1969
UP 57%
+150%
+100%
+50%
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
NONRESIDENCE
BURGLARY
DAYTIME
1960-1969
UP 142%
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 11

Nature of Burglary

As it has been pointed out in prior issues, burglary is a crime of stealth and opportunity committed by amateurs and professionals alike. In 1969, 77 percent of the burglaries involved forcible entry, while 17 percent were unlawful entry (without force) and 6 percent were attempts. Residential burglary accounted for 56 percent of the total while nonresidential amounted to 44 percent in 1969. Daytime burglaries of residences rose 11 percent in 1969, and accounted for over one-half of these offenses. Since 1960, there has been a substantial increase of 286 percent in daytime residential burglaries. It should be noted that unattended apartments and homes during daytime hours are becoming increasingly easy prey for the burglar. Daytime burglaries of nonresidences rose 8 percent in 1969, but accounted for only 6 percent of the total burglary.

As a group, residential and nonresidential nighttime burglary represented 63 percent of the total volume. Prevention and detection are most difficult for law enforcement agencies due to the tremendous volume of these offenses and the lack of adequate police patrols. In 1969, property owners suffered an economic loss of $620 million, with an average dollar loss of $318 per burglary. Residential burglary losses amounted to $363 million while nonresidential losses due to burglaries amounted to $257 million.

Clearances

Law enforcement agencies were successful in solving less than one out of every five cases of burglary in 1969. This low clearance rate indicates the lack of a deterrent and slight risk of detection.

The burglary solution rate declined 3 percent in 1969. Adults were identified in 60 percent of all cases solved while young persons under 18 years of age were identified in 40 percent. Solution levels were fairly consistent in all population groups. Law enforcement agencies in cities 250,000 and above solved 20 percent in 1969. In the suburban areas 18 percent were solved while 21 percent were cleared in the rural areas.

Persons Arrested

In 1969, total arrests for burglary increased less than 1 percent. Arrests of persons under 18 years of age decreased less than 1 percent and arrests of persons 18 years and over rose 2 percent. Burglary arrests increased less than one-tenth of 1 percent in the cities, 1 percent in suburban areas, and rural areas recorded a 7 percent increase during 1969. An analysis of the 10-year period 1960–1969, reveals a 52 percent increase in burglary arrests. Arrests of individuals under the age of 18 increased 72 percent, while arrests of adult burglary offenders increased 34 percent, 1960–1969.

Nationally, persons under 25 accounted for 83 percent of all arrests for burglary in 1969. Of the total, young persons under 18 accounted for 54 percent of all arrests for this crime. Females were involved in four out of 100 arrests for burglary during 1969. Arrests of whites outnumbered Negroes by almost 2 to 1.

Persons Charged

Nationally, in 1969, 72 percent of the adults arrested for burglary were prosecuted. Of the adults, 56 percent were found guilty as charged, 16 percent were convicted of lesser charges and 28 percent were freed through acquittal or dismissal of charges. Juveniles referred to juvenile court jurisdiction accounted for 60 percent of all persons processed for burglary in 1969.

LARCENY-THEFT

Larceny-theft is the unlawful taking or stealing of property or articles of value without the use of force or violence or fraud. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from autos, thefts of auto parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, etc. In the Uniform Crime Reporting Program this crime category does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, and worthless checks. Auto theft, of course, is excluded from this category for crime reporting purposes inasmuch as it is a separate Crime Index offense.

The Crime Index offense of larceny is limited to those thefts where the value of property stolen is $50 or more.

Volume

Larceny, the second most voluminous Index crime is exceeded only by burglary. In 1969 there were 1,512,900 offenses of larceny $50 and over, up from 1,271,000 in 1968. This crime makes up 30 percent of the Crime Index total. From a seasonal standpoint, larceny was highest in the summer months and reached a peak in August.

Offenses of larceny-thefts were distributed quite evenly throughout all geographic regions. The Northeastern and North Central States each contributed 24 percent, while the Southern and Western States each contributed 26 percent.

CRIMES

KEY: ---- 1964--1968 MOVING AVERAGE

AGAINST THE PERSON

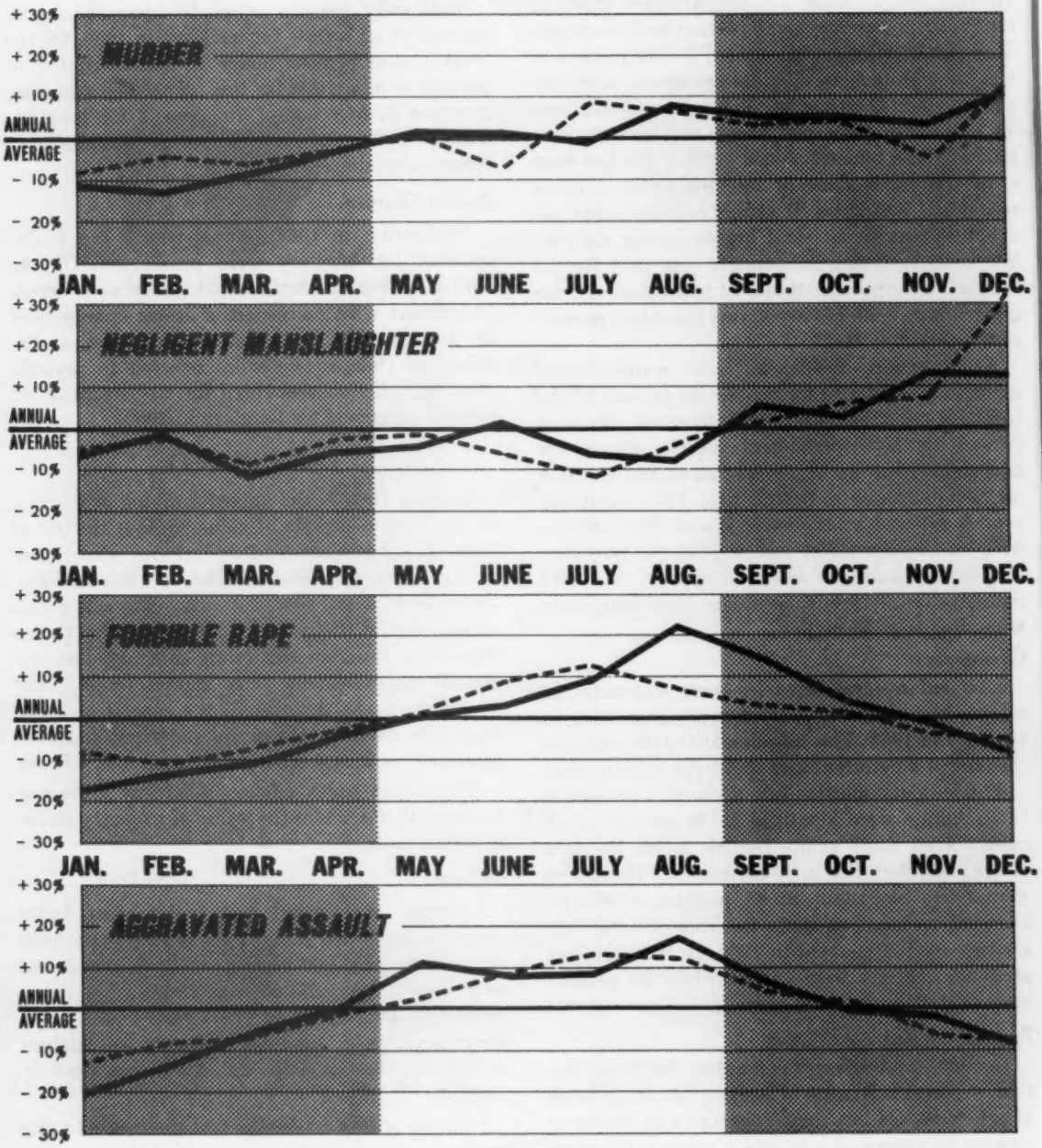
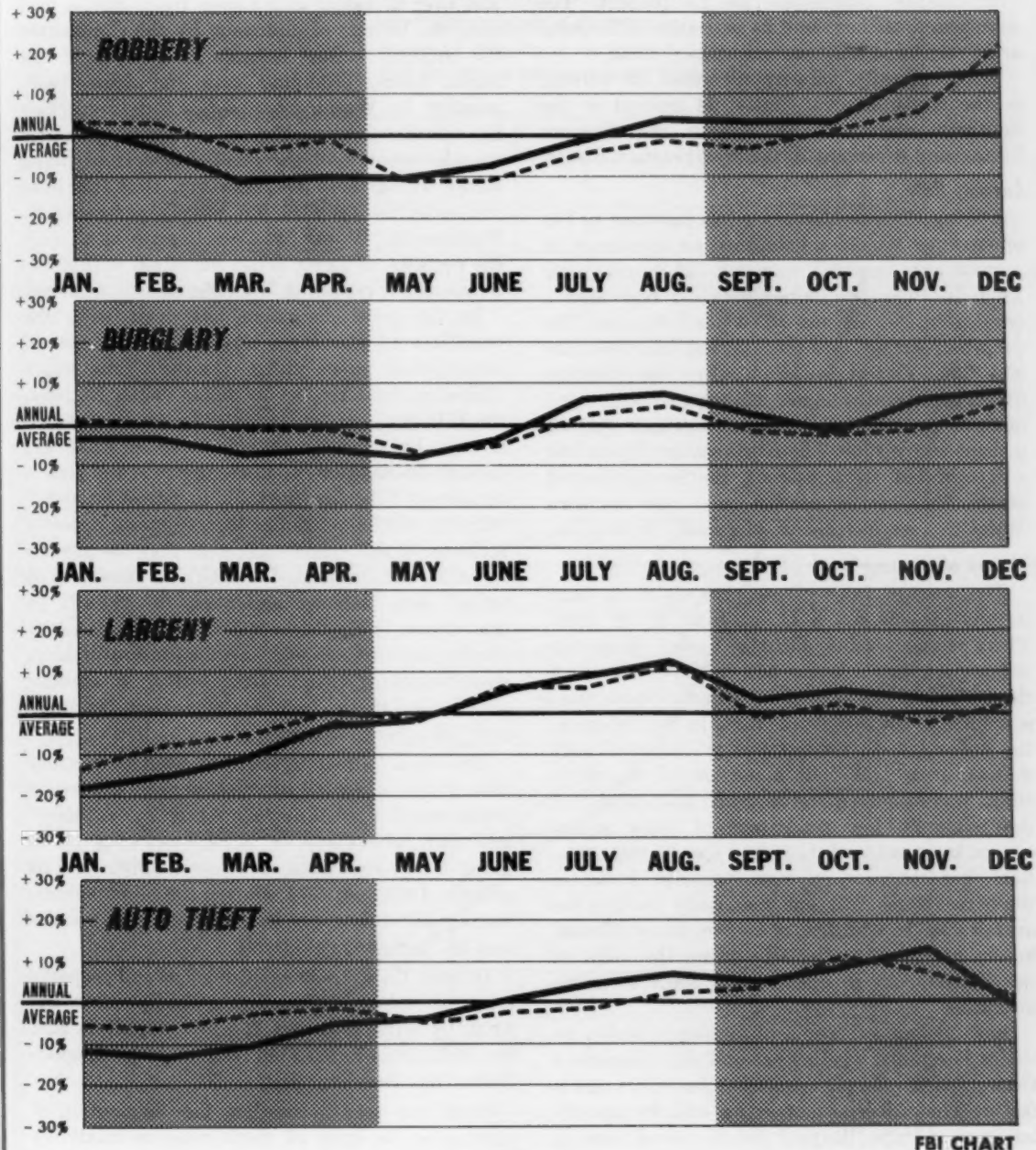


Chart 12

BY MONTH

VARIATIONS FROM 1969 ANNUAL AVERAGE

AGAINST PROPERTY



FBI CHART

Chart 12

Trend

In 1969, the Index offense of larceny $50 and over, recorded a 19 percent increase over 1968 and 199 percent over 1960. Substantial increases were noted in all population groups with cities over 250,000 population up 15 percent. The suburban areas increased 24 percent and the rural areas registered a 21 percent upward trend.

Geographically, larceny increased 25 percent in the North Central States, 24 percent in the Southern States, 23 percent in the Western States, and 6 percent in the Northeastern States.

Larceny Rate

During 1969, the larceny crime rate rose to 749 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants, an increase of 19 percent over the 1968 rate and 165 percent over 1960. In 1969, the large core cities registered a crime rate of 1,165 per 100,000 inhabitants. The suburban larceny rate was 702 and the rural rate was 264. Viewed geographically, the Western States reported the highest larceny rate with 1,161 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants which was 21 percent above 1968. The Northeastern States had a rate of 744, up 5 percent; the North Central States 654, up 24 percent, and the Southern States 616, an increase of 22 percent in the rate.

Nature of Larceny-Theft

The average value of property stolen in each larceny in 1969 was $111, up from $74 in 1960. This average value includes losses from the voluminous thefts under $50 in value, of which there were 2,300,000 in 1969. When average value is applied to the estimated crimes in this category, the dollar loss to victims was in excess of $420 million. It is true that a portion of the goods stolen was recovered and returned to victims, but the relatively low percentage of these crimes cleared by arrest, and the lack of specific identification characteristics on such property indicates these recoveries will not materially reduce the overall loss. In addition, of course, many offenses in this category, particularly where the value of the stolen goods is small, never come to police attention.

Since dollar valuation of property stolen in thefts determines whether or not a theft becomes a Crime Index offense, economic conditions are a factor. The rising cost of living with its upward influence on prices, coupled with increased demand for more expensive commodities, present greater criminal opportunity and also exert some unreal effect on the larceny $50 and over trend. Likewise, the average value of property stolen in larceny was 50 percent over the 1960 figure. However, the volume of thefts $50 and over was 199 percent more than the larceny volume recorded in 1960.

The dollar valuation of larceny (larceny $50 and over in value) as a Crime Index offense has been the subject of discussion by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the IACP. In recent years, beginning with the April, 1963, meeting in Washington, D.C., the Committee has considered raising the dollar valuation in order to take account of the increasing cost of living factor. It has been felt, however, that this does not solve the problem but merely postpones it. Furthermore, it does not come to grips at all with the problem of fixing dollar valuation within the thousands of reporting law enforcement agencies.

In the past, discussion has dealt with the possibility of selecting a certain type or types of larceny-theft to be utilized as the Crime Index offense without respect to dollar value. In 1964, the FBI began an expanded collection of data on larceny by type. It should be noted that the percent distribution of larceny by type and area is significant. Likewise, the trend in "street larceny," without relation to dollar loss, suggests a better indicator of this crime experience than the present reporting subdivisions of "larceny $50 and over in value" and "larceny under $50 in value". In this regard, it should be noted that the category "street larceny" should include pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from autos, automobile accessories, thefts from coin-operated machines and "all other" larceny.

The term "street larceny" is used to identify this group of thefts since they generally occur within reach of police patrols. When "street thefts" are used collectively, a larceny upswing of 12 percent was registered, 1969 over 1968, and 54 percent, 1969 over 1964. During the same periods, larceny $50 and over in value increased 19 percent and 107 percent respectively.

In 1969, the average value of goods and property reported stolen from victims of pickpockets was $100, by purse-snatchers $54, by shoplifters $28, by thefts from autos $146, and by miscellaneous thefts from buildings $197.

From one year to another, the distribution of larceny as to type of theft remains relatively constant. As in prior years, a major portion of these thefts, 43 percent, represented thefts of auto parts and accessories and other thefts from

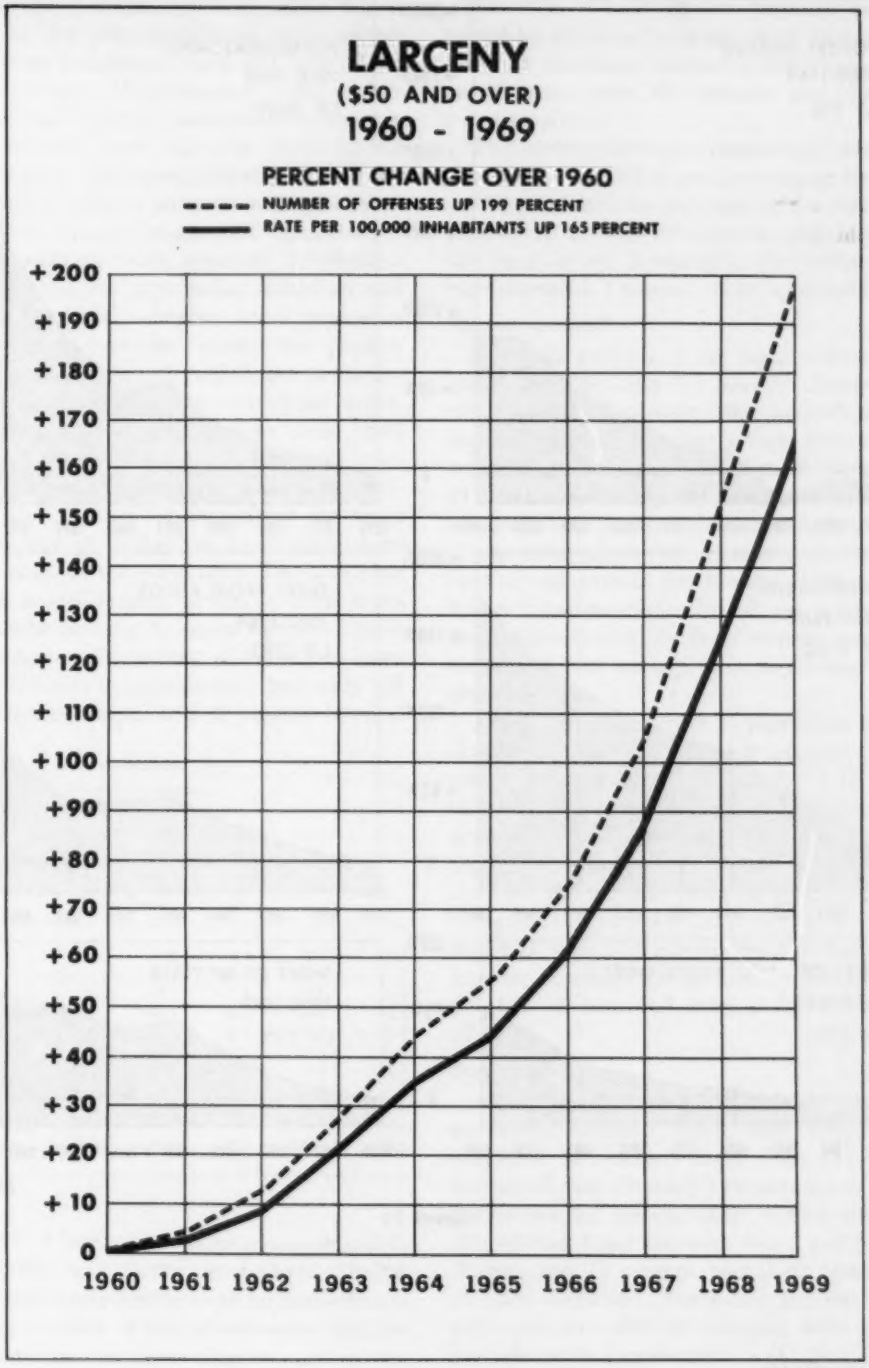

LARCENY
($50 AND OVER)
1960 - 1969
PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960
NUMBER OF OFFENSES UP 199 PERCENT
RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS UP 165 PERCENT
+200
+190
+180
+170
+160
+150
+140
+130
+120
+110
+100
+90
+80
+70
+60
+50
+40
+30
+20
+10
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 13

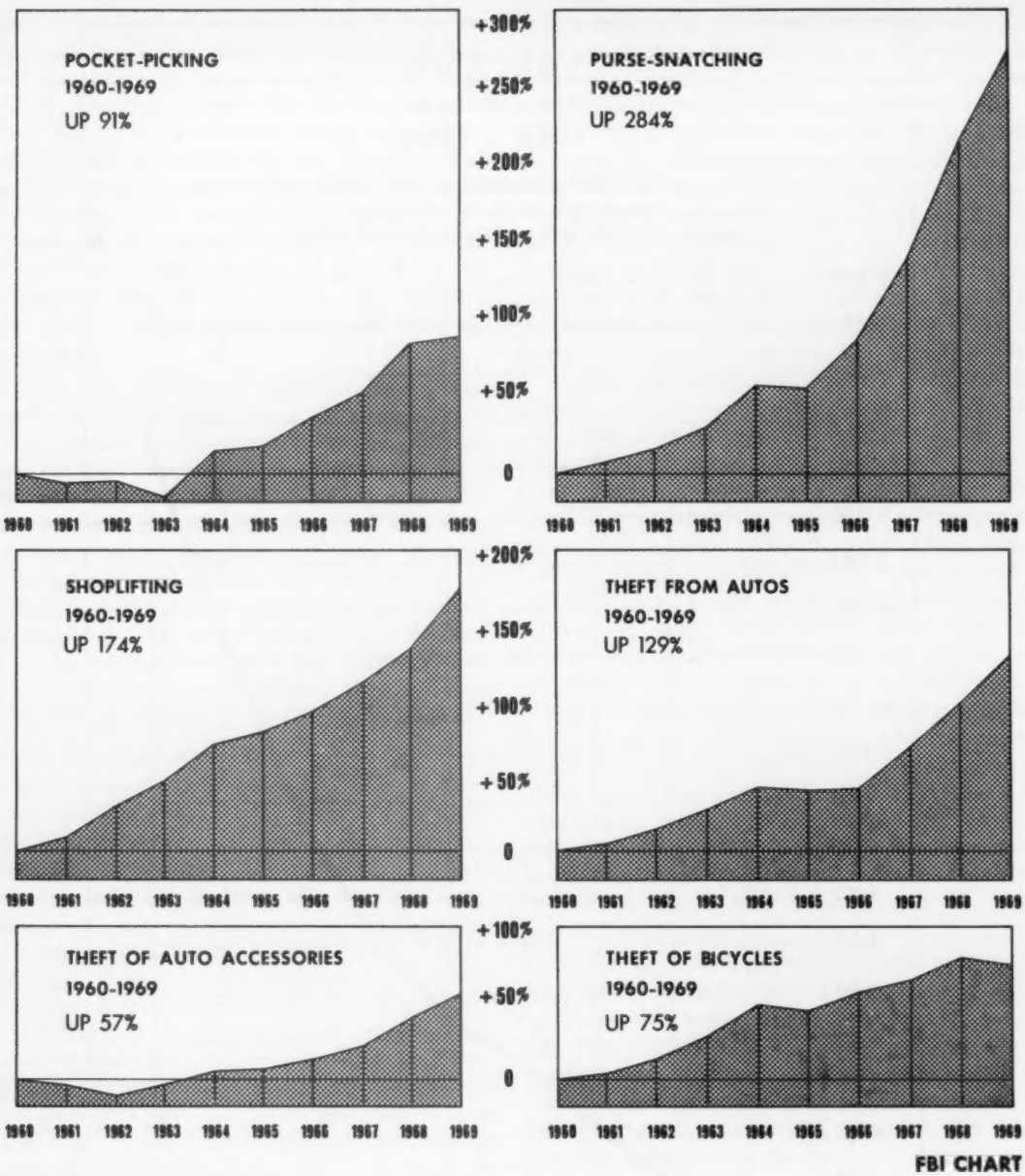

POCKET-PICKING
1960-1969
UP 91%
PURSE-SNATCHING
1960-1969
UP 284%
SHOPLIFTING
1960-1969
UP 174%
THEFT FROM AUTOS
1960-1969
UP 129%
THEFT OF AUTO ACCESSORIES
1960-1969
UP 57%
THEFT OF BICYCLES
1960-1969
UP 75%
+300%
+250%
+200%
+150%
+100%
+50%
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 14

automobiles. Other major types of thefts which contributed to the large number of these crimes were thefts from buildings, 17 percent, and stolen bicycles, 13 percent. Miscellaneous types of larcenies, not falling into any of the specific categories for which statistics were collected made up 12 percent of the total. The remainder was distributed among pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting and thefts from coin-operated machines.

The accompanying table presents distribution of larceny by type for large cities, suburban and rural areas. Cities and suburban areas appear to have similar characteristics except for pocket-picking and purse-snatching which are considerably less in the suburban or residential areas. This, of course, is to be expected as these theft opportunities flourish where population and business houses are highly concentrated. It is interesting to note that figures for shoplifting are quite similar in the city and suburban areas while there is a decided drop in the rural area. The shopping center which is still largely absent in rural areas contributes substantially to these figures. Thefts from autos made up 24 percent of larceny in large cities over 250,000 in population, but only 16 percent in suburban areas and 13 percent in rural areas.

Larceny Analysis, 1969

[Percent distribution]

Classification	Area			
	Total United States	Cities over 250,000	Suburban	Rural
Pocket-picking	1.3	2.5	0.2	0.3
Purse-snatching	2.7	5.3	.5	.3
Shoplifting	8.2	7.5	9.6	4.5
From autos (except accessories)	20.1	23.8	16.0	12.9
Auto accessories	21.0	22.1	19.2	17.6
Bicycles	13.3	9.4	15.5	3.5
From buildings	16.8	17.8	16.6	15.2
From coin-operated machines	1.8	1.5	3.1	1.8
All others	14.8	10.1	19.2	43.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Clearances

The nature of larceny, a crime of opportunity, sneak thievery, and petty unobserved thefts, makes it an extremely difficult one for law enforcement officers to solve. A lack of witnesses and the tremendous volume of these crimes work in the thief's favor. In 1969, 18 percent of the larceny offenses brought to police attention were solved. Involvement of the young age group is demonstrated by the fact that 42 percent of these crimes which were cleared in the Nation's cities were solved by arrests of persons under 18 years of age. Juvenile clearance figures for suburban areas and rural areas were 43 percent and 29 percent, respectively.

The larceny clearance percentages were consistent in all population groups ranging from 16 percent in the suburbs to a high of 19 percent in the cities over 250,000 inhabitants and 19 percent in the rural areas. Nationally, the larceny solution rate increased 1 percent when compared to 1968.

Persons Arrested

Forty-six percent of the total arrests for index crimes in 1969 were for larceny. Arrests for this crime were up 9 percent, 1969 over 1968. Volume-wise, 53 percent of these arrests were of persons under 18 years of age and when individuals under 21 were considered, the ratio rose to over two-thirds. When examined by sex of arrested persons, it was determined that females comprised 26 percent of all arrests for larceny-theft and had a higher involvement in this offense than for any of the index offenses. In fact, women were arrested more often for larceny than any other offense in 1969.

Arrests of females rose 20 percent in 1969; while arrests of males increased 6 percent. Arrests of whites out-numbered Negroes by 2 to 1 with all other races comprising about 2 percent of the arrests for larceny-theft. The total volume of arrests for larceny-theft in 1969, as compared with the 1960 figure, reflects an 84 percent increase. It is significant to note that arrests of individuals under 18 were 100 percent greater than 1960. The number of adult arrests rose 69 percent over the number of recorded arrests for 1960, for this offense.

Persons Charged

As in prior years, law enforcement agencies nationally charged more than twice as many offenders for larceny-theft than for any other serious offense. Seventy-two percent of the adults prosecuted for larceny-theft were found guilty of this offense, 6 percent were found guilty of a lesser charge, and 22 percent had their cases dismissed or were acquitted. Forty-two percent of persons processed in 1969 for larceny were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction.

AUTO THEFT

In Uniform Crime Reporting, auto theft is defined as the unlawful stealing or driving away

of a motor vehicle, including attempts. This definition excludes taking for temporary use when the vehicle is actually returned by the taker provided prior authority for its use has been granted or can be assumed.

Volume

In 1969, 871,900 motor vehicles were reported stolen compared to 777,800 thefts in 1968. Geographically, the volume of auto theft was highest in the Northeastern States which reported 29 percent of the total number followed by the North Central States with 27 percent. The Southern and Western States each reported 22 percent. This crime made up 17 percent of the total Crime Index offenses. As was experienced in prior years, seasonal variations during 1969 disclosed auto theft reached its peak in the fall of the year with November recording the high month in volume.

Trend

Auto thefts in 1969 volumewise increased 12 percent over 1968. This offense has been steadily rising each year since 1960, with an overall increase of 168 percent 1960–1969. Again, it should be remembered that it is invalid to assume more auto thefts occur solely because of more automobile registrations. From 1960 through 1969, the percentage increase in auto theft has been four times greater than the percentage increase in automobile registrations and four times greater than the percentage increase in the young age population, 15 to 24 years.

Auto theft increases in all areas contributed to the overall 12 percent rise in 1969. Big cities with 250,000 or more inhabitants had a 12 percent rise while the suburban areas also registered a 12 percent increase and the rural areas were up 8 percent.

Geographically, auto thefts were up 15 percent in the North Central States. The Southern and Western States each reported rises of 13 percent, and the Northeastern States 8 percent. The accompanying chart shows the trend in auto thefts, 1960–1969.

Auto Theft Rate

There was a substantial increase in the auto theft rate in 1969 over 1968, with a rise from 389 victims per 100,000 inhabitants in 1968 to 432 victims in 1969, an increase of 11 percent. Since 1960, the auto theft rate has risen 138 percent. As in 1968, citizens in cities with 500,000 to 1 million population were deprived more often of their motor vehicles in 1969 than in any other population group, with 1,218 per 100,000 inhabitants suffering an auto theft. It should be recalled that as a part of a prior special study 30 percent of the autos stolen in the District of Columbia were owned by nonresident victims. This ratio will undoubtedly hold true in other large core cities because of the high mobility of the general population.

Nationally, the auto theft rate in large core cities as a group averaged 1,041. In the suburbs the rate was 271, and in the rural areas the auto theft rate was 73.

The auto theft rates by geographic region disclosed the Western States were again high with 554 followed by the Northeastern States 526, the North Central States 416, and the Southern States 308 auto thefts per 100,000 inhabitants.

Across the Nation in 1969, one of every 100 registered automobiles was stolen or a rate of 10 per 1,000 registered autos. Regionally, the highest registration theft rate appeared in the Northeastern States where 14 cars per 1,000 registered vehicles were stolen. In the other three regions the figures were 11 in the Western States, nine in the North Central States, and seven in the Southern States.

Nature of Auto Theft

Auto theft rates again clearly indicate that this crime is primarily a big city problem, since the highest rates appear in the most heavily populated sections of the Nation. In 1969, the average value of stolen automobiles was $992 at the time of theft, and although police were successful in recovering 84 percent of the stolen vehicles, the remaining unrecovered 16 percent represented a dollar loss in excess of $140 million.

Prior studies conducted under the Uniform Crime Reporting Program have documented the fact that auto theft is primarily a crime of opportunity. The young offender who is most often involved finds the vehicle subject to theft conveniently ready to drive away or in many instances the ignition can be easily compromised.

Clearances

Due to the fact that prior studies have documented two-thirds of all auto thefts occur at night and over one-half are from private residences, apartments, or streets in residential districts, law enforcement agencies were successful in solving only 18 percent of these thefts by arrest of the offender. These crimes occur under cover of dark-

97-633 O -

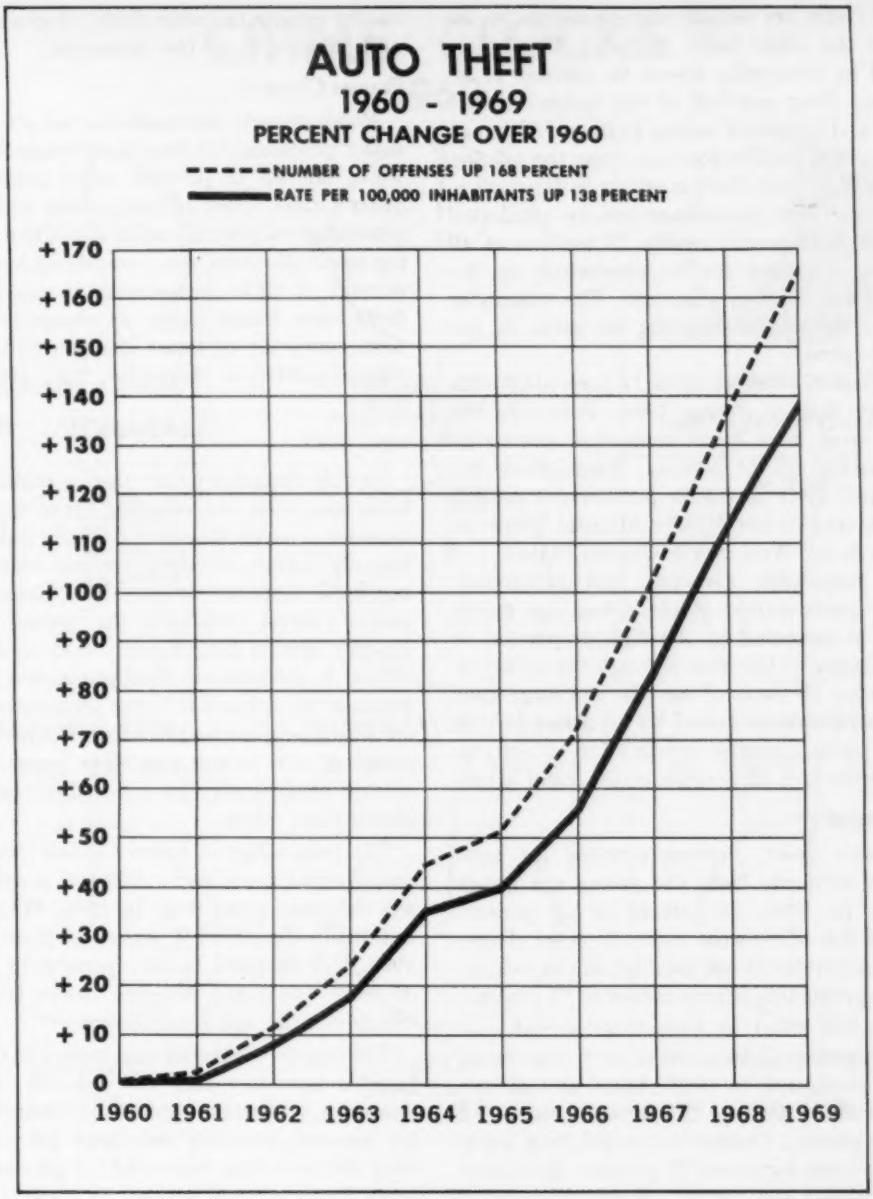

AUTO THEFT
1960 - 1969
PERCENT CHANGE OVER 1960
NUMBER OF OFFENSES UP 168 PERCENT
RATE PER 100,000 INHABITANTS UP 138 PERCENT
+170
+160
+150
+140
+130
+120
+110
+100
+90
+80
+70
+60
+50
+40
+30
+20
+10
0
1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969
FBI CHART

Chart 15

ness and there are seldom any witnesses to the theft. On the other hand, police nationally are successful in recovering about 84 percent of all stolen cars. Over one-half of the stolen vehicles are taken and recovered within 48 hours. Although recovery of the vehicle does not clear the offense, the property is available for return to the victim. This high recovery percentage can be attributed to the fact that approximately 75 percent of all cars stolen are used for transportation or the purpose of the theft is unknown. The remainder were taken for resale, stripping for parts, or use in another crime.

In the Nation's largest cities 17 percent of auto thefts were cleared during 1969. Police in the suburban areas were again somewhat more successful clearing up 22 percent. Throughout the country auto theft clearance percentages ranged from 14 percent in the Middle Atlantic States to 22 percent in the West North Central States.

In all geographic divisions and population groups the participation of the young age group population is indicated by the high proportion of these clearances which were through the arrest of persons under 18 years of age. In the large core cities, 50 percent were solved by an arrest in this age group while juveniles account for 40 percent in the suburbs and 39 percent in the rural areas.

Persons Arrested

As in prior years, persons arrested for auto theft come primarily from the young age group population. In 1969, 58 percent of all persons arrested for this crime were under 18 years of age. When persons under 21 are included in the computations, the proportion of arrests rises to 77 percent.

The national trend in auto theft arrests disclosed an increase of two-tenths of 1 percent in 1969 when compared to 1968. Adult arrests rose 6 percent while arrests of persons under 18 decreased 3 percent. During the period 1960–1969, auto theft arrests increased 73 percent. Arrests of individuals under the age of 18 rose 63 percent during the same period. The long-term arrest trend for adults disclosed an 89 percent increase for auto theft, 1960 through 1969.

Of all crimes against property, next to burglary, auto theft as measured by arrest showed the least participation by females. Only 5 percent of persons arrested in 1969 were female although female arrests for auto theft increased 8 percent. Females under 18 recorded a 3 percent increase in arrests for auto theft. White persons made up 61 percent of the arrests for auto theft, Negroes 37 percent and all other races the remainder.

Persons Charged

Police reports disclosed that of all persons formally processed for auto theft in 1969, 67 percent were referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. No other Crime Index offense results in such a high percentage of juvenile referrals. When the remaining adult offenders were considered as a group, 52 percent of those prosecuted on charges of auto theft were found guilty as charged, 14 percent were convicted of lesser charges, and 34 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed.

CLEARANCES

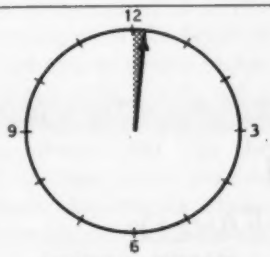
In this Program police clear a crime when they have identified the offender, have sufficient evidence to charge him and actually take him into custody. Crime solutions are also recorded in exceptional instances when some element beyond police control precludes the placing of formal charges against the offender, such as the victim's refusal to prosecute or local prosecution is declined because the subject is being prosecuted elsewhere for a crime committed in another jurisdiction. The arrest of one person can clear several crimes or several persons may be arrested in the process of clearing one crime.

The percentage of Index Crimes cleared by law enforcement agencies in 1969 was 4 percent below the clearance percentage in 1968. Whereas police nationally cleared 20.9 percent of these offenses in 1968, this dropped to 20.1 percent in 1969. This decrease was noted in every Crime Index offense except murder and forcible rape.

The murder clearance rate increased 0.2 percent, forcible rape increased 0.7 percent, robbery decreased 1.8 percent, aggravated assault decreased 2.1 percent, burglary decreased 2.6 percent, larceny $50 and over decreased 1.7 percent and auto theft decreased 4.3 percent. In 1969, decreases in solution rates were universally reported by all city population groups and by all geographic divisions, except Pacific States. The highest overall Crime Index clearance rate regionally was recorded by the Southern States with 21 percent, the North Central States 21 percent, the Western States 19 percent and the Northeastern States with 18 percent.

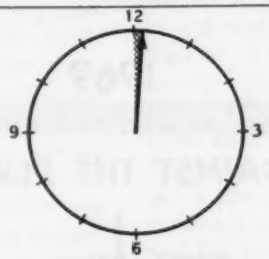
Reports submitted by law enforcement agencies in 1969 disclosed police were successful in solving

CRIME CLOCKS
1969



SERIOUS CRIMES

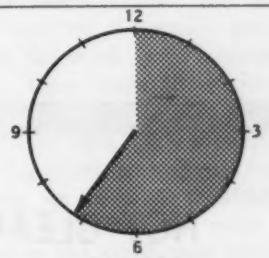
9 EACH MINUTE



VIOLENT CRIMES

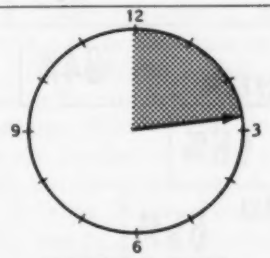
MURDER, FORCIBLE RAPE, ROBBERY OR ASSAULT TO KILL

ONE EVERY **48** SECONDS



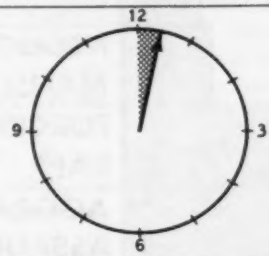
MURDER

ONE EVERY **36** MINUTES



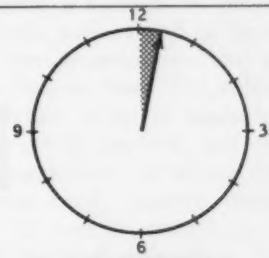
FORCIBLE RAPE

ONE EVERY **14** MINUTES



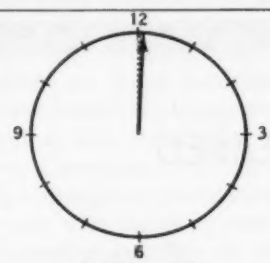
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

ONE EVERY **2** MINUTES



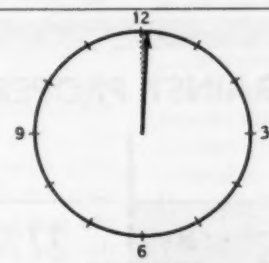
ROBBERY

ONE EVERY **2** MINUTES



BURGLARY

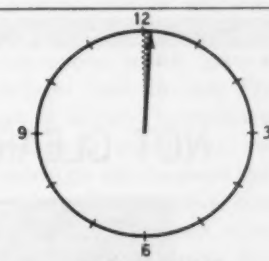
ONE EVERY **16** SECONDS



LARCENY

($50 and over)

ONE EVERY **21** SECONDS

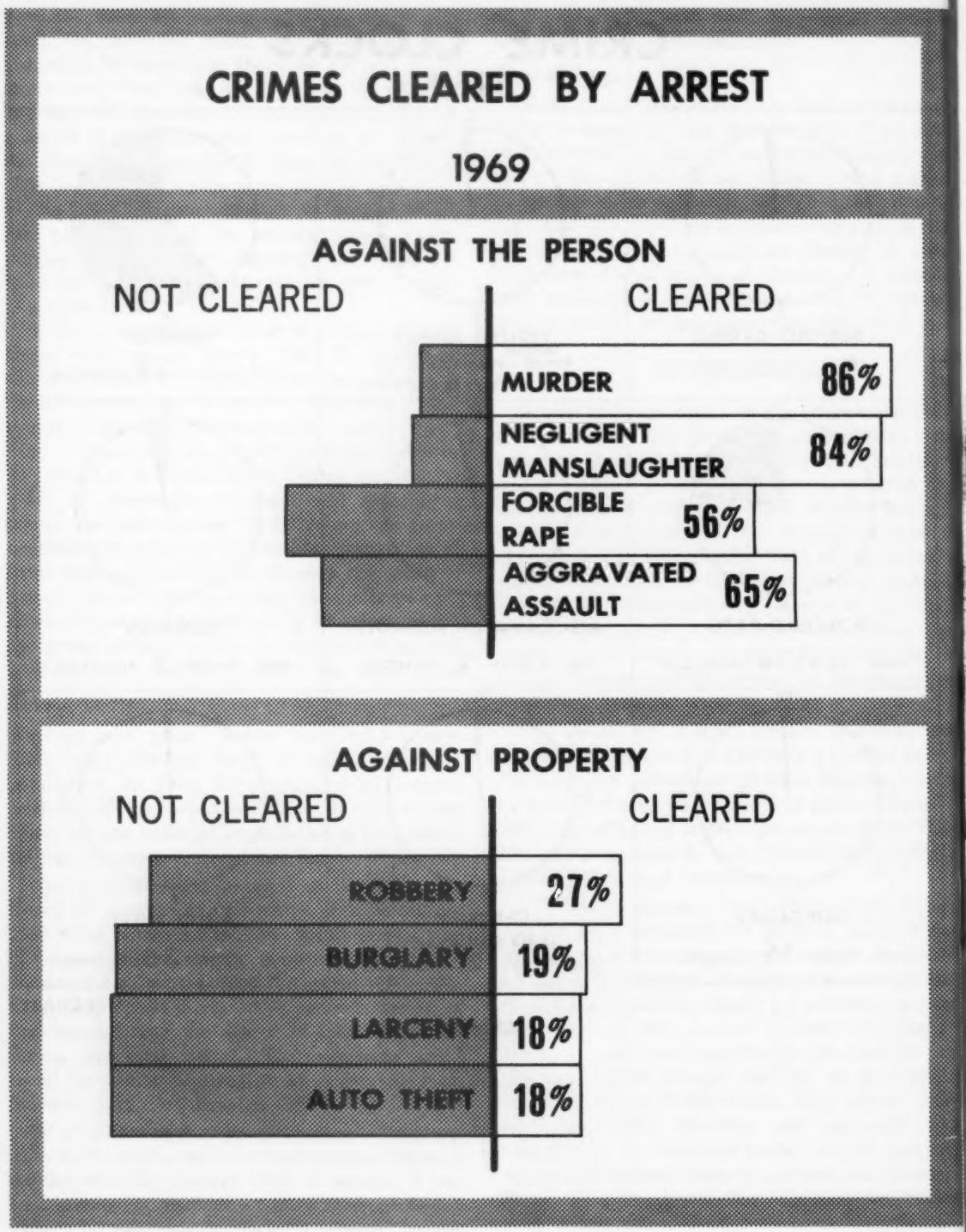


AUTO THEFT

ONE EVERY **36** SECONDS

FBI CHART

Chart 16



FBI CHART

Chart 17

86 percent of the murder offenses, 56 percent of the reported forcible rapes, 65 percent of the aggravated assaults and 27 percent of the robberies. Solutions in the property crime categories showed police cleared 19 percent of the burglaries and 18 percent of the larcenies and auto thefts. Police are able to clear a higher percentage of the crimes against the person, not only because of the more intense investigative effort afforded these violent offenses, but also due to the smaller volume of these crimes requiring police attention and, more importantly, because witnesses are usually available who can identify the perpetrators.

The accompanying chart reveals the crime and police clearance experience in the 1960's. From 1960 to 1969 the Crime Index offenses rose 148 percent. Police response to this sharp upward trend was a 63 percent increase in the number of Crime Index offenses solved, and a 71 percent increase in the number of arrests for Crime Index type offenses. However, the clearance rate, which relates the number of known offenses to offenses cleared, has shown a steady decline. In 1960, the ratio of Crime Index offenses cleared to crimes reported was 31 out of 100. In 1969, for each 100 Crime Index offenses 20 were cleared—a decrease of 34 percent.

There are a number of factors influencing the overall decline in the police solution rate. These include court decisions which have resulted in restrictions on police investigative and enforcement practices; sharp increases of police workloads in criminal and noncriminal matters, riots, disturbances, marches, etc.; the almost static ratio of police strength to population which is not commensurate with the sharp increase in crime; and the increasing mobility of those who commit crimes. Clearance tables are published beginning on page 98.

Offenses Cleared by Arrests of Juveniles

It has been noted in several prior sections of this publication that persons under 18 years of age are becoming increasingly involved with police through commission of serious crimes. Persons 10 to 17 years of age make up approximately 16 percent of the total United States population. One means of measuring the involvement of the young age group in crime is to identify the number of crimes in which they are the offenders. In 1969, 32 percent of all Crime Index offenses solved involved persons under 18 years of age.

PERSONS ARRESTED

In 1969, arrests for all criminal acts, excluding traffic, increased 5 percent over 1968. The total volume of city arrests rose 5 percent while arrests in suburban areas were up 8 percent and the number of arrests in the rural areas increased 4 percent. Nationally, there were 40 arrests for each 1,000 persons in the United States. In 1968, there were 38 arrests for each 1,000 inhabitants. The arrest rate for big cities as a group was 55 per 1,000 population, up from 52 in 1968, for suburban areas 28, up from 26 in the prior year and for the rural areas the arrest rate remained at the same level as in 1968, 18 arrests per 1,000 people.

Arrests are primarily a measure of police activity. Arrest practices, policies and enforcement emphasis will vary from place to place and within a community from time to time. The volume of police arrests for certain unlawful conduct such as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, and certain local ordinances is particularly influenced by the above. On the other hand, robbery, burglary, and other arrests for serious crimes are more likely the result of standard procedures. Arrests are first a measure of police activity as it relates to crime. Arrests do, however, provide a useful index to measure involvement in criminal acts by the age, sex, and race of the perpetrators, particularly for those crimes which have a high solution rate. Procedures used in this Program require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion when a person is taken into custody, notified or cited. Arrests do not measure the number of individuals taken into custody since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses. As noted above, this happens frequently for certain types of offenses against public order such as drunkenness, vagrancy, disorderly conduct and related violations.

In 1969, law enforcement agencies nationally made an estimated 7½ million arrests for all criminal acts, excluding traffic offenses. A percent distribution of arrests by type of offense in 1969 indicates that approximately 8 percent were for crimes against the person, property crime arrests made up 20 percent of the total, crimes against morals 11 percent, crimes against public order and decency 49 percent and all other offenses (except traffic) 12 percent.

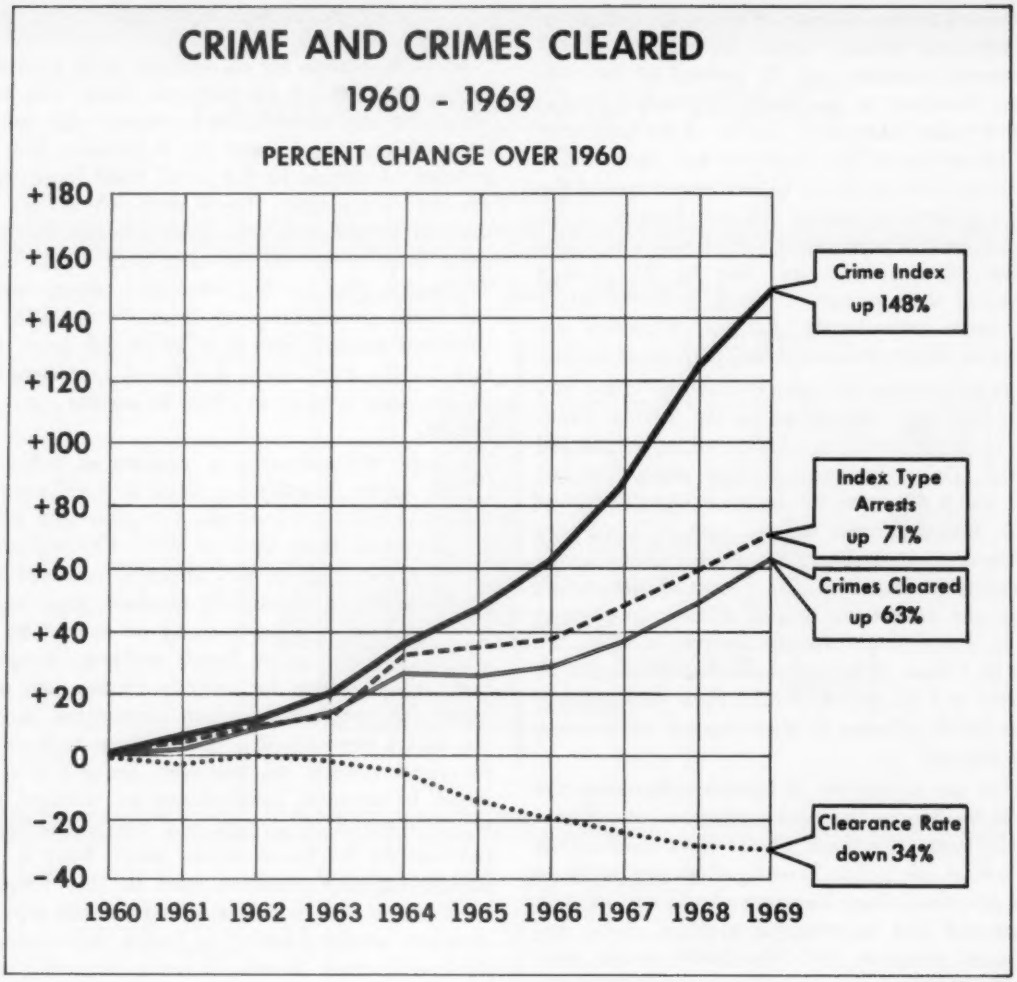


Chart 18

Arrest Trends

In 1969, police arrests of adults increased 6 percent, while arrests for juveniles had an overall increase of 4 percent. For the period 1960–1969, police arrests for all criminal acts, except traffic offenses, increased 24 percent. During this same period, arrests of persons under 18 years of age doubled while the number of persons in this young age group, 10 to 17 rose 27 percent. It is apparent, therefore, the involvement of young persons as measured by police arrests is escalating at a pace almost four times their percentage increase in the national population. As it has been pointed out in prior issues, a relatively small percentage of the total young age population become involved in criminal acts, about six out of 100. Adult arrests, 1960–1969, rose 11 percent in volume. During the 1960's decreases in police arrests have occurred in the high volume offenses such as drunkenness, vagrancy, gambling, and sex offenses other than forcible rape and prostitution.

When only the serious crimes are used in computing the long term trend 1960–1969, total arrests increased 71 percent. Adult arrests rose 57 percent, while arrests of juveniles for Crime Index offenses rose 90 percent. Arrests of adults

for violent crimes were up 54 percent and for property crimes 59 percent. Juvenile arrests for violent crimes increased 148 percent, 1960–1969, while arrests of persons under 18 for the property crimes rose 85 percent.

Age

Nationally, persons under 15 years of age made up 10 percent of the total police arrests; under 18, 26 percent; under 21, 39 percent; and under 25, 51 percent. In the suburban areas, the involvement of the young age groups in police arrests is again markedly higher than the national figures with the under 15 age group represented in 13 percent; under 18, 35 percent; under 21, 50 percent; and under 25, 63 percent. In the rural areas the distributions were lower for the younger age groups, with the under 15 group being involved in 5 percent; under 18 in 21 percent; under 21 in 38 percent; and those under 25, 53 percent of total police arrests. When only the serious crimes are considered 22 percent of all arrests in 1969 were for persons under the age of 15 and almost one-half were under 18 years of age.

In reviewing arrest figures, it is important to keep in mind that police arrest practices and emphasis vary which will account for some variations in these statistics from year to year. It is noted arrests of persons under 18 for Narcotic Drug Law violations have increased sharply in recent years. In fact, in 1969, 55 percent of the individuals arrested for violations of the Narcotic Drug Laws were persons under 21 years of age. Twenty-seven percent of the marijuana arrests in 1969 were persons under the age of 18 and 63 percent of the arrests for this offense involved persons under 21 years of age. It should be noted that in 1964 less than one-fourth or 23 percent of the persons arrested for Narcotic Drug Law violations were under 21 years of age.

Arrests for Narcotic Drug Law violations 1969 over 1968 were up 45 percent nationally. From 1960 to 1969, arrests for this violation increased 6 times, or 492 percent. There is set forth a tabulation by geographic region showing the type of narcotic drug involved in the arrest of the offender in 1969.

Narcotic Drug Laws

[Percent]

Region	Heroin or cocaine	Marijuana	Synthetic narcotics	Other
Northeastern States	57.9	27.5	3.6	11.0
North Central States	16.8	51.6	6.6	25.0
Southern States	20.9	43.4	7.6	28.1
Western States	10.7	49.3	8.7	31.3
Total	29.1	41.2	6.5	23.1

Sex

Male arrests outnumbered female arrests 6 to 1 in 1969. Male arrests in 1969 rose by 4 percent, while female arrests were up 12 percent. Females were arrested in 16 percent of the serious or Crime Index type offenses. Ten percent of the arrests for violent crimes in 1969 involved females and arrests of females for these types of crimes increased 23 percent, 1969 over 1968. Again, as in prior years their involvement was primarily for larceny, which accounted for one out of every six female arrests. In fact, 17 percent of all property crime arrests in 1969 were of females. Females accounted for 23 percent of the forgery, 26 percent of the fraud, 21 percent of the embezzlement, and 16 percent of the narcotics arrests. Over one-half of the runaway—police custody cases—were girls under 18 years of age.

Long-term arrest trends, 1960–1969, revealed that arrests for young females under 18 years of age increased 176 percent, while arrests for young males under 18 rose 93 percent. It is noted that arrests for young females under 18 for each Crime Index offense more than doubled, 1960–1969. When the serious crimes, as a group, are considered, arrests of males 1960–1969, were up 78 percent and female arrests increased 212 percent.

Traffic

Supplemental data submitted by agencies over 2,500 in population relating to traffic enforcement disclosed that nationwide, 58 percent of the citations and summonses issued and arrests made in traffic matters were for parking violations. Hazardous traffic violations accounted for 32 percent, and other regulatory violations 10 percent. In the Southern States 50 percent of the traffic arrests were for hazardous violations. In the Western States 35 percent of the arrests

were for this type of infraction, in the North Central States 31 percent, and in the Northeastern States 18 percent.

Arrest Rates

The following table sets forth arrest rates by geographic regions for Crime Index type offenses. Arrest rates indicate law enforcement activity in response to crime rates.

Arrests by Region, 1969

[Rate per 100,000 inhabitants]

Offense	Northeastern States	North Central States	Southern States	Western States
Murder	5.6	7.8	11.8	6.8
Forcible rape	7.9	9.6	11.2	12.5
Robbery	51.5	48.6	49.5	68.4
Aggravated assault	67.3	50.0	107.4	94.9
Burglary	135.0	155.1	185.1	271.7
Larceny	225.1	397.0	381.1	459.0
Auto theft	65.1	83.5	74.6	146.2
Total	559.4	759.1	824.3	1,061.4

PERSONS CHARGED

Disposition data reveals the results of cases in which law enforcement agencies have made an arrest and subsequently formally charged the offender in a court of jurisdiction. This information is important to the law enforcement administrator in evaluating the quality of investigations and court presentation functions.

In 1969, 82 percent of the adults arrested for Crime Index type offenses were prosecuted in the courts. Of the adults prosecuted for Crime Index offenses 62 percent were found guilty as charged, and 11 percent of a lesser charge.

It must be recognized that not all arrested persons are turned over to the courts for prosecution. There are various reasons for this: failure of the victim to cooperate or appear for the prosecution, persons arrested are released with a warning, evidence is obtained which discloses the arrested person did not commit the offense or there is not sufficient evidence obtainable to support either a formal charge or a subsequent prosecution. For example, about one-half of the juveniles arrested are handled by the individual law enforcement agencies without preferring a formal charge or referring them to juvenile authorities. All contributors to this Program are urged to obtain and report final disposition in cases involving persons they arrest. Tables containing this data commence on page 102. Keep in mind that police methods of handling juvenile offenders differ widely. Also, the tables concerning juveniles (local age limit) refer to those who were arrested and turned over to juvenile authorities in connection with specific criminal acts.

In 1969, 38 percent of the murder defendants were either acquitted or their cases dismissed at some prosecutive stage. Forty-nine percent of those charged with forcible rape were acquitted or had their cases dismissed, and 38 percent of the persons charged with aggravated assault won their freedom through acquittal or dismissal.

Of the adults who were prosecuted for Crime Index offenses, 28 percent were acquitted or their cases were dismissed. Larceny, 72 percent, recorded the highest percentage for persons found guilty on the original charge in 1969. This was followed by 56 percent on the original charge for burglary, 52 percent for auto theft, 45 percent for robbery, 44 percent for aggravated assault, 40 percent for murder and 34 percent for forcible rape. The offense which had the highest percentage of a lesser charge was murder where 23 percent of the defendants were convicted on some charge other than murder.

Forty-six percent of the persons processed for the Crime Index categories were young persons referred to juvenile court jurisdiction. Again, as in 1968, juvenile referrals were highest for auto theft with 67 percent of those processed for this offense, 60 percent burglary, 42 percent larceny, 43 percent robbery, 28 percent forcible rape, 18 percent aggravated assault and 13 percent criminal homicide.

Similar to the 1968 experience, offenses of arson and vandalism in 1969 recorded high percentages of juvenile referrals. When all crime categories are reviewed, it is noted that convictions on original charges remained high in the offenses against public order and decency—driving under the influence, drunkenness, disorderly conduct and vagrancy. As in prior years offenses against trust such as fraud and embezzlement also recorded a high percentage of conviction on original charges.

CAREERS IN CRIME

The study is made possible by the cooperative exchange of criminal fingerprint data among local, state and Federal law enforcement agencies. The all-important fingerprint card submitted to the

Identification Division of the FBI by these law enforcement agencies contains information which serves as a basis for statistical examination of careers in crime. While there is a lack of uniformity in submissions made by all law enforcement agencies for all criminal charges, generally it is the practice to submit a criminal fingerprint card on all arrests for serious crimes, felonies, and certain misdemeanors. Fingerprinting by police is a part of the "booking" procedure of placing a formal charge against an arrested person. The arrest and charge have substance and differ from temporary detention for questioning or investigation. On the Federal level almost all persons arrested are fingerprinted by the arresting Federal agency or United States Marshals. Federal prisons, state penitentiaries and county jails also submit fingerprint cards and related data to the FBI Identification Division.

As the fingerprint card constitutes a positive means of identification it becomes possible to obtain each offender's criminal history. There is a limitation, of course, in that the offender must first be detected, arrested, and a fingerprint card submitted at the time of arrest. Of equal importance is the disposition of each arrest which is also requested. FBI Identification Division fingerprint files of known offenders in this Program are "flashed" to provide an accurate means of follow-up concerning any future criminal involvement. As additional information is accumulated on these persons, it is added to the record which has been previously stored in a computer. These offenders are initially selected because they have become involved in the Federal process by arrest or release. The sample also includes serious state violators arrested as fugitives under the Fugitive Felon Act, as well as District of Columbia violators. Specifically excluded from this study and resulting tabulations are chronic violators of the immigration laws and fingerprints submitted by the military.

While the basis of selection is a Federal offense, it should be kept in mind that most Federal criminal violations are also violations of local and state laws. The offender records being examined in these tabulations are, therefore, felt to be comparable to local and state experience with the serious violator.

Since 1963 the Careers in Crime Program has been used in this publication to document the extent to which criminal repeating over a period of time contributes to annual crime counts. This program has also been used to document the need for the centralization of law enforcement information at the state and national level in view of criminal repeating and mobility. Although the criminal history process requires tighter control, standardization, and more complete data, the Careers in Crime Program has demonstrated the potential statistical use of criminal history information to measure success or failure of the criminal justice system. The key to the effectiveness of the system is in knowing what happened to the people who were handled or treated by the criminal justice process, specifically, whether they were deterred from further criminal acts and/or rehabilitated.

A summary of 240,322 offenders and their criminal history over the 10-year period, 1960–1969, is set forth in Table A. These offenders, as a group, averaged almost four arrests during this time, 36 percent had two or more convictions and 46 percent a prison term of a year or more. Table A demonstrates the cost in victims and criminal justice dollars brought about by the recidivism problem.

Table A.—*Criminal Recidivism, 1960–1969*

[240,322 offenders—942,241 charges]

	Frequency					
	One	Two	Three	Four	Five or more	Total
Subjects charged	68,362	46,348	31,304	22,608	71,610	240,322
Percent of total subjects	28.4	19.3	13.1	9.4	29.8	100.0
Subjects convicted	89,236	38,202	20,463	11,456	16,442	175,799
Percent of total subjects	37.1	15.9	8.5	4.8	6.8	73.2
Subjects imprisoned	69,164	26,150	10,033	3,600	2,028	110,975
Percent of total subjects	28.8	10.9	4.2	1.5	.8	46.2

Criminal Mobility

After the initial arrest in the 1960's, these offenders were rearrested primarily on local and state charges a total of 693,000 times, which is almost three additional arrests per offender. Considering the location of first arrest in the 1960's as the state of origin, 60 percent of the rearrests occurred in the same state and 40 percent of the rearrests occurred in another state during this 10-year period. Set forth in Table B is a percent distribution by state showing where the transient rearrests took place. It suggests that criminal mobility follows the pattern of general population migration with California and Florida getting a higher rate of mobile criminal repeaters.

Table B.—*Mobility of Persons Arrested, 1960–1969*

State	Number of offenders	Number of rearrests			Rearrest after original arrest in other state	
		Total	Within state	In other state	Number	Percent distribution [1]
Alabama	6,791	19,153	12,136	7,017	6,377	2.3
Alaska	852	2,627	1,912	715	964	.3
Arizona	5,542	18,867	11,892	6,975	8,665	3.1
Arkansas	2,084	4,768	1,463	3,305	2,615	.9
California	28,713	106,727	76,866	29,861	34,438	12.5
Colorado	2,629	9,636	4,395	5,241	5,190	1.9
Connecticut	1,828	6,011	3,438	2,573	2,256	.8
Delaware	574	2,254	1,079	1,175	1,014	.4
District of Columbia	18,511	43,158	35,176	7,982	13,901	5.0
Florida	12,125	42,341	24,029	18,312	19,572	7.1
Georgia	8,530	19,184	10,952	8,232	8,328	3.0
Hawaii	490	848	173	675	360	.1
Idaho	905	2,890	1,290	1,600	1,787	.6
Illinois	9,341	35,672	23,383	12,289	11,649	4.2
Indiana	4,072	11,578	6,006	5,572	5,705	2.1
Iowa	1,023	2,823	898	1,925	1,547	.6
Kansas	2,317	7,705	3,000	4,705	4,788	1.7
Kentucky	4,609	7,952	3,419	4,533	3,933	1.4
Louisiana	4,576	15,004	7,714	7,290	6,117	2.2
Maine	324	970	315	655	404	.1
Maryland	4,614	13,774	6,921	6,853	6,056	2.2
Massachusetts	2,459	5,523	2,630	2,893	2,358	.9
Michigan	7,009	14,304	8,430	5,874	6,070	2.2
Minnesota	1,368	2,787	1,154	1,633	1,881	.7
Mississippi	2,200	3,841	1,207	2,634	2,244	.8
Missouri	5,696	24,665	16,459	8,206	8,280	3.0
Montana	1,346	3,483	1,716	1,767	1,899	.7
Nebraska	1,002	3,486	1,268	2,218	2,279	.8
Nevada	1,698	7,055	2,520	4,535	5,861	2.1
New Hampshire	530	1,766	243	1,523	977	.4
New Jersey	5,347	17,544	11,572	5,972	6,116	2.2
New Mexico	2,170	8,200	3,066	5,134	4,079	1.5
New York	17,415	45,656	33,531	12,125	13,006	4.7
North Carolina	9,624	18,353	9,639	8,714	5,066	1.8
North Dakota	531	1,245	364	881	547	.2
Ohio	7,651	19,631	11,120	8,511	8,170	3.0
Oklahoma	3,319	10,435	4,955	5,480	5,300	1.9
Oregon	1,767	6,080	2,633	3,447	4,149	1.5
Pennsylvania	7,033	20,326	13,346	6,980	6,298	2.3
Rhode Island	505	1,347	693	654	616	.2
South Carolina	4,191	6,629	2,632	3,997	2,523	.9
South Dakota	800	2,686	1,434	1,252	983	.4
Tennessee	5,408	12,094	6,512	5,582	5,669	2.1
Texas	15,927	43,956	26,171	17,785	16,162	5.9
Utah	883	2,810	962	1,848	1,945	.7
Vermont	125	356	109	247	214	.1
Virginia	5,853	14,000	6,530	7,470	6,067	2.2
Washington	3,062	9,718	4,767	4,951	5,520	2.0
West Virginia	1,749	3,178	1,177	2,001	1,564	.6
Wisconsin	1,629	5,481	2,825	2,656	2,576	.9
Wyoming	685	2,275	521	1,754	1,360	.5
Total	239,342	692,852	416,643	276,209	275,445	100.0

[1] Does not add due to rounding.

Profiles

The offender records processed for new arrests in 1968 and 1969 include both offenders coming into the Federal process for the first time, as well as those processed since 1963 and now being rearrested for primarily local and state violations. The extent to which these offenders by type of crime had a prior arrest for any offense is set forth in the following table. Likewise, percent convicted for a prior crime are set forth, along with the percent of these offenders who previously served a prison term of one year or more.

Keep in mind that this presentation is conservative and understates the amount of crime com-

Table C.—*Profile of Offenders Arrested in 1968–1969 by Type of Crime*

	Murder	Aggravated assault	Robbery	Bank robbery	Burglary	Larceny	Narcotics	Auto theft	Gambling
Total number of subjects	1,520	8,732	9,343	2,503	13,331	17,917	12,938	13,638	2,058
Average age at specific charge	31	31	28	29	28	31	28	27	44
Average age at first charge	21	21	20	21	19	22	21	20	28
Average criminal career	10	10	8	8	9	9	7	7	16
Average number of charges	8	9	8	6	9	9	6	7	8
Percent of subjects previously arrested for same crime	7	35	32	3	49	42	28	38	54
Frequency of convictions (percent):									
1	20.3	22.6	21.6	29.0	18.5	26.0	31.6	26.6	26.6
2	16.3	15.9	16.4	17.7	16.1	14.9	14.0	16.1	16.5
3	10.9	11.3	11.5	11.3	13.1	10.3	9.2	11.5	9.9
4 or more	35.7	34.0	32.6	26.6	39.9	33.7	21.3	30.7	22.9
Frequency of imprisonment (percent):									
1	26.7	23.8	27.0	33.8	23.5	21.7	22.7	23.4	21.2
2	16.0	12.8	15.2	14.7	16.2	12.0	9.1	12.9	9.0
3	8.6	7.0	9.2	9.7	10.1	7.6	5.3	7.5	4.9
4 or more	10.7	10.2	12.1	11.9	16.6	13.7	7.5	12.3	5.7
Mobility (percent):									
1 State	37.3	36.8	42.3	51.3	34.0	43.1	56.0	27.8	60.4
2 States	31.2	31.4	27.9	24.2	30.7	26.9	28.0	32.3	26.0
3 or more States	31.5	31.8	29.9	24.6	35.3	30.0	16.0	39.9	13.6

mitted by these offenders since it is based on police detection, arrest and submission of a fingerprint card. As indicated in earlier pages of this publication law enforcement agencies do not clear or solve most crimes. It is also true that the prior conviction and imprisonment rates are slightly lower because police agencies do not always submit such data after arrest and conviction.

A profile of criminal repeating for selected offenders is shown in the following table. This is based on criminal histories newly processed or updated after an arrest in 1968–1969. While these samples will vary from year to year, the factors being measured, i.e., mobility, average arrests, etc., are very consistent. Average age for the first arrest is high because of the general practice not to submit criminal fingerprint cards on juveniles. Criminal career is the average years between first and last arrest.

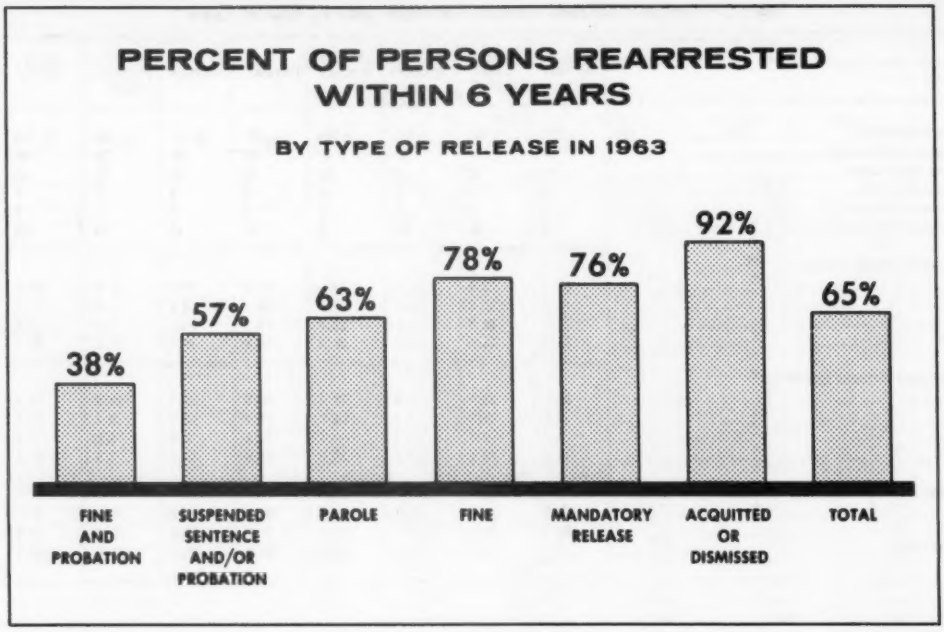
The offender profile is classified by type of crime for which arrested in 1968–1969.

6 Year Follow-up

A part of the Careers in Crime Program has been the follow-up on 18,567 offenders released from the Federal criminal justice system in 1963. The records of these releasees were followed for new arrests through 1969. Charts and tables are presented in this section on the rearrest experience by offense, type of release, age, sex and race of the offender.

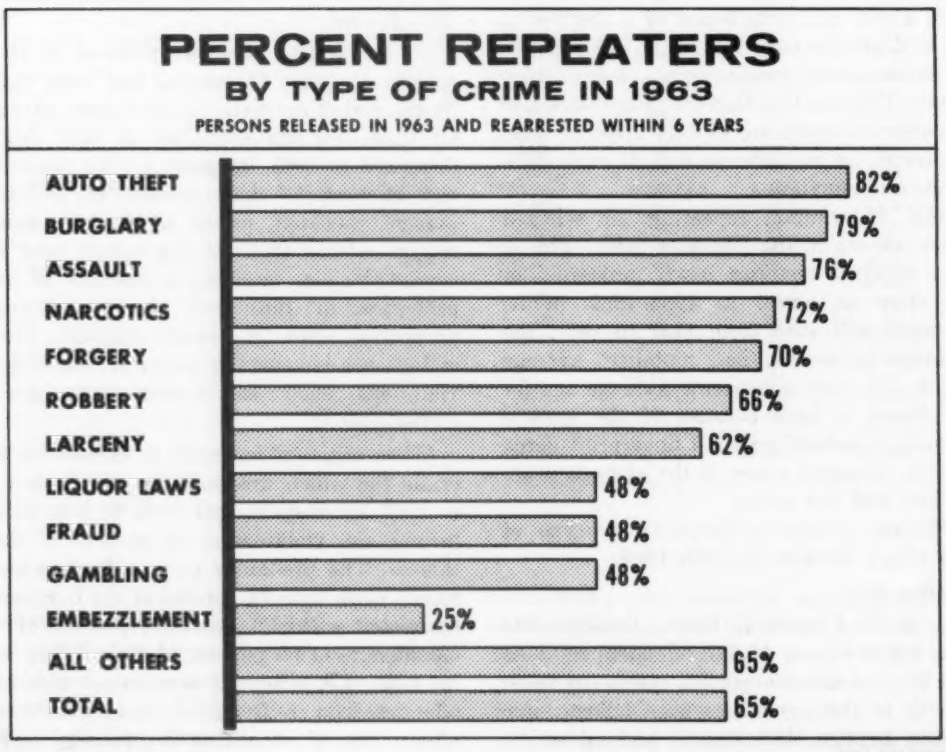
Of the 18,567 offenders released to the community in 1963, 65 percent had been rearrested by the end of the sixth calendar year after release. Of those persons acquitted or had their cases dismissed in 1963, 92 percent were rearrested for new offenses. Of those released on probation 57 percent repeated, parole 63 percent, and mandatory release after serving prison time 76 percent. Offenders receiving a sentence of fine and probation in 1963 had the lowest repeating proportion with 38 percent rearrest. This type of sentence is generally found in connection with violations such as income tax fraud and embezzlement.

When criminal repeating is viewed by type of crime for which arrested, convicted, or released in 1963, rearrests ranged from 25 percent for the income tax violators to 82 percent of the auto thieves. The predatory crime offenders had high repeat rates with 79 percent of the burglars being rearrested within 6 years, 76 percent of assault offenders, and 66 percent of the robbers released in 1963. Likewise, 72 percent of the narcotic offenders who are frequently users were rearrested after release. The fact that 70 percent of the forgery offenders were rearrested for new violations within



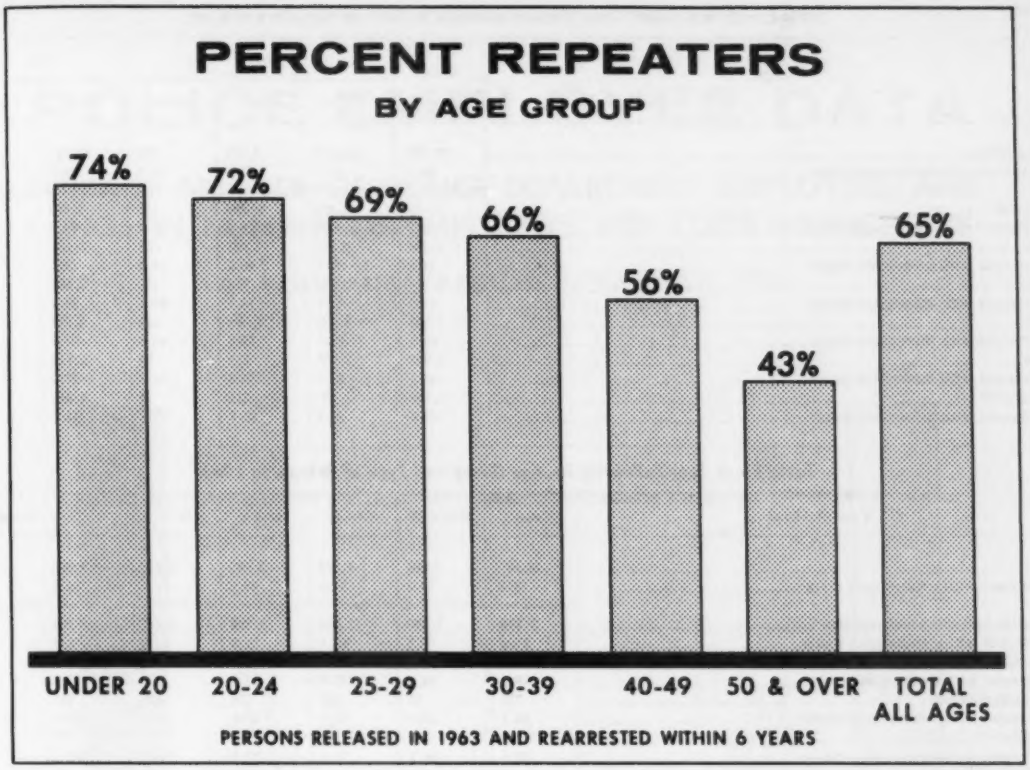
FBI CHART

Chart 19



FBI CHART

Chart 20



FBI CHART

Chart 21

the 6-year follow-up, documents law enforcement experience with this type offender.

The younger the age group, the higher the repeating rate has been documented many times, as it is here. Nevertheless, this fact calls for greater rehabilitation efforts directed at the young offender, if hardened criminal careers are to be aborted. Of the offenders under 20 released in 1963, 74 percent were rearrested by 1969, 72 percent of those 20 to 24 years of age, and 69 percent of the offenders 25 to 29 years. When viewed by race the Negro rearrest rate, 71 percent, was higher than the white offender rate of 61 percent. All other races, made up primarily of Indian Americans, had a rearrest rate of 82 percent between release in 1963 and 1969. Of the 1,419 female offenders released in 1963, 47 percent had been rearrested for new offenses by 1969.

Table D sets forth the accumulative percentage of rearrest by age group by year after release. By the end of the second calendar year (1965), after release during different months in 1963, 53 percent of the offenders had been rearrested. This pattern supports prior studies of this kind and is consistent for all age groups. Of all offenders rearrested during this 6-year follow-up, over one-half were under 30 years of age and the majority of these rearrests occurred within 2 years after release.

Table D.—*Percent of Offenders Arrested on New Charges after Release in 1963*

[By age group and year]

Year	Total all ages	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50 and over
1963	21.8	23.0	25.3	23.6	22.3	18.4	11.4
1964	43.0	52.3	49.3	45.8	42.8	34.2	25.4
1965	52.6	62.8	59.3	55.9	52.4	43.1	32.5
1966	57.9	67.9	64.3	61.9	57.8	48.4	36.7
1967	60.9	70.6	67.5	64.9	61.1	51.8	39.0
1968	63.3	72.6	69.6	67.4	63.9	54.0	41.3
1969	65.1	74.3	71.5	69.0	66.0	55.5	42.9

Table E.—6 Year Follow-Up of Persons Released in 1963 by Age, Race and Sex

Age	Total	Race			Sex	
		White	Negro	Other	Male	Female
Total All ages	18,567	12,514	5,218	835	17,148	1,419
Percent with subsequent charge	65.1	61.5	71.3	81.6	66.6	47.4
Under 20	2,004	1,452	397	155	1,899	105
Percent with subsequent charge	74.3	73.0	76.6	80.6	75.8	46.7
20-24	4,214	2,974	1,031	209	3,847	367
Percent with subsequent charge	71.5	67.6	80.2	85.2	73.2	54.2
25-29	3,098	2,013	953	132	2,832	266
Percent with subsequent charge	69.0	64.7	76.2	84.1	70.4	54.1
30-39	4,808	2,988	1,634	188	4,417	391
Percent with subsequent charge	66.0	61.5	72.6	80.3	67.5	48.3
40-49	2,921	1,966	859	96	2,714	207
Percent with subsequent charge	55.5	52.7	59.3	80.2	57.0	35.7
50 and over	1,522	1,123	344	55	1,439	83
Percent with subsequent charge	42.9	39.9	48.3	70.9	44.2	20.5

Table F.—6 Year Follow-Up by Age Group and Type of Release in 1963

Type of release	Total	Under 20	20-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50 and over
Total	18,567	2,004	4,214	3,098	4,808	2,921	1,522
Percent with a subsequent charge	65.1	74.3	71.5	69.0	66.0	55.5	42.9
Probation and suspended sentence	7,618	1,100	1,795	1,229	1,813	1,106	575
Percent with a subsequent charge	57.4	69.5	65.0	61.2	56.3	42.6	34.1
Fine	1,790	104	354	274	512	365	181
Percent with a subsequent charge	78.3	84.6	85.9	83.2	79.7	72.6	60.2
Fine and probation	775	21	131	114	195	172	142
Percent with a subsequent charge	38.1	42.9	42.7	49.1	43.1	33.1	23.2
Acquitted or dismissed	1,190	153	257	238	313	161	68
Percent with a subsequent charge	92.0	94.1	95.3	92.4	93.3	88.8	75.0
Parole and pre-release	4,049	495	1,398	726	738	437	255
Percent with a subsequent charge	62.6	74.7	71.5	63.4	56.2	48.3	30.6
Mandatory release and pardons	3,145	131	279	517	1,237	680	301
Percent with a subsequent charge	76.1	86.3	87.5	81.8	77.0	69.9	61.8

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

This publication has a section on Police Employee Data which contains tables showing average police employee strength by geographic divisions and population group, percentages of civilian employees, and an individual listing of police employees for reporting cities. Tables are published containing data relative to law enforcement officers killed and assaulted in the line of duty to supplement the narrative material which follows.

Police Employee Rates

The average number of police employees per 1,000 population in 1969 (including civilian employees) was 2.2 which is a 5 percent increase over the 1968 rate of 2.1.

Most United States cities continue to operate with a police employee ratio of less than the national average of 2.2 per 1,000. When arrayed by quartile, 50 percent of all American cities have police employee ratios ranging from 1.2 to 2.0 police employees per 1,000 inhabitants.

Nationally, large cities over 250,000 population, as a group, had an average ratio of 3.1, an increase of 7 percent over the 1968 figure of 2.9.

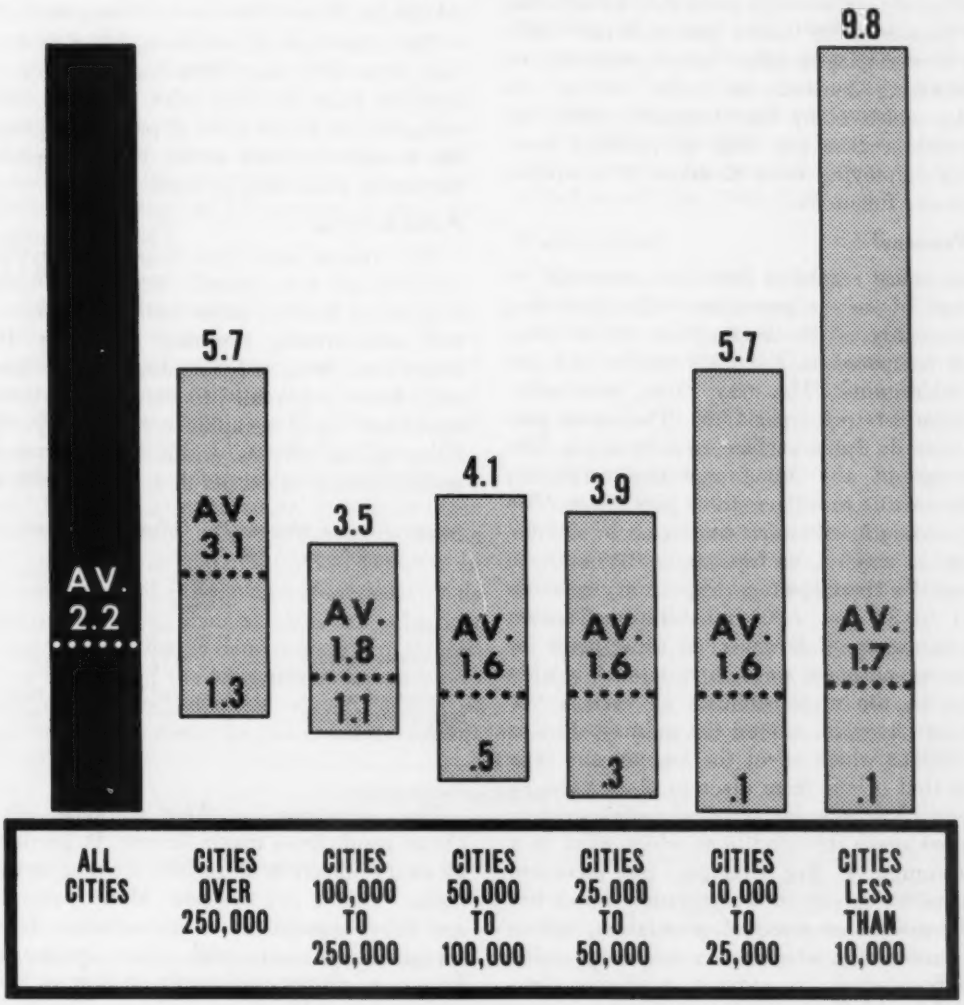
The ratio of police employees to population in the suburban areas was 1.7, which is an increase of 13 percent over the 1968 rate of 1.5. Again it should be noted those communities which are experiencing rapidly growing and increasing densities of population are also recording the largest increases in the volume of crime. One-half of the suburban police departments have from 1.1 to 1.9 employees per 1,000 inhabitants. The average rate of full-time employees in sheriffs' departments was 1.4 per 1,000 population, however, in three-fourths of these departments the rate was 1.2 or fewer employees.

Police departments in the Middle Atlantic States once again had the highest rate of 2.8 employees per 1,000 inhabitants. Cities in the West South Central States had the lowest ratio of 1.5.

POLICE EMPLOYEE DATA

AVERAGE NUMBER OF POLICE DEPARTMENT EMPLOYEES, AND RANGE IN NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, PER 1,000 INHABITANTS

BY POPULATION GROUPS, DECEMBER 31, 1969



FBI CHART

Chart 22

Civilian Employees

In Table 51 the percentage of total law enforcement personnel represented by civilian employees is tabulated by population group. On the average, during 1969, 12.5 percent of all city police personnel were civilian employees, up from 12.2 percent in 1968. During the period 1962–1969 the total number of sworn employees has increased 25 percent while civilian personnel has increased 63 percent. The overall police employee increase has been 29 percent. More and more law enforcement administrators are making greater utilization of civilian employees, thereby relieving sworn personnel for active police duties. Difficulties in recruiting qualified sworn personnel and the increasing demands for police service, are obstacles which many knowledgeable police administrators realize can only be partially overcome by employing more civilians for nonpolice enforcement functions.

Sworn Personnel

When police employee rates are computed on the basis of sworn personnel only (excluding civilian employees) the average rate for all cities was 1.9 compared to the 1968 rate of 1.8 per 1,000 inhabitants. The city rates, nationally, range from 0.1 to 9.8 per 1,000. The sworn personnel rate in the suburban areas was 1.4. The rate range of the 1,953 reporting suburban agencies was 0.1 to 9.7 per 1,000 population. The average strengths of sworn employees in sheriffs' departments was 1.1, up from .9, in 1968 and the rate range for the 1,158 reporting county agencies was 0.1 to 8.7 per 1,000 inhabitants. Caution should be exercised, however, in using rates for comparative purposes since there is such a wide variation in the responsibilities of various law enforcement agencies around the country. Just as the conditions which affect the amount and type of crime that occurs from place to place vary, so do the requirements for types of police services vary based upon the conditions which exist in a given community. For example, the increased need for police service in a community which has a highly mobile or seasonal population, differs from a community which has a relatively stable or fixed population. In addition, a smaller community situated between two larger areas may require a greater number of police personnel to handle traffic enforcement due solely to its geographic location. The functions of the sheriffs also range widely in different sections of the country. In certain areas the sheriffs' responsibilities are limited almost exclusively to civil functions and/or the administration of the county jail facilities. The sheriffs' departments used in computing rates, however, are all engaged in police activity and are responsible for all phases of policing in their jurisdiction.

State Police and State Highway Patrols

There were 52,812 employees in State Police and State Highway Patrol organizations in 1969. This was an increase of 4 percent over 1968. Of the total employees, 73 percent were sworn personnel, and 14,094, or 27 percent, were civilian employees.

The police employee strengths of State Police and State Highway Patrol organizations are set forth in Table 55. This table provides additional data relative to the miles of primary highway and the number of state motor vehicle registrations per sworn employee, by state.

Police Activity

The volume and type of police activity, both criminal and noncriminal, vary widely from place to place. Likewise, police policy and practice are not standardized, resulting in widely differing arrest rates from one community to another. The table below is provided to show the relative police workloads by geographic region using reported Crime Index offenses, criminal arrests made, and traffic charges issued per sworn police officer.

Annual Average Number Per Officer (Geographic Region)

Police activity	Northeastern States	North Central States	Southern States	Western States
Crime Index offenses	10.7	14.9	12.7	22.8
Drunkenness and disorderly conduct arrests	3.0	6.6	13.6	15.7
Other arrests (criminal)	7.8	14.2	18.7	23.9
Traffic charges issued	96	112	150	225

The variations in officer workload set forth above result from many factors. It assumes that all sworn officers in all regions are assigned to such duties. This is not the case. Many police officers are fully engaged in administrative functions, special assignments and other nonline duties. There are also variations by region as to police discretion in charging an arrest, as well as miscellaneous state laws not applicable in other states. Enforcement practices also differ, specifically with respect to offenses against public decency and order.

It is pointed out the figures set forth in the detailed police employee tables (Tables 49 and 50) in this publication represent national averages. They should be used as a guide and under no circumstances should they be considered as recommended or desirable police strengths. Adequate manpower for a specific place can only be determined after a careful study and analysis of the various factors which contribute to the need for police service in that community.

POLICE KILLED

1969 brought forth a record high of 86 law enforcement officers killed by felonious criminal action. This is a 34 percent increase over 1968 when 64 law enforcement officers were murdered. The previous high of 76 was set in 1967. This raised the toll of these tragic deaths to 561 for years 1960 through 1969. The 86 deaths exceeded the average of 53 murders a year for the period 1960–1968.

Type of Police Action

In 1969, the trend established in prior years continued in that more law enforcement officers met death by criminal action when attempting arrests than from any other cause. Twenty-five of the 86 officers were attempting to make an arrest when they were killed. In 1969, 13 officers were killed when their weapons were seized and used against them. In these instances, as well as those of attempting arrests, many of the police deaths could have been averted had the officer victim been more vigilant when approaching these individuals instead of permitting their assignments to become "routine." These deaths demonstrate a misplaced trust on the part of the officer with respect to the occasional and unpredictable violent nature of human behavior. Twenty-six percent of the officers met death by robbers whom they interrupted during the commission of their crime or while in pursuit of these criminal offenders. The number of police victims killed by robbers is higher than the previous 9-year average of 19 percent.

In 1969, 8 percent (or seven) of the officer victims were killed by mentally deranged individuals or shot from ambush with no warning given. Sixteen percent of the officers killed met death when answering disturbance-type calls such as family disputes, man with a gun, etc., and 3 percent were killed while handling, transporting, or through contact with custodial prisoners. Another 12 percent met death while pursuing or attempting to apprehend burglary suspects, and 6 percent lost their lives while investigating suspicious persons or circumstances.

The following table contains figures showing police murders by geographic region and by type of police activity, 1960–1969.

Weapons Used

Firearms continued to be the weapons used in virtually all of the felonious police killings in 1969 accounting for the death of 83, or 97 percent, of the 86 officers killed. Handguns were used to commit 67, or 81 percent, of the murders by gun, shotguns in 10 of the killings, and rifles on six occasions. One officer was killed when he was attacked with a shovel, and two officers were feloniously killed through the use of automobiles.

During the period 1960–1969, firearms were used by felons to commit 96 percent of the police killings. Of this group 78 percent of the weapons were handguns.

Specifically, of the 561 law enforcement officers slain by criminal action, the weapons used were 417 handguns, 68 shotguns, 53 rifles, four knives, seven by personal weapons such as hands, fists,

Police Killed by Felons, 1960–1969

Type of Police activity	Region				
	Total	North-eastern States	North Central States	Southern States	Western States
1. Responding to "disturbance" calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	107	20	32	39	16
2. Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	53	4	15	20	14
3. Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	112	25	34	31	22
4. Attempting other arrests	157	17	27	90	23
5. Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	36	4	9	21	2
6. Investigating suspicious persons and circumstances	53	5	13	21	14
7. Ambush, deranged persons (no warning—unprovoked attack)	43	9	13	14	7
Total	561	84	143	236	98

397-633 O - 70 - 4

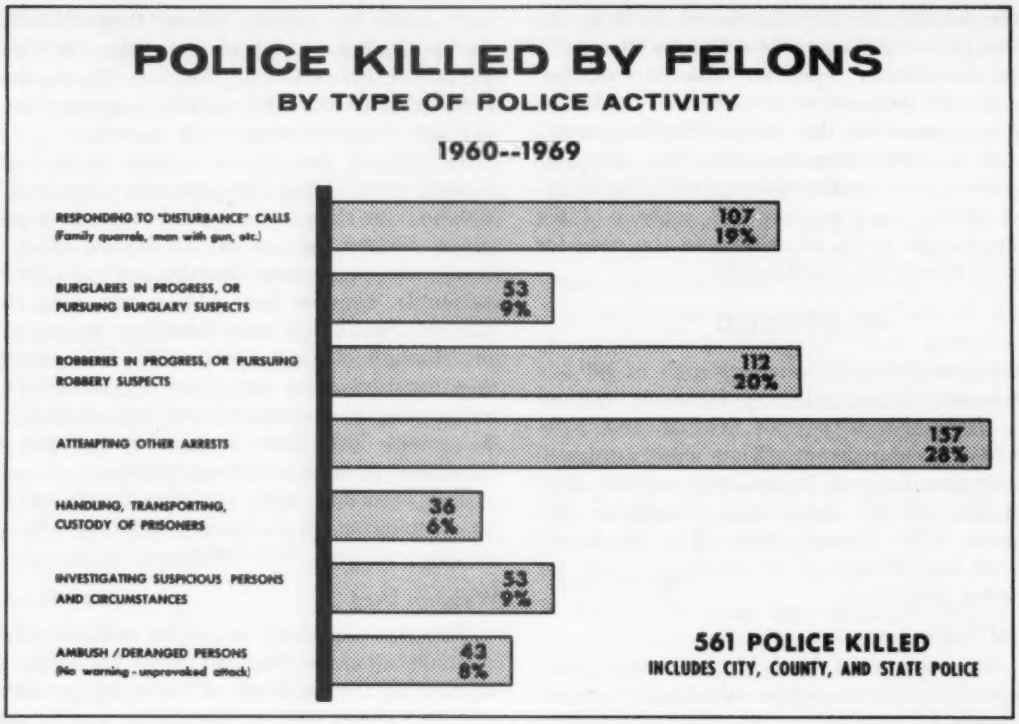


Chart 23

and feet and 12 by other means such as clubs, automobiles, etc.

Years of Service

The median years of service of police officers killed in the line of duty since 1960 remained at 6 years. Twelve percent of the police officers killed had been active in law enforcement 1 year or less, 45 percent had 5 years or less police service, and 30 percent had 10 years or more of service.

Types of Assignment

The officer on car patrol is constantly faced with tense situations demanding instant decisions and response. He is usually the man first on the scene in answer to most calls for police service and during his routine patrols he is often confronted with the need to question suspicious persons on foot and in autos. He is the one most likely to come face to face with the burglar, robber, and other felonious offenders while they are in the act of committing a crime or hurriedly fleeing the scene. As a result of these confrontations, each of which is unique, the officer riding in a patrol car most often becomes the victim of the police killer.

This does not imply that law enforcement officers engaged in other types of police duty (foot patrol, detective, etc.) are not likewise presented with similar situations; they are, but not as frequently.

Fifty-seven officers or 66 percent were on car patrol duty when killed in 1969, and 16 others were detectives or officers assigned to special duties. Technically, 10 were off-duty officers, and three were officers on foot patrol. Due to the fact that a law enforcement officer under his oath of duty and responsibility must take reasonable and proper action at any time when he observes a crime being committed, the 10 off-duty sacrificed their lives in behalf of the public when they attempted to prevent the commission of a crime occurring in their presence. Since 1960, 370 or 66 percent of the deceased officers were assigned to car patrols at the time they met death. This coincides with the percentage in 1969.

During 1969, 48 of the officers who lost their lives as a result of criminal action were assisted by at least one fellow officer or more at the scene of the crime and 38 (44 percent) were alone.

During the past 10 years, 1960–1969, 243 or 43 percent of the officers died unassisted and 318, or 57 percent, were receiving assistance from other officers at the time they met death.

The table showing the type of police duty to which officers were assigned when they were murdered, cross-referenced to the type of police activity in which they were engaged, discloses the highest incidence of police deaths resulted when officers, working in one-man patrol cars were attempting to make unassisted arrests.

Time of Murder

Contrary to prior 9 years where more officers were killed on Friday than any other day of the week, Sunday witnessed the deaths of 20 officers during 1969. For the 10-year period, 1960–1969, 97 officers were killed on Friday, followed by 86 on Saturday, 83 on Thursday, 80 on Sunday, 77 on Monday, 73 on Wednesday, and 65 on Tuesday.

The hours of darkness continued, of course, to be the most dangerous for the officers. Seventy-one percent of the officers were killed between the hours of 4 p.m. and 4 a.m. The hours from 7 p.m. to 3 a.m. have proven to present the greatest risk with 309 law enforcement officers being killed during these hours. Eleven p.m. to midnight and 1 a.m. to 2 a.m. were the most dangerous for police officers with 45 and 44 police officers being murdered by criminal offenders during these two time periods.

Police Killers

During the 10-year period, 1960–1969, 561 law enforcement officers have been feloniously murdered while protecting life and property. A review of the criminal histories of the 741 known offenders involved in these police murders indicates that 75 percent had been arrested on some criminal charge before becoming involved in the police killings. In fact, 54 percent of those offenders with a prior criminal arrest had been previously taken into custody for a violent crime such as murder, rape, robbery, assault with intent to kill, etc.

Among the 741 persons who were involved in these police killings, 63 percent had prior convictions on criminal charges and, of this group, two-thirds had been granted leniency in the form of parole or probation on at least one of these prior convictions. It is significant to note that one-fourth of the murderers were on parole or probation when they killed a police officer. Nineteen or nearly 3 percent of these individuals involved in a police killing had been convicted on a prior occasion for commission of murder.

During the period 1960 through 1969, the 741 individuals responsible for police killings had accumulated an average of over four arrests each during an average criminal career of 10 years.

Over the 10-year period 20 females have been involved in the murder of police officers and in all but one instance these females were with male companions at the time of the murder. Considering race of police killers, 443 or 60 percent were white and 298 or 40 percent were Negro.

It should be noted that of the 741 individuals responsible for police murders, 87 were killed at the scene of the crime or soon thereafter by other officers, 19 committed suicide shortly after the police murder, and four died from other reasons while in custody.

Police Killed by Felons, 1960–1969

Type of Police activity	Total	Type of assignment					
		2-man cars	1-man cars		Foot	Detective and special assignment	Off duty
			Alone	Assisted			
Total	561	164	*153	53	34	111	46
1. Responding to "disturbance" calls (family quarrels, man with gun, etc.)	107	47	17	14	9	16	4
2. Burglaries in progress or pursuing burglary suspects	53	16	21	3	1	11	1
3. Robberies in progress or pursuing robbery suspects	112	26	26	13	7	21	19
4. Attempting other arrests	157	39	40	15	9	33	12
5. Handling, transporting, custody of prisoners	36	11	10	1		13	1
6. Investigating suspicious persons and circumstances	53	13	28	1	3	8	2
7. Ambush, deranged persons (no warning-unprovoked attack)	43	12	4	6	5	9	7

*99 city police officers, 54 county and State police officers.

Ages of Police Killers

Persons involved in police murders ranged in age from a boy of 13 to a man of 82 with a median age of 26. Over the 10-year period 1960–1969 there have been 50 juveniles (7 percent) under the age of 18 arrested for the murder of a police officer. Almost one-half of the murderers were in the 20 to 30 age bracket with the age 25 appearing most frequently.

Assaults on Police

One of the increasingly serious problems facing law enforcement today is the growing attitude of disrespect for police and the failure of citizens to come to the aid of the officers being attacked as they attempt to perform their lawful duties. These duties often necessitate confrontations with emotionally aroused citizens protesting real or imagined grievances. These situations have certainly, in a large measure, accounted for the upward trend of assaults on police. There was an increase of 7 percent in the rate of assaults on police in 1969 over 1968. Nationally there were 16.9 assaults for every 100 officers in 1969 up from 15.8 in 1968 and 13.5 in 1967. Since 1962 the number of assaults on police officers have increased 144 percent. Geographically the highest assault rate occurred in the East North Central States with 22 for every 100 officers, followed by 21 in the East South Central States.

While every assault does not result in personal injury to the police officer, many of them—42 percent in 1968 and 34 percent in 1969—did result in physical harm to the officer victim and usually in loss of duty time. The national assault-with-injury rate of 5.7 per 100 officers reflects the continuing hazards of the law enforcement profession when compared with the rates of 6.6 in 1968, 5.4 in 1967, and 4.6 in 1966. In 1969, 79 percent of assaults were by use of hands, fists, feet, teeth, etc. Where weapons were used in committing these assaults firearms were used in 25 percent, a knife or cutting instrument in 14 percent and blunt objects or other weapons in 61 percent. Table 53 sets out police assault rates for geographic divisions and population groups for 1969.

Accidental Deaths

There have been 345 law enforcement officers killed in accidents during the past 9 years (1961–1969), with 39 of these deaths occurring in 1969. These figures, of course, are in addition to the officers who lost their lives through felonious criminal action. A review of the data on accidental deaths discloses 184 of the deaths resulted from automobile accidents and 72 from motorcycle accidents. An additional 36 officers were killed accidentally while directing traffic on foot or at the scene of a prior serious accident. The remaining 53 deaths resulted from other types of accidents such as accidental discharge of firearms, falls, helicopter crashes, drownings, etc. There were 13 of these accidents during 1969 and seven occurred while the officers were involved in rescue operations.

Law Enforcement Code of Ethics

As a Law Enforcement Officer, *my fundamental duty is to serve mankind; to safeguard lives and property; to protect the innocent against deception, the weak against oppression or intimidation, and the peaceful against violence or disorder; and to respect the Constitutional rights of all men to liberty, equality and justice.*

I will *keep my private life unsullied as an example to all; maintain courageous calm in the face of danger, scorn, or ridicule; develop self-restraint; and be constantly mindful of the welfare of others. Honest in thought and deed in both my personal and official life, I will be exemplary in obeying the laws of the land and the regulations of my department. Whatever I see or hear of a confidential nature or that is confided to me in my official capacity will be kept ever secret unless revelation is necessary in the performance of my duty.*

I will *never act officiously or permit personal feelings, prejudices, animosities or friendships to influence my decisions. With no compromise for crime and with relentless prosecution of criminals, I will enforce the law courteously and appropriately without fear or favor, malice or ill will, never employing unnecessary force or violence and never accepting gratuities.*

I recognize *the badge of my office as a symbol of public faith, and I accept it as a public trust to be held so long as I am true to the ethics of the police service. I will constantly strive to achieve these objectives and ideals, dedicating myself before God to my chosen profession . . . law enforcement.*

Introduction

Background

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program is the outgrowth of a need for a national and uniform compilation of police statistics. This need was expressed by law enforcement executives many years ago. In 1930, crime reports were solicited from police departments throughout the Nation based on uniform classifications and procedures developed by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the International Association of Chiefs of Police (IACP). In that year the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), on request of the above organization, assumed the role as the national clearinghouse.

The Committee on Uniform Crime Records, IACP, continues to serve in an advisory capacity to the FBI in the operation of this Program. In this connection, the Field Service Division of the IACP is also playing an active and effective part in quality control through surveys of police record and crime reporting systems. Dr. Peter P. Lejins, Professor, Department of Sociology, University of Maryland, continues as a consultant to the FBI in the conduct of this Program.

The NCIC, since its inception, has been guided in its development and operational policies by an Advisory Group to the Committee on Uniform Crime Records. This group meets periodically and formulates plans for additional applications as well as modifications to improve existing programs. The NCIC, a computerized nationwide index of documented law enforcement information on crime and criminals became operational on January 27, 1967, at FBI Headquarters, Washington, D.C., and by the end of 1969 was directly servicing local, state and Federal police agencies in 49 states as well as the District of Columbia and Royal Canadian Mounted Police Headquarters in Ottawa, Ontario, Canada. Detailed information concerning NCIC policies and operating procedures have been published by the FBI in the National Crime Information Center Operating Manual. This Manual has been widely distributed among local, state and Federal law enforcement agencies. Also published for the information of NCIC network participants is a monthly NCIC Newsletter containing timely information concerning the system and its use.

At a meeting of the Advisory Group in May, 1967, two important resolutions were prepared for the parent committee on Uniform Crime Records which contained police declarations most important to the future of law enforcement computerized information systems. The first concerned maintaining the confidentiality of police information stored in systems shared with other Government entities. It was resolved that the controls governing access to police information remain as they have been historically placed with the law enforcement agencies. The second resolution concerned the criminal identification record which will serve as a source document for any integrated information system for all areas of criminal justice. This resolution encouraged all criminal justice agencies to contribute information for this document and recommended that a study be undertaken to determine and recommend such standard definitions and formats and to develop appropriate procedures to insure the completeness of the criminal identification record. The executive committee and the entire membership of the IACP unanimously adopted the foregoing resolutions in September, 1967.

During 1968 the Advisory Group began work in the latter area looking toward a standardized criminal identification record practical for computerized storage. This study has concerned itself with that portion of the record needed on an immediate basis, as well as storage of the entire record for use by all agencies in the criminal justice system and as a basis for statistical studies. This work is continuing.

Increased attention is being given to participation in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program by sheriffs throughout the country. This was evidenced by a resolution to take affirmative action

in encouraging such participation at the annual conference of the National Sheriffs' Association (NSA) in June, 1967. The resolution was drawn up and presented by the Committee on Uniform Crime Records, NSA, which Committee was established in 1966 to serve in an advisory capacity to NSA membership.

Committees on Uniform Crime Reporting within state law enforcement associations are active in providing service by promoting interest in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, fostering more widespread and more intelligent use of uniform crime statistics and by lending assistance to contributors when the need exists.

In the last several years the FBI has been actively assisting individual states in the development of statewide programs of police statistics compatible with the national system. These statistical programs have been given impetus by developing statewide computerized law enforcement information systems, of which they are an essential part. Through such mandatory state programs more complete and a better quality of reporting is envisioned. Likewise, through coordination with the state agency the data is available for the use of the state, and the collection machinery to the national agency is substantially streamlined. In 1969 the second step in this state and national relationship was taken when the FBI ceased the collection of data directly from municipalities and counties in New Jersey and California. The Uniform Crime Reports for these two states are now obtained from the New Jersey State Police and California Department of Justice. Additional states will be channeling crime reports to the FBI in this way as their systems develop. The conditions under which these arrangements are agreed follow:

(1) The state program must conform to the national Uniform Crime Reports standards and information required. This, of course, does not prohibit the state from collecting other statistical data beyond the national collection. (2) The state agency must have a proven effective mandatory statewide program with at least 2 years experience. (3) Coverage within the state by a state agency must at least be equal to that attained by Uniform Crime Reports. (4) The state agency must have adequate field staff assigned to assist local units in record practices and crime reporting procedures. (5) The state agency must furnish to the FBI all of the detailed data regularly collected by the FBI in the form of duplicate returns, computer printouts or magnetic tape. (6) The state must have the proven capability (tested over a period of time) to supply all the statistical data required to the FBI in time to meet national Uniform Crime Reports publication deadlines. (7) The FBI will continue its internal procedures of verifying and reviewing individual agency reports for both completeness and quality. (8) The FBI will continue to have direct contact with individual reporting units within the state where necessary in connection with crime reporting matters, but will coordinate such contacts with the state agency. (9) Upon request, the FBI will continue its training programs within the state with respect to police records and crime reporting procedures. For mutual benefit these will be coordinated with the state agency. (10) Should circumstances develop whereby the state agency cannot provide the data required by the national Program, the FBI will reinstitute a direct collection of Uniform Crime Reports from police units within the state.

Objectives

The fundamental objective of this Program is to produce a reliable fund of nationwide criminal statistics for administrative and operational use of law enforcement agencies and executives. At the same time, meaningful data is provided for other professionals with related interests in the crime problem and for scholars, as well as to inform the public of general crime conditions.

Specifically, the means utilized to attain these goals are: (1) an attempt is made to measure the extent, fluctuation and distribution of serious crime in the United States through the use of a Crime Index consisting of seven selected offenses. This count is based on these seven offenses being reported to the police or coming directly to their attention. (2) The total volume of all types of criminal offenses is compiled as they become known by police arrests. (3) Since the above are also measures of law enforcement activity, related data is collected to demonstrate effectiveness of enforcement activities, available police strength and significant factors involved in crime.

Reporting Procedure

Under this national voluntary system each contributing law enforcement agency is wholly responsible for compiling its own crime reports for submission to the FBI. Each contributor is supplied with the Uniform Crime Reporting Hand-

book which outlines in detail procedures for scoring and classifying offenses. The Handbook illustrates and discusses the monthly and annual reporting forms, as well as the numerous tally sheets made available to facilitate the periodic tabulation of the desired data.

The publication of the Uniform Crime Reporting "Newsletter," which was initiated in October 1963, has continued with issues being published when pertinent. This "Newsletter" is utilized to explain revisions in the Program as well as to present information and instructional material to assist contributors.

Recognizing that a sound records system is necessary if crime reporting is to meet desirable standards, the FBI furnishes a Manual of Police Records to law enforcement agencies upon request. Special Agents of the FBI are widely utilized to encourage new contributors and to assist them by explaining the procedures and definitions necessary under this uniform system.

On a monthly basis, city police, sheriffs and state police report the number of offenses that become known to them in the following crime categories: criminal homicide, forcible rape, robbery, assault, burglary, larceny and auto theft. This count is taken from a record of all complaints of crimes received by the police from victims or other sources or discovered by the police in their own operations. Complaints determined by police investigation to be unfounded are eliminated from this count. The number of "offenses known" in these crime categories is reported to the FBI without regard to whether anyone is arrested, stolen property is recovered, local prosecutive policy, or any other consideration. Police agencies report on a monthly basis the total number of these crimes which they clear by arrest and, separately, the crimes cleared by the arrest of persons under 18 years of age. Police additionally report certain other analytical data pertaining to specific crime categories, including total arrests made for the month for all criminal acts separated as to adults and juveniles.

In annual reports, "offenses known" data and clearances by arrest are summarized by the contributors. Annual forms provide a report of persons arrested for all criminal ofienses with respect to age, sex and race of the offender, as well as an accounting of the number of persons formally charged and their disposition. Police employee data are collected annually, including the number of police killed and assaulted.

Reporting Area

During the calendar year 1969, crime reports were received from law enforcement agencies representing 98 percent of the total United States population living in standard metropolitan statistical areas, 88 percent of the population in other cities, and 75 percent of the rural population. The combined coverage accounts for 92 percent of the national population.

Presentation of crime data by areas as used in this publication follows as closely as practical the definitions used by the Bureaus of the Budget and Census for standard metropolitan statistical areas and other cities. There is, however, some deviation insofar as the rural area is concerned. For crime reporting purposes rural is generally the unincorporated portion of a county outside of standard metropolitan statistical areas. In addition, sheriffs' departments or state police agencies frequently provide coverage for small incorporated communities which do not provide their own police service. These places are characteristically more rural than urban, thus the crime counts for these places are included in the rural tabulations. In addition, statistics are presented in certain tables relative to *"suburban"* areas. A suburban area consists of cities with 50,000 or less population together with counties which are within a standard metropolitan statistical area. In this use of suburban the core city experience is, of course, excluded. The suburban area concept is used because of the particular crime conditions which exist in these communities surrounding the major core cities. These metropolitan areas are not rural in nature, yet neither are they comparable to large cities although they have many of the problems identified with the latter.

Standard metropolitan statistical areas are generally made up of an entire county or counties having at least one core city of 50,000 or more inhabitants, with the whole meeting the requirements of certain metropolitan characteristics. In New England, "town" instead of "county" is used to describe standard metropolitan statistical areas. These towns do not coincide generally with established crime reporting units; therefore, metropolitan state economic areas in New England are used in these area tabulations since they encompass an entire county or counties. Standard metropolitan statistical areas make up an estimated 68 percent of the total United States population.

Other cities are urban places outside standard metropolitan statistical areas. Most of these

places of 2,500 or more inhabitants are incorporated and comprise 13 percent of the 1969 estimated population. *Rural areas* are made up of the unincorporated portions of counties outside of urban places and standard metropolitan statistical areas and represent 19 percent of our national population. Throughout this Program, sheriffs, county police and many state police report on crimes committed within the limits of the counties but outside cities, while police report on crimes committed within the city limits (urban places).

Verification Processes

Uniformity of crime data collected under this Program is of primary concern to the FBI as the national clearinghouse. With the receipt of reports covering approximately 8,500 jurisdictions, prepared on a voluntary basis, the problems of attaining uniformity are readily apparent. Issuance of instructions does not complete the role of the FBI. On the contrary, it is standard operating procedure to examine each incoming report not only for arithmetical accuracy but also, and possibly of even more importance, for reasonableness as a possible indication of errors.

Variations in the level and ratios among the crime classes established by previous reports of each agency are used as a measure of possible or probable incompleteness or changes in reporting policy. Necessary arithmetical adjustments or unusual variations are brought to the attention of the submitting agency by correspondence. During 1969, 21,200 letters were addressed to contributors primarily as a result of verification and evaluation processes. Correspondence with contributors is the principal tool for supervision of quality. Not only are the individual reports studied, but also periodic trends for individual reporting units are prepared, as are crime rates in descending order for all units grouped for general comparability to assist in detecting variations and fluctuations possibly due to some reason other than chance. For the most part, the problem is one of keeping the contributors informed of the type information necessary to the success of this Program.

The elimination of duplication of crime reporting by the various agencies is given constant attention. In addition to detailed instructions as to the limits of reporting jurisdictions between sheriffs and police in urban places, lists of urban places by county are furnished to sheriffs, county police and in some instances state police organizations.

Uniform Crime Reporting has been taught to all law enforcement officers attending the FBI National Academy. The Academy was established in 1935 and there are 3,180 graduates who are still in law enforcement, 28 percent of whom are the executive heads of law enforcement agencies. The FBI also presents this subject to regional police schools throughout the country.

Contacts by Special Agents of the FBI are utilized to enlist the cooperation of new contributors and to explain the purpose of this Program and the methods of assembling information for reporting. When correspondence, including specially designed questionnaires fails, Special Agents may be directed to visit the contributor to affirmatively resolve the misunderstanding.

Variations from the desired reporting standards which cannot be resolved by the steps indicated above are brought to the attention of the Committee on Uniform Crime Records of the IACP. The Committee may designate a representative to make a personal visit to the local department to assist in the needed revision of records and reporting methods.

It is clear, of course, that regardless of the extent of the statistical verification processes used by the FBI, the accuracy of the data assembled under this Program depends upon the degree of sincere effort exerted by each contributor to meet the necessary standards of reporting and, for this reason, the FBI is not in a position to vouch for the validity of the reports received.

The Crime Totals

Communities not represented by crime reports are relatively few, as discussed previously and as shown by an examination of the tables which follow presenting 1969 crime totals for the Index of Crime classifications. The FBI conducts a continuing program to further reduce the unreported areas.

Within each of the three areas—standard metropolitan statistical, other urban and rural—it is assumed that the unreported portion had the same proportionate crime experience as that for which reports were received. In lieu of figures for the entire year from those agencies, reports for as many as 9 months were accepted as sufficiently representative on which to base estimates for the year. Estimates for unreported areas are based on the reported crime experience of similar areas within each state. Certain refinements are made of this basic estimating procedure as the need arises.

Crime Trends

Crime data for trends are homogeneous to the extent that figures from identical reporting units are used for each of the periods tabulated. In all trend tabulations only those reporting units are used which have provided comparable data for the period under consideration. National, geographic and area trends are always established on the basis of 2 consecutive years. Exclusions from trend computations are made when figures from a reporting unit are obviously inaccurate for any period or when it is ascertained that unusual fluctuations are due to such variables as improved records procedures and not to chance.

As a matter of standard procedure crime trends for individual places are analyzed five times a year by the FBI. Any significant increase or decrease is made the subject of a special inquiry with the contributing agency. In 1969 for example, more than 2,100 letters were sent to police administrators of contributing agencies inquiring as to the reason for significant increases or decreases in pertinent crime classifications. The communication containing this inquiry specifically directs attention to possible changes in records or reporting procedures. When it is found that crime reporting procedures are in part responsible for the difference in the level of crime, the figures for specific crime categories or totals are excluded from the trend tabulations. Year-to-year trends in Uniform Crime Reports are valid and may be used to reasonably establish long-term trends as well as to re-estimate crime volume and reconstruct crime trends for prior years. It can be assumed logically that the current year is the most complete in terms of volume. Trend or percent change as established by comparable units for each 2-year period is then applied as the basis for re-estimating the volume of crime for prior years.

On the other hand, *crime rate tables* by state and standard metropolitan statistical area contain the most reliable reports available for the current year, and care should be exercised in any direct comparisons with prior issues. Changes in crime level may have been due in part to improved reporting or records procedures rather than to chance.

Population Data

In computing crime rates by state, geographic division and the Nation as a whole, population estimates released by the Bureau of the Census on July 1, 1969 were used. Population estimates for individual cities and counties were prepared by using Special Census Reports, state sources and estimates, commercial sources, and extrapolation where no other estimate was available. Complete 1969 population estimates for individual cities and counties were used from 18 states while official sources in other states provided limited data which was used selectively. The estimated United States population increase in 1969 was 1 percent over 1968 according to figures published by the Bureau of the Census.

Classification of Offenses

A stumbling block to a uniform national crime reporting system in the United States results from variations in definitions of criminal violations among the states. This obstacle, insofar as uniformity of definitions is concerned, was removed by the adoption of an arbitrary set of crime classifications. To some extent the title of each classification connotes in a general way its content. However, in reading the explanation of each category, it is very important to keep in mind that because of the differences among the state codes there is no possibility in a system such as this to distinguish between crimes by designations such as "felony" and "misdemeanor."

A continuing program is carried out to furnish contributors with timely supplemental instructions as the need arises in certain classifications. These are aimed at the clarification of any misunderstandings which may arise and the redirection of attention to the proper application of classification procedures under this system.

Brief definitions of crime classifications utilized in this Program are listed below:

1. **Criminal homicide.**—(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter: all willful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Excludes attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, or justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides are limited to: (1) the killing of a person by a peace officer in line of duty; (2) the killing of a person in the act of committing a felony by a private citizen. (*b*) Manslaughter by negligence: any death which the police investigation establishes was primarily attributable to gross negligence of some individual other than the victim.

2. **Forcible rape.**—Rape by force, assault to rape and attempted rape. Excludes statutory

offenses (no force used—victim under age of consent).

3. **Robbery.**—Stealing or taking anything of value from the person by force or violence or by putting in fear, such as strong-arm robbery, stickups, armed robbery, assault to rob and attempt to rob.

4. **Aggravated assault.**—Assault with intent to kill or for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury by shooting, cutting, stabbing, maiming, poisoning, scalding, or by the use of acids, explosives, or other means. Excludes simple assault, assault and battery, fighting, etc.

5. **Burglary—breaking or entering.**—Burglary, housebreaking, safecracking, or any unlawful entry to commit a felony or a theft, even though no force was used to gain entrance and attempts. Burglary followed by larceny is not counted again as larceny.

6. **Larceny—theft** (except auto theft).—(*a*) Fifty dollars and over in value; (*b*) under $50 in value. Thefts of bicycles, automobile accessories, shoplifting, pocket-picking, or any stealing of property or article of value which is not taken by force and violence or by fraud. Excludes embezzlement, "con" games, forgery, worthless checks, etc.

7. **Auto theft.**—Stealing or driving away and abandoning a motor vehicle. Excludes taking for temporary or unauthorized use by those having lawful access to the vehicle.

8. **Other assaults.**—Assaults and attempted assaults which are not of an aggravated nature.

9. **Arson.**—Willful or malicious burning with or without intent to defraud. Includes attempts.

10. **Forgery and counterfeiting.**—Making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false which is made to appear true. Includes attempts.

11. **Fraud.**—Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretenses. Includes bad checks except forgeries and counterfeiting.

12. **Embezzlement.**—Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control.

13. **Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing.**—Buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property and attempts.

14. **Vandalism.**—Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement or defacement of property without consent of the owner or person having custody or control.

15. **Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.**—All violations of regulations or statutes controlling the carrying, using, possessing, furnishing and manufacturing of deadly weapons or silencers and attempts.

16. **Prostitution and commercialized vice.**—Sex offenses of a commercialized nature and attempts, such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring or transporting women for immoral purposes.

17. **Sex offenses** (except forcible rape, prostitution, and commercialized vice).—Statutory rape, offenses against chastity, common decency, morals and the like. Includes attempts.

18. **Narcotic drug laws.**—Offenses relating to narcotic drugs, such as unlawful possession, sale or use. Excludes violations limited strictly to Federal control.

19. **Gambling.**—Promoting, permitting, or engaging in gambling.

20. **Offenses against the family and children.**—Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children.

21. **Driving under the influence.**—Driving or operating any motor vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

22. **Liquor laws.**—State or local liquor law violations, except "drunkenness" (class 23) and "driving under the influence" (class 21). Excludes Federal violations.

23. **Drunkenness.**—Drunkenness or intoxication.

24. **Disorderly conduct.**—Breach of the peace.

25. **Vagrancy.**—Vagabondage, begging, loitering, etc.

26. **All other offenses.**—All violations of state or local laws except classes 1–25.

27. **Suspicion.**—Arrests for no specific offense and released without formal charges being placed.

28. **Curfew and loitering laws (juveniles).**—Offenses relating to violation of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.

29. **Runaway (juveniles).**—Limited to juveniles taken into protective custody under provisions of local statutes as runaways.

The Index of Crime, 1969

In this section, tabulations are shown to indicate the probable extent, fluctuation and distribution of crime for the United States as a whole, geographic divisions, individual states and standard metropolitan statistical areas. The measure used is a Crime Index consisting of seven important offenses which are counted as they become known to the law enforcement agencies. Crime classifications used in the Index are: murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary—breaking or entering, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

The total number of criminal acts that occur is unknown, but those that are reported to the police provide the first means of a count. Not all crimes come readily to the attention of the police; not all crimes are of sufficient importance to be significant in an index; and not all important crimes occur with enough regularity to be meaningful in an index. With these considerations in mind, the above crimes were selected as a group to furnish an abbreviated and convenient measure of the crime problem.

It is important to remember in reviewing the tables in this section that the volume of crime in a state or standard metropolitan statistical area is subject to the factors set forth on page vi. Estimates of current permanent population are used to construct crime rates. With our highly mobile population all communities, metropolitan areas and states are affected to a greater or lesser degree by the element of transient population. This factor is not accounted for in crime rates since no reliable estimates by state are available nationwide.

Tables are presented showing the comparative crime experience by population group of suburban cities having 50,000 or less inhabitants with cities of the same size isolated from suburban areas. The effects of being a part of the metropolitan fringe can be readily discerned by a review of these tables.

Table 1.—*Index of Crime, United States, 1969*

Area	Population [1]	Total crime index	Violent [2] crime	Property [2] crime	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
United States Total	**201,921,000**	**4,989,747**	**655,061**	**4,334,686**	**14,587**	**36,470**	**297,584**	**306,420**	**1,949,843**	**1,512,913**	**871,930**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,471.1	324.4	2,146.7	7.2	18.1	147.4	151.8	965.6	749.3	431.8
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	**137,785,000**										
Area actually reporting [3]	97.7%	4,212,466	569,110	3,643,356	11,179	30,257	283,210	244,464	1,615,300	1,235,785	792,271
Estimated total	100.0%	4,265,595	573,964	3,691,631	11,318	30,616	284,578	247,452	1,637,148	1,254,059	800,424
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,095.8	416.6	2,679.3	8.2	22.2	206.5	179.6	1,188.2	910.2	580.9
Other Cities	**26,260,000**										
Area actually reporting	88.0%	354,178	32,774	321,404	956	1,811	7,211	22,796	140,194	142,078	39,132
Estimated total	100.0%	398,936	37,998	360,938	1,151	2,054	8,099	26,694	158,023	158,986	43,929
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,519.2	144.7	1,374.5	4.4	7.8	30.8	101.7	601.8	605.4	167.3
Rural	**37,876,000**										
Area actually reporting	74.7%	252,231	28,242	223,989	1,401	2,748	3,528	20,565	123,683	78,675	21,631
Estimated total	100.0%	325,216	43,099	282,117	2,118	3,800	4,907	32,274	154,672	99,868	27,577
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		858.6	113.8	744.8	5.6	10.0	13.0	85.2	408.4	263.7	72.8

[1] Population is Bureau of the Census provisional estimates as of July 1, 1969.

[2] Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault; property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

[3] The percentage representing area actually reporting will not coincide with the ratio between reported and estimated crime totals since these data represent the sum of the calculations for individual states which have varying populations, portions reporting and crime rates.

Table 2.—*Index of Crime, United States, 1960–69*

Population [1]	Total Crime Index	Violent [2] crime	Property [2] crime	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Number of offenses:										
1960—179,323,175	2,014,600	285,200	1,729,400	9,000	16,860	107,390	152,000	897,400	506,200	325,700
1961—182,953,000	2,082,400	286,100	1,796,300	8,630	16,890	106,210	154,400	934,200	528,500	333,500
1962—185,822,000	2,213,600	298,200	1,915,400	8,430	17,210	110,390	162,100	978,200	573,100	364,100
1963—188,531,000	2,435,900	313,400	2,122,500	8,530	17,310	115,980	171,600	1,068,800	648,500	405,200
1964—191,334,000	2,755,000	360,100	2,395,000	9,250	21,020	129,830	200,000	1,193,600	732,000	469,300
1965—193,818,000	2,930,200	383,100	2,547,200	9,850	22,970	138,100	212,100	1,261,800	792,300	493,100
1966—195,857,000	3,264,200	425,400	2,838,800	10,920	25,330	157,320	231,800	1,387,200	894,600	557,000
1967—197,864,000	3,802,300	494,600	3,307,700	12,090	27,100	202,050	253,300	1,605,700	1,047,100	654,900
1968—199,861,000	4,466,600	588,800	3,877,700	13,650	31,060	261,730	282,400	1,828,900	1,271,100	777,800
1969—201,921,000	4,989,700	655,100	4,334,700	14,590	36,470	297,580	306,420	1,949,800	1,512,900	871,900
Percent change 1960–1969 [3]	+147.7	+129.7	+150.6	+62.1	+116.3	+177.1	+101.6	+117.3	+198.9	+167.7
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants: [3]										
1960	1,123.4	159.0	964.4	5.0	9.4	59.9	84.7	500.5	282.3	181.6
1961	1,138.2	156.4	981.8	4.7	9.2	58.1	84.4	510.6	288.9	182.3
1962	1,191.2	160.5	1,030.8	4.5	9.3	59.4	87.3	526.4	308.4	196.0
1963	1,292.0	166.2	1,125.8	4.5	9.2	61.5	91.0	566.9	344.0	214.9
1964	1,439.9	188.2	1,251.7	4.8	11.0	67.9	104.5	623.8	382.6	245.3
1965	1,511.9	197.6	1,314.2	5.1	11.9	71.3	109.5	651.0	408.8	254.4
1966	1,666.6	217.2	1,449.4	5.6	12.9	80.3	118.4	708.3	456.8	284.4
1967	1,921.7	250.0	1,671.7	6.1	13.7	102.1	128.0	811.5	529.2	331.0
1968	2,234.8	294.6	1,940.2	6.8	15.5	131.0	141.3	915.1	636.0	389.1
1969	2,471.1	324.4	2,146.7	7.2	18.1	147.4	151.8	965.6	749.3	431.8
Percent change 1960–1969 [3]	+120.0	+104.0	+122.6	+44.0	+92.6	+146.1	+79.2	+92.9	+165.4	+137.8

[1] Population is Bureau of the Census provisional estimates as of July 1, except Apr. 1, 1960, Census.

[2] Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

[3] Percent change and crime rates calculated prior to rounding number of offenses. Revised estimates and rates based on changes in reporting practices.

Table 3.—*Index of Crime by Regions, Geographic*

[Number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants]

Area	Year	Population [1]	Total Crime Index		Violent crime [2]		Property crime [2]		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	
			Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
United States Total [3]	**1968**	**199,861,000**	**4,466,573**	**2,234.8**	**588,837**	**294.6**	**3,877,736**	**1,940.2**	**13,648**	**6.8**
	1969	**201,921,000**	**4,989,747**	**2,471.1**	**655,061**	**324.4**	**4,334,686**	**2,146.7**	**14,587**	**7.2**
Percent change			**+11.7**	**+10.6**	**+11.2**	**+10.1**	**+11.8**	**+10.6**	**+6.9**	**+5.9**
Northeast	**1968**	**48,314,000**	**1,199,352**	**2,482.4**	**148,821**	**308.0**	**1,050,531**	**2,174.4**	**2,341**	**4.8**
	1969	**48,782,000**	**1,261,399**	**2,585.8**	**161,188**	**330.4**	**1,100,211**	**2,255.4**	**2,521**	**5.2**
Percent change			+5.2	+4.2	+8.3	+7.3	+4.7	+3.7	+7.7	+8.3
New England	1968	11,411,000	232,915	2,041.1	15,021	131.6	217,894	1,909.5	333	2.9
	1969	11,512,000	266,977	2,319.1	17,521	152.2	249,456	2,166.9	350	3.0
Percent change			+14.6	+13.6	+16.6	+15.7	+14.5	+13.5	+5.1	+3.4
Connecticut	1968	2,959,000	61,451	2,076.7	3,825	129.3	57,626	1,947.5	73	2.5
	1969	3,000,000	70,048	2,334.9	4,415	147.2	65,633	2,187.8	86	2.9
Maine	1968	979,000	8,727	891.4	590	60.3	8,137	831.2	29	3.0
	1969	978,000	10,129	1,035.7	681	69.6	9,448	966.1	16	1.6
Massachusetts	1968	5,437,000	129,651	2,384.6	8,916	164.0	120,735	2,220.6	188	3.5
	1969	5,467,000	149,807	2,740.2	10,272	187.9	139,535	2,552.3	191	3.5
New Hampshire	1968	702,000	5,668	807.4	279	39.7	5,389	767.7	10	1.4
	1969	717,000	7,036	981.3	325	45.3	6,711	936.0	18	2.5
Rhode Island	1968	913,000	24,097	2,639.3	1,254	137.3	22,843	2,502.0	22	2.4
	1969	911,000	25,448	2,793.4	1,594	175.0	23,854	2,618.4	28	3.1
Vermont	1968	422,000	3,321	787.0	157	37.2	3,164	749.8	11	2.6
	1969	439,000	4,509	1,027.1	234	53.3	4,275	973.8	11	2.5
Middle Atlantic	1968	36,904,000	966,437	2,618.8	133,800	362.6	832,637	2,256.2	2,008	5.4
	1969	37,271,000	994,422	2,668.1	143,667	385.5	850,755	2,282.6	2,171	5.8
Percent change			+2.9	+1.9	+7.4	+6.3	+2.2	+1.2	+8.1	+7.4
New Jersey	1968	7,078,000	172,532	2,437.6	16,711	236.1	155,821	2,201.5	358	5.1
	1969	7,148,000	175,722	2,458.3	17,226	241.0	158,496	2,217.3	369	5.2
New York	1968	18,113,000	642,041	3,544.6	97,134	536.3	544,907	3,008.4	1,181	6.5
	1969	18,321,000	653,405	3,566.4	104,398	569.8	549,007	2,996.6	1,320	7.2
Pennsylvania	1968	11,712,000	151,864	1,296.7	19,955	170.4	131,909	1,126.3	469	4.0
	1969	11,803,000	165,295	1,400.4	22,043	186.8	143,252	1,213.7	482	4.1
North Central	**1968**	**55,628,000**	**1,052,095**	**1,891.3**	**143,886**	**258.7**	**908,209**	**1,632.6**	**3,109**	**5.6**
	1969	**56,078,000**	**1,217,113**	**2,170.4**	**164,486**	**293.3**	**1,052,627**	**1,877.1**	**3,427**	**6.1**
Percent change			+15.7	+14.8	+14.3	+13.4	+15.9	+15.0	+10.2	+8.9
East North Central	1968	39,586,000	784,000	1,980.5	115,375	291.5	668,625	1,689.0	2,421	6.1
	1969	39,904,000	907,025	2,273.0	132,150	331.2	774,875	1,941.8	2,703	6.8
Percent change			+15.7	+14.8	+14.5	+13.6	+15.9	+15.0	+11.6	+11.5
Illinois	1968	10,974,000	222,185	2,024.6	44,776	408.0	177,409	1,616.6	893	8.1
	1969	11,047,000	246,154	2,228.2	49,543	448.5	196,611	1,779.8	950	8.6
Indiana	1968	5,067,000	91,438	1,804.6	9,849	194.4	81,589	1,610.2	240	4.7
	1969	5,118,000	99,241	1,939.1	9,752	190.5	89,489	1,748.5	252	4.9
Michigan	1968	8,740,000	235,792	2,697.8	36,122	413.3	199,670	2,284.6	634	7.3
	1969	8,766,000	279,883	3,192.8	42,796	488.2	237,087	2,704.6	729	8.3
Ohio	1968	10,591,000	182,113	1,719.5	21,228	200.4	160,885	1,519.1	562	5.3
	1969	10,740,000	223,223	2,078.4	26,648	248.1	196,575	1,830.3	685	6.4
Wisconsin	1968	4,213,000	52,472	1,245.5	3,400	80.7	49,072	1,164.8	92	2.2
	1969	4,233,000	58,524	1,382.6	3,411	80.6	55,113	1,302.0	87	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Divisions and State, 1968–69

percent change over 1968]

Forcible rape		Robbery		Aggravated assault		Burglary		Larceny $50 and over		Auto theft	
Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
31,057	**15.5**	**261,728**	**131.0**	**282,404**	**141.3**	**1,828,911**	**915.1**	**1,271,070**	**636.0**	**777,755**	**389.1**
36,470	**18.1**	**297,584**	**147.4**	**306,420**	**151.8**	**1,949,843**	**965.6**	**1,512,913**	**749.3**	**871,930**	**431.8**
+17.4	+16.8	+13.7	+12.5	+8.5	+7.4	+6.6	+5.5	+19.0	+17.8	+12.1	+11.0
5,328	**11.0**	**83,974**	**173.8**	**57,178**	**118.3**	**472,339**	**977.6**	**341,049**	**705.9**	**237,143**	**490.8**
6,133	**12.6**	**91,984**	**188.6**	**60,550**	**124.1**	**480,652**	**985.3**	**362,780**	**743.7**	**256,779**	**526.4**
+15.1	+14.5	+9.5	+8.5	+5.9	+4.9	+1.8	+.8	+6.4	+5.4	+8.3	+7.3
906	7.9	6,005	52.6	7,777	68.2	94,823	831.0	58,491	512.6	64,580	565.9
1,015	8.8	7,547	65.6	8,609	74.8	105,973	920.5	73,332	637.0	70,151	609.4
+12.0	+11.4	+25.7	+24.7	+10.7	+9.7	+11.8	+10.8	+25.4	+24.3	+8.6	+7.7
238	8.0	1,332	45.0	2,182	73.7	28,538	964.4	17,958	606.9	11,130	376.1
260	8.7	1,696	56.5	2,373	79.1	29,624	987.5	23,175	772.5	12,834	427.8
66	6.7	86	8.8	409	41.8	4,429	452.4	2,454	250.7	1,254	128.1
58	5.9	111	11.3	496	50.7	4,995	510.7	3,108	317.8	1,345	137.5
518	9.5	4,039	74.3	4,171	76.7	47,210	868.3	29,672	545.7	43,853	806.6
592	10.8	4,955	90.6	4,534	82.9	56,450	1,032.6	36,135	661.0	46,950	858.8
19	2.7	72	10.3	178	25.4	2,605	371.1	1,792	255.3	992	141.3
29	4.0	75	10.5	203	28.3	3,322	463.3	2,362	329.4	1,027	143.2
34	3.7	450	49.3	748	81.9	9,948	1,089.6	5,906	646.9	6,989	765.5
36	4.0	669	73.4	861	94.5	8,950	982.4	7,405	812.8	7,499	823.2
31	7.3	26	6.2	89	21.1	2,093	496.0	709	168.0	362	85.8
40	9.1	41	9.3	142	32.3	2,632	599.5	1,147	261.3	496	113.0
4,422	**12.0**	**77,969**	**211.3**	**49,401**	**133.9**	**377,516**	**1,023.0**	**282,558**	**765.7**	**172,563**	**467.6**
5,118	**13.7**	**84,437**	**226.5**	**51,941**	**139.4**	**374,679**	**1,005.3**	**289,448**	**776.6**	**186,628**	**500.7**
+15.7	+14.2	+8.3	+7.2	+5.1	+4.1	−.8	−1.7	+2.4	+1.4	+8.2	+7.1
801	11.3	8,747	123.6	6,805	96.1	71,621	1,011.9	47,500	671.1	36,700	518.5
914	12.8	9,657	135.1	6,286	87.9	68,123	953.0	53,131	743.3	37,242	521.0
2,481	13.7	59,483	328.4	33,989	187.6	241,338	1,332.4	200,012	1,104.2	103,557	571.7
2,849	15.6	64,349	351.2	35,880	195.8	238,990	1,304.5	196,069	1,070.2	113,948	622.0
1,140	9.7	9,739	83.2	8,607	73.5	64,557	551.2	35,046	299.2	32,306	275.8
1,355	11.5	10,431	88.4	9,775	82.8	67,566	572.4	40,248	341.0	35,438	300.2
8,517	**15.3**	**71,537**	**128.6**	**60,723**	**109.2**	**410,993**	**738.8**	**294,637**	**529.7**	**202,579**	**364.2**
9,660	**17.2**	**83,253**	**148.5**	**68,146**	**121.5**	**452,664**	**807.2**	**366,851**	**654.2**	**233,112**	**415.7**
+13.4	+12.4	+16.4	+15.5	+12.2	+11.3	+10.1	+9.3	+24.5	+23.5	+15.1	+14.1
6,353	16.0	58,813	148.6	47,788	120.7	297,756	752.2	216,533	547.0	154,336	389.9
7,242	18.1	68,981	172.9	53,224	133.4	330,774	828.9	267,747	671.0	176,354	441.9
+14.0	+13.1	+17.3	+16.4	+11.4	+10.5	+11.1	+10.2	+23.7	+22.7	+14.3	+13.3
1,798	16.4	23,200	211.5	18,876	172.0	75,013	683.6	53,996	492.0	48,400	441.0
2,113	19.1	26,153	236.7	20,327	184.0	81,602	738.7	62,593	566.6	52,416	474.5
669	13.2	4,990	98.5	3,950	78.0	35,012	691.0	26,699	526.9	19,878	392.3
780	15.2	4,667	91.2	4,053	79.2	38,935	760.7	31,327	612.1	19,227	375.7
2,315	26.5	18,412	210.7	14,761	168.9	96,667	1106.0	65,812	753.0	37,191	425.5
2,399	27.4	23,361	266.5	16,307	186.0	109,647	1250.8	83,983	958.1	43,457	495.7
1,309	12.4	10,808	102.0	8,549	80.7	69,839	659.4	50,776	479.4	40,270	380.2
1,645	15.3	13,604	126.7	10,714	99.8	79,480	740.1	65,310	608.1	51,778	482.1
262	6.2	1,394	33.1	1,652	39.2	21,225	503.8	19,250	456.9	8,597	204.1
305	7.2	1,196	28.3	1,823	43.1	21,101	498.5	24,534	579.6	9,478	223.9

397-633 O - 70 - 5

Table 3.—*Index of Crime by Regions, Geographic*

[Number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants]

Area	Year	Population [1]	Total Crime Index		Violent crime [2]		Property crime [3]		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	
			Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
West North Central	1968	16,042,000	268,095	1,671.2	28,511	177.7	239,584	1,493.5	688	4.3
	1969	16,174,000	310,088	1,917.2	32,336	199.9	277,752	1,717.3	724	4.5
Percent change			+15.7	+14.7	+13.4	+12.5	+15.9	+15.0	+5.2	+4.7
Iowa	1968	2,748,000	31,282	1,138.4	1,882	68.5	29,400	1,069.9	48	1.7
	1969	2,781,000	35,340	1,270.8	1,918	69.0	33,422	1,201.8	39	1.4
Kansas	1968	2,303,000	34,090	1,480.2	3,463	150.4	30,627	1,329.9	86	3.7
	1969	2,321,000	40,956	1,764.6	3,873	166.9	37,083	1,597.7	81	3.5
Minnesota	1968	3,646,000	68,147	1,869.1	5,111	140.2	63,036	1,728.9	81	2.2
	1969	3,700,000	74,842	2,022.8	5,253	142.0	69,589	1,880.8	69	1.9
Missouri	1968	4,627,000	104,811	2,265.2	15,216	328.9	89,595	1,936.4	408	8.8
	1969	4,651,000	127,098	2,732.7	18,260	392.6	108,838	2,340.1	485	10.4
Nebraska	1968	1,437,000	19,369	1,347.9	2,103	146.3	17,266	1,201.5	33	2.3
	1969	1,449,000	20,522	1,416.3	2,302	158.9	18,220	1,257.4	36	2.5
North Dakota	1968	625,000	3,963	634.1	173	27.7	3,790	606.4	7	1.1
	1969	615,000	4,602	748.3	230	35.8	4,382	712.5	1	.2
South Dakota	1968	657,000	6,433	979.1	563	85.7	5,870	893.5	25	3.8
	1969	659,000	6,728	1,020.9	510	77.4	6,218	943.6	13	2.0
South	**1968**	**62,424,000**	**1,167,647**	**1,870.5**	**186,662**	**299.0**	**980,985**	**1,571.5**	**6,423**	**10.3**
	1969	**63,066,000**	**1,316,755**	**2,087.2**	**205,766**	**326.2**	**1,110,989**	**1,761.1**	**6,577**	**10.4**
Percent change			+12.8	+11.6	+10.2	+9.1	+13.3	+12.1	+2.4	+1.0
South Atlantic [4]	1968	30,077,000	629,894	2,094.3	111,075	369.3	518,819	1,725.0	3,299	11.0
	1969	30,484,000	702,992	2,306.1	119,722	392.7	583,270	1,913.4	3,217	10.6
Percent change			+11.6	+10.1	+7.8	+6.3	+12.4	+10.9	−2.5	−3.6
Delaware	1968	534,000	10,378	1,943.4	1,056	197.8	9,322	1,745.7	41	7.7
	1969	540,000	11,966	2,215.9	1,276	236.3	10,690	1,979.6	39	7.2
Florida	1968	6,160,000	178,736	2,901.6	27,913	453.1	150,823	2,448.4	731	11.9
	1969	6,354,000	201,160	3,165.9	29,411	462.9	171,749	2,703.0	720	11.3
Georgia	1968	4,588,000	71,599	1,560.6	9,903	215.8	61,696	1,344.7	636	13.9
	1969	4,641,000	82,750	1,783.0	11,235	242.1	71,515	1,540.9	551	11.9
Maryland	1968	3,757,000	123,741	3,293.6	23,405	623.0	100,336	2,670.6	350	9.3
	1969	3,765,000	123,552	3,281.6	24,295	645.3	99,257	2,636.3	350	9.3
North Carolina	1968	5,135,000	69,102	1,345.7	17,682	344.3	51,420	1,001.4	498	9.7
	1969	5,205,000	80,216	1,541.1	17,755	341.1	62,461	1,200.0	556	10.7
South Carolina	1968	2,692,000	37,516	1,393.6	5,832	216.6	31,684	1,177.0	366	13.6
	1969	2,692,000	45,541	1,691.7	6,429	238.8	39,112	1,452.9	336	12.5
Virginia	1968	4,597,000	74,747	1,626.0	10,825	235.5	63,922	1,390.5	383	8.3
	1969	4,669,000	81,070	1,736.3	10,643	228.0	70,427	1,508.4	276	5.9
West Virginia	1968	1,805,000	14,197	786.5	1,959	108.5	12,238	678.0	99	5.5
	1969	1,819,000	13,910	764.7	1,766	97.1	12,144	667.6	102	5.6
East South Central	1968	13,113,000	179,193	1,366.5	25,768	196.5	153,425	1,170.0	1,286	9.8
	1969	13,107,000	193,239	1,474.3	27,176	207.3	166,063	1,267.0	1,395	10.6
Percent change			+7.8	+7.9	+5.5	+5.5	+8.2	+8.3	+8.5	+8.2
Alabama	1968	3,566,000	51,385	1,441.0	8,288	232.4	43,097	1,208.6	421	11.8
	1969	3,531,000	55,647	1,576.0	8,842	250.4	46,805	1,325.5	485	13.7
Kentucky	1968	3,229,000	47,609	1,474.4	5,317	164.7	42,292	1,309.8	288	8.9
	1969	3,232,000	53,745	1,662.9	5,745	177.8	48,000	1,485.1	336	10.4
Mississippi	1968	2,342,000	16,664	711.5	3,397	145.0	13,267	566.5	232	9.9
	1969	2,360,000	17,476	740.5	3,354	142.1	14,122	598.4	192	8.1
Tennessee	1968	3,976,000	53,535	1,598.0	8,766	220.5	54,769	1,377.5	345	8.7
	1969	3,985,000	66,371	1,665.5	9,235	231.7	57,136	1,433.8	382	9.6
West South Central	1968	19,234,000	358,560	1,864.2	49,819	259.0	308,741	1,605.2	1,838	9.6
	1969	19,495,000	420,524	2,157.1	58,868	302.0	361,656	1,855.1	1,965	10.1
Percent change			+17.3	+15.7	+18.2	+16.6	+17.1	+15.6	+6.9	+5.2
Arkansas	1968	2,012,000	24,914	1,238.3	4,360	216.7	20,554	1,021.6	163	8.1
	1969	1,995,000	28,295	1,418.3	4,390	220.1	23,905	1,198.2	197	9.9
Louisiana	1968	3,732,000	66,644	1,785.7	11,742	314.6	54,902	1,471.1	354	9.5
	1969	3,745,000	73,544	1,963.8	13,492	360.3	60,052	1,603.5	356	9.5
Oklahoma	1968	2,518,000	40,506	1,608.7	4,361	173.2	36,145	1,435.5	162	6.4
	1969	2,568,000	43,020	1,675.2	4,652	181.2	38,368	1,494.1	148	5.8
Texas	1968	10,972,000	226,496	2,064.3	29,356	267.6	197,140	1,796.8	1,159	10.6
	1969	11,187,000	275,665	2,464.2	36,334	324.8	239,331	2,139.4	1,264	11.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Divisions and State, 1968–69—Continued

percent change over 1968]

Forcible rape		Robbery		Aggravated assault		Burglary		Larceny $50 and over		Auto theft	
Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
2,104	13.5	12,724	79.3	12,935	80.6	113,237	705.9	78,104	486.9	48,243	300.7
2,418	14.9	14,272	88.2	14,922	92.3	121,800	753.6	99,104	612.7	56,758	350.9
+11.7	+10.4	+12.2	+11.2	+15.4	+14.5	+7.6	+6.8	+26.9	+25.8	+17.7	+16.7
166	6.8	686	25.0	962	35.0	13,027	474.1	11,850	431.2	4,523	164.6
178	6.4	622	22.4	1,079	38.8	13,008	480.1	14,882	535.1	4,937	177.5
305	13.2	1,095	47.5	1,977	85.8	14,178	615.6	11,716	508.7	4,733	205.5
350	15.1	1,271	54.8	2,171	93.5	16,001	693.3	15,701	676.5	5,291	228.0
398	10.9	2,959	81.2	1,673	45.9	29,232	801.8	21,003	576.1	12,801	351.1
424	11.5	3,016	81.5	1,744	47.1	28,836	779.4	26,533	717.1	14,220	384.3
1,076	23.3	7,108	153.6	6,624	143.2	45,188	976.6	23,751	513.3	20,656	446.4
1,270	27.3	8,483	182.4	8,022	172.5	52,037	1118.8	29,806	642.8	26,905	578.5
103	7.2	713	49.6	1,254	87.3	7,292	507.4	5,028	391.6	4,346	302.4
98	6.8	751	51.8	1,417	97.8	6,989	482.3	7,109	490.6	4,122	284.5
29	4.6	36	5.8	101	16.2	1,494	239.0	1,792	286.7	504	80.6
25	4.1	44	7.2	150	24.4	1,533	249.3	2,264	368.1	585	95.1
67	10.2	127	19.3	344	52.4	2,826	430.1	2,364	359.8	680	103.5
73	11.1	85	12.9	339	51.4	2,801	425.0	2,719	412.6	698	105.9
9,058	**14.5**	**58,975**	**94.5**	**112,386**	**179.7**	**494,226**	**791.9**	**314,737**	**504.2**	**171,922**	**275.4**
10,749	**17.0**	**70,764**	**112.2**	**117,676**	**186.5**	**528,284**	**837.4**	**388,714**	**616.2**	**193,991**	**307.5**
+18.7	+17.2	+20.0	+18.7	+4.9	+3.8	+6.9	+5.7	+23.5	+22.2	+12.8	+11.7
4,743	15.8	38,110	126.7	64,923	215.9	264,119	878.1	162,932	541.7	91,768	305.1
5,448	17.9	44,941	147.4	66,116	216.9	274,114	899.2	207,759	681.5	101,397	332.6
+14.9	+13.3	+17.9	+16.3	+1.8	+.5	+3.8	+2.4	+27.5	+25.8	+10.5	+9.0
68	12.7	543	101.7	404	75.7	4,381	820.4	2,756	516.1	2,185	409.2
67	12.4	614	113.7	556	103.0	4,391	813.1	3,824	708.1	2,475	458.3
1,113	18.1	9,849	159.9	16,220	263.3	81,743	1327.0	49,374	801.5	19,706	319.9
1,347	21.2	10,345	162.8	16,999	267.5	86,308	1358.3	61,110	961.8	24,331	382.9
619	13.5	2,181	47.5	6,467	141.0	30,317	660.8	20,533	447.5	10,846	236.4
794	17.1	2,895	62.4	6,995	150.7	32,555	701.5	26,288	566.4	12,672	273.0
978	26.0	10,355	275.6	11,722	312.0	48,866	1301.2	28,721	764.5	22,729	605.0
1,125	29.9	11,086	294.4	11,734	311.7	41,970	1114.7	34,976	929.0	22,311	592.6
563	11.0	1,814	35.3	14,807	288.4	25,646	499.4	18,709	364.3	7,065	137.6
602	11.6	2,111	40.6	14,486	278.3	29,429	565.4	25,256	485.2	7,776	149.4
384	14.3	1,151	42.8	3,931	146.0	16,949	629.6	9,993	371.2	4,742	176.2
360	13.4	1,345	50.0	4,388	163.0	19,203	716.7	13,667	507.7	6,152	228.5
645	14.0	2,917	63.5	6,880	149.7	31,845	692.7	20,653	449.3	11,424	248.5
690	14.8	3,645	78.1	6,032	129.2	31,266	669.7	26,272	562.7	12,880	276.1
79	4.4	460	25.5	1,321	73.2	6,313	349.8	4,265	236.3	1,660	92.0
93	5.1	347	19.1	1,224	67.3	5,870	322.7	4,720	259.5	1,554	85.4
1,365	10.4	6,543	49.9	16,574	126.4	74,857	570.9	49,436	377.0	29,132	222.2
1,584	12.1	7,025	53.6	17,172	131.0	77,528	591.5	58,366	445.3	30,169	230.2
+16.0	+16.3	+7.4	+7.4	+3.6	+3.6	+3.6	+3.6	+18.1	+18.1	+3.6	+3.6
396	11.1	1,462	41.0	6,009	168.5	22,021	617.5	14,990	420.4	6,066	170.7
494	14.0	1,448	41.0	6,415	181.7	23,158	655.8	17,602	498.5	6,045	171.2
330	10.2	1,941	60.1	2,758	85.4	16,872	522.5	14,694	455.1	10,726	332.2
370	11.4	2,236	69.2	2,803	86.7	18,390	569.3	18,422	570.0	11,179	345.9
179	7.6	310	13.2	2,676	114.3	7,348	313.7	4,232	180.7	1,687	72.0
215	9.1	345	14.6	2,602	110.3	7,479	316.9	4,921	208.5	1,722	73.0
460	11.6	2,830	71.2	5,131	129.0	28,616	719.7	15,520	390.3	10,633	267.4
505	12.7	2,996	75.2	5,352	134.3	28,492	715.0	17,421	437.2	11,223	281.6
2,950	15.3	14,322	74.5	30,709	159.7	155,350	807.7	102,369	532.2	51,022	265.3
3,717	19.1	18,798	96.4	34,388	176.4	176,642	906.1	122,589	628.8	62,425	320.2
+26.0	+24.8	+31.3	+29.4	+12.0	+10.5	+13.7	+12.2	+19.8	+18.2	+22.3	+20.7
349	17.3	796	39.6	3,052	151.7	10,341	514.0	8,317	413.4	1,896	94.2
347	17.4	885	44.4	2,961	148.4	11,717	587.3	10,168	509.7	2,020	101.3
613	16.4	3,369	90.3	7,406	198.4	25,303	678.0	19,052	510.5	10,547	282.6
829	22.1	3,843	102.6	8,464	226.0	26,013	694.6	21,899	584.8	12,140	324.2
383	15.2	1,221	48.5	2,595	103.1	17,368	689.8	13,434	533.5	5,343	212.2
366	14.3	1,248	48.6	2,890	112.5	17,657	687.6	14,514	565.2	6,197	241.3
1,605	14.6	8,936	81.4	17,656	160.9	102,338	932.7	61,566	561.1	33,236	302.9
2,175	19.4	12,822	114.6	20,073	179.4	121,255	1,083.9	76,008	679.4	42,068	376.0

Table 3.—*Index of Crime by Regions, Geographic*

[Number and rate per 100,000 inhabitants;

Area	Year	Population [1]	Total Crime Index		Violent crime [2]		Property crime [2]		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	
			Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
West	**1968**	**33,494,000**	**1,047,479**	**3,127.4**	**109,468**	**326.8**	**938,011**	**2,800.5**	**1,775**	**5.3**
	1969	**33,974,000**	**1,194,480**	**3,515.9**	**123,621**	**363.9**	**1,070,859**	**3,152.0**	**2,062**	**6.1**
Percent change			+14.0	+12.4	+12.9	+11.4	+14.2	+12.6	+16.2	+15.1
Mountain	1968	7,934,000	174,041	2,193.6	16,102	202.9	157,939	1,990.7	392	4.9
	1969	8,021,000	209,348	2,610.0	19,665	245.2	189,683	2,364.8	414	5.2
Percent change			+20.3	+19.0	+22.1	+20.8	+20.1	+18.8	+5.6	+6.1
Arizona	1968	1,679,000	46,568	2,788.5	4,402	263.6	42,166	2,524.9	105	6.3
	1969	1,693,000	52,233	3,065.2	5,742	339.2	46,491	2,746.1	102	6.0
Colorado	1968	2,048,000	49,179	2,401.3	5,357	263.0	43,792	2,138.3	110	5.4
	1969	2,100,000	63,532	3,025.3	6,275	298.8	57,257	2,726.5	112	5.3
Idaho	1968	705,000	8,092	1,147.8	518	73.5	7,574	1,074.3	16	2.3
	1969	718,000	10,874	1,514.5	806	112.3	10,068	1,402.2	14	1.9
Montana	1968	693,000	9,725	1,403.3	610	88.0	9,115	1,315.3	23	3.3
	1969	694,000	10,330	1,488.5	682	98.3	9,648	1,390.2	25	3.6
Nevada	1968	453,000	13,684	3,020.8	1,261	278.4	12,423	2,742.4	25	5.5
	1969	457,000	16,221	3,549.5	1,642	359.3	14,579	3,190.2	41	9.0
New Mexico	1968	1,015,000	23,774	2,342.3	2,445	240.9	21,329	2,101.4	63	6.2
	1969	994,000	28,562	2,873.4	2,772	278.9	25,790	2,594.6	61	6.1
Utah	1968	1,034,000	18,779	1,816.2	1,201	116.2	17,578	1,700.0	30	2.9
	1969	1,045,000	22,762	2,178.2	1,460	139.7	21,302	2,038.5	26	2.5
Wyoming	1968	315,000	4,240	1,346.0	278	88.3	3,962	1,257.8	20	6.3
	1969	320,000	4,834	1,510.6	286	89.4	4,548	1,421.3	33	10.3
Pacific	1968	25,560,000	873,438	3,417.2	93,366	365.3	780,072	3,051.9	1,383	5.4
	1969	25,953,000	985,132	3,795.8	103,956	400.6	881,176	3,395.3	1,648	6.3
Percent change			+12.8	+11.1	+11.3	+9.7	+13.0	+11.3	+19.2	+16.7
Alaska	1968	277,000	6,049	2,183.8	486	175.5	5,563	2,008.3	29	10.5
	1969	282,000	7,452	2,642.6	624	221.3	6,828	2,421.3	30	10.6
California	1968	19,221,000	723,445	3,763.8	81,293	422.9	642,152	3,340.9	1,150	6.0
	1969	19,443,000	799,202	4,110.5	89,878	462.3	709,324	3,648.2	1,386	7.1
Hawaii	1968	778,000	21,401	2,750.8	662	85.1	20,739	2,665.7	22	2.8
	1969	794,000	23,094	2,908.6	684	86.1	22,410	2,822.4	27	3.4
Oregon	1968	2,008,000	44,801	2,231.1	3,955	197.0	40,846	2,034.2	64	3.2
	1969	2,032,000	53,877	2,651.4	4,527	222.8	49,350	2,428.6	81	4.0
Washington	1968	3,276,000	77,742	2,373.1	6,970	212.8	70,772	2,160.3	118	3.6
	1969	3,402,000	101,507	2,983.7	8,243	242.3	93,264	2,741.4	124	3.6

[1] Population for each State for 1968 and 1969 is Bureau of the Census provisional estimate as of July 1, and subject to change.

[2] Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

[3] Offense totals based on all reporting agencies and estimates for unreported areas.

[4] Includes the District of Columbia.

Divisions and State, 1968–69—Continued

percent change over 1968]

Forcible rape		Robbery		Aggravated assault		Burglary		Larceny $50 and over		Auto theft	
Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000	Number	Rate per 100,000
8,154	24.3	47,242	141.0	52,297	156.1	451,253	1,347.3	320,647	957.3	166,111	495.9
9,928	29.2	51,563	151.8	60,048	176.7	488,243	1,437.1	394,568	1,161.4	188,048	553.5
+21.8	+20.2	+9.2	+7.7	+14.8	+13.2	+8.2	+6.7	+23.1	+21.3	+13.2	+11.6
1,387	17.5	5,170	65.2	9,153	115.4	70,115	883.7	61,594	776.3	26,230	330.6
1,664	20.7	6,267	78.1	11,320	141.1	82,578	1,029.5	76,345	951.8	30,760	383.5
+20.0	+18.3	+21.2	+19.8	+23.7	+22.3	+17.8	+16.5	+23.9	+22.6	+17.3	+16.0
313	18.7	1,448	86.7	2,536	151.9	19,496	1,167.4	15,636	936.3	7,034	421.2
390	23.0	1,692	99.9	3,558	210.2	22,053	1,302.6	17,012	1,004.8	7,426	438.6
535	26.1	1,977	96.5	2,765	135.0	18,780	917.0	16,398	800.7	8,614	420.6
605	28.8	2,324	110.7	3,234	154.0	23,798	1,133.2	22,812	1,086.3	10,647	507.0
59	8.4	83	11.8	360	51.1	3,318	470.6	3,423	485.5	833	118.2
72	10.0	120	16.7	600	83.6	4,236	590.0	4,868	660.8	944	131.5
50	7.2	126	18.2	411	59.3	3,935	567.8	3,805	549.1	1,375	198.4
77	11.1	154	22.2	426	61.4	3,899	561.8	4,251	612.5	1,498	215.9
79	17.4	647	142.8	510	112.6	5,808	1,282.1	4,578	1,010.6	2,037	449.7
94	20.6	781	170.9	726	158.9	6,245	1,366.5	5,774	1,263.5	2,560	560.2
208	20.5	502	49.5	1,672	164.7	9,396	925.7	8,666	853.8	3,267	321.9
242	24.3	633	63.7	1,836	184.7	11,672	1,174.2	10,111	1,017.2	4,007	403.1
115	11.1	348	33.7	708	68.5	7,665	741.3	7,274	703.5	2,639	255.2
147	14.1	512	49.0	775	74.2	8,867	848.5	9,324	892.2	3,111	297.7
28	8.9	39	12.4	191	60.6	1,717	545.1	1,814	575.9	431	136.8
37	11.6	51	15.9	165	51.6	1,808	565.0	2,173	679.1	567	177.2
6,767	26.5	42,072	164.6	43,144	168.8	381,138	1,491.2	259,053	1,013.5	139,881	547.3
8,264	31.8	45,316	174.6	48,728	187.8	405,665	1,563.1	318,223	1,226.2	157,288	606.0
+22.1	+20.0	+7.7	+6.1	+12.9	+11.3	+6.4	+4.8	+22.8	+21.0	+12.4	+10.7
60	21.7	146	52.7	251	90.6	2,070	747.3	2,157	778.7	1,336	482.3
83	29.4	190	67.4	321	113.8	2,455	870.6	2,705	959.2	1,668	591.5
5,744	29.9	36,991	192.5	37,408	194.6	316,081	1,644.5	206,627	1,075.0	119,444	621.4
7,053	36.3	39,240	201.8	42,190	217.0	325,891	1,676.1	251,490	1,293.5	131,943	678.6
56	7.2	176	22.6	408	52.4	10,610	1,363.8	6,194	796.1	3,935	505.8
97	12.2	282	35.5	278	35.0	10,360	1,304.8	7,795	981.7	4,255	535.9
346	17.2	1,536	76.5	2,000	100.0	18,978	945.1	16,435	818.5	5,433	270.6
371	18.3	1,760	86.6	2,315	113.9	22,853	1,124.7	20,026	985.5	6,471	318.5
561	17.1	3,223	98.4	3,068	93.7	33,309	1,019.5	27,640	843.7	9,733	297.1
660	19.4	3,844	113.0	3,615	106.3	44,106	1,298.5	36,207	1,064.3	12,951	380.7

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*

[See footnotes at end of table]

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
ALABAMA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,951,000										
Area actually reporting	91.3%	39,405	5,142	34,263	247	279	1,115	3,501	16,929	12,465	4,869
Estimated total	100.0%	41,346	5,432	35,914	271	305	1,168	3,688	17,820	13,050	5,044
Other cities	615,000										
Area actually reporting	61.5%	5,040	709	4,331	31	34	79	565	2,058	1,815	458
Estimated total	100.0%	8,197	1,153	7,044	50	55	129	919	3,347	2,952	745
Rural	965,000										
Area actually reporting	37.9%	2,312	855	1,457	62	51	57	685	754	606	97
Estimated total	100.0%	6,104	2,257	3,847	164	134	151	1,808	1,991	1,600	256
State total	**3,531,000**	**55,647**	**8,842**	**46,805**	**485**	**494**	**1,448**	**6,415**	**23,158**	**17,602**	**6,045**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,576.0	250.4	1,325.5	13.7	14.0	41.0	181.7	655.8	498.5	171.2
ALASKA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	None										
Other cities	98,000										
Area actually reporting	92.6%	3,862	394	3,468	15	46	143	190	1,104	1,515	849
Estimated total	100.0%	4,173	426	3,747	16	50	155	205	1,193	1,637	917
Rural	184,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,279	198	3,081	14	33	35	116	1,262	1,068	751
State total	**282,000**	**7,452**	**624**	**6,828**	**30**	**83**	**190**	**321**	**2,455**	**2,705**	**1,668**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,642.6	221.3	2,421.3	10.6	29.4	67.4	113.8	870.6	959.2	591.5
ARIZONA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,233,000										
Area actually reporting	99.7%	44,554	4,939	39,615	82	324	1,554	2,979	19,149	13,781	6,685
Estimated total	100.0%	44,663	4,945	39,718	82	324	1,555	2,984	19,186	13,835	6,697
Other cities	194,000										
Area actually reporting	97.1%	4,804	517	4,287	10	31	107	369	1,754	2,112	421
Estimated total	100.0%	4,947	532	4,415	10	32	110	380	1,806	2,175	434
Rural	267,000										
Area actually reporting	96.4%	2,529	256	2,273	10	33	26	187	1,023	966	284
Estimated total	100.0%	2,623	265	2,358	10	34	27	194	1,061	1,002	295
State total	**1,693,000**	**52,233**	**5,742**	**46,491**	**102**	**390**	**1,692**	**3,558**	**22,053**	**17,012**	**7,426**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,085.2	339.2	2,746.1	6.0	23.0	99.9	210.2	1,302.6	1,004.8	438.6
ARKANSAS											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	618,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	16,546	2,501	14,045	100	189	634	1,578	6,631	6,060	1,354
Other cities	498,000										
Area actually reporting	65.4%	4,175	589	3,586	21	19	71	478	1,785	1,538	263
Estimated total	100.0%	6,385	901	5,484	32	29	109	731	2,730	2,352	402
Rural	879,000										
Area actually reporting	41.7%	2,236	412	1,824	27	54	59	272	982	732	110
Estimated total	100.0%	5,364	988	4,376	65	129	142	652	2,356	1,756	264
State total	**1,995,000**	**28,295**	**4,390**	**23,905**	**197**	**347**	**885**	**2,961**	**11,717**	**10,168**	**2,020**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,418.3	220.1	1,198.2	9.9	17.4	44.4	148.4	587.3	509.7	101.3
CALIFORNIA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	17,592,000										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	750,600	86,894	663,706	1,303	6,755	38,487	40,349	304,227	231,768	127,711
Estimated total	100.0%	751,260	86,947	664,313	1,304	6,759	38,511	40,373	304,492	232,012	127,809
Other cities	815,000										
Area actually reporting	99.5%	23,500	1,468	22,032	34	89	431	914	9,113	10,439	2,480
Estimated total	100.0%	23,616	1,475	22,141	34	89	433	919	9,158	10,491	2,492
Rural	1,036,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	24,326	1,456	22,870	48	205	296	907	12,241	8,987	1,642
State total	**19,443,000**	**799,202**	**89,878**	**709,324**	**1,386**	**7,053**	**39,240**	**42,199**	**325,891**	**251,490**	**131,943**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,110.5	462.3	3,648.2	7.1	36.3	201.8	217.0	1,676.1	1,293.5	678.6

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
COLORADO											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,477,000										
Area actually reporting	95.0%	53,184	5,429	47,755	94	536	2,232	2,567	20,186	17,943	9,626
Estimated total	100.0%	54,702	5,480	49,213	94	538	2,243	2,614	20,427	18,931	9,855
Other cities	254,000										
Area actually reporting	99.1%	4,822	363	4,459	6	18	42	297	1,450	2,518	491
Estimated total	100.0%	4,868	366	4,502	6	18	42	300	1,464	2,542	496
Rural	369,000										
Area actually reporting	88.1%	3,492	370	3,122	11	43	34	282	1,681	1,180	261
Estimated total	100.0%	3,962	420	3,542	12	49	39	320	1,907	1,339	296
State total	**2,100,000**	**63,532**	**6,275**	**57,257**	**112**	**605**	**2,324**	**3,234**	**23,798**	**22,812**	**10,647**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,025.3	298.8	2,726.5	5.3	28.8	110.7	154.0	1,133.2	1,086.3	507.0
CONNECTICUT											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,572,000										
Area actually reporting	97.7%	63,795	4,075	59,720	77	227	1,619	2,152	26,384	21,292	12,044
Estimated total	100.0%	64,759	4,109	60,650	77	230	1,629	2,173	26,795	21,680	12,166
Other cities	175,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,535	146	2,389	3	14	32	97	1,164	846	379
Rural	253,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,754	160	2,594	6	16	35	103	1,665	640	289
State total	**3,000,000**	**70,048**	**4,415**	**65,633**	**86**	**260**	**1,696**	**2,373**	**29,624**	**23,175**	**12,834**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,334.9	147.2	2,187.8	2.9	8.7	56.5	79.1	987.5	772.5	427.8
DELAWARE											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	378,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	10,135	1,067	9,068	24	49	574	420	3,661	3,025	2,382
Other cities	39,000										
Area actually reporting	93.2%	678	82	596	2	5	13	62	222	340	34
Estimated total	100.0%	727	88	639	2	5	14	67	238	365	36
Rural	122,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,104	121	983	13	13	26	69	492	434	57
State total	**540,000**	**11,966**	**1,276**	**10,690**	**39**	**67**	**614**	**556**	**4,391**	**3,824**	**2,475**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,215.9	236.3	1,979.6	7.2	12.4	113.7	103.0	813.1	708.1	458.3
FLORIDA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	4,357,000										
Area actually reporting	98.8%	156,018	23,606	132,412	403	992	9,078	13,043	64,563	47,429	20,420
Estimated total	100.0%	157,720	23,819	133,901	408	1,003	9,149	13,169	65,266	47,904	20,641
Other cities	956,000										
Area actually reporting	93.5%	19,386	2,255	17,131	63	78	513	1,501	8,894	6,623	1,614
Estimated total	100.0%	20,730	2,411	18,319	67	83	656	1,605	9,511	7,082	1,726
Rural	1,042,000										
Area actually reporting	67.8%	15,401	2,157	13,244	105	177	366	1,509	7,820	4,092	1,332
Estimated total	100.0%	22,710	3,181	19,529	155	261	540	2,225	11,531	6,034	1,964
State total	**6,354,000**	**201,160**	**29,411**	**171,749**	**729**	**1,347**	**10,345**	**16,999**	**86,308**	**61,110**	**24,331**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,165.9	462.9	2,703.0	11.3	21.2	162.8	267.5	1,358.3	961.8	382.9
GEORGIA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,286,000										
Area actually reporting	94.6%	58,233	6,202	50,031	335	493	2,334	3,040	22,962	17,839	9,230
Estimated total	100.0%	58,584	6,309	52,185	342	516	2,383	3,158	23,854	18,735	9,596
Other cities	731,000										
Area actually reporting	60.7%	6,888	1,009	5,879	56	34	126	793	2,366	2,714	799
Estimated total	100.0%	11,350	1,663	9,687	92	56	208	1,307	3,899	4,472	1,316
Rural	1,624,000										
Area actually reporting	35.2%	4,505	1,115	3,390	41	78	107	889	1,688	1,063	619
Estimated total	100.0%	12,816	3,173	9,643	117	222	304	2,530	4,802	3,081	1,760
State total	**4,641,000**	**82,750**	**11,235**	**71,515**	**551**	**794**	**2,895**	**6,995**	**32,555**	**26,288**	**12,672**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,783.0	242.1	1,540.9	11.9	17.1	62.4	150.7	701.5	566.4	273.0

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
HAWAII											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	646,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,224	560	20,664	23	82	272	183	9,417	7,127	4,120
Other cities	62,000										
Area actually reporting	61.0%	615	37	578	----	4	6	27	332	198	48
Estimated total	100.0%	1,008	61	947	----	7	10	44	544	324	79
Rural	86,000										
Area actually reporting	72.9%	629	46	583	3	6	----	37	291	251	41
Estimated total	100.0%	862	63	799	4	8	----	51	399	344	56
State total	**794,000**	**23,094**	**684**	**22,410**	**27**	**97**	**282**	**278**	**10,360**	**7,795**	**4,235**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	----	2,908.6	86.1	2,822.4	3.4	12.2	35.5	35.0	1,304.8	981.7	535.9
IDAHO											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	102,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,282	172	2,110	2	15	25	130	930	980	191
Other cities	308,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,551	411	5,140	4	28	59	320	1,023	2,641	876
Rural	308,000										
Area actually reporting	83.4%	2,537	186	2,351	7	24	30	125	1,146	1,057	148
Estimated total	100.0%	3,041	223	2,818	8	29	36	150	1,374	1,267	177
State total	**718,000**	**10,874**	**806**	**10,068**	**14**	**72**	**120**	**600**	**4,236**	**4,888**	**944**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	----	1,514.5	112.3	1,402.2	1.9	10.0	16.7	83.6	590.0	680.8	131.5
ILLINOIS											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	8,825,000										
Area actually reporting	98.7%	220,362	47,037	173,325	895	1,962	25,362	18,818	70,791	52,889	49,945
Estimated total	100.0%	225,196	47,584	177,612	906	1,907	25,545	19,136	72,554	54,368	50,690
Other cities	980,000										
Area actually reporting	80.5%	9,870	925	8,945	16	45	379	485	4,008	3,904	963
Estimated total	100.0%	12,257	1,149	11,108	20	56	471	602	5,089	4,848	1,171
Rural	1,241,000										
Area actually reporting	63.7%	5,539	515	5,024	15	38	87	375	2,521	2,150	353
Estimated total	100.0%	8,701	810	7,891	24	60	137	589	3,959	3,377	555
State total	**11,047,000**	**246,154**	**49,543**	**196,611**	**950**	**2,113**	**26,153**	**20,327**	**81,602**	**63,593**	**52,416**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	----	2,228.2	448.5	1,779.8	8.6	19.1	236.7	184.0	738.7	566.6	474.5
INDIANA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,151,000										
Area actually reporting	96.9%	76,691	8,034	68,657	201	630	4,229	2,965	29,433	22,483	16,741
Estimated total	100.0%	78,389	8,153	70,236	203	647	4,278	3,025	30,061	23,150	17,025
Other cities	816,000										
Area actually reporting	88.1%	11,628	918	10,710	20	51	258	589	4,196	5,063	1,451
Estimated total	100.0%	13,203	1,043	12,160	23	58	293	669	4,764	5,749	1,647
Rural	1,151,000										
Area actually reporting	96.0%	7,346	534	6,812	25	72	92	345	3,947	2,332	533
Estimated total	100.0%	7,649	556	7,093	26	75	96	359	4,110	2,428	555
State total	**5,118,000**	**99,241**	**9,752**	**89,489**	**252**	**780**	**4,667**	**4,053**	**38,935**	**31,327**	**19,227**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	----	1,939.1	190.5	1,748.5	4.9	15.2	91.2	79.2	760.7	612.1	375.7
IOWA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	958,000										
Area actually reporting	98.6%	18,309	1,144	17,165	23	113	483	525	6,250	7,464	3,451
Estimated total	100.0%	18,547	1,154	17,393	23	113	486	532	6,323	7,562	3,488
Other cities	772,000										
Area actually reporting	80.6%	9,064	465	8,619	7	29	90	339	3,492	4,116	1,011
Estimated total	100.0%	10,137	518	9,619	8	32	100	378	3,897	4,594	1,128
Rural	1,051,000										
Area actually reporting	83.0%	5,524	204	5,320	7	27	30	140	2,808	2,246	266
Estimated total	100.0%	6,656	246	6,410	8	33	36	169	3,383	2,706	321
State total	**2,781,000**	**35,340**	**1,918**	**33,422**	**39**	**178**	**622**	**1,079**	**13,603**	**14,882**	**4,937**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	----	1,270.8	69.0	1,201.8	1.4	6.4	22.4	38.8	489.1	535.1	177.5

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
KANSAS											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	982,000										
Area actually reporting	99.6%	25,827	2,732	23,095	58	218	983	1,473	10,423	8,682	3,990
Estimated total	100.0%	25,920	2,742	23,178	58	219	987	1,478	10,464	8,705	4,009
Other cities	635,000										
Area actually reporting	98.5%	9,995	720	9,275	13	65	197	445	3,445	4,887	943
Estimated total	100.0%	10,146	731	9,415	13	66	200	452	3,497	4,961	957
Rural	704,000										
Area actually reporting	94.2%	4,604	376	4,228	9	61	79	227	2,006	1,916	306
Estimated total	100.0%	4,890	400	4,490	10	65	84	241	2,130	2,035	325
State total	**2,321,000**	**40,956**	**3,873**	**37,083**	**81**	**350**	**1,271**	**2,171**	**16,091**	**15,701**	**5,291**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,764.6	166.9	1,597.7	3.5	15.1	54.8	93.5	693.3	676.5	228.0
KENTUCKY											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,197,000										
Area actually reporting	96.5%	38,789	3,772	35,017	126	256	1,902	1,488	12,205	13,850	8,962
Estimated total	100.0%	39,667	3,841	35,826	128	258	1,926	1,529	12,566	14,138	9,122
Other cities	556,000										
Area actually reporting	75.4%	6,044	759	5,285	35	22	115	587	2,203	2,387	695
Estimated total	100.0%	8,013	1,005	7,008	46	29	152	778	2,921	3,165	922
Rural	1,479,000										
Area actually reporting	93.8%	5,689	843	4,846	152	78	148	465	2,731	1,050	1,065
Estimated total	100.0%	6,065	899	5,166	162	83	158	496	2,912	1,119	1,135
State total	**3,232,000**	**53,745**	**5,745**	**48,000**	**336**	**370**	**2,236**	**2,803**	**18,399**	**18,422**	**11,179**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,662.9	177.8	1,485.1	10.4	11.4	69.2	86.7	569.3	570.0	345.9
LOUISIANA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,014,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	60,171	10,207	49,964	229	634	3,495	5,849	21,236	17,650	11,078
Other cities	498,000										
Area actually reporting	79.9%	4,990	948	4,042	18	41	141	748	2,015	1,545	482
Estimated total	100.0%	6,245	1,186	5,059	23	51	176	936	2,522	1,934	603
Rural	1,233,000										
Area actually reporting	62.3%	4,444	1,309	3,135	65	90	107	1,047	1,406	1,443	286
Estimated total	100.0%	7,128	2,099	5,029	104	144	172	1,679	2,255	2,315	459
State total	**3,745,000**	**73,544**	**13,492**	**60,052**	**356**	**829**	**3,843**	**8,464**	**26,013**	**21,899**	**12,140**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,963.8	360.3	1,603.5	9.5	22.1	102.6	226.0	694.6	584.8	324.2
MAINE											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	276,000										
Area actually reporting	94.2%	3,672	220	3,452	5	14	66	135	1,704	1,191	557
Estimated total	100.0%	3,841	229	3,612	5	14	67	143	1,786	1,250	576
Other cities	449,000										
Area actually reporting	82.8%	3,053	168	2,885	4	15	25	124	1,358	1,057	470
Estimated total	100.0%	3,688	203	3,485	5	18	30	150	1,640	1,277	568
Rural	253,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,600	249	2,351	6	26	14	203	1,569	581	201
State total	**978,000**	**10,129**	**681**	**9,448**	**16**	**58**	**111**	**496**	**4,995**	**3,108**	**1,345**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,035.7	69.6	966.1	1.6	5.9	11.3	50.7	510.7	317.8	137.5
MARYLAND											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,157,000										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	117,376	23,586	93,790	314	1,008	10,903	11,301	39,339	32,847	21,604
Estimated total	100.0%	117,412	23,586	93,826	314	1,008	10,903	11,301	39,356	32,860	21,610
Other cities	157,000										
Area actually reporting	94.8%	2,303	399	1,904	8	18	97	276	887	740	277
Estimated total	100.0%	2,427	420	2,007	8	19	102	291	935	780	292
Rural	451,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,713	289	3,424	28	38	81	142	1,679	1,336	409
State total	**3,765,000**	**123,552**	**24,295**	**99,257**	**350**	**1,125**	**11,086**	**11,734**	**41,970**	**34,976**	**22,311**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,281.6	645.3	2,636.3	9.3	29.9	294.4	311.7	1,114.7	929.0	592.6

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
MASSACHUSETTS											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,328,000										
Area actually reporting	93.8%	140,088	9,800	130,279	176	550	4,827	4,247	82,005	33,305	44,969
Estimated total	100.0%	146,730	10,116	136,614	181	579	4,926	4,430	54,835	35,184	46,596
Other cities	116,000										
Area actually reporting	92.9%	2,642	112	2,530	2	9	22	79	1,397	834	299
Estimated total	100.0%	2,845	121	2,724	2	10	24	85	1,504	898	322
Rural	23,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	232	35	197	8	3	5	19	111	53	33
State total	**5,467,000**	**149,807**	**10,272**	**139,535**	**191**	**592**	**4,955**	**4,534**	**56,450**	**36,135**	**46,950**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,740.2	187.9	2,552.3	3.5	10.8	90.6	82.9	1,032.6	661.0	858.8
MICHIGAN											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	6,783,000										
Area actually reporting	99.7%	246,666	39,739	206,927	664	2,052	22,799	14,224	93,400	72,974	40,553
Estimated total	100.0%	247,277	39,804	207,473	664	2,056	22,823	14,261	93,609	73,220	40,644
Other cities	793,000										
Area actually reporting	94.3%	11,805	1,240	10,565	24	91	336	789	5,129	4,132	1,304
Estimated total	100.0%	12,520	1,315	11,205	25	97	356	837	5,440	4,382	1,383
Rural	1,190,000										
Area actually reporting	98.1%	19,702	1,645	18,057	39	241	179	1,186	10,395	6,259	1,403
Estimated total	100.0%	20,086	1,677	18,409	40	246	182	1,209	10,598	6,381	1,430
State total	**8,766,000**	**279,883**	**42,796**	**237,087**	**729**	**2,399**	**23,361**	**16,307**	**109,647**	**83,963**	**43,457**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,192.8	488.2	2,704.6	8.3	27.4	266.5	186.0	1,250.8	958.1	495.7
MINNESOTA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,015,000										
Area actually reporting	99.8%	60,540	4,792	55,748	56	365	2,921	1,450	22,895	20,212	12,641
Estimated total	100.0%	60,596	4,794	55,802	56	365	2,922	1,451	22,913	20,240	12,649
Other cities	623,000										
Area actually reporting	95.6%	7,160	213	6,947	1	18	61	133	2,580	3,388	979
Estimated total	100.0%	7,488	223	7,265	1	19	64	139	2,698	3,543	1,024
Rural	1,062,000										
Area actually reporting	96.5%	6,524	229	6,295	12	39	29	149	3,113	2,654	528
Estimated total	100.0%	6,758	236	6,522	12	40	30	154	3,225	2,750	547
State total	**3,700,000**	**74,842**	**5,253**	**69,589**	**69**	**424**	**3,016**	**1,744**	**28,836**	**26,533**	**14,220**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,022.8	142.0	1,880.8	1.9	11.5	81.5	47.1	779.4	717.1	384.3
MISSISSIPPI											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	403,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,896	483	4,413	43	32	101	307	2,084	1,676	653
Other cities	712,000										
Area actually reporting	81.5%	6,790	1,253	5,537	42	66	127	1,018	2,963	2,005	569
Estimated total	100.0%	8,335	1,538	6,797	51	81	156	1,250	3,637	2,461	699
Rural	1,246,000										
Area actually reporting	29.5%	1,251	393	858	29	30	26	308	518	231	109
Estimated total	100.0%	4,245	1,333	2,912	98	102	88	1,045	1,758	784	370
State total	**2,360,000**	**17,476**	**3,354**	**14,122**	**192**	**215**	**345**	**2,682**	**7,479**	**4,921**	**1,722**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		740.5	142.1	598.4	8.1	9.1	14.6	110.3	316.9	208.5	73.0
MISSOURI											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	3,016,000										
Area actually reporting	98.1%	108,844	16,474	92,370	415	1,161	8,172	6,726	43,991	22,800	25,579
Estimated total	100.0%	109,823	16,544	93,279	417	1,168	8,190	6,769	44,410	23,147	25,722
Other cities	587,000										
Area actually reporting	84.6%	6,749	520	6,229	18	29	147	326	2,677	2,915	637
Estimated total	100.0%	7,977	614	7,363	21	34	174	385	3,164	3,446	753
Rural	1,048,000										
Area actually reporting	61.4%	5,709	677	5,032	29	42	73	533	2,740	2,028	264
Estimated total	100.0%	9,298	1,102	8,196	47	68	119	868	4,463	3,303	430
State total	**4,651,000**	**127,098**	**18,260**	**108,838**	**485**	**1,270**	**8,483**	**8,022**	**52,037**	**29,896**	**26,905**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,732.7	392.6	2,340.1	10.4	27.3	182.4	172.5	1,118.8	642.8	578.5

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
MONTANA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	166,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,966	257	3,709	4	29	78	146	1,516	1,572	621
Other cities	239,000										
Area actually reporting	92.5%	3,117	106	3,011	3	20	36	47	1,006	1,477	528
Estimated total	100.0%	3,369	115	3,254	3	22	39	51	1,087	1,596	571
Rural	289,000										
Area actually reporting	89.6%	2,682	277	2,405	16	23	33	205	1,161	970	274
Estimated total	100.0%	2,995	310	2,685	18	26	37	229	1,296	1,083	306
State total	**694,000**	**10,330**	**682**	**9,648**	**25**	**77**	**154**	**426**	**3,899**	**4,251**	**1,498**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,488.5	98.3	1,390.2	3.6	11.1	22.2	61.4	561.8	612.5	215.9
NEBRASKA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	620,000										
Area actually reporting	99.8%	14,707	2,013	12,694	35	78	710	1,190	4,665	4,408	3,621
Estimated total	100.0%	14,724	2,013	12,711	35	78	710	1,190	4,673	4,415	3,623
Other cities	325,000										
Area actually reporting	91.6%	2,908	135	2,773	----------	7	24	104	1,002	1,428	283
Estimated total	100.0%	3,175	148	3,027	----------	8	26	114	1,150	1,580	309
Rural	504,000										
Area actually reporting	72.9%	1,903	103	1,800	1	9	11	82	839	823	138
Estimated total	100.0%	2,623	141	2,482	1	12	15	113	1,157	1,135	190
State total	**1,449,000**	**20,522**	**2,302**	**18,220**	**36**	**96**	**751**	**1,417**	**6,980**	**7,169**	**4,122**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,416.3	158.9	1,257.4	2.5	6.6	51.8	97.8	482.3	490.6	284.5
NEVADA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	405,000										
Area actually reporting	94.2%	13,338	1,338	12,000	32	81	709	516	5,265	4,560	2,175
Estimated total	100.0%	14,619	1,451	13,168	34	88	763	566	5,737	5,047	2,384
Other cities	28,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	674	58	616	5	2	8	43	220	319	77
Rural	25,000										
Area actually reporting	83.7%	777	111	666	2	3	8	98	241	342	83
Estimated total	100.0%	928	133	795	2	4	10	117	288	408	99
State total	**457,000**	**16,221**	**1,642**	**14,579**	**41**	**94**	**781**	**726**	**6,245**	**5,774**	**2,589**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,549.5	359.3	3,190.2	9.0	20.6	170.9	158.9	1,366.5	1,263.5	560.2
NEW HAMPSHIRE											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	217,000										
Area actually reporting	95.2%	2,076	95	1,981	1	10	32	52	995	564	422
Estimated total	100.0%	2,171	100	2,071	1	10	33	56	1,036	590	445
Other cities	319,000										
Area actually reporting	80.3%	2,973	126	2,847	3	6	25	92	1,248	1,237	362
Estimated total	100.0%	3,704	157	3,547	4	7	31	115	1,555	1,541	451
Rural	182,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,161	68	1,093	13	12	11	32	731	231	131
State total	**717,000**	**7,036**	**325**	**6,711**	**18**	**29**	**75**	**203**	**3,322**	**2,362**	**1,027**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		981.3	45.3	936.0	2.5	4.0	10.5	28.3	463.3	329.4	143.2
NEW JERSEY											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	5,586,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	143,592	15,105	128,487	325	751	8,643	5,386	54,787	40,903	32,797
Other cities	1,422,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	29,383	1,967	27,416	34	140	953	840	11,724	11,514	4,178
Rural	139,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,747	154	2,593	10	23	61	60	1,612	714	267
State total	**7,148,000**	**175,722**	**17,226**	**158,496**	**369**	**914**	**9,657**	**6,286**	**68,123**	**53,131**	**37,242**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,458.3	241.0	2,217.3	5.2	12.8	135.1	87.9	953.0	743.3	521.0

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
NEW MEXICO											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	316,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,838	1,606	14,232	16	126	449	1,015	6,878	5,169	2,183
Other cities	477,000										
Area actually reporting	98.9%	9,792	797	8,995	26	50	141	571	3,918	4,174	903
Estimated total	100.0%	9,902	806	9,096	26	60	143	577	3,962	4,221	913
Rural	201,000										
Area actually reporting	98.0%	2,764	353	2,411	19	55	40	239	815	706	890
Estimated total	100.0%	2,822	360	2,462	19	56	41	244	832	721	909
State total	**994,000**	**28,562**	**2,772**	**25,790**	**61**	**242**	**633**	**1,836**	**11,672**	**10,111**	**4,007**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,873.4	278.9	2,594.6	6.1	24.3	63.7	184.7	1,174.2	1,017.2	403.1
NEW YORK											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	15,880,000										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	623,730	102,208	521,522	1,260	2,690	63,870	34,388	223,677	186,947	110,898
Estimated total	100.0%	625,331	102,325	523,006	1,262	2,695	63,921	34,447	224,229	187,619	111,158
Other cities	989,000										
Area actually reporting	94.8%	12,162	1,184	10,978	20	47	286	831	5,104	4,531	1,343
Estimated total	100.0%	12,823	1,249	11,574	21	50	302	876	5,381	4,777	1,416
Rural	1,453,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,251	824	14,427	37	104	126	557	9,380	3,673	1,374
State total	**18,321,000**	**653,405**	**104,398**	**549,007**	**1,320**	**2,849**	**64,349**	**35,880**	**238,990**	**196,069**	**113,948**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,566.4	569.8	2,996.6	7.2	15.6	351.2	195.8	1,304.5	1,070.2	622.0
NORTH CAROLINA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,890,000										
Area actually reporting	94.3%	43,065	8,411	34,654	250	253	1,419	6,489	16,146	14,259	4,249
Estimated total	100.0%	44,661	8,677	35,984	261	264	1,456	6,696	16,812	14,784	4,388
Other cities	959,000										
Area actually reporting	83.6%	14,176	2,996	11,180	103	85	270	2,538	4,585	5,016	1,579
Estimated total	100.0%	16,966	3,586	13,380	123	102	323	3,038	5,487	6,003	1,890
Rural	2,356,000										
Area actually reporting	52.4%	9,743	2,879	6,864	90	124	174	2,491	3,737	2,342	785
Estimated total	100.0%	18,589	5,492	13,097	172	236	332	4,752	7,130	4,469	1,498
State total	**5,205,000**	**80,216**	**17,755**	**62,461**	**556**	**602**	**2,111**	**14,486**	**29,429**	**25,256**	**7,776**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,541.1	341.1	1,200.0	10.7	11.6	40.6	278.3	565.4	485.2	149.4
NORTH DAKOTA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	68,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	858	42	816	----------	5	13	24	263	425	128
Other cities	209,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,432	61	2,371	----------	10	17	34	596	1,425	350
Rural	338,000										
Area actually reporting	87.1%	1,143	102	1,041	1	9	12	80	587	361	93
Estimated total	100.0%	1,312	117	1,195	1	10	14	92	674	414	107
State total	**615,000**	**4,602**	**220**	**4,382**	**1**	**25**	**44**	**150**	**1,533**	**2,264**	**585**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		748.3	35.8	712.5	0.2	4.1	7.2	24.4	249.3	368.1	95.1
OHIO											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	8,314,000										
Area actually reporting	95.9%	195,054	24,373	170,681	635	1,464	13,194	9,080	66,347	55,620	48,714
Estimated total	100.0%	199,127	24,712	174,415	641	1,490	13,297	9,284	67,942	57,095	49,378
Other cities	1,072,000										
Area actually reporting	85.9%	12,013	990	11,023	20	67	212	691	5,269	4,237	1,517
Estimated total	100.0%	13,978	1,152	12,826	23	78	247	804	6,131	4,930	1,765
Rural	1,353,000										
Area actually reporting	76.8%	7,771	602	7,169	16	59	46	481	4,160	2,523	486
Estimated total	100.0%	10,118	784	9,334	21	77	60	626	5,416	3,285	633
State total	**10,740,000**	**223,223**	**26,648**	**196,575**	**685**	**1,645**	**13,604**	**10,714**	**79,489**	**65,310**	**51,776**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,078.4	248.1	1,830.3	6.4	15.3	126.7	99.8	740.1	608.1	482.1

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
OKLAHOMA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,256,000										
Area actually reporting	99.2%	30,368	3,429	26,939	85	249	1,080	2,015	12,519	9,384	5,036
Estimated total	100.0%	30,513	3,439	27,074	85	249	1,082	2,023	12,568	9,454	5,052
Other cities	622,000										
Area actually reporting	84.8%	6,581	500	6,081	20	33	79	368	2,452	2,934	695
Estimated total	100.0%	7,759	590	7,169	24	39	93	434	2,926	3,459	784
Rural	690,000										
Area actually reporting	74.2%	3,523	462	3,061	29	58	54	321	1,605	1,188	268
Estimated total	100.0%	4,748	623	4,125	39	78	73	433	2,163	1,601	361
State total	**2,568,000**	**43,020**	**4,652**	**38,368**	**148**	**366**	**1,248**	**2,890**	**17,657**	**14,514**	**6,197**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,675.2	181.2	1,494.1	5.8	14.3	48.6	112.5	687.6	565.2	241.3
OREGON											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,234,000										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	41,915	3,585	38,330	53	280	1,640	1,612	17,756	15,215	5,359
Estimated total	100.0%	41,918	3,585	38,333	53	280	1,640	1,612	17,757	15,216	5,360
Other cities	365,000										
Area actually reporting	99.3%	6,800	450	6,350	9	37	69	335	2,805	2,870	675
Estimated total	100.0%	6,846	452	6,394	9	37	69	337	2,824	2,890	680
Rural	433,000										
Area actually reporting	97.2%	4,987	476	4,491	18	52	50	356	2,207	1,865	419
Estimated total	100.0%	5,113	490	4,623	19	54	51	366	2,272	1,920	431
State total	**2,032,000**	**53,877**	**4,527**	**49,350**	**81**	**371**	**1,760**	**2,315**	**22,853**	**20,026**	**6,471**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,651.4	222.8	2,428.6	4.0	18.3	86.6	113.9	1,124.7	985.5	318.5
PENNSYLVANIA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	9,329,000										
Area actually reporting	92.6%	136,436	20,040	116,396	447	1,170	9,839	8,584	53,165	31,512	31,719
Estimated total	100.0%	144,817	20,716	124,101	456	1,215	10,084	8,961	56,559	34,214	33,328
Other cities	960,000										
Area actually reporting	85.6%	7,656	534	7,122	7	32	143	352	3,183	2,799	1,140
Estimated total	100.0%	8,942	623	8,319	8	37	167	411	3,718	3,269	1,332
Rural	1,514,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,536	704	10,832	18	103	180	403	7,289	2,765	778
State total	**11,803,000**	**165,295**	**22,043**	**143,252**	**482**	**1,355**	**10,431**	**9,775**	**67,546**	**40,248**	**35,428**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,400.4	186.8	1,213.7	4.1	11.5	88.4	82.8	572.4	341.0	300.2
RHODE ISLAND											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	755,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,918	1,355	20,563	24	29	625	677	7,452	5,959	7,152
Other cities	127,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,354	221	3,133	3	5	40	173	1,378	1,419	336
Rural	29,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	176	18	158	1	2	4	11	120	27	11
State total	**911,000**	**25,448**	**1,594**	**23,854**	**28**	**36**	**669**	**861**	**8,950**	**7,405**	**7,499**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,793.4	175.0	2,618.4	3.1	4.0	73.4	94.5	982.4	812.8	823.2
SOUTH CAROLINA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,036,000										
Area actually reporting	93.1%	25,035	2,956	22,079	127	172	932	1,725	10,295	7,587	4,197
Estimated total	100.0%	26,322	3,071	23,251	135	178	960	1,798	10,835	8,039	4,377
Other cities	515,000										
Area actually reporting	76.7%	7,265	1,004	6,261	66	53	134	751	2,979	2,495	787
Estimated total	100.0%	9,470	1,309	8,161	86	69	175	979	3,883	3,252	1,026
Rural	1,141,000										
Area actually reporting	54.8%	5,338	1,122	4,216	63	62	115	882	2,505	1,301	410
Estimated total	100.0%	9,749	2,049	7,700	115	113	210	1,611	4,575	2,376	749
State total	**2,692,000**	**45,541**	**6,429**	**39,112**	**336**	**360**	**1,345**	**4,388**	**19,293**	**13,667**	**6,152**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,691.7	238.8	1,452.9	12.5	13.4	50.0	163.0	716.7	507.7	228.5

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
SOUTH DAKOTA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	90,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,382	68	1,314	1	10	24	33	452	656	206
Other cities	222,000										
Area actually reporting	89.6%	2,575	127	2,448	2	14	33	78	1,061	1,114	273
Estimated total	100.0%	2,876	142	2,734	2	16	37	87	1,185	1,244	305
Rural	347,000										
Area actually reporting	59.4%	1,466	178	1,288	6	28	14	130	691	485	112
Estimated total	100.0%	2,470	300	2,170	10	47	24	219	1,164	817	189
State total	**659,000**	**6,728**	**510**	**6,218**	**13**	**73**	**85**	**339**	**2,801**	**2,719**	**698**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,020.9	77.4	943.6	2.0	11.1	12.9	51.4	425.0	412.6	105.9
TENNESSEE											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	1,952,000										
Area actually reporting	96.9%	51,119	6,118	45,001	245	315	2,650	2,908	22,542	13,178	9,281
Estimated total	100.0%	51,807	6,192	45,615	248	321	2,665	2,958	22,903	13,335	9,377
Other cities	623,000										
Area actually reporting	72.4%	4,899	639	4,260	28	34	113	464	2,030	1,545	685
Estimated total	100.0%	6,767	883	5,884	39	47	156	641	2,804	2,134	946
Rural	1,410,000										
Area actually reporting	21.1%	1,646	456	1,190	20	29	37	370	588	412	190
Estimated total	100.0%	7,797	2,160	5,637	95	137	175	1,753	2,785	1,952	900
State total	**3,985,000**	**66,371**	**9,235**	**57,136**	**382**	**505**	**2,996**	**5,352**	**28,492**	**17,421**	**11,223**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,665.5	231.7	1,433.8	9.6	12.7	75.2	134.3	715.0	437.2	281.6
TEXAS											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	8,138,000										
Area actually reporting	94.2%	233,691	30,756	202,935	975	1,734	12,072	15,975	103,108	60,591	39,236
Estimated total	100.0%	242,159	31,782	210,377	1,014	1,835	12,257	16,676	107,047	63,492	39,838
Other cities	1,441,000										
Area actually reporting	87.4%	16,101	1,631	14,470	80	90	272	1,189	7,013	6,298	1,159
Estimated total	100.0%	18,413	1,866	16,547	92	103	311	1,360	8,020	7,202	1,325
Rural	1,608,000										
Area actually reporting	60.0%	9,054	1,611	7,443	95	142	152	1,222	3,712	3,188	543
Estimated total	100.0%	15,093	2,686	12,407	158	237	254	2,037	6,188	5,314	905
State total	**11,187,000**	**275,665**	**36,334**	**239,331**	**1,264**	**2,175**	**12,822**	**20,073**	**121,255**	**76,008**	**42,068**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,464.2	324.8	2,139.4	11.3	19.4	114.6	179.4	1,083.9	679.4	376.0
UTAH											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	809,000										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	20,653	1,345	19,308	19	137	501	688	7,916	8,451	2,941
Estimated total	100.0%	20,738	1,351	19,387	19	138	502	692	7,948	8,487	2,952
Other cities	80,000										
Area actually reporting	91.7%	713	33	680	1	2	3	27	279	314	87
Estimated total	100.0%	776	35	741	1	2	3	29	304	342	95
Rural	157,000										
Area actually reporting	81.9%	1,021	61	960	5	6	6	44	503	405	52
Estimated total	100.0%	1,248	74	1,174	6	7	7	54	615	495	64
State total	**1,045,000**	**22,762**	**1,469**	**21,302**	**26**	**147**	**512**	**775**	**8,867**	**9,324**	**3,111**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,178.2	139.7	2,038.5	2.5	14.1	49.0	74.2	848.5	892.2	297.7
VERMONT											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	None										
Other cities	212,000										
Area actually reporting	80.8%	1,539	133	1,706		6	25	102	822	585	299
Estimated total	100.0%	2,276	164	2,112		7	31	126	1,018	724	370
Rural	227,000										
Area actually reporting	98.6%	2,203	70	2,133	11	33	10	16	1,502	417	124
Estimated total	100.0%	2,233	70	2,163	11	33	10	16	1,614	423	126
State total	**439,000**	**4,509**	**234**	**4,275**	**11**	**40**	**41**	**142**	**2,632**	**1,147**	**496**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,027.1	53.3	973.8	2.5	9.1	9.3	32.3	599.5	261.3	113.0

Table 4.—*Index of Crime by State, 1969*—Continued

Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
VIRGINIA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,718,000										
Area actually reporting	99.5%	67,947	8,180	59,767	185	531	3,218	4,246	26,176	22,700	10,891
Estimated total	100.0%	68,246	8,210	60,036	185	533	3,228	4,264	26,275	22,829	10,932
Other cities	505,000										
Area actually reporting	92.5%	6,794	1,082	5,712	26	55	232	769	2,695	2,265	752
Estimated total	100.0%	7,343	1,169	6,174	28	59	251	831	2,913	2,448	813
Rural	1,446,000										
Area actually reporting	99.7%	5,463	1,260	4,203	63	98	165	934	2,071	992	1,140
Estimated total	100.0%	5,481	1,264	4,217	63	98	166	937	2,078	995	1,144
State total	**4,669,000**	**81,070**	**10,643**	**70,427**	**276**	**690**	**3,645**	**6,032**	**31,266**	**26,272**	**12,889**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,736.3	228.0	1,508.4	5.9	14.8	78.1	129.2	669.7	562.7	276.1
WASHINGTON											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,194,000										
Area actually reporting	99.4%	78,555	6,758	71,797	100	543	3,505	2,610	34,239	26,424	11,134
Estimated total	100.0%	78,889	6,778	72,111	100	545	3,510	2,623	34,387	26,554	11,170
Other cities	532,000										
Area actually reporting	94.5%	11,756	781	10,975	6	58	220	497	4,433	5,440	1,102
Estimated total	100.0%	12,439	826	11,613	6	61	233	526	4,691	5,756	1,166
Rural	676,000										
Area actually reporting	91.9%	9,357	588	8,769	17	50	93	428	4,622	3,582	565
Estimated total	100.0%	10,179	639	9,540	18	54	101	466	5,028	3,897	615
State total	**3,402,000**	**101,507**	**8,243**	**93,264**	**124**	**660**	**3,844**	**3,615**	**44,106**	**36,207**	**12,951**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,983.7	242.3	2,741.4	3.6	19.4	113.0	106.3	1,296.5	1,064.3	380.7
WEST VIRGINIA											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	566,000										
Area actually reporting	94.4%	7,371	882	6,489	26	36	240	580	2,857	2,756	876
Estimated total	100.0%	7,619	901	6,718	26	36	241	598	2,961	2,853	904
Other cities	366,000										
Area actually reporting	65.0%	1,823	174	1,649	19	8	37	110	734	704	191
Estimated total	100.0%	2,802	267	2,535	29	12	57	169	1,159	1,082	294
Rural	888,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,489	598	2,891	47	45	49	457	1,750	785	356
State total	**1,819,000**	**13,910**	**1,766**	**12,144**	**102**	**93**	**347**	**1,224**	**5,870**	**4,720**	**1,554**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		764.7	97.1	667.6	5.6	5.1	19.1	67.3	322.7	259.5	85.4
WISCONSIN											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,132,000										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	39,851	2,639	37,212	62	181	1,052	1,344	12,408	17,088	7,716
Estimated total	100.0%	39,867	2,639	37,228	62	181	1,052	1,344	12,414	17,096	7,718
Other cities	1,005,000										
Area actually reporting	96.6%	9,371	304	9,067	10	25	90	179	3,697	4,323	1,047
Estimated total	100.0%	9,698	314	9,384	10	26	93	185	3,826	4,474	1,084
Rural	1,096,000										
Area actually reporting	85.8%	7,684	393	7,291	13	84	44	252	4,169	2,542	580
Estimated total	100.0%	8,959	458	8,501	15	98	51	294	4,861	2,964	676
State total	**4,233,000**	**58,524**	**3,411**	**55,113**	**87**	**305**	**1,196**	**1,823**	**21,101**	**24,534**	**9,478**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,382.6	80.6	1,302.0	2.1	7.2	28.3	43.1	498.5	579.6	223.9
WYOMING											
Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	None										
Other cities	214,000										
Area actually reporting	94.0%	3,198	131	3,067	12	18	37	64	1,304	1,400	363
Estimated total	100.0%	3,401	139	3,262	13	19	39	68	1,387	1,489	386
Rural	105,000										
Area actually reporting	96.7%	1,385	142	1,243	19	17	12	94	407	661	175
Estimated total	100.0%	1,433	147	1,286	20	18	12	97	421	684	181
State total	**329,000**	**4,834**	**286**	**4,548**	**33**	**37**	**51**	**165**	**1,808**	**2,173**	**567**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,510.6	89.4	1,421.3	10.3	11.6	15.9	51.6	565.0	679.1	177.2

For standard metropolitan statistical areas in this table the percentage actually reporting may not coincide with the ratio between reported and estimated crime totals since these data represent the sum of such calculations for individual areas varying in size, portions reporting and crime rates.

Population by area for each state is 1969 estimate; total population for each state is Bureau of the Census provisional estimate as of July 1, 1969, and subject to change.

Violent crime rate per 100,000 inhabitants for the offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Property crime rate per 100,000 inhabitants for the offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Abilene, Tex	**123,000**										
(Includes Taylor and Jones Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,804	137	1,667	10	7	32	88	827	696	144
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,469.3	111.6	1,357.7	8.1	5.7	26.1	71.7	673.5	566.9	117.3
Akron, Ohio	**685,000**										
(Includes Summit and Portage Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	81.4%	16,551	1,706	14,785	37	131	845	753	5,295	5,637	3,853
Estimated total	100.0%	17,814	1,883	15,931	39	144	878	822	5,867	6,083	3,981
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,602.3	275.1	2,327.3	5.7	21.0	128.3	120.1	857.1	888.6	581.6
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	**705,000**										
(Includes Albany, Rensselaer, Saratoga and Schenectady Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	9,820	723	9,097	13	48	274	388	4,314	2,390	2,393
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,387.7	102.2	1,285.5	1.8	6.8	38.7	54.8	609.6	337.7	338.2
Albuquerque, N. Mex	**316,000**										
(Includes Bernalillo County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,838	1,606	14,232	16	126	449	1,015	6,878	5,169	2,185
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		5,018.3	508.9	4,509.5	5.1	39.9	142.3	321.6	2,179.3	1,637.8	692.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	**532,000**										
(Includes Lehigh and Northampton Counties, Pa. and Warren County, N.J.)											
Area actually reporting	96.1%	6,042	497	5,545	13	36	109	339	2,481	2,327	737
Estimated total	100.0%	6,290	516	5,774	13	37	116	350	2,582	2,407	785
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,181.9	97.0	1,085.0	2.4	7.0	21.8	65.8	485.2	452.3	147.5
Altoona, Pa	**144,000**										
(Includes Blair County.)											
Area actually reporting	96.2%	835	64	771	----------	9	17	38	455	177	139
Estimated total	100.0%	901	69	832	----------	9	19	41	482	198	152
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		626.3	48.0	578.3	----------	6.3	13.2	28.5	335.0	137.6	105.7
Amarillo, Tex	**200,000**										
(Includes Potter and Randall Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,515	335	3,180	3	23	72	237	1,480	1,337	363
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,755.5	167.3	1,588.2	1.5	11.5	36.0	118.4	739.2	667.8	181.3
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	**1,311,000**										
(Includes Orange County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	43,803	2,771	41,032	33	270	1,136	1,332	19,179	17,617	4,236
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,341.2	211.4	3,129.8	2.5	20.6	86.7	101.6	1,462.9	1,343.8	323.1
Anderson, Ind	**139,000**										
(Includes Madison County.)											
Area actually reporting	87.1%	1,470	99	1,371	----------	8	39	52	784	364	223
Estimated total	100.0%	1,783	122	1,661	1	10	48	63	899	487	275
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,281.2	87.7	1,193.5	.7	7.2	34.5	45.3	646.0	349.9	197.6
Ann Arbor, Mich	**213,000**										
(Includes Washtenaw County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,503	574	6,929	11	53	231	279	3,102	2,607	1,220
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,516.8	269.0	3,247.7	5.2	24.8	108.3	130.8	1,453.9	1,221.9	571.8
Asheville, N.C	**148,000**										
(Includes Buncombe County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,412	180	2,232	13	9	67	91	796	924	512
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,625.3	121.3	1,504.0	8.8	6.1	45.1	61.3	536.4	622.6	345.0
Atlanta, Ga	**1,331,000**										
(Includes Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Fulton and Gwinnett Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	96.6%	36,427	3,839	32,588	217	322	1,400	1,900	14,501	11,685	6,402
Estimated total	100.0%	37,331	3,917	33,414	219	330	1,416	1,952	14,797	12,041	6,576
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,805.2	294.3	2,510.9	16.5	24.8	106.4	146.7	1,111.9	904.8	494.1
Atlantic City, N.J	**185,000**										
(Includes Atlantic County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,626	408	7,218	16	34	208	150	2,950	2,803	1,465
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,116.6	220.2	3,896.4	8.6	18.4	112.3	81.0	1,592.5	1,513.1	790.8
Augusta, Ga.-S.C.	**274,000**										
(Includes Richmond County, Ga. and Aiken County, S.C.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,396	746	3,650	48	46	204	448	1,582	1,107	661
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,607.1	272.7	1,334.4	17.5	16.8	74.6	163.8	688.0	404.7	241.6
Austin, Tex	**271,000**										
(Includes Travis County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,667	1,286	6,381	30	64	254	938	3,687	1,634	1,060
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,830.0	474.7	2,355.3	11.1	23.6	93.8	346.2	1,360.9	603.1	391.3

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Bakersfield, Calif.	333,000										
(Includes Kern County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	10,996	877	10,119	29	69	293	486	4,291	4,642	1,186
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,308.1	263.7	3,042.4	8.7	20.7	88.1	146.1	1,290.1	1,395.7	356.6
Baltimore, Md.	2,911,000										
(Includes Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Howard and Harford Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	85,579	20,558	65,021	270	837	9,401	10,050	27,097	22,037	15,287
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,256.3	1,022.5	3,233.9	13.4	41.6	467.6	499.8	1,347.7	1,125.9	760.3
Baton Rouge, La.	269,000										
(Includes East Baton Rouge Parish.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,412	1,612	9,800	36	122	321	1,133	5,251	2,980	1,569
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,239.4	598.8	3,640.6	13.4	45.3	119.2	420.9	1,950.7	1,107.0	582.9
Bay City, Mich.	115,000										
(Includes Bay County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,073	259	1,814	2	19	121	117	770	826	218
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,800.6	225.0	1,575.6	1.7	16.5	105.1	101.6	668.8	717.4	189.4
Beaumont-Port Arthur, Tex.	316,000										
(Includes Jefferson and Orange Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	85.3%	5,869	1,040	4,829	16	24	242	758	2,963	1,286	580
Estimated total	100.0%	6,699	1,141	5,558	20	34	260	827	3,342	1,568	648
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,117.3	360.6	1,756.6	6.3	10.7	82.2	261.4	1,056.3	495.6	204.8
Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	140,000										
(Includes Harrison County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,642	200	1,442	9	13	29	149	733	531	178
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,171.3	142.7	1,028.7	6.4	9.3	20.7	106.3	522.9	378.8	127.0
Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	304,000										
(Includes Broome and Tioga Counties, N.Y. and Susquehanna County, Pa.)											
Area actually reporting	99.1%	3,203	164	3,039	6	23	63	72	1,719	1,025	295
Estimated total	100.0%	3,234	166	3,068	6	23	64	73	1,752	1,035	301
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,062.6	54.5	1,008.1	2.0	7.6	21.0	24.0	560.1	340.1	98.9
Birmingham, Ala.	768,000										
(Includes Jefferson, Shelby and Walker Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.7%	17,279	2,775	14,504	129	150	463	2,033	6,040	5,980	2,475
Estimated total	100.0%	17,547	2,808	14,739	130	152	470	2,056	6,153	6,086	2,500
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,284.5	365.6	1,918.9	16.9	19.8	61.2	267.7	801.1	792.3	325.5
Boise, Idaho	102,000										
(Includes Ada County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,282	172	2,110	2	15	25	130	939	980	191
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,229.0	168.0	2,061.0	2.0	14.7	24.4	127.0	917.2	957.3	186.6
Boston-Lowell-Lawrence, Mass.	3,253,000										
(Includes Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk and Suffolk Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	94.1%	88,368	7,284	81,084	134	422	3,917	2,811	30,320	20,675	30,089
Estimated total	100.0%	92,222	7,462	84,760	137	434	3,974	2,917	31,962	21,765	31,033
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,834.6	229.4	2,605.2	4.2	13.3	122.1	89.7	982.4	669.0	953.8
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Conn.	707,000										
(Includes Fairfield County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	20,947	1,290	19,657	23	54	649	564	8,387	7,773	3,827
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,629.5	161.9	2,467.6	2.9	6.8	81.5	70.8	1,049.1	975.5	442.8
Brockton, Mass.	314,000										
(Includes Plymouth County.)											
Area actually reporting	89.8%	7,050	456	6,594	7	30	80	330	3,827	1,900	1,167
Estimated total	100.0%	7,781	490	7,291	8	41	91	350	3,838	2,107	1,346
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,480.4	156.2	2,324.2	2.6	13.1	29.0	111.6	1,223.5	671.7	429.1
Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	152,000										
(Includes Cameron County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,587	209	2,378	3	11	10	185	1,199	796	383
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,702.0	137.5	1,564.5	2.0	7.2	6.6	121.7	782.2	523.7	258.6
Buffalo, N.Y.	1,330,000										
(Includes Erie and Niagara Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	28,881	3,036	25,845	59	187	1,457	1,333	10,534	9,643	5,668
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,171.3	228.2	1,943.1	4.4	14.1	109.5	100.2	792.0	725.0	426.1

397-633 O - 70 - 6

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Canton, Ohio	**367,000**										
(Includes Stark County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,481	564	5,917	11	45	317	191	2,037	2,947	933
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,763.6	153.5	1,610.1	3.0	12.2	86.3	52.0	554.3	801.9	253.9
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	**147,000**										
(Includes Linn County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,106	130	1,976	3	14	52	61	665	799	512
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,430.2	88.3	1,341.9	2.0	9.5	35.3	41.4	451.6	542.6	347.7
Champaign-Urbana, Ill.	**151,000**										
(Includes Champaign County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,812	413	2,399	3	16	128	266	1,196	923	280
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,865.6	274.0	1,591.6	2.0	10.6	84.9	176.5	793.5	612.4	185.8
Charleston, S.C.	**321,000**										
(Includes Charleston and Berkeley Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,977	904	6,983	45	70	327	552	3,439	2,165	1,379
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,481.7	309.2	2,172.5	14.0	21.8	101.7	171.7	1,069.9	673.5	429.0
Charleston, W. Va.	**244,000**										
(Includes Kanawha County.)											
Area actually reporting	92.2%	3,349	351	2,998	13	12	115	211	1,341	1,296	361
Estimated total	100.0%	3,498	363	3,135	13	12	116	222	1,403	1,354	378
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,433.5	148.8	1,284.7	5.3	4.9	47.5	91.0	574.9	554.9	154.9
Charlotte, N.C.	**463,000**										
(Includes Mecklenburg and Union Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	13,888	2,999	10,889	75	81	477	2,366	5,687	3,936	1,266
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,447.1	744.4	2,702.7	18.6	20.1	118.4	587.3	1,411.5	976.9	314.2
Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.	**315,000**										
(Includes Hamilton County, Tenn. and Walker County, Ga.)											
Area actually reporting	86.3%	7,536	745	6,791	39	35	450	221	3,699	985	2,137
Estimated total	100.0%	8,327	810	7,517	42	43	468	257	4,025	1,250	2,242
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,643.0	257.1	2,385.9	13.3	13.6	148.5	81.6	1,277.6	396.8	711.6
Chicago, Ill.	**6,912,000**										
(Includes Cook, Du Page, Kane, Lake, McHenry and Will Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	96.9%	181,664	42,353	139,311	797	1,683	23,307	16,476	54,506	40,797	44,008
Estimated total	100.0%	185,277	42,760	142,517	805	1,710	23,532	16,713	55,835	42,124	44,558
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,680.4	618.6	2,061.8	11.6	24.7	340.4	241.8	807.8	609.4	644.6
Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	**1,402,000**										
(Includes Hamilton, Clermont and Warren Counties, Ohio and Campbell, Kenton and Boone Counties, Ky. and Dearborn County, Ind.)											
Area actually reporting	95.9%	24,008	2,720	21,288	101	240	1,186	1,223	9,622	8,244	3,422
Estimated total	100.0%	24,958	2,794	22,164	103	243	1,181	1,267	9,980	8,579	3,605
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,780.4	199.3	1,581.1	7.3	17.3	84.2	90.4	712.0	612.0	257.2
Cleveland, Ohio	**2,095,000**										
(Includes Cuyahoga, Lake, Geauga and Medina Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	96.8%	65,293	9,407	55,886	288	370	6,047	2,702	17,181	11,780	26,925
Estimated total	100.0%	66,237	9,481	56,756	290	374	6,070	2,747	17,510	12,127	27,119
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,162.2	452.6	2,709.5	13.8	17.9	289.8	131.1	835.9	578.9	1,294.7
Colorado Springs, Colo.	**220,000**										
(Includes El Paso County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,695	502	5,193	12	51	231	208	2,202	2,348	643
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,589.7	228.3	2,361.4	5.5	23.2	105.0	94.6	1,001.3	1,067.7	292.4
Columbia, S.C.	**327,000**										
(Includes Lexington and Richland Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	95.7%	9,208	1,203	8,005	44	58	335	766	3,999	2,361	1,645
Estimated total	100.0%	9,440	1,215	8,225	46	58	339	772	4,100	2,457	1,668
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,883.5	371.1	2,512.4	14.1	17.7	103.5	235.8	1,252.4	750.5	509.5
Columbus, Ga.-Ala.	**263,000**										
(Includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Ga. and Russell County, Ala.)											
Area actually reporting	87.4%	3,146	313	2,833	27	17	117	152	1,218	1,011	604
Estimated total	100.0%	3,604	365	3,239	31	23	128	183	1,419	1,164	656
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,368.2	138.6	1,229.7	11.8	8.7	48.6	69.5	538.7	441.9	249.0

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Columbus, Ohio	**893,000**										
(Includes Franklin, Delaware and Pickaway Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.6%	27,076	2,780	24,296	53	315	1,477	935	10,449	8,971	4,876
Estimated total	100.0%	27,121	2,783	24,338	53	315	1,478	937	10,465	8,988	4,885
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,036.9	311.6	2,725.2	5.9	35.3	165.5	104.9	1,171.8	1,006.4	547.0
Corpus Christi, Tex	**301,000**										
(Includes Nueces and San Patricio Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.8%	9,246	1,096	8,150	19	47	192	838	3,099	3,388	1,063
Estimated total	100.0%	9,259	1,097	8,162	19	47	192	839	3,704	3,394	1,064
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,077.1	364.6	2,712.5	6.3	15.6	63.8	278.8	1,231.0	1,127.9	353.6
Dallas, Tex	**1,568,000**										
(Includes Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Kaufman and Rockwall Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	95.3%	54,540	7,814	46,726	266	490	2,740	4,309	24,536	13,187	9,003
Estimated total	100.0%	55,802	7,981	47,821	273	516	2,769	4,423	25,156	13,387	9,078
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,700.9	529.3	3,171.6	18.1	34.2	183.6	293.3	1,668.4	901.1	602.1
Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.	**349,000**										
(Includes Scott County, Iowa and Rock Island and Henry Counties, Ill.)											
Area actually reporting	96.0%	6,142	489	5,653	7	46	202	234	2,626	2,139	888
Estimated total	100.0%	6,380	499	5,881	7	46	205	241	2,699	2,257	925
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,877.2	146.8	1,730.4	2.1	13.5	60.3	70.9	794.1	664.1	272.2
Dayton, Ohio	**839,000**										
(Includes Greene, Miami, Montgomery and Preble Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.1%	19,908	2,496	17,472	71	129	1,204	1,092	8,089	6,098	3,285
Estimated total	100.0%	20,076	2,504	17,572	71	129	1,207	1,097	8,127	6,138	3,307
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,392.1	298.4	2,093.7	8.5	15.4	143.8	130.7	968.4	731.4	394.0
Decatur, Ill	**127,000**										
(Includes Macon County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,470	336	2,134	7	13	102	214	1,070	732	332
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,949.3	265.2	1,684.1	5.5	10.3	80.5	168.9	844.4	577.7	262.0
Denver, Colo	**1,132,000**										
(Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Boulder, Denver and Jefferson Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	93.5%	44,833	4,616	40,217	78	468	1,952	2,118	17,123	14,490	8,604
Estimated total	100.0%	46,351	4,676	41,675	78	470	1,963	2,165	17,364	15,478	8,833
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,095.3	413.1	3,682.1	6.9	41.5	173.4	191.3	1,524.2	1,367.5	780.4
Des Moines, Iowa	**276,000**										
(Includes Polk County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,657	426	6,231	10	38	255	123	2,133	3,002	1,096
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,414.7	154.5	2,260.2	3.6	13.8	92.5	44.6	773.7	1,088.9	397.6
Detroit, Mich	**4,223,000**										
(Includes Macomb, Oakland and Wayne Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.8%	180,567	31,465	149,102	549	1,505	20,131	9,280	66,022	49,827	33,253
Estimated total	100.0%	180,843	31,495	149,348	549	1,507	20,142	9,297	66,116	49,938	33,294
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,282.6	745.8	3,536.7	13.0	35.7	477.0	220.2	1,565.7	1,182.6	788.4
Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis	**274,000**										
(Includes St. Louis County, Minn. and Douglas County, Wis.)											
Area actually reporting	98.8%	4,709	235	4,474	2	20	70	143	2,195	1,827	732
Estimated total	100.0%	4,765	237	4,528	2	20	71	144	2,213	1,555	760
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,736.2	86.4	1,649.9	.7	7.3	25.9	52.5	806.3	566.6	276.9
Durham, N.C	**179,000**										
(Includes Durham and Orange Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	91.2%	3,336	633	2,703	16	28	123	466	1,499	906	296
Estimated total	100.0%	3,734	741	2,993	19	31	133	558	1,637	1,020	336
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,088.8	414.5	1,674.3	10.6	17.3	74.4	312.1	915.7	570.6	188.0
El Paso, Tex	**357,000**										
(Includes El Paso County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	8,677	703	7,974	16	44	227	416	4,156	2,105	1,713
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,429.9	196.9	2,233.0	4.5	12.3	63.6	116.5	1,163.8	589.5	479.7
Erie, Pa	**259,000**										
(Includes Erie County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,057	312	2,745	4	23	141	144	1,339	936	470
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,181.0	120.5	1,060.5	1.5	8.9	54.5	55.6	517.3	361.6	181.6

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forc-ible rape	Robbery	Aggra-vated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Eugene, Oreg.	**205,000**										
(Includes Lane County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,397	185	5,212	2	29	63	91	2,289	2,439	484
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,632.7	90.2	2,542.5	1.0	14.1	30.7	44.4	1,116.6	1,189.5	236.3
Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	**233,000**										
(Includes Vanderburgh and Warwick Counties, Ind. and Henderson County, Ky.)											
Area actually reporting	97.7%	5,699	749	4,950	16	50	224	459	2,180	1,991	779
Estimated total	100.0%	5,793	755	5,038	16	50	227	462	2,215	2,028	795
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,486.5	324.1	2,162.5	6.9	21.5	97.4	198.3	950.7	870.5	341.2
Fall River-New Bedford, Mass.	**426,000**										
(Includes Bristol County.)											
Area actually reporting	97.1%	12,632	615	12,017	6	28	206	377	5,338	2,900	3,779
Estimated total	100.0%	12,883	627	12,256	6	27	210	384	5,445	2,971	3,840
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,027.0	147.3	2,879.7	1.4	6.3	49.3	90.2	1,279.4	698.1	902.3
Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn.	**109,000**										
(Includes Cass County, N. Dak. and Clay County, Minn.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,587	58	1,529	----------	6	15	37	513	837	179
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,461.7	53.4	1,408.3	----------	5.5	13.8	34.1	472.5	770.9	164.9
Fayetteville, N.C.	**204,000**										
(Includes Cumberland County.)											
Area actually reporting	98.8%	4,856	754	4,102	36	29	209	480	1,711	2,021	370
Estimated total	100.0%	4,886	754	4,132	36	29	209	480	1,717	2,041	374
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,393.9	369.4	2,024.4	17.6	14.2	102.4	235.2	841.2	1,000.0	183.2
Flint, Mich.	**500,000**										
(Includes Genesee and Lapeer Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	15,805	2,847	12,958	40	129	951	1,727	5,068	5,775	1,495
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,163.8	569.9	2,593.9	8.0	25.8	190.4	345.7	1,138.6	1,156.0	299.3
Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	**567,000**										
(Includes Broward County.)											
Area actually reporting	99.0%	20,806	2,541	18,265	82	168	857	1,434	8,454	6,009	3,802
Estimated total	100.0%	20,909	2,541	18,368	82	168	857	1,434	8,500	6,056	3,812
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,687.7	448.1	3,239.5	14.5	29.6	151.1	252.9	1,499.1	1,068.1	672.3
Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	**158,000**										
(Includes Sebastian and Crawford Counties, Ark. and Leflore and Sequoyah Counties, Okla.)											
Area actually reporting	98.8%	1,872	295	1,567	14	24	43	204	711	635	241
Estimated total	100.0%	1,946	290	1,656	14	24	44	208	736	671	249
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,229.8	183.3	1,046.5	8.8	15.2	27.8	131.4	465.1	424.0	157.4
Fort Wayne, Ind.	**268,000**										
(Includes Allen County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,880	359	5,521	18	49	174	118	2,129	2,629	763
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,192.2	133.8	2,058.4	6.7	18.3	64.9	44.0	793.7	980.2	284.5
Fort Worth, Tex.	**700,000**										
(Includes Johnson and Tarrant Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.7%	20,189	2,115	18,074	99	120	1,069	837	8,496	5,450	4,128
Estimated total	100.0%	20,492	2,140	18,352	100	122	1,064	854	8,609	5,581	4,162
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,926.6	305.6	2,621.0	14.3	17.4	152.0	122.0	1,229.5	797.1	594.4
Fresno, Calif.	**418,000**										
(Includes Fresno County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	16,129	1,121	15,008	29	94	448	550	6,518	5,879	2,611
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,863.2	268.5	3,594.7	6.9	22.5	107.3	131.7	1,561.2	1,408.1	625.4
Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	**169,000**										
(Includes Galveston County.)											
Area actually reporting	95.4%	5,087	883	4,204	19	41	363	460	1,888	1,912	404
Estimated total	100.0%	5,233	895	4,338	19	42	366	468	1,943	1,975	420
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,096.4	529.6	2,566.9	11.2	24.9	216.6	276.9	1,149.7	1,168.6	248.5
Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	**629,000**										
(Includes Lake and Porter Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	98.7%	20,668	2,433	18,235	70	216	1,215	932	6,135	5,630	6,470
Estimated total	100.0%	20,806	2,443	18,363	70	217	1,219	937	6,186	5,664	6,513
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,310.3	388.7	2,921.6	11.1	34.5	193.9	149.1	984.2	904.3	1,033.1
Grand Rapids, Mich.	**525,000**										
(Includes Kent and Ottawa Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	98.8%	11,335	1,130	10,205	18	98	311	703	5,402	3,609	1,194
Estimated total	100.0%	11,543	1,152	10,391	18	99	319	716	5,473	3,693	1,225
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,187.7	218.3	1,969.3	3.4	18.8	60.5	135.7	1,037.3	699.9	232.2

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Green Bay, Wis.	**149,000**										
(Includes Brown County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,800	28	1,772	1	2	10	15	790	735	247
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,211.1	18.8	1,192.2	.7	1.3	6.7	10.1	531.5	494.5	166.2
Greensboro-High Point, N.C.	**645,000**										
(Includes Guilford, Forsyth, Randolph and Yadkin Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	90.3%	12,061	2,702	9,359	80	73	312	2,237	4,251	3,826	1,282
Estimated total	100.0%	12,811	2,782	10,029	85	78	328	2,291	4,504	4,093	1,342
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,986.6	431.4	1,555.2	13.2	12.1	50.9	355.3	712.4	634.7	208.1
Greenville, S.C.	**293,000**										
(Includes Greenville and Pickens Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	80.5%	6,560	559	6,001	19	36	231	273	2,243	2,715	1,043
Estimated total	100.0%	7,615	662	6,953	25	42	255	340	2,682	3,071	1,200
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,601.8	226.2	2,375.6	8.5	14.3	87.1	116.2	916.3	1,049.2	410.0
Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio	**227,000**										
(Includes Butler County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,426	456	3,970	8	20	122	306	1,720	1,822	428
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,946.3	200.5	1,745.8	3.5	8.8	53.6	134.6	756.4	801.2	188.2
Harrisburg, Pa.	**398,000**										
(Includes Cumberland, Dauphin and Perry Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	87.3%	4,693	479	4,214	8	33	190	248	2,199	1,079	936
Estimated total	100.0%	5,333	531	4,802	9	36	209	277	2,458	1,285	1,059
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,339.2	133.3	1,205.8	2.3	9.0	52.5	69.6	617.2	322.7	265.9
Hartford-New Britain-Bristol, Conn.	**814,000**										
(Includes Hartford County.)											
Area actually reporting	97.2%	19,075	1,470	17,605	20	71	547	832	8,114	5,734	3,757
Estimated total	100.0%	19,453	1,483	17,970	20	72	551	840	8,275	5,890	3,805
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,389.8	182.2	2,207.7	2.5	8.8	67.7	103.2	1,016.6	723.6	467.5
Honolulu, Hawaii	**646,000**										
(Includes Honolulu County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,224	560	20,664	23	82	272	183	9,417	7,127	4,120
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,283.0	86.6	3,196.4	3.6	12.7	42.1	28.3	1,456.7	1,102.4	637.3
Houston, Tex.	**1,939,000**										
(Includes Harris, Brazoria, Fort Bend, Liberty and Montgomery Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	85.0%	62,885	9,427	53,458	300	452	5,497	3,178	26,829	13,476	13,153
Estimated total	100.0%	68,096	10,062	58,034	325	515	5,611	3,611	29,256	15,255	13,521
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,511.2	518.8	2,992.4	16.8	26.6	289.3	186.2	1,508.6	786.6	697.2
Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio	**263,000**										
(Includes Cabell and Wayne Counties, W. Va., Boyd County, Ky. and Lawrence County, Ohio.)											
Area actually reporting	76.8%	3,055	425	2,630	9	17	83	316	1,183	1,106	341
Estimated total	100.0%	3,716	481	3,235	10	22	98	351	1,488	1,345	432
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,412.7	182.9	1,229.8	3.8	8.4	37.3	133.4	554.3	511.3	164.2
Huntsville, Ala.	**261,000**										
(Includes Madison and Limestone Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	81.7%	4,280	431	3,849	10	12	75	334	1,757	1,613	479
Estimated total	100.0%	4,772	511	4,261	18	20	89	384	1,990	1,748	523
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,826.4	195.6	1,630.8	6.9	7.7	34.1	147.0	761.6	669.0	200.2
Indianapolis, Ind.	**1,073,000**										
(Includes Marion, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Johnson, Morgan, Shelby and Boone Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	96.9%	29,446	3,259	26,187	74	250	1,873	1,062	13,186	6,601	6,400
Estimated total	100.0%	30,027	3,300	26,727	75	253	1,900	1,082	13,401	6,829	6,497
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,797.5	307.5	2,490.1	7.0	23.6	176.1	100.8	1,248.5	636.2	605.3
Jackson, Mich.	**142,000**										
(Includes Jackson County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,730	298	2,432	6	34	85	173	1,197	939	296
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,918.5	209.4	1,709.1	4.2	23.9	59.7	121.6	841.2	659.9	208.0
Jackson, Miss.	**263,000**										
(Includes Hinds and Rankin Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,254	283	2,971	34	19	72	158	1,351	1,145	475
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,238.7	107.7	1,131.0	12.9	7.2	27.4	60.1	514.3	435.9	180.8

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Jacksonville, Fla	534,000										
(Includes Duval County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,565	3,440	18,125	74	219	1,161	1,986	9,450	5,968	2,707
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,034.6	643.6	3,391.0	13.8	41.0	217.2	371.6	1,768.0	1,116.6	506.4
Jersey City, N.J	608,000										
(Includes Hudson County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	13,990	1,346	12,644	52	58	791	445	4,412	1,975	6,257
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,301.0	221.4	2,079.6	8.6	9.5	130.1	73.2	725.7	324.8	1,029.1
Johnstown, Pa	269,000										
(Includes Cambria and Somerset Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.5%	1,118	99	1,019	4	9	37	49	608	300	111
Estimated total	100.0%	1,233	106	1,125	4	10	40	54	655	337	123
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		457.8	40.1	417.7	1.5	3.7	14.9	20.0	243.2	125.1	49.4
Kalamazoo, Mich	205,000										
(Includes Kalamazoo County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,861	738	4,123	7	45	118	568	1,852	1,832	439
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,371.2	360.0	2,011.2	3.4	22.0	57.6	277.1	903.4	893.7	214.1
Kansas City, Mo.-Kans	1,272,000										
(Includes Clay, Jackson, Cass and Platte Counties, Mo. and Johnson and Wyandotte Counties, Kans.)											
Area actually reporting	99.7%	47,590	6,789	40,801	138	548	3,234	2,869	18,961	12,123	9,717
Estimated total	100.0%	47,663	6,799	40,864	138	549	3,238	2,874	19,002	12,146	9,716
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,748.0	534.4	3,213.6	10.8	43.2	254.5	225.9	1,493.6	954.7	765.2
Kenosha, Wis	116,000										
(Includes Kenosha County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,419	147	2,272	4	16	74	53	1,017	778	477
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,080.9	126.5	1,954.4	3.4	13.8	63.7	45.6	874.8	669.2	410.3
Knoxville, Tenn	399,000										
(Includes Anderson, Blount and Knox Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.7%	6,351	687	5,664	35	24	128	500	3,005	1,507	1,152
Estimated total	100.0%	6,368	688	5,680	35	24	128	501	3,013	1,513	1,154
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,597.2	172.6	1,424.6	8.8	6.0	32.1	125.7	755.7	379.5	289.4
Lafayette, La	102,000										
(Includes Lafayette Parish.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,607	466	2,141	7	29	83	347	969	890	282
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,543.5	454.6	2,088.8	6.8	28.3	81.0	338.5	945.4	868.3	275.1
Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind	101,000										
(Includes Tippecanoe County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,599	80	1,519	1	10	35	34	548	809	162
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,583.4	79.2	1,504.1	1.0	9.9	34.7	33.7	542.6	801.1	160.4
Lake Charles, La	169,000										
(Includes Calcasieu Parish.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,896	471	2,425	11	30	103	327	1,200	1,004	221
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,715.9	279.1	1,436.8	6.5	17.8	61.0	193.7	711.0	594.9	130.9
Lancaster, Pa	298,000										
(Includes Lancaster County.)											
Area actually reporting	96.2%	1,733	194	1,539	6	21	69	98	853	486	200
Estimated total	100.0%	1,869	205	1,664	6	22	73	104	908	530	226
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		626.7	68.7	558.0	2.0	7.4	24.5	34.9	304.5	177.7	75.8
Lansing, Mich	365,000										
(Includes Clinton, Eaton and Ingham Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.6%	10,879	772	10,107	6	80	213	473	4,527	4,374	1,206
Estimated total	100.0%	10,919	776	10,143	6	80	215	475	4,541	4,390	1,212
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,991.4	212.6	2,778.8	1.6	21.9	58.9	130.1	1,244.1	1,202.7	332.0
Las Vegas, Nev	278,000										
(Includes Clark County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	9,815	1,066	8,749	29	72	558	407	3,955	3,112	1,682
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,528.7	383.3	3,145.5	10.4	25.9	200.6	146.3	1,421.9	1,118.8	604.7
Lawton, Okla	125,000										
(Includes Comanche County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,600	459	2,141	4	37	102	316	925	919	297
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,080.9	366.4	1,713.5	3.2	29.7	81.9	253.6	742.5	737.6	238.4
Lexington, Ky	169,000										
(Includes Fayette County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,794	498	5,296	14	40	155	289	2,031	2,440	825
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,422.1	294.1	3,128.0	8.3	23.6	91.5	170.7	1,199.6	1,441.1	487.3

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Lima, Ohio	**174,000**										
(Includes Allen, Putnam and Van Wert Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	98.4%	2,758	225	2,533	2	6	115	102	1,230	1,053	250
Estimated total	100.0%	2,797	228	2,569	2	6	116	104	1,244	1,067	258
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,606.9	130.9	1,475.1	1.1	3.4	66.6	59.7	714.3	612.7	148.1
Lincoln, Nebr	**163,000**										
(Includes Lancaster County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,528	238	2,290	4	17	51	166	820	1,122	348
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,551.7	146.1	1,405.7	2.5	10.4	31.3	101.9	503.3	688.7	213.6
Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark	**341,000**										
(Includes Pulaski and Saline Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,671	1,833	9,838	53	125	504	1,151	4,641	4,340	857
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,419.8	537.1	2,882.7	15.5	36.6	147.7	337.3	1,359.9	1,271.7	251.1
Lorain-Elyria, Ohio	**263,000**										
(Includes Lorain County.)											
Area actually reporting	96.9%	4,785	581	4,204	8	37	221	315	1,825	1,223	1,156
Estimated total	100.0%	4,900	590	4,310	8	38	224	320	1,855	1,265	1,190
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,859.8	223.9	1,635.8	3.0	14.4	85.0	121.5	707.8	480.1	447.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif	**6,921,000**										
(Includes Los Angeles County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	335,814	48,631	287,183	668	3,584	19,797	24,582	131,636	95,924	59,623
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,852.1	702.7	4,149.4	9.7	51.8	286.0	355.2	1,902.0	1,386.0	861.5
Louisville, Ky.-Ind	**829,000**										
(Includes Jefferson County, Ky. and Clark and Floyd Counties, Ind.)											
Area actually reporting	98.2%	30,060	2,988	27,072	104	198	1,700	986	8,704	10,662	7,706
Estimated total	100.0%	30,812	3,044	27,768	105	200	1,721	1,018	9,002	10,927	7,839
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,787.7	371.2	3,386.4	12.8	24.4	209.9	124.1	1,097.8	1,332.6	986.0
Lubbock, Tex	**205,000**										
(Includes Lubbock County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,534	488	5,046	17	37	73	361	2,525	2,146	375
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,705.3	238.6	2,466.8	8.3	18.1	35.7	176.5	1,234.4	1,049.1	183.3
Lynchburg, Va	**123,000**										
(Includes Lynchburg City and Amherst and Campbell Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,650	369	1,281	11	19	79	260	721	460	100
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,337.4	290.1	1,038.3	8.9	15.4	64.0	210.7	584.4	372.8	81.1
Macon, Ga	**209,000**										
(Includes Bibb and Houston Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	89.8%	5,260	428	4,832	31	39	199	159	2,380	1,717	736
Estimated total	100.0%	5,649	460	5,189	32	43	208	177	2,549	1,862	778
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,708.8	220.6	2,488.2	15.3	20.6	99.7	84.9	1,222.3	892.9	373.1
Madison, Wis	**218,000**										
(Includes Dane County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,281	139	4,142	3	33	66	35	1,449	2,141	552
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,541.3	50.0	1,491.2	1.1	11.9	24.5	12.6	521.7	770.8	198.7
Manchester, N.H	**217,000**										
(Includes Hillsboro County.)											
Area actually reporting	95.2%	2,076	95	1,981	1	10	32	52	995	564	422
Estimated total	100.0%	2,171	100	2,071	1	10	33	56	1,036	590	445
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,001.6	46.1	955.5	.5	4.6	15.2	25.8	478.0	272.2	205.3
Mansfeld, Ohio	**134,000**										
(Includes Richland County.)											
Area actually reporting	98.1%	2,514	447	2,067	4	15	90	338	1,031	819	217
Estimated total	100.0%	2,550	450	2,100	4	15	91	340	1,044	832	224
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,904.6	336.1	1,568.5	3.0	11.2	68.0	253.9	779.8	621.4	167.3
McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex	**186,000**										
(Includes Hidalgo County.)											
Area actually reporting	95.0%	1,400	108	1,352	5	7	14	82	899	355	98
Estimated total	100.0%	1,612	121	1,491	5	8	17	91	956	420	115
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		864.6	64.9	799.7	2.7	4.3	9.1	48.8	512.8	225.3	61.7
Memphis, Tenn.-Ark	**793,000**										
(Includes Shelby County, Tenn. and Crittenden County, Ark.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,332	2,364	18,968	100	129	1,255	880	9,807	6,424	2,737
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,691.3	298.2	2,393.1	12.6	16.3	158.3	111.0	1,237.3	810.5	345.3

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Miami, Fla	**1,254,000**										
(Includes Dade County.)											
Area actually reporting	97.8%	55,158	10,213	44,945	158	215	4,763	5,077	18,820	17,712	8,413
Estimated total	100.0%	55,940	10,304	45,636	160	219	4,794	5,131	19,135	17,992	8,509
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,460.1	821.5	3,638.6	12.8	17.5	382.2	409.1	1,525.6	1,434.5	678.4
Milwaukee, Wis	**1,386,000**										
(Includes Milwaukee, Waukesha, Ozaukee and Washington Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.9%	26,719	1,704	25,015	46	105	727	826	7,156	12,045	5,814
Estimated total	100.0%	26,735	1,704	25,031	46	105	727	826	7,162	12,053	5,816
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,929.0	122.9	1,806.0	3.3	7.6	52.5	59.6	516.8	869.7	419.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn	**1,743,000**										
(Includes Anoka, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey and Washington Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.9%	56,304	4,674	51,630	55	351	2,867	1,401	21,015	18,600	12,015
Estimated total	100.0%	56,311	4,674	51,637	55	351	2,867	1,401	21,017	18,603	12,017
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,230.6	268.1	2,962.4	3.2	20.1	164.5	80.4	1,205.7	1,067.3	689.4
Mobile, Ala	**435,000**										
(Includes Mobile and Baldwin Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	98.5%	10,483	1,179	9,304	58	78	345	698	5,903	2,286	1,115
Estimated total	100.0%	10,580	1,191	9,389	58	79	348	706	5,944	2,321	1,124
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,433.3	273.9	2,159.4	13.3	18.2	80.0	162.4	1,367.0	533.8	258.5
Monroe, La	**118,000**										
(Includes Ouachita Parish.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,395	332	1,063	10	13	39	270	506	376	181
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,183.3	281.6	901.7	8.5	11.0	33.1	229.0	429.2	318.9	153.5
Muncie, Ind	**125,000**										
(Includes Delaware County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,220	206	2,014	4	16	94	92	880	778	356
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,772.6	164.5	1,608.2	3.2	12.8	75.1	73.5	702.7	621.2	284.1
Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich	**156,000**										
(Includes Muskegon County.)											
Area actually reporting	97.9%	3,764	621	3,143	3	28	166	424	1,457	1,406	280
Estimated total	100.0%	3,851	630	3,221	3	29	169	429	1,487	1,441	293
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,465.6	403.4	2,062.2	1.9	18.6	108.2	274.7	952.1	922.6	187.6
Nashville, Tenn	**551,000**										
(Includes Davidson, Sumner and Wilson Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	89.2%	16,881	2,409	14,472	75	133	840	1,361	6,413	4,620	3,439
Estimated total	100.0%	17,552	2,482	15,070	78	139	855	1,410	6,766	4,780	3,524
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,184.7	450.3	2,734.4	14.2	25.2	155.1	255.8	1,227.7	867.3	639.4
Newark, N.J	**1,886,000**										
(Includes Essex, Morris and Union Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	61,499	8,786	52,713	138	375	5,076	3,197	23,568	16,310	12,835
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,261.2	465.9	2,795.3	7.3	19.9	269.2	169.5	1,249.8	864.9	680.6
New Haven-Waterbury, Conn	**739,000**										
(Includes New Haven County.)											
Area actually reporting	95.8%	19,642	1,050	18,592	30	71	363	586	7,940	6,252	4,400
Estimated total	100.0%	20,155	1,068	19,087	30	73	368	597	8,159	6,463	4,465
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,726.3	144.5	2,581.8	4.1	9.9	49.8	80.8	1,103.6	874.2	604.0
New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn	**222,000**										
(Includes New London County.)											
Area actually reporting	98.0%	4,131	265	3,866	4	31	60	170	1,973	1,533	360
Estimated total	100.0%	4,204	268	3,936	4	31	61	172	2,004	1,563	369
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,893.7	120.7	1,773.0	1.8	14.0	27.5	77.5	902.7	704.1	166.2
New Orleans, La	**1,035,000**										
(Includes Jefferson, Orleans, St. Bernard and St. Tammany Parishes.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	35,889	6,205	29,684	107	411	2,756	2,931	10,930	10,724	8,030
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,467.1	599.4	2,867.7	10.3	39.7	266.2	283.2	1,055.9	1,036.0	775.8
Newport News-Hampton, Va	**299,000**										
(Includes Newport News and Hampton Cities and York County.)											
Area actually reporting	97.9%	6,219	677	5,542	25	51	237	364	2,396	2,404	742
Estimated total	100.0%	6,370	692	5,678	25	52	242	373	2,446	2,469	763
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,132.3	231.6	1,900.7	8.4	17.4	81.0	124.9	818.8	826.5	255.4

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
New York, N.Y. (Includes Bronx, Kings, Manhattan, Queens, Richmond, Nassau, Rockland, Suffolk and Westchester Counties.)	**11,732,000**										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	555,001	95,873	459,128	1,105	2,277	61,209	31,282	196,397	163,276	99,455
Estimated total	100.0%	555,103	95,880	459,223	1,105	2,277	61,212	31,286	196,432	163,319	99,472
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,731.5	817.2	3,914.2	9.4	19.4	521.7	266.7	1,674.3	1,392.1	847.9
Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va. (Includes Norfolk, Chesapeake, Portsmouth and Virginia Beach Cities.)	**675,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,321	3,003	18,318	54	132	1,272	1,325	7,706	7,702	2,910
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,160.1	445.1	2,715.0	8.0	22.5	188.5	226.0	1,142.1	1,141.5	431.3
Ogden, Utah (Includes Weber County.)	**130,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,718	218	2,500	3	19	82	114	1,044	1,015	441
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,091.1	167.7	1,923.4	2.3	14.6	63.1	87.7	803.2	780.9	339.3
Oklahoma City, Okla. (Includes Canadian, Cleveland and Oklahoma Counties.)	**612,000**										
Area actually reporting	98.0%	14,179	1,735	12,444	51	106	568	1,010	5,554	3,046	2,544
Estimated total	100.0%	14,334	1,735	12,599	51	106	568	1,010	5,623	3,127	2,549
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,342.8	283.6	2,059.2	8.3	17.3	92.8	165.1	1,131.5	511.1	416.6
Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa (Includes Douglas and Sarpy Counties, Nebr., and Pottawattamie County, Iowa.)	**530,000**										
Area actually reporting	99.7%	14,101	1,850	12,242	30	65	694	1,070	4,534	4,145	3,563
Estimated total	100.0%	14,110	1,850	12,251	30	65	694	1,070	4,536	4,149	3,564
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,662.7	350.8	2,311.9	5.7	12.3	131.0	201.9	856.4	783.0	672.6
Orlando, Fla. (Includes Orange and Seminole Counties.)	**419,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	10,723	1,229	9,494	40	92	314	783	5,310	3,250	934
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,589.9	293.4	2,266.5	9.5	22.0	75.0	186.9	1,267.6	775.9	223.0
Oxnard-Ventura, Calif. (Includes Ventura County.)	**351,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	9,511	559	8,952	11	71	150	327	4,253	3,618	1,081
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,709.7	159.3	2,550.5	3.1	20.2	42.7	93.2	1,211.7	1,030.8	308.0
Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J. (Includes Bergen and Passaic Counties.)	**1,371,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	26,358	1,731	24,627	32	69	957	673	9,295	9,654	5,678
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,922.2	126.2	1,796.0	2.3	5.0	69.8	49.1	677.9	704.0	414.1
Pensacola, Fla. (Includes Escambia and Santa Rosa Counties.)	**242,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,869	503	6,366	18	32	166	287	2,800	2,701	865
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,837.3	207.8	2,629.6	7.4	13.2	68.6	118.5	1,158.6	1,115.7	357.3
Peoria, Ill. (Includes Peoria, Tazewell and Woodford Counties.)	**350,000**										
Area actually reporting	96.8%	7,114	1,022	6,092	10	50	442	520	3,023	2,304	865
Estimated total	100.0%	7,446	1,061	6,385	11	52	456	542	3,136	2,328	921
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,124.5	302.7	1,821.7	3.1	14.8	130.1	154.6	894.8	664.2	262.8
Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J. (Includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery and Philadelphia Counties, Pa. and Burlington, Camden and Gloucester Counties, N.J.)	**4,556,000**										
Area actually reporting	95.9%	82,515	12,687	69,828	361	770	6,267	5,289	32,988	17,092	19,748
Estimated total	100.0%	85,132	12,894	72,238	364	784	6,344	5,402	34,045	17,943	20,250
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,753.2	265.5	1,487.7	7.5	16.1	130.6	111.2	701.1	369.5	417.0
Phoenix, Ariz. (Includes Maricopa County.)	**901,000**										
Area actually reporting	99.6%	35,503	4,073	31,495	65	248	1,273	2,487	15,144	11,270	5,081
Estimated total	100.0%	35,677	4,079	31,598	65	248	1,274	2,492	15,181	11,324	5,093
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,961.7	453.0	3,508.8	7.2	27.5	141.5	276.7	1,685.8	1,257.5	565.6

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent man-slaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Pittsburgh, Pa. (Includes Allegheny, Beaver, Washington and Westmoreland Counties.)	**2,394,000**										
Area actually reporting	87.0%	47,095	6,117	40,978	72	334	3,311	2,400	16,828	12,115	12,035
Estimated total	100.0%	50,915	6,426	44,489	77	354	3,423	2,572	18,374	13,347	12,768
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,126.9	268.4	1,858.5	3.2	14.8	143.0	107.4	767.5	557.6	533.4
Pittsfield, Mass. (Includes Berkshire County.)	**148,000**										
Area actually reporting	84.6%	1,547	60	1,487	3	5	13	39	778	496	213
Estimated total	100.0%	2,006	81	1,925	3	6	20	52	974	626	325
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,359.1	54.9	1,304.2	2.0	4.1	13.6	35.2	659.9	424.1	220.2
Portland, Maine (Includes Cumberland County.)	**187,000**										
Area actually reporting	93.5%	2,564	133	2,431	4	8	41	80	1,179	816	436
Estimated total	100.0%	2,692	140	2,552	4	8	42	86	1,241	861	450
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,438.8	74.8	1,363.9	2.1	4.3	22.4	46.0	663.3	460.2	240.5
Portland, Oreg.-Wash. (Includes Clackamas, Multnomah and Washington Counties, Oreg. and Clark County, Wash.)	**975,000**										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	35,350	3,199	32,151	49	224	1,526	1,400	14,912	12,483	4,756
Estimated total	100.0%	35,353	3,199	32,154	49	224	1,526	1,400	14,913	12,484	4,757
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,626.7	328.2	3,298.6	5.0	23.0	156.5	143.6	1,529.9	1,280.7	488.0
Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I. (Includes Bristol, Kent and Providence Counties.)	**755,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	21,918	1,355	20,563	24	29	625	677	7,452	5,959	7,152
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,903.1	179.5	2,723.6	3.2	3.8	82.8	89.7	987.0	789.3	947.3
Provo-Orem, Utah (Includes Utah County.)	**126,000**										
Area actually reporting	95.9%	1,485	107	1,378	----------	6	6	95	487	716	175
Estimated total	100.0%	1,570	113	1,457	----------	7	7	99	519	752	186
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,245.9	89.7	1,156.3	----------	5.6	5.6	78.6	411.9	596.8	147.6
Pueblo, Colo. (Includes Pueblo County.)	**125,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,656	311	2,345	4	17	49	241	861	1,105	379
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,121.9	248.5	1,873.5	3.2	13.6	39.1	192.5	687.9	882.8	302.8
Racine, Wis. (Includes Racine County.)	**160,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,423	488	2,935	7	18	155	308	1,429	1,059	447
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,137.2	304.7	1,832.5	4.4	11.2	96.8	192.3	892.2	661.2	279.1
Raleigh, N.C. (Includes Wake County.)	**297,000**										
Area actually reporting	96.5%	3,937	677	3,260	17	22	119	519	1,177	1,787	296
Estimated total	100.0%	4,120	726	3,394	18	23	124	561	1,241	1,839	314
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,994.6	351.5	1,643.1	8.7	11.1	60.0	271.6	600.8	890.3	152.0
Reading, Pa. (Includes Berks County.)	**296,000**										
Area actually reporting	92.0%	2,827	304	2,523	7	33	124	140	1,316	809	398
Estimated total	100.0%	3,114	327	2,787	7	35	132	153	1,432	902	453
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,051.6	110.4	941.2	2.4	11.8	44.6	51.7	483.6	304.6	153.0
Richmond, Va. (Includes Richmond City and Chesterfield, Henrico and Hanover Counties.)	**528,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	16,797	1,751	15,046	58	122	844	727	7,097	4,763	3,186
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,183.0	331.8	2,851.2	11.0	23.1	159.9	137.8	1,344.9	902.6	603.7
Roanoke, Va. (Includes Roanoke City and Roanoke County.)	**186,000**										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,604	420	3,184	13	10	160	237	1,472	997	715
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,937.0	225.7	1,711.3	7.0	5.4	86.0	127.4	791.1	535.8	384.3
Rochester, N.Y. (Includes Monroe, Livingston, Orleans and Wayne Counties.)	**853,000**										
Area actually reporting	94.8%	14,787	1,393	13,394	47	79	399	868	5,203	6,541	1,650
Estimated total	100.0%	15,532	1,447	14,085	48	81	423	895	5,460	6,854	1,771
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,820.1	169.6	1,650.5	5.6	9.5	49.6	104.9	639.8	803.2	207.5

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Continued*

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Rockford, Ill.	**281,000**										
(Includes Winnebago and Boone Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	95.7%	5,653	612	5,041	11	52	316	233	2,080	2,107	854
Estimated total	100.0%	5,806	627	5,179	11	54	319	243	2,151	2,150	869
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,067.3	223.2	1,844.0	3.9	19.2	113.6	86.5	765.9	765.7	309.4
Sacramento, Calif.	**783,000**										
(Includes Sacramento, Placer and Yolo Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	29,690	2,074	27,616	38	183	1,011	842	11,935	11,801	4,180
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,793.1	265.0	3,528.1	4.9	23.4	129.2	107.6	1,524.8	1,469.3	534.0
Saginaw, Mich.	**220,000**										
(Includes Saginaw County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,275	871	4,404	19	43	436	373	2,501	1,104	799
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,395.6	395.6	2,000.1	8.6	19.5	198.0	169.4	1,135.8	501.4	362.9
St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.	**2,465,000**										
(Includes St. Louis City and Jefferson, St. Charles, St. Louis and Franklin Counties, Mo. and Madison and St. Clair Counties, Ill.)											
Area actually reporting	96.0%	79,635	12,253	67,382	340	831	6,058	5,015	32,835	14,343	20,204
Estimated total	100.0%	81,350	12,400	68,941	353	842	6,107	5,107	33,504	14,966	20,471
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,302.2	503.7	2,798.5	14.3	34.2	247.9	207.3	1,360.0	607.5	831.0
Salem, Oreg.	**186,000**										
(Includes Marion and Polk Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,157	292	2,865	7	32	69	184	1,565	1,092	208
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,701.6	157.4	1,544.2	3.8	17.2	37.2	99.2	843.5	540.1	160.6
Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	**240,000**										
(Includes Monterey County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	8,300	648	7,652	17	50	209	312	3,458	3,328	866
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,452.1	260.5	3,182.6	7.1	20.8	111.9	129.8	1,438.3	1,384.2	360.2
Salt Lake City, Utah	**553,000**										
(Includes Salt Lake and Davis Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	16,450	1,020	15,430	16	112	413	479	6,385	6,720	2,325
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,976.5	184.6	2,792.0	2.9	20.3	74.7	86.7	1,155.3	1,215.9	420.7
San Antonio, Tex.	**866,000**										
(Includes Bexar and Guadalupe Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	29,954	3,575	26,379	105	257	962	2,251	12,809	8,171	5,399
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,458.9	412.8	3,046.1	12.1	29.7	111.1	259.9	1,479.1	943.5	623.4
San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.	**1,101,000**										
(Includes Riverside and San Bernardino Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	96.4%	40,601	3,247	37,354	52	279	1,063	1,853	19,200	13,712	4,442
Estimated total	100.0%	41,215	3,296	37,919	53	283	1,085	1,875	19,447	13,930	4,533
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,743.4	299.4	3,444.0	4.8	25.7	98.5	170.3	1,766.3	1,265.0	411.7
San Diego, Calif.	**1,300,000**										
(Includes San Diego County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	33,623	2,586	31,037	54	248	1,088	1,186	16,778	14,972	5,287
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,587.3	199.0	2,388.3	4.2	19.1	84.5	91.3	829.4	1,152.1	406.8
San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	**3,043,000**										
(Includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, San Francisco and San Mateo Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	165,575	20,255	145,320	290	1,404	11,650	6,902	68,210	41,443	35,667
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		5,441.1	665.6	4,775.4	9.5	46.1	383.1	226.8	2,241.5	1,361.9	1,172.1
San Jose, Calif.	**995,000**										
(Includes Santa Clara County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	29,862	2,057	27,805	26	315	706	1,010	12,982	9,638	5,185
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,000.0	206.7	2,793.3	2.6	31.6	70.9	101.5	1,304.2	986.3	520.9
Santa Barbara, Calif.	**255,000**										
(Includes Santa Barbara County.)											
Area actually reporting	99.0%	7,306	438	6,958	6	41	99	292	3,116	3,174	668
Estimated total	100.0%	7,401	438	6,963	6	41	99	292	3,120	3,175	668
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,906.4	172.0	2,734.4	2.4	16.1	38.9	114.7	1,225.2	1,246.8	262.3
Savannah, Ga.	**399,000**										
(Includes Chatham County.)											
Area actually reporting	99.0%	7,385	995	6,390	31	71	408	485	3,061	2,561	768
Estimated total	100.0%	7,392	995	6,397	31	71	408	485	3,066	2,561	770
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,536.8	476.1	3,060.8	14.8	34.0	195.2	232.1	1,467.0	1,225.4	368.4

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Scranton, Pa.	**229,000**										
(Includes Lackawanna County.)											
Area actually reporting	91.2%	2,008	141	1,957	4	10	29	98	886	606	465
Estimated total	100.0%	2,342	160	2,182	4	11	36	109	985	685	512
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,021.9	69.8	952.1	1.7	4.8	15.7	47.6	429.8	298.9	223.4
Seattle-Everett, Wash.	**1,372,000**										
(Includes King and Snohomish Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.5%	50,215	5,180	54,035	74	412	2,867	1,827	25,758	19,576	8,701
Estimated total	100.0%	50,402	5,191	54,211	74	413	2,870	1,834	25,841	19,640	8,721
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,328.6	378.3	3,950.3	5.4	30.1	209.1	133.6	1,883.0	1,431.8	635.5
Shreveport, La.	**320,000**										
(Includes Bossier and Caddo Parishes.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	5,972	1,121	4,851	58	29	193	841	2,380	1,676	795
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,864.1	349.9	1,514.2	18.1	9.1	60.2	262.5	742.9	523.1	248.1
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	**119,000**										
(Includes Woodbury County, Iowa and Dakota County, Nebr.)											
Area actually reporting	98.4	2,523	139	2,384	5	12	19	103	799	899	686
Estimated total	100.0%	2,531	139	2,392	5	12	19	103	803	902	687
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,119.6	116.4	2,003.2	4.2	10.0	15.9	86.3	672.5	755.4	575.3
South Bend, Ind.	**288,000**										
(Includes St. Joseph and Marshall Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.2%	5,547	578	4,969	7	22	381	168	2,063	2,016	890
Estimated total	100.0%	5,690	588	5,102	7	23	385	173	2,116	2,072	914
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,973.3	203.9	1,769.4	2.4	8.0	133.5	60.0	733.8	718.6	317.0
Spokane, Wash.	**299,000**										
(Includes Spokane County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	6,360	358	6,002	8	25	178	147	2,737	2,478	787
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,129.6	119.9	2,009.7	2.7	8.4	59.6	49.2	916.4	829.7	263.5
Springfield, Ill.	**159,000**										
(Includes Sangamon County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	3,220	199	3,021	3	13	100	83	1,636	998	387
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,028.2	125.3	1,902.8	1.9	8.2	63.0	52.3	1,030.5	628.6	243.8
Springfield, Mo.	**146,000**										
(Includes Greene County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,592	69	2,523	2	.....	30	37	1,211	1,109	203
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,773.5	47.2	1,726.3	1.4	.....	20.5	25.3	828.6	758.8	138.9
Springfield, Ohio	**149,000**										
(Includes Clark County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,529	284	2,245	6	25	172	81	1,209	729	307
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,697.0	190.6	1,506.4	4.0	16.8	115.4	54.4	811.3	489.2	206.0
Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.	**561,000**										
(Includes Hampden and Hampshire Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	13,832	591	13,241	13	31	178	369	4,966	3,836	4,439
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,466.6	105.4	2,361.3	2.3	5.5	31.7	65.8	885.6	684.1	791.6
Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-W. Va.	**169,000**										
(Includes Jefferson County, Ohio and Brooke and Hancock Counties, W. Va.)											
Area actually reporting	95.1%	1,658	195	1,463	1	7	93	94	752	505	206
Estimated total	100.0%	1,750	202	1,548	1	7	95	99	786	540	222
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,038.0	119.8	918.2	.6	4.2	56.4	58.7	466.2	320.3	131.7
Stockton, Calif.	**289,000**										
(Includes San Joaquin County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,602	1,029	10,573	23	99	516	391	5,161	3,586	1,826
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,013.8	356.0	3,657.8	8.0	34.3	178.5	135.3	1,785.5	1,240.6	631.7
Syracuse, N.Y.	**633,000**										
(Includes Madison, Onondaga, and Oswego Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	94.5%	9,387	878	8,509	14	61	424	379	4,105	3,367	1,037
Estimated total	100.0%	9,979	922	9,057	15	63	443	401	4,309	3,615	1,133
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,576.7	145.7	1,431.1	2.4	10.0	70.0	63.4	680.8	571.2	179.0
Tacoma, Wash.	**392,000**										
(Includes Pierce County.)											
Area actually reporting	98.6%	10,991	1,129	9,862	13	101	442	573	4,734	3,641	1,487
Estimated total	100.0%	11,138	1,138	10,000	13	102	444	579	4,799	3,698	1,503
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,843.3	290.5	2,552.8	3.3	26.0	113.3	147.8	1,225.1	944.0	383.7

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	**935,000**										
(Includes Hillsborough and Pinellas Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.6%	30,262	4,111	26,151	75	206	1,521	2,309	14,936	8,388	2,827
Estimated total	100.0%	30,371	4,124	26,247	75	207	1,525	2,317	14,980	8,427	2,840
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,247.2	440.9	2,806.2	8.0	22.1	163.0	247.7	1,601.6	901.0	303.6
Terre Haute, Ind.	**176,000**										
(Includes Vigo, Clay, Sullivan and Vermillion Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.4%	2,375	170	2,205	4	11	98	57	926	933	346
Estimated total	100.0%	2,453	175	2,278	4	11	100	60	955	964	359
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,390.5	99.2	1,291.3	2.3	6.2	56.7	34.0	541.3	546.4	203.5
Texarkana, Tex.-Ark.	**106,000**										
(Includes Bowie County, Tex. and Miller County, Ark.)											
Area actually reporting	75.0%	1,795	248	1,547	15	6	25	202	613	776	158
Estimated total	100.0%	2,261	309	1,952	17	12	36	244	842	924	186
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,141.0	292.6	1,848.4	16.1	11.4	34.1	231.0	797.3	875.0	176.1
Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	**634,000**										
(Includes Lucas and Wood Counties, Ohio, and Monroe County, Mich.)											
Area actually reporting	99.7%	14,003	1,660	12,323	22	121	880	657	5,366	5,159	1,798
Estimated total	100.0%	14,015	1,660	12,335	22	121	880	657	5,377	5,159	1,799
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,080.1	245.7	1,804.3	3.2	17.7	128.7	96.1	786.5	754.6	263.1
Topeka, Kans.	**170,000**										
(Includes Shawnee County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	4,843	679	4,164	11	36	207	425	1,713	2,103	348
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,844.8	398.8	2,445.9	6.5	21.1	121.6	249.6	1,006.2	1,235.3	204.4
Trenton, N.J.	**305,000**										
(Includes Mercer County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	9,443	1,155	8,288	25	48	822	260	3,839	2,849	1,600
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,098.1	378.9	2,719.2	8.2	15.7	269.7	85.3	1,259.5	934.7	524.9
Tucson, Ariz.	**332,000**										
(Includes Pima County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	8,986	866	8,120	17	76	281	492	4,005	2,511	1,604
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,705.0	260.7	2,444.3	5.1	22.9	84.6	148.1	1,205.6	755.9	482.8
Tulsa, Okla.	**465,000**										
(Includes Creek, Osage, and Tulsa Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	99.0%	13,125	1,117	12,008	25	92	403	597	4,550	5,253	2,166
Estimated total	100.0%	13,196	1,122	12,074	25	92	404	601	4,583	5,317	2,174
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,839.8	241.5	2,598.4	5.4	19.8	86.9	129.3	986.3	1,144.2	467.9
Tuscaloosa, Ala.	**119,000**										
(Includes Tuscaloosa County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,015	326	1,689	18	12	67	229	922	561	206
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,692.7	273.9	1,418.8	15.1	10.1	56.3	192.4	774.5	471.3	173.0
Utica-Rome, N.Y.	**352,000**										
(Includes Herkimer and Oneida Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	97.3%	2,902	158	2,744	16	15	48	79	1,577	761	406
Estimated total	100.0%	3,064	170	2,894	16	16	53	85	1,633	829	432
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		869.3	48.2	821.1	4.5	4.5	15.0	24.1	463.3	235.2	122.6
Vallejo-Napa, Calif.	**253,000**										
(Includes Solano and Napa Counties.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	7,730	605	7,134	27	48	244	286	3,524	2,750	860
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		3,059.3	239.2	2,820.1	10.7	19.0	96.5	113.1	1,393.1	1,087.1	340.0
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.	**127,000**										
(Includes Cumberland County.)											
Area actually reporting	100.0%	2,460	226	2,234	9	23	89	105	959	819	456
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,932.3	177.5	1,754.8	7.1	18.1	69.9	82.5	753.3	643.3	358.2
Waco, Tex.	**156,000**										
(Includes McLennan County.)											
Area actually reporting	96.8%	3,830	484	3,346	17	27	113	327	1,856	1,131	359
Estimated total	100.0%	3,873	484	3,389	17	27	113	327	1,885	1,143	361
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,478.4	309.7	2,168.7	10.9	17.3	72.3	209.3	1,206.2	731.4	231.0

Table 5.—*Index of Crime, 1969, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas*—Continued

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	Population	Total Crime Index	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary	Larceny $50 and over	Auto theft
Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va. (Includes District of Columbia, Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties, Md., Alexandria, Fairfax, and Falls Church Cities and Arlington, Fairfax, Loudoun, and Prince William Counties, Va.)	2,799,000										
Area actually reporting	99.9%	112,457	21,863	90,594	349	773	14,670	6,071	41,850	28,064	20,680
Estimated total	100.0%	112,493	21,863	90,630	349	773	14,670	6,071	41,867	28,077	20,686
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		4,018.8	781.0	3,237.7	12.5	27.6	524.1	216.9	1,495.7	1,003.0	739.0
Waterloo, Iowa (Includes Black Hawk County.)	127,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,761	211	1,550	3	21	49	138	520	798	232
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,390.1	166.6	1,223.5	2.4	16.6	38.7	108.9	410.5	629.9	183.1
West Palm Beach, Fla. (Includes Palm Beach County.)	315,000										
Area actually reporting	98.3%	8,988	1,377	7,611	40	54	250	1,033	4,008	2,870	738
Estimated total	100.0%	9,091	1,377	7,714	40	54	250	1,033	4,066	2,904	744
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,886.7	437.2	2,449.5	12.7	17.1	79.4	328.0	1,291.1	922.1	236.2
Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio (Includes Marshall and Ohio Counties, W. Va. and Belmont County, Ohio.)	184,000										
Area actually reporting	87.4%	1,314	133	1,181	11	10	48	64	522	515	144
Estimated total	100.0%	1,619	156	1,463	11	11	55	79	631	628	204
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		880.5	84.8	795.6	6.0	6.0	29.9	43.0	343.2	341.5	110.9
Wichita, Kans. (Includes Sedgwick and Butler Counties).	401,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	10,157	865	9,292	20	55	296	494	3,981	3,928	1,383
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,532.1	215.6	2,316.4	5.0	13.7	73.8	123.2	992.4	979.2	344.8
Wichita Falls, Tex. (Includes Archer and Wichita Counties.)	135,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	1,880	296	1,584	10	13	65	208	775	598	211
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,389.0	218.7	1,170.3	7.4	9.6	48.0	153.7	572.6	441.8	155.9
Wilkes-Barre-Hazelton, Pa. (Includes Luzerne County.)	339,000										
Area actually reporting	91.8%	1,737	97	1,640	5	5	31	56	618	758	264
Estimated total	100.0%	2,075	124	1,951	5	7	41	71	755	867	329
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		612.5	36.6	575.9	1.5	2.1	12.1	21.0	222.9	255.9	97.1
Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md. (Includes New Castle County, Del., Salem County, N.J. and Cecil County, Md.)	497,000										
Area actually reporting	100.0%	11,903	1,216	10,687	34	66	641	475	4,353	3,663	2,671
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,393.4	244.5	2,148.9	6.8	13.3	128.9	95.5	875.3	736.6	537.1
Wilmington, N.C. (Includes New Hanover and Brunswick Counties.)	105,000										
Area actually reporting	78.9%	2,545	466	2,079	13	11	112	330	1,019	837	223
Estimated total	100.0%	2,810	495	2,315	15	13	118	349	1,140	931	244
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,668.8	473.6	2,215.1	14.4	12.4	112.9	333.9	1,090.8	890.8	233.5
Worcester, Mass. (Includes Worcester County.)	627,000										
Area actually reporting	90.0%	16,659	803	15,856	13	36	433	321	7,076	3,498	5,282
Estimated total	100.0%	18,006	865	17,141	14	40	453	358	7,650	3,879	5,612
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		2,873.6	138.0	2,735.6	2.2	6.4	72.3	57.1	1,220.9	619.1	895.6
York, Pa. (Includes York and Adams Counties.)	319,000										
Area actually reporting	97.3%	3,289	372	2,917	12	19	151	190	1,646	763	508
Estimated total	100.0%	3,393	381	3,012	12	20	154	195	1,688	796	528
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,062.3	119.3	943.0	3.8	6.3	48.2	61.1	528.5	249.2	165.3
Youngstown-Warren, Ohio (Includes Mahoning and Trumbull Counties.)	550,000										
Area actually reporting	98.8%	9,241	1,296	7,945	34	43	628	591	3,295	2,627	2,023
Estimated total	100.0%	9,332	1,302	8,030	34	43	630	595	3,327	2,661	2,042
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants		1,697.8	236.9	1,460.9	6.2	7.8	114.6	108.3	605.3	484.1	371.5

General United States Crime Statistics

The data presented in this section are primarily of value to law enforcement executives, news media and others for the purpose of comparing the crime experience of a community with the averages reported nationally by communities of similar size. Crime trends and rates are tabulated by grouping places according to population size. Police performance in clearing crimes by arrest is presented by population group and geographic division.

National city averages are also shown indicating the type and value of the property stolen, by offense and type, and value recovered by police investigation. Robbery, burglary and larceny-theft are examined by type, as well as where and when they occurred. An analysis is provided showing weapons used to commit murders as well as a distribution of murder victims by age, sex, and race. Dispositions made of persons formally charged for all criminal offenses are set forth in Table 15 and disposition data on juvenile offenders is provided by population group in Table 18.

City, suburban and rural arrest rates are shown for all criminal offenses. Arrest rates by population group are also listed for specific offenses. This is another step in building totals for crime categories other than those in the Crime Index and in presenting crimes known to the police through arrests.

Statistical data relating to suburban areas are provided for the use of law enforcement officials in suburban communities in making limited comparisons. Places used to establish totals for suburban areas include cities with 50,000 or less population together with county law enforcement agencies in standard metropolitan statistical areas. Of course, the crime experience of the large core city is excluded.

It is important to remember in studying averages that usually about half the units used must be above and about half below. National averages can provide the police administrator with valuable guidance in analyzing the local crime count, as well as the performance of his force in combating crime. The analysis, however, does not end with such a comparison, for it is only through an appraisal of local conditions that a clear picture of the community crime problem or the effectiveness of the police operation is possible.

Table 6.—*Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1968–69, by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
TOTAL ALL AGENCIES: 5,778 agencies; total population 169,298,000:													
1968	5,822,141	3,935,635	538,918	3,396,717	11,918	7,688	27,952	253,254	245,794	1,459,986	1,005,671	1,878,818	731,960
1969	6,332,359	4,385,529	598,240	3,787,289	12,800	7,753	32,466	296,783	266,191	1,754,800	1,217,207	1,939,077	815,282
Percent change	+8.8	+11.4	+11.0	+11.5	+7.4	+.8	+16.1	+13.2	+8.3	+5.7	+21.0	+3.2	+11.5
TOTAL CITIES: 4,033 cities; total population 121,408,000:													
1968	4,910,193	3,289,621	477,004	2,812,617	9,622	4,662	21,576	237,990	207,816	1,347,589	811,595	1,615,910	653,422
1969	5,335,862	3,663,519	529,432	3,134,087	10,528	4,655	25,488	269,728	223,688	1,425,954	979,825	1,667,688	728,388
Percent change	+8.7	+11.4	+11.0	+11.4	+9.4	−.2	+18.1	+13.3	+7.6	+5.8	+20.7	+3.2	+11.5
GROUP I													
57 cities over 250,000; population 43,345,000:													
1968	2,369,279	1,782,511	336,228	1,446,283	6,315	2,440	13,838	188,798	127,277	722,331	318,796	584,328	405,156
1969	2,560,604	1,949,872	373,030	1,576,842	6,930	2,496	16,325	212,763	137,012	756,952	368,059	608,236	451,831
Percent change	+8.1	+9.4	+10.9	+9.0	+9.7	+2.3	+18.0	+12.7	+7.6	+4.8	+15.5	+4.1	+11.5
6 cities over 1,000,000; population 19,537,000:													
1968	972,168	795,622	182,121	613,501	2,871	788	6,519	106,900	65,831	343,922	90,970	175,758	178,609
1969	1,030,536	851,975	199,310	652,665	3,127	812	7,392	120,205	68,386	352,384	100,929	177,749	199,332
Percent change	+6.0	+7.1	+9.4	+6.4	+8.9	+3.0	+13.4	+12.4	+4.2	+2.5	+10.9	+1.1	+11.6
20 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; population 12,761,000:													
1968	790,522	564,687	96,006	468,681	2,176	973	4,254	53,408	36,168	200,668	122,127	224,862	130,886
1969	882,913	640,262	112,386	527,876	2,515	926	5,687	62,719	41,465	227,551	142,696	241,725	157,629
Percent change	+11.7	+13.4	+17.1	+12.6	+15.6	−4.8	+33.7	+17.4	+14.6	+10.1	+16.8	+7.5	+12.7
31 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; population 11,047,000:													
1968	606,589	422,202	58,101	364,101	1,268	679	3,065	28,490	25,278	171,741	105,699	183,708	85,661
1969	647,155	457,635	61,334	396,301	1,288	758	3,246	29,839	26,961	177,017	124,434	188,762	94,850
Percent change	+6.7	+8.4	+5.6	+8.8	+1.6	+11.6	+5.9	+4.7	+6.7	+3.1	+17.7	+2.8	+9.4
GROUP II													
96 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 14,300,000:													
1968	665,061	415,124	45,465	369,659	1,134	758	2,407	18,431	23,493	174,284	115,842	249,179	79,533
1969	730,490	471,727	51,276	420,451	1,190	717	2,865	21,589	25,632	189,719	141,530	258,046	89,202
Percent change	+9.8	+13.6	+12.8	+13.7	+4.9	−5.4	+19.0	+17.1	+9.1	+8.9	+22.2	+3.6	+12.2
GROUP III													
261 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 18,244,000:													
1968	656,101	398,475	36,999	361,476	786	630	2,067	14,946	19,200	158,241	131,294	256,996	71,941
1969	716,057	452,720	41,491	411,229	887	651	2,411	16,835	21,358	170,154	160,221	262,686	80,854
Percent change	+9.1	+13.6	+12.1	+13.8	+12.8	+3.3	+16.6	+12.6	+11.2	+7.5	+22.0	+2.2	+12.4
GROUP IV													
451 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 16,142,000:													
1968	503,122	301,333	24,591	276,742	587	426	1,448	8,315	14,241	120,993	108,953	201,363	46,796
1969	548,298	342,200	28,340	313,860	660	419	1,706	10,034	15,940	126,546	135,371	205,679	51,943
Percent change	+9.0	+13.6	+15.2	+13.4	+12.4	−1.6	+17.8	+20.7	+11.9	+4.6	+24.2	+2.1	+11.0
GROUP V													
1,188 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 18,972,000:													
1968	495,352	270,399	23,112	247,287	563	264	1,227	5,796	15,526	117,873	93,094	224,689	36,320
1969	541,681	309,723	24,755	284,968	613	256	1,549	6,657	15,936	126,190	119,233	231,702	39,565
Percent change	+9.4	+14.5	+7.1	+15.2	+8.9	−3.0	+26.2	+14.9	+2.6	+7.1	+28.1	+3.1	+8.9

Table 6.—*Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1968–69, by Population Groups—Continued*

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
GROUP VI													
1,980 cities under 10,000; population 10,405,000:													
1968	221,278	121,779	10,609	111,170	237	144	589	1,704	8,079	53,867	43,616	99,355	13,687
1969	238,732	137,277	10,540	126,737	248	116	632	1,850	7,810	56,393	55,411	101,339	14,933
Percent change	+7.9	+12.7	−.7	+14.0	+4.6	−19.4	+7.3	+8.6	−3.3	+4.7	+27.0	+2.0	+9.1
SUBURBAN AREA [1]													
2,136 agencies; population 51,288,000:													
1968	1,354,623	871,929	73,443	798,486	1,714	1,772	6,105	23,135	42,489	386,125	287,567	480,922	124,794
1969	1,483,542	984,924	81,829	903,095	1,890	1,754	6,823	26,111	47,005	406,231	356,833	496,864	140,031
Percent change	+9.5	+13.0	+11.4	+13.1	+10.3	−1.0	+11.8	+12.9	+10.6	+5.2	+24.1	+3.3	+12.2
RURAL AREA													
1,438 agencies; population 22,642,000:													
1968	269,312	201,974	21,279	180,695	1,208	1,731	2,239	2,841	14,991	105,565	57,133	65,587	17,997
1969	294,622	224,020	22,923	201,097	1,089	1,827	2,465	3,149	16,220	112,394	69,257	68,775	19,446
Percent change	+9.4	+10.9	+7.7	+11.3	−9.9	+4.3	+10.1	+10.8	+8.2	+6.5	+21.2	+4.9	+8.1

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups. Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

397-633 O - 70 - 7

Table 7.—*Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1968–69, for Suburban and Nonsuburban Cities*[1] *by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Suburban Cities													
TOTAL SUBURBAN CITIES; 1,829 cities; total population 26,039,000:													
1968	711,967	427,889	32,808	395,081	626	497	1,968	10,712	19,502	179,293	150,624	283,601	65,164
1969	781,667	486,934	35,944	450,990	707	483	2,310	12,295	20,722	189,779	188,708	294,250	72,503
Percent change	+9.8	+13.8	+9.6	+14.2	+12.9	−2.8	+17.4	+13.9	+6.3	+5.8	+25.3	+3.8	+11.3
GROUP IV													
274 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 9,815,000:													
1968	300,052	189,386	14,195	175,191	261	254	855	5,603	7,476	75,609	67,043	110,412	32,539
1969	328,312	214,385	16,426	197,959	306	252	991	6,645	8,484	79,304	82,438	113,675	36,217
Percent change	+9.4	+13.2	+15.7	+13.0	+17.2	−.8	+15.9	+18.6	+13.5	+4.9	+23.0	+3.0	+11.3
GROUP V													
708 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 11,508,000:													
1968	300,126	174,227	13,620	160,607	273	160	802	3,999	8,546	76,105	59,930	125,739	24,572
1969	331,612	199,024	14,383	184,641	295	155	1,004	4,337	8,747	81,299	76,079	132,433	27,263
Percent change	+10.5	+14.2	+5.6	+15.0	+8.1	−3.1	+25.2	+8.5	+2.4	+6.8	+26.9	+5.3	+11.0
GROUP VI													
847 cities under 10,000; population 4,717,000:													
1968	111,809	64,276	4,993	59,283	92	53	311	1,110	3,480	27,579	23,651	47,450	8,053
1969	121,743	73,525	5,135	68,390	106	76	315	1,223	3,491	29,176	30,191	48,142	9,023
Percent change	+8.9	+14.4	+2.8	+15.4	+15.2	−8.4	+1.3	+10.2	+.3	+5.8	+27.7	+1.5	+12.0
Nonsuburban Cities													
TOTAL NONSUBURBAN CITIES: 1,790 cities; total population 19,481,000:													
1968	507,765	265,622	25,504	240,118	761	337	1,296	5,103	18,344	113,440	95,039	241,886	31,639
1969	547,044	302,266	27,691	274,575	814	308	1,577	6,336	18,964	119,350	121,307	244,470	33,918
Percent change	+7.7	+13.8	+8.6	+14.4	+7.0	−8.6	+21.7	+24.2	+3.4	+5.2	+27.6	+1.1	+7.2
GROUP IV													
177 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 6,328,000:													
1968	203,070	111,947	10,396	101,551	326	172	593	2,712	6,765	45,384	41,910	90,951	14,257
1969	219,986	127,815	11,914	115,901	354	167	715	3,389	7,456	47,242	52,933	92,004	15,726
Percent change	+8.3	+14.2	+14.6	+14.1	+8.6	−2.9	+20.6	+25.0	+10.2	+4.1	+26.3	+1.2	+10.3
GROUP V													
480 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 7,465,000:													
1968	195,226	96,172	9,492	86,680	290	104	425	1,797	6,960	41,768	33,164	98,950	11,748
1969	210,069	110,699	10,372	100,327	318	101	545	2,320	7,189	44,891	43,154	99,269	12,282
Percent change	+7.6	+15.1	+9.3	+15.7	+9.7	−2.9	+28.2	+29.1	+3.0	+7.5	+30.1	+.3	+4.5
GROUP VI													
1,133 cities under 10,000; population 5,688,000:													
1968	109,469	57,503	5,616	51,887	145	61	278	594	4,599	26,288	19,965	51,985	5,634
1969	116,989	63,752	5,405	58,347	142	40	317	627	4,319	27,217	25,220	53,197	5,910
Percent change	+6.9	+10.9	−3.8	+12.5	−2.1	−34.4	+14.0	+5.6	−6.1	+3.5	+26.3	+2.5	+4.9

[1] Suburban places are within Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and includes suburban city and county police agencies within the metropolitan area. Excludes core cities; nonsuburban places are outside S.M.S.A.'s. Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 8.—*Crime Trends, Offenses Known to the Police, 1968–69, for Suburban and Nonsuburban Counties by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Suburban Counties													
Over 100,000													
61 counties, population 14,757,000:													
1968	479,987	323,929	28,481	295,448	638	435	2,729	9,805	15,309	146,526	102,092	155,623	46,830
1969	524,281	364,296	32,288	332,008	700	409	2,997	10,991	17,600	151,920	126,615	150,576	53,473
Percent change	+9.2	+12.5	+13.4	+12.4	+9.7	−6.0	+9.8	+12.1	+15.0	+3.7	+24.0	+2.5	+14.2
25,000 to 100,000													
127 counties, population 6,927,000:													
1968	111,428	80,670	8,588	72,082	300	308	977	1,608	5,613	39,210	24,496	30,450	8,376
1969	123,357	91,262	9,574	81,688	329	307	1,082	1,985	6,178	42,737	29,577	31,788	9,374
Percent change	+10.7	+13.1	+11.5	+13.3	+9.7	−.3	+10.7	+16.9	+10.1	+9.0	+20.7	+4.4	+11.9
10,000 to 25,000													
47 counties, population 873,000:													
1968	13,311	10,445	1,182	9,263	39	24	157	171	815	5,228	3,309	2,842	726
1969	14,960	12,020	1,308	10,712	43	27	151	173	941	6,068	3,906	2,913	838
Percent change	+12.4	+15.1	+10.7	+15.6	+10.3	+12.5	−3.8	+1.2	+15.5	+16.1	+15.0	+2.5	+15.4
Nonsuburban Counties													
25,000 to 100,000													
163 counties, population 6,440,000:													
1968	72,275	50,563	6,466	44,097	306	91	521	729	4,910	25,857	14,285	21,621	3,955
1969	82,330	58,890	7,092	51,798	246	118	667	810	5,369	28,813	18,333	23,322	4,652
Percent change	+13.9	+16.5	+9.7	+17.5	−19.6	+29.7	+28.0	+11.1	+9.3	+11.4	+28.3	+7.9	+17.6
10,000 to 25,000													
393 counties, population 6,159,000:													
1968	59,801	44,360	5,402	39,458	320	120	481	509	4,092	22,403	14,070	14,821	2,985
1969	64,111	48,478	5,745	42,733	258	122	547	597	4,343	23,163	16,475	15,511	3,095
Percent change	+7.2	+8.1	+6.3	+8.3	−19.4	+1.7	+13.7	+17.3	+6.1	+3.4	+17.1	+4.7	+3.7
Under 10,000													
538 counties, population 2,945,000:													
1968	34,007	25,692	2,666	23,026	145	74	268	283	1,970	12,635	8,798	8,241	1,593
1969	36,353	27,910	2,736	25,174	131	67	256	300	2,049	13,182	10,427	8,376	1,565
Percent change	+6.9	+8.6	+2.6	+9.3	−9.7	−9.5	−4.5	+6.0	+4.0	+4.3	+18.5	+1.6	−1.8

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 9.—*Crime Rates, Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population. Rate: Number of crimes per 100,000 inhabitants]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
TOTAL ALL AGENCIES: 6,307 agencies; total population 178,063,000:													
Number of offenses known	**6,849,903**	**4,717,011**	**620,029**	**4,096,982**	**13,174**	**7,888**	**34,041**	**291,912**	**280,902**	**1,836,285**	**1,421,705**	**2,125,004**	**838,992**
Rate	**3,846.5**	**2,648.8**	**348.2**	**2,300.6**	**7.4**	**4.4**	**19.1**	**163.9**	**157.7**	**1,031.1**	**798.3**	**1,193.3**	**471.1**
TOTAL CITIES: 4,317 cities; total population 124,630,000:													
Number of offenses known	**5,747,579**	**3,913,039**	**542,041**	**3,370,998**	**10,594**	**4,822**	**26,153**	**273,185**	**232,109**	**1,470,912**	**1,157,354**	**1,829,718**	**742,732**
Rate	**4,611.7**	**3,139.7**	**434.9**	**2,704.8**	**8.5**	**3.9**	**21.0**	**219.2**	**186.2**	**1,180.2**	**928.6**	**1,468.1**	**595.9**
GROUP I													
58 cities over 250,000; population 44,159,000:													
Number of offenses known	2,863,556	2,130,567	379,658	1,750,909	6,930	2,604	16,756	215,294	140,678	776,800	514,577	730,385	459,532
Rate	6,484.6	4,824.7	859.7	3,965.0	15.7	5.9	37.9	487.5	318.6	1,759.1	1,165.3	1,654.0	1,040.6
6 cities over 1,000,000; population 19,537,000:													
Number of offenses known	1,221,076	981,111	199,310	781,801	3,127	812	7,392	120,205	68,586	352,384	230,065	239,153	199,352
Rate	6,250.1	5,021.8	1,020.2	4,001.7	16.0	4.2	37.8	615.3	351.1	1,803.7	1,177.6	1,224.1	1,020.4
21 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; population 13,576,000:													
Number of offenses known	968,067	688,185	119,014	569,171	2,515	1,034	6,118	65,250	45,131	247,399	156,442	278,848	165,330
Rate	7,130.9	5,069.3	876.7	4,192.6	18.5	7.6	45.1	480.6	332.4	1,822.4	1,152.4	2,054.0	1,217.8
31 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; population 11,047,000:													
Number of offenses known	674,413	461,271	61,334	399,937	1,288	758	3,246	29,839	26,961	177,017	128,070	212,384	94,850
Rate	6,105.0	4,175.6	555.2	3,620.4	11.7	6.9	29.4	270.1	244.1	1,602.4	1,159.3	1,922.6	858.6
GROUP II													
97 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 14,412,000:													
Number of offenses known	737,392	477,418	51,678	425,740	1,190	725	2,877	21,649	25,962	190,341	145,963	259,249	89,436
Rate	5,116.0	3,312.3	358.5	2,953.8	8.3	5.0	20.0	150.2	180.1	1,320.6	1,012.7	1,798.7	620.5

Table 9.—*Crime Rates, Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, by Population Groups—Continued*

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
GROUP III													
265 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 18,536,000:													
Number of offenses known	752,233	475,550	42,967	432,583	897	664	2,466	17,166	22,438	178,810	170,275	276,019	83,498
Rate	4,058.2	2,565.5	231.8	2,333.7	4.8	3.6	13.3	92.6	121.1	964.7	918.6	1,489.1	450.5
GROUP IV													
462 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 16,520,000:													
Number of offenses known	561,801	350,341	28,735	321,606	669	426	1,727	10,119	16,220	129,483	139,213	211,034	52,910
Rate	3,400.7	2,120.7	173.9	1,946.7	4.0	2.6	10.5	61.3	98.2	783.8	842.7	1,277.4	320.3
GROUP V													
1,233 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 19,647,000:													
Number of offenses known	568,341	326,269	26,667	299,602	635	272	1,621	6,893	17,518	132,791	125,943	241,800	40,868
Rate	2,892.8	1,660.7	135.7	1,524.9	3.2	1.4	8.3	35.1	89.2	675.9	641.0	1,230.7	208.0
GROUP VI													
2,202 cities under 10,000; population 11,354,000:													
Number of offenses known	264,256	152,894	12,336	140,558	273	131	706	2,064	9,293	82,687	61,383	111,231	16,488
Rate	2,327.3	1,346.6	108.6	1,237.9	2.4	1.2	6.2	18.2	81.8	552.1	540.6	979.6	145.2
SUBURBAN AREA [1]													
2,241 agencies; population 55,485,000:													
Number of offenses known	1,611,158	1,076,853	90,201	986,652	2,074	1,868	7,621	27,942	52,564	446,424	389,774	532,437	150,454
Rate	2,903.8	1,940.8	162.6	1,778.2	3.7	3.4	13.7	50.4	94.7	804.6	702.5	959.6	271.2
RURAL AREA													
1,620 agencies; population 25,195,000:													
Number of offenses known	318,977	242,650	25,923	216,727	1,241	1,702	2,680	3,383	18,619	120,121	75,330	74,625	21,276
Rate	1,266.0	963.1	102.9	860.2	4.9	6.8	10.6	13.4	73.9	476.8	299.0	296.2	84.4

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups. Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding. Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 10.—*Crime Rates, Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, for Suburban and Nonsuburban Cities by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population. Rate: Number of crimes per 100,000 inhabitants]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime [1]	Property crime [2]	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Suburban Cities													
TOTAL SUBURBAN CITIES: 1,971 cities; total population 27,228,000:													
Number of offenses known	**827,811**	**515,531**	**38,136**	**477,395**	**735**	**504**	**2,413**	**12,598**	**22,390**	**201,172**	**260,753**	**311,776**	**75,470**
Rate	**3,040.3**	**1,893.4**	**140.1**	**1,753.3**	**2.7**	**1.9**	**8.9**	**46.3**	**82.2**	**738.8**	**737.3**	**1,145.1**	**277.2**
GROUP IV													
282 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 10,111,000:													
Number of offenses known	340,400	221,672	16,764	204,908	310	259	1,004	6,716	8,734	81,947	85,861	118,409	37,100
Rate	3,366.7	2,192.4	165.8	2,026.6	3.1	2.6	9.9	66.4	86.4	810.5	849.2	1,171.7	366.9
GROUP V													
737 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 11,931,000:													
Number of offenses known	349,916	210,743	15,336	195,407	306	164	1,054	4,513	9,463	86,215	80,859	139,009	28,333
Rate	2,932.9	1,766.4	128.5	1,637.8	2.6	1.4	8.8	37.8	79.3	722.6	677.7	1,165.1	237.5
GROUP VI													
952 cities, under 10,000; population 5,186,000:													
Number of offenses known	137,495	83,116	6,036	77,080	119	81	355	1,369	4,193	33,010	34,033	54,298	10,037
Rate	2,651.2	1,602.7	116.4	1,486.3	2.3	1.6	6.8	26.4	80.9	636.5	656.2	1,047.0	193.5
Nonsuburban Cities													
TOTAL NONSUBURBAN CITIES: 1,926 cities; total population 20,294,000:													
Number of offenses known	**566,587**	**313,973**	**29,602**	**284,371**	**842**	**325**	**1,641**	**6,478**	**20,641**	**123,789**	**125,786**	**252,289**	**34,796**
Rate	**2,791.9**	**1,547.1**	**145.9**	**1,401.3**	**4.1**	**1.6**	**8.1**	**31.9**	**101.7**	**610.0**	**619.8**	**1,243.2**	**171.5**
GROUP IV													
180 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 6,409,000:													
Number of offenses known	221,401	128,669	11,971	116,698	359	167	723	3,403	7,486	47,536	53,352	92,565	15,810
Rate	3,454.3	2,007.5	186.8	1,820.7	5.6	2.6	11.3	53.1	116.8	741.7	832.4	1,444.2	246.7
GROUP V													
496 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 7,716,000:													
Number of offenses known	218,425	115,526	11,331	104,195	329	108	567	2,380	8,055	46,576	45,084	102,791	12,535
Rate	2,830.7	1,497.2	146.8	1,350.3	4.3	1.4	7.3	30.8	104.4	603.6	584.3	1,332.1	162.5
GROUP VI													
1,250 cities, under 10,000; population 6,168,000:													
Number of offenses known	126,761	69,778	6,300	63,478	154	50	351	695	5,100	29,677	27,350	56,933	6,451
Rate	2,055.0	1,131.2	102.1	1,029.1	2.5	.8	5.7	11.3	82.7	481.1	443.4	923.0	104.6

[1] Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

[2] Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 11.—*Crime Rates, Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Suburban and Nonsuburban Counties by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population. Rate: Number of crimes per 100,000 inhabitants]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime [1]	Property crime [2]	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Suburban Counties													
Over 100,000													
66 counties, population 15,804,000:													
Number of offenses known	550,161	385,030	34,081	350,949	719	438	3,196	11,408	18,758	161,003	133,683	164,693	56,263
Rate	3,481.2	2,436.4	215.7	2,220.7	4.5	2.8	20.2	72.2	118.7	1,018.8	845.9	1,042.1	356.0
25,000 to 100,000													
186 counties, population 3,408,000:													
Number of offenses known	161,794	120,390	12,701	107,689	417	348	1,400	2,614	8,270	56,316	39,198	41,056	12,175
Rate	1,910.7	1,421.7	150.0	1,271.7	4.9	4.1	16.5	30.9	97.7	665.0	462.9	484.8	143.8
10,000 to 25,000													
66 counties, population 1,217,000:													
Number of offenses known	20,367	16,548	1,811	14,737	70	46	218	297	1,226	8,454	5,014	3,773	1,269
Rate	1,673.6	1,359.8	148.8	1,210.9	5.8	3.8	17.9	24.4	100.7	694.7	412.0	310.0	104.3
Nonsuburban Counties													
25,000 to 100,000													
183 counties, population 7,158,000:													
Number of offenses known	91,386	65,287	7,787	57,500	279	125	744	905	5,859	31,539	20,924	25,974	5,037
Rate	1,276.8	912.1	108.8	803.3	3.9	1.7	10.4	12.6	81.9	440.6	292.3	362.9	70.4
10,000 to 25,000													
439 counties, population 7,192,000:													
Number of offenses known	76,242	58,318	7,290	51,028	346	139	662	750	5,532	28,003	19,367	17,785	3,658
Rate	1,060.1	810.9	101.4	709.5	4.8	1.9	9.2	10.4	76.9	389.4	269.3	247.3	50.9
Under 10,000													
619 counties, population 3,408,000:													
Number of offenses known	42,038	32,450	3,487	28,963	168	77	327	364	2,628	15,204	11,899	9,511	1,860
Rate	1,233.7	952.3	102.3	850.0	4.9	2.3	9.6	10.7	77.1	446.2	349.2	279.1	54.6

[1] Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

[2] Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 12.—*Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1969, by Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Total	$50 and over	
TOTAL CITIES													
3,882 cities; total population 103,936,000:													
Offenses known	4,511,646	2,950,396	384,877	2,565,519	8,427	4,230	19,645	184,780	172,025	1,115,360	2,439,709	882,680	567,479
Percent cleared by arrest	29.6	29.1	46.5	16.1	86.1	83.5	55.9	26.9	64.7	18.9	17.9	11.4	17.9
GROUP I													
51 cities; total population 30,728,000:													
Offenses known	1,925,325	1,358,021	238,845	1,119,176	5,122	2,157	11,271	133,091	89,361	493,447	879,691	314,544	311,185
Percent cleared by arrest	21.5	21.1	41.7	16.8	84.1	85.2	53.8	26.3	60.8	19.7	18.6	11.9	17.0
4 cities over 1,000,000; total population 8,455,000:													
Offenses known	464,278	333,010	78,077	254,933	1,707	533	3,157	69,144	24,069	116,476	187,785	57,050	81,422
Percent cleared by arrest	24.6	24.1	41.1	18.9	84.6	91.2	54.9	27.8	63.3	19.1	23.0	17.2	19.8
19 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; total population 12, 362,000:													
Offenses known	867,822	621,250	107,016	514,234	2,322	933	5,341	57,888	41,465	223,694	390,214	144,575	145,968
Percent cleared by arrest	20.6	20.7	39.5	16.8	85.1	88.5	53.2	23.9	57.1	20.2	17.1	11.6	16.6
28 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; total population 9,911,000:													
Offenses known	593,225	403,761	53,752	350,009	1,093	691	2,773	26,059	23,827	153,277	301,692	112,919	83,813
Percent cleared by arrest	20.5	19.4	47.0	15.2	81.3	76.1	53.5	28.6	64.7	19.4	17.7	9.8	15.0
GROUP II													
94 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population 14,035,000:													
Offenses known	719,131	465,323	50,659	414,664	1,162	715	2,800	21,127	25,570	185,505	394,324	141,231	87,928
Percent cleared by arrest	20.6	20.1	53.3	16.1	90.4	77.3	55.8	29.6	70.8	19.5	17.7	11.3	16.7
GROUP III													
238 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population 16,633,000:													
Offenses known	645,477	408,107	36,980	371,127	779	614	2,091	14,257	19,853	154,092	380,877	144,121	72,914
Percent cleared by arrest	18.9	17.8	51.0	14.5	88.8	80.1	57.9	25.8	66.8	17.3	16.9	10.7	16.2

Table 12.—*Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1969, by Population Groups—Continued*

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Total	$50 and over	
GROUP IV													
410 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population 14,622,000:													
Offenses known	487,865	299,920	24,997	274,923	574	385	1,467	8,598	14,358	110,422	306,960	119,400	45,101
Percent cleared by arrest	19.9	18.3	51.3	15.3	88.7	80.8	62.2	27.3	63.1	18.6	17.8	10.7	19.5
GROUP V													
1,110 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population 17,672,000:													
Offenses known	503,378	286,427	23,057	263,370	556	242	1,399	5,987	15,115	116,724	327,148	110,439	36,207
Percent cleared by arrest	20.1	19.5	60.0	15.9	89.2	95.0	59.5	30.5	70.7	17.6	17.6	11.3	24.5
GROUP VI													
1,979 cities under 10,000; total population 10,247,000:													
Offenses known	230,470	132,598	10,339	122,259	234	117	617	1,720	7,768	55,170	150,700	52,945	14,144
Percent cleared by arrest	21.0	20.9	67.3	17.0	85.9	94.0	64.8	33.1	74.5	18.5	17.7	11.8	30.5
SUBURBAN AREA [1]													
2,045 agencies; total population 46,079,000:													
Offenses known	1,247,330	814,142	64,349	749,793	1,501	1,677	5,231	20,288	37,329	330,880	733,713	302,202	116,711
Percent cleared by arrest	19.2	18.8	52.8	15.9	85.7	71.9	57.5	30.6	62.9	18.2	16.2	10.9	22.2
RURAL AREA													
1,221 agencies; total population 20,903,000:													
Offenses known	254,455	195,307	18,422	176,885	964	1,743	2,041	2,600	12,817	98,248	118,169	60,764	17,873
Percent cleared by arrest	24.5	25.3	66.6	21.0	82.9	62.4	53.8	44.4	70.4	20.8	18.5	16.6	37.3

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 13.—*Offenses Known and Percent Cleared by Arrest, 1969, by Geographic Divisions*

[1969 estimated population]

Geographic division	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Total	$50 and over	
TOTAL ALL DIVISIONS													
3,882 cities; total population 103,936,000:													
Offenses known	**4,511,646**	**2,950,396**	**384,877**	**2,565,519**	**8,427**	**4,230**	**19,645**	**184,780**	**172,025**	**1,115,360**	**2,439,700**	**882,680**	**567,**
Percent cleared by arrest	**20.6**	**20.1**	**46.5**	**16.1**	**86.1**	**83.5**	**55.9**	**26.9**	**64.7**	**18.9**	**17.9**	**11.4**	**17.**
NEW ENGLAND STATES													
330 cities; total population 8,492,000:													
Offenses known	303,138	224,765	15,263	209,502	269	257	810	7,075	7,109	85,476	138,688	60,572	63,
Percent cleared by arrest	18.4	18.2	51.4	15.8	82.2	75.5	64.6	31.4	68.6	17.2	16.2	13.1	14.
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES													
994 cities; total population 18,808,000:													
Offenses known	555,017	390,782	44,553	346,229	913	548	2,375	22,831	18,434	146,409	280,280	116,593	83,
Percent cleared by arrest	17.9	17.8	45.0	14.3	83.5	81.9	61.6	26.2	64.2	17.5	14.8	10.3	14.
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES													
850 cities; total population 25,043,000:													
Offenses known	1,124,272	724,927	116,185	608,742	2,318	985	5,287	64,853	43,727	246,538	604,126	205,766	158,
Percent cleared by arrest	21.1	20.4	42.0	16.2	82.5	85.4	52.8	26.1	62.0	19.1	18.7	12.0	17.
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES													
431 cities; total population 9,234,000:													
Offenses known	419,329	251,147	28,111	223,036	577	265	1,958	13,612	11,964	94,587	244,646	76,729	51,
Percent cleared by arrest	21.3	21.1	46.8	17.9	89.1	83.4	58.1	28.2	64.2	20.6	18.5	11.9	22.
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES													
339 cities; total population 12,181,000:													
Offenses known	629,948	432,328	82,454	349,874	1,847	623	2,995	36,920	40,069	162,201	320,406	123,409	64,
Percent cleared by arrest	21.7	21.4	45.3	15.7	90.1	91.2	57.5	21.2	64.2	18.1	17.8	11.1	18.
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES													
132 cities; total population 4,398,000:													
Offenses known	154,392	114,058	13,014	101,044	515	299	608	5,225	6,666	45,676	75,138	35,103	20,
Percent cleared by arrest	19.9	18.4	55.2	13.6	87.4	76.9	60.2	26.9	74.4	16.0	17.3	9.6	15.
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES													
286 cities; total population 11,602,000:													
Offenses known	523,581	332,700	44,557	288,143	1,304	659	2,492	16,844	23,917	140,098	283,005	92,783	55,
Percent cleared by arrest	23.2	22.7	55.4	17.6	88.0	86.5	58.2	34.0	68.5	20.1	20.3	12.5	19.
MOUNTAIN STATES													
199 cities; total population 4,691,000:													
Offenses known	253,174	149,780	14,344	135,436	251	256	1,051	5,073	7,969	58,459	156,991	53,853	23,
Percent cleared by arrest	19.8	18.2	51.0	14.7	89.2	83.6	46.1	31.4	62.8	17.9	17.7	9.5	19.
PACIFIC STATES													
321 cities; total population 9,487,000:													
Offenses known	548,795	329,909	26,396	303,513	433	338	2,009	12,347	11,547	135,916	336,420	117,872	49,
Percent cleared by arrest	20.3	19.7	48.3	17.2	83.6	73.1	50.2	33.2	62.8	21.4	17.5	10.9	20.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 14.—*Offenses Cleared, 1969, by Arrest of Persons Under 18 Years of Age*

[Percent of total cleared; 1969 estimated population]

Population group	Grand total	Crime Index total	Violent crime	Property crime	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft		Auto theft
					Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					Total	$50 and over	
TOTAL CITIES													
3,514 cities; total population 98,444,000:													
Total clearances	**855,015**	**541,216**	**159,406**	**381,810**	**6,515**	**3,184**	**10,011**	**41,382**	**101,578**	**196,916**	**403,270**	**92,655**	**92,229**
Percent under 18	**37.0**	**32.0**	**14.0**	**39.5**	**6.1**	**5.0**	**14.2**	**23.3**	**10.6**	**40.3**	**42.3**	**29.4**	**48.0**
GROUP I													
80 cities over 250,000; total population 27,188,000:													
Total clearances	355,096	246,984	82,588	164,396	3,695	1,518	5,277	27,241	46,375	87,172	138,509	31,915	45,309
Percent under 18	34.0	30.7	15.7	38.2	6.8	4.7	14.4	24.5	11.5	37.0	38.1	24.8	50.0
3 cities over 1,000,000; total population 4,915,000:													
Total clearances	54,465	40,047	15,040	25,007	831	166	949	5,982	7,278	12,281	18,408	4,156	8,570
Percent under 18	33.8	30.2	20.2	36.3	7.2	4.2	20.1	26.2	16.6	34.2	30.6	24.0	45.2
19 cities, 500,000 to 1,000,000; total population 12,362,000:													
Total clearances	179,112	128,444	42,297	86,147	1,975	826	2,844	13,808	23,670	45,217	66,568	16,726	24,204
Percent under 18	32.6	29.4	15.3	36.3	6.7	5.8	13.0	24.7	10.8	35.1	36.6	22.8	47.8
26 cities, 250,000 to 500,000; total population 9,911,000:													
Total clearances	121,519	78,493	25,251	53,242	889	526	1,484	7,451	15,427	29,674	53,533	11,033	12,535
Percent under 18	36.1	33.1	13.8	42.2	6.6	3.0	13.6	22.6	10.0	40.9	39.4	28.2	57.4
GROUP II													
92 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; total population 13,706,000:													
Total clearances	142,900	91,158	26,575	64,583	1,028	541	1,527	6,151	17,869	34,678	66,672	15,471	14,434
Percent under 18	34.5	30.3	11.5	38.1	5.3	5.2	12.1	20.3	8.8	38.3	39.5	30.3	45.9
GROUP III													
228 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; total population 15,826,000:													
Total clearances	116,646	68,804	17,662	51,142	611	479	1,125	3,336	12,590	25,198	62,131	14,768	11,176
Percent under 18	38.2	32.0	13.1	38.5	4.7	3.3	13.3	22.9	10.8	40.7	43.0	28.0	47.4
GROUP IV													
409 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; total population 14,280,000:													
Total clearances	94,271	52,974	12,430	40,544	502	309	883	2,233	8,812	19,782	53,320	12,332	8,430
Percent under 18	41.0	34.8	12.1	41.7	5.4	6.8	15.7	18.9	10.3	44.7	45.4	32.8	47.8
GROUP V													
1,087 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; total population 17,304,000:													
Total clearances	98,347	53,892	13,267	40,625	479	227	804	1,775	10,209	20,020	56,227	11,999	8,606
Percent under 18	43.0	35.7	12.3	43.3	5.4	7.5	15.5	22.7	10.6	47.7	48.3	34.2	45.7
GROUP VI													
1,967 cities under 10,000; total population 10,140,000:													
Total clearances	47,755	27,404	6,884	20,520	200	110	395	566	5,723	10,066	26,411	6,170	4,284
Percent under 18	43.9	36.9	10.9	45.6	6.5	6.4	15.2	18.7	10.0	51.5	50.2	38.7	41.4
SUBURBAN AREA [1]													
2,006 agencies; total population 44,818,000:													
Total clearances	233,531	148,253	32,918	115,335	1,253	1,193	2,899	5,906	22,770	58,490	115,810	31,725	25,120
Percent under 18	38.2	33.2	13.5	38.9	5.9	7.9	13.6	20.0	12.2	42.5	42.9	31.4	39.8
RURAL AREA													
1,286 agencies; total population 20,227,000:													
Total clearances	50,216	46,833	11,300	35,443	767	1,065	1,226	1,078	8,319	19,513	20,880	9,562	6,366
Percent under 18	27.7	27.2	7.0	33.7	5.2	4.7	9.1	9.7	6.5	35.7	29.2	26.1	38.9

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 15.—*Disposition of Persons Formally Charged by the Police, 1969*

[2,640 cities; 1969 estimated population 66,155,000]

Offense	Charged (held for prosecution)	Guilty		Acquitted or dismissed	Referred to juvenile court
		Offense charged	Lesser offense		
TOTAL	**2,402,979**	**62.3**	**3.2**	**15.9**	**18.5**
Criminal homicide:					
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	2,608	36.3	19.7	31.6	12.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,000	37.3	12.5	41.0	9.2
Forcible rape	4,118	25.7	12.3	34.7	27.2
Robbery	19,055	26.4	9.6	22.1	41.8
Aggravated assault	33,785	36.8	14.7	30.7	17.9
Burglary—breaking or entering	87,960	23.0	6.4	11.4	59.3
Larceny—theft	198,732	42.7	3.3	13.6	40.4
Auto theft	49,083	17.6	4.8	11.5	66.1
Violent crime	59,566	32.7	13.1	28.3	26.0
Property crime	335,725	33.9	4.3	12.7	49.1
Subtotal for above offenses	396,291	33.7	5.7	15.1	45.5
Other assaults	113,968	48.3	3.9	35.0	12.9
Arson	2,775	16.4	5.1	14.5	64.0
Forgery and counterfeiting	11,923	54.1	9.5	22.2	14.2
Fraud	22,656	65.1	4.3	26.7	3.8
Embezzlement	2,828	62.3	2.9	29.7	5.0
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	15,535	36.1	7.2	20.1	36.5
Vandalism	34,868	25.1	1.8	18.4	54.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	33,940	56.3	7.5	21.8	14.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	12,237	71.1	2.2	24.2	2.4
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution)	20,357	52.0	7.4	19.8	20.9
Narcotic drug laws	63,668	36.9	7.0	24.5	31.7
Gambling	27,320	61.9	5.1	31.7	1.3
Offenses against the family and children	21,341	53.9	2.5	28.0	15.5
Driving under the influence	148,692	77.0	13.0	9.2	.8
Liquor laws	106,322	63.2	1.4	12.6	22.8
Drunkenness	805,951	86.2	.7	11.4	1.6
Disorderly conduct	209,376	62.0	1.6	22.1	14.3
Vagrancy	33,389	64.7	3.2	24.2	7.9
All other offenses	319,542	47.7	1.6	14.2	36.5

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 16.—*Persons Charged—Percent Arrested or Summoned—1969*

[1,284 cities; 1969 estimated population 29,838,000]

Offense	Number of persons charged	Percent of charged	
		Arrested	Summoned
TOTAL	**1,156,835**	**88.3**	**11.7**
Criminal homicide:			
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,364	97.6	2.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	791	89.5	10.5
Forcible rape	2,448	94.9	5.1
Robbery	11,064	95.2	4.8
Aggravated assault	18,931	89.3	10.7
Burglary-breaking or entering	44,466	86.9	13.1
Larceny-theft	99,424	79.4	20.6
Auto theft	23,823	89.1	10.9
Violent crime	33,807	92.0	8.0
Property crime	167,713	82.7	17.3
Subtotal for above offenses	202,311	84.3	15.7
Other assaults	59,897	84.9	15.1
Arson	1,458	81.3	18.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	6,695	90.0	10.0
Fraud	13,910	81.4	18.6
Embezzlement	1,529	88.6	11.4
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	11,142	91.9	8.1
Vandalism	18,150	69.1	30.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	16,712	94.7	5.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	5,189	99.1	.9
Sex offenses (except rape and prostitution)	11,128	91.5	8.5
Narcotic drug laws	37,864	94.5	5.5
Gambling	10,306	93.4	6.6
Offenses against the family and children	11,600	75.3	24.7
Driving under the influence	62,540	92.9	7.1
Liquor laws	45,270	74.2	25.8
Drunkenness	352,740	96.6	3.4
Disorderly conduct	124,232	87.8	12.2
Vagrancy	12,618	95.1	4.9
All other offenses	151,535	78.0	22.0

Table 17.—*Offenses Known, Cleared; Persons Arrested, Charged and Disposed of in 1969*

[2,344 cities; 1969 estimated population 59,267,000]

Type	TOTAL	Violent crime	Property crime	Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny-theft	Auto theft
Offenses known	2,497,367	189,085	2,308,872	4,101	10,344	92,332	82,308	614,339	1,373,065	321,468
Offenses cleared	492,033	88,195	403,838	3,477	5,761	23,782	55,175	113,322	235,201	55,315
Percent cleared	19.7	46.6	17.5	84.8	55.7	25.8	67.0	18.4	17.1	17.2
TOTAL ARRESTS	485,629	78,126	407,494	4,050	5,558	26,532	41,986	103,453	248,370	55,671
Per 100 offenses	19.4	41.3	17.6	98.8	53.7	28.7	51.0	16.8	18.1	17.3
Arrests under 18	253,372	18,432	234,940	430	1,221	9,406	7,375	60,266	137,905	36,769
Per 100 offenses	10.1	9.7	10.2	10.5	11.8	10.2	9.0	9.8	10.0	11.4
Persons charged	427,455	73,450	354,005	3,870	5,379	24,510	39,691	93,536	210,306	50,163
Per 100 offenses	17.1	38.8	15.3	94.4	52.0	26.5	48.2	15.2	15.3	15.6
Persons guilty as charged	117,497	16,962	100,515	812	905	4,413	10,852	17,592	75,386	7,537
Per 100 offenses	4.7	9.0	4.4	19.8	8.7	4.8	13.2	2.9	5.5	2.3
Persons guilty of lesser offenses	20,086	7,107	12,979	458	461	1,678	4,510	4,955	5,955	2,069
Per 100 offenses	.8	3.8	.6	11.2	4.5	1.8	5.5	.8	.4	.6
Persons acquitted or dismissed	53,378	15,331	37,047	765	1,323	3,749	9,494	8,732	23,377	4,938
Per 100 offenses	2.1	8.1	1.6	18.7	12.8	4.1	11.5	1.4	1.7	1.5
Juveniles referred to juvenile court	164,915	14,332	150,583	296	1,036	7,371	5,629	46,880	74,536	29,165
Per 100 offenses	6.6	7.6	6.5	7.2	10.0	8.0	6.8	7.6	5.4	9.1

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 18.—*Police Disposition of Juvenile Offenders Taken Into Custody, 1969*

[1969 estimated population]

Population group	Total [1]	Handled within department and released	Referred to juvenile court jurisdiction	Referred to welfare agency	Referred to other police agency	Referred to criminal or adult court
TOTAL, ALL AGENCIES						
3,738 agencies; total population 106,775,000:						
Number	**1,277,481**	**572,585**	**652,132**	**16,653**	**25,769**	**10,342**
Percent	**[2] 100.0**	**44.8**	**51.0**	**1.3**	**2.0**	**0.8**
TOTAL CITIES						
3,006 agencies; total population 85,399,000:						
Number	**1,125,357**	**510,771**	**568,084**	**15,065**	**22,411**	**9,026**
Percent	**100.0**	**45.4**	**50.5**	**1.3**	**2.0**	**.8**
GROUP I						
42 cities over 250,000; population 24,200,000:						
Number	309,795	104,810	194,963	5,589	3,714	719
Percent	100.0	33.8	62.9	1.8	1.2	.2
GROUP II						
81 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 11,957,000:						
Number	174,078	75,534	92,051	2,715	2,579	1,199
Percent	100.0	43.4	52.9	1.6	1.5	.7
GROUP III						
215 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 14,994,000:						
Number	212,569	108,250	95,967	2,053	4,723	1,576
Percent	100.0	50.9	45.1	1.0	2.2	.7
GROUP IV						
357 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 12,764,000:						
Number	174,746	92,581	73,660	2,569	4,303	1,633
Percent	100.0	53.0	42.2	1.5	2.5	.9
GROUP V						
872 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 13,917,000:						
Number	163,557	84,989	70,518	1,339	4,330	2,381
Percent	100.0	52.0	43.1	.8	2.6	1.5
GROUP VI						
1,439 cities, under 10,000; population 7,567,000:						
Number	90,612	44,607	40,925	800	2,762	1,518
Percent	100.0	49.2	45.2	.9	3.0	1.7
SUBURBAN AREA [3]						
1,550 agencies; population 32,310,000:						
Number	362,596	196,289	150,930	2,869	9,473	3,026
Percent	100.0	54.1	41.6	.8	2.6	.8
RURAL AREA						
628 agencies; population 9,703,000:						
Number	47,591	15,811	28,351	911	1,592	926
Percent	100.0	33.2	59.6	1.9	3.3	1.9

[1] Includes all offenses except traffic and neglect cases.

[2] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[3] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.

Table 19.—*Offense Analysis 1969—Percent Distribution, Average Value, and Percent Change Over 1968*

[1,027 cities 2,500 and over; 1969 estimated population 84,023,000]

Classification	Number of offenses	Percent change over 1968	Percent distribution [1]	Average value
ROBBERY				
TOTAL	**234,536**	**+12.8**	**100.0**	**$288**
Highway	129,262	+15.2	55.1	176
Commercial house	39,402	+4.6	16.8	602
Gas or service station	10,855	+9.3	4.6	123
Chain store	6,588	+22.3	2.8	397
Residence	24,053	+16.9	10.3	279
Bank [2]	1,162	−6.9	.5	4,536
Miscellaneous	23,204	+10.6	9.9	225
BURGLARY—BREAKING OR ENTERING				
TOTAL	**1,123,794**	**+6.1**	**100.0**	**$18**
Residence (dwelling):				
Night	282,689	+9.4	25.2	324
Day	341,789	+11.3	30.4	344
Nonresidence (store, office, etc.):				
Night	429,880	(3)	38.3	304
Day	69,436	+7.8	6.2	280
LARCENY—THEFT (EXCEPT AUTO THEFT)				
TOTAL	**2,155,824**	**+9.0**	**100.0**	**$11**
By type:				
Pocket-picking	32,468	+2.4	1.5	100
Purse-snatching	71,419	+18.8	3.3	54
Shoplifting	178,633	+17.1	8.3	28
From autos (except accessories)	463,924	+15.4	21.5	146
Auto accessories	455,955	+12.3	21.1	65
Bicycles	279,610	−4.1	13.0	34
From buildings	372,970	+7.6	17.3	197
From coin-operated machines	36,517	+1.3	1.7	24
All others	264,328	+6.6	12.3	164
By value:				
$50 and over	862,344	+19.8	40.0	253
Under $50	1,293,480	+3.5	60.0	16
Auto theft				992

[1] Because of rounding the percentages may not add to total.
[2] For total U.S., bank robbery decreased from 1,840 offenses in 1968 to 1,813 in 1969 or 1.5 percent.
[3] Increase of less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Table 20.—*Type and Value of Property Stolen and Recovered, 1969*

[1,026 cities 2,500 and over; 1969 estimated population 75,871,000]

Type of property	Value of property		Percent recovered
	Stolen	Recovered	
TOTAL [1]	**$978,200,000**	**$456,300,000**	**47**
Currency, notes, etc	87,100,000	8,100,000	9
Jewelry and precious metals	68,100,000	5,700,000	8
Furs	9,300,000	500,000	5
Clothing	30,300,000	4,200,000	14
Locally stolen automobiles	498,800,000	400,900,000	80
Miscellaneous	284,700,000	36,900,000	13

[1] Because of rounding, the values may not add to total.

Table 21.—*Murder Victims—Weapons Used, 1969*

Age	Number	Weapons							
		Gun	Cutting or stabbing	Blunt object (club, hammer, etc.)	Personal weapons (strangulations and beatings)	Poison	Explosives	Other (drownings, arson, etc.)	Unknown and not stated
TOTAL	**13,575**	**8,876**	**2,534**	**613**	**1,039**	**9**	**7**	**322**	**175**
Percent [1]	**100.0**	**65.4**	**18.7**	**4.5**	**7.7**	**0.1**	**0.1**	**2.4**	**1.3**
Infant (under 1)	111	4	4	6	63	1	----	27	6
1–4	278	35	12	38	183	----	1	50	9
5–9	116	47	13	9	16	3	----	24	4
10–14	183	111	26	3	23	----	----	14	6
15–19	1,261	929	223	27	48	----	----	27	7
20–24	1,979	1,445	354	47	84	----	----	30	19
25–29	1,852	1,336	373	46	67	----	1	17	12
30–34	1,523	1,076	292	43	75	1	----	18	18
35–39	1,407	985	281	52	61	1	----	14	13
40–44	1,246	809	283	52	71	1	1	16	13
45–49	1,010	621	206	73	77	1	----	17	15
50–54	738	456	145	60	57	----	2	9	9
55–59	591	353	108	44	68	----	----	8	10
60–64	400	229	78	34	38	----	2	10	9
65–69	279	155	47	27	38	----	----	9	3
70–74	175	84	25	17	33	1	----	9	6
75 and over	205	65	31	29	68	----	----	4	8
Unknown	221	136	33	6	19	----	----	19	8

[1] Because of rounding the percentages may not add to total.

Table 22.—*Murder Victims by Age, Sex, and Race, 1969*

Age	Number	Percent	Sex		Race					
			Male	Female	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**13,575**	----	**10,550**	**3,025**	**5,965**	**7,413**	**89**	**20**	**8**	**80**
Percent	----	[1] **100.0**	**77.7**	**22.3**	**43.9**	**54.6**	**0.7**	**0.1**	**0.1**	**0.6**
Infant (under 1)	111	.8	59	52	75	30	1	----	----	5
1–4	278	2.0	138	140	178	97	2	----	----	1
5–9	116	.9	64	52	82	34	----	----	----	----
10–14	183	1.3	105	78	93	89	----	----	----	1
15–19	1,261	9.3	1,004	257	473	777	7	2	----	2
20–24	1,979	14.6	1,586	393	785	1,161	23	2	2	6
25–29	1,852	13.6	1,489	363	735	1,091	15	3	----	8
30–34	1,523	11.2	1,190	333	604	896	11	----	2	10
35–39	1,407	10.4	1,121	286	554	835	11	----	1	6
40–44	1,246	9.2	974	272	497	741	4	1	2	1
45–49	1,010	7.4	789	221	441	560	4	2	----	3
50–54	738	5.4	597	141	362	369	5	1	----	1
55–59	591	4.4	480	111	309	273	2	3	1	3
60–64	400	2.9	312	88	261	134	----	2	----	3
65–69	279	2.1	223	56	173	101	1	----	----	4
70–74	175	1.3	129	46	111	62	----	1	----	1
75 and over	205	1.5	123	82	159	41	1	3	----	1
Unknown	221	1.6	167	54	73	122	2	----	----	24

[1] Because of rounding the percentages may not add to total.

Arrest Data

Tables in the following section provide certain personal characteristics of individuals arrested for all criminal acts. Arrest rates and trends are shown for city, suburban and rural areas, as well as the United States as a whole. Tabulations are published containing characteristics of persons arrested by age, sex and race.

Arrest statistics are collected annually from contributing law enforcement agencies and the figures used in the tables this year were submitted by agencies representing 71 percent of the United States population. In using these arrest figures it is important to remember that the same person may be arrested several times during 1 year for the same type or for different offenses. Each arrest is counted. Further, the arrest of one person may solve several crimes and, in other instances, two or more persons may be arrested during the solution of one crime.

Arrests are primarily a measure of police activity, as it relates to crime. Although police arrest practices vary, particularly with respect to juveniles, contributors to this Program are instructed to count one arrest each time an individual is taken into custody for committing a specific crime. A juvenile is counted as a person arrested when he commits an offense and the circumstances are such that if the offender were an adult, an arrest would be made.

Arrest data, while primarily a measure of law enforcement activity, is also a gauge of criminality when used within its limitations, as must be done with all forms of criminal statistics, including court and penal.

397-633 O - 70 - 8

Table 23.—*Arrests, Number and Rate, 1969, by Population Groups*

[Rate per 100,000; 1969 estimated population]

Offense charged	Cities								Other areas	
	Total (4,759 agencies; total population 143,815,000)	Total city arrests (3,500 cities; population 108,898,000)	Group I (52 cities over 250,000; population 41,126,000)	Group II (88 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,013,000)	Group III (230 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 16,009,000)	Group IV (380 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 13,620,000)	Group V (1,001 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 16,022,000)	Group VI (1,749 cities under 10,000; population 9,108,000)	Suburban area [1] (1,790 agencies; population 39,895,000)	Rural area (1,094 agencies; population 17,578,000)
TOTAL	**5,773,988**	**5,049,396**	**2,267,701**	**647,106**	**667,653**	**527,423**	**593,502**	**346,011**	**1,166,043**	**308,070**
Rate per 100,000 inhabitants	**4,014.9**	**4,636.8**	**5,514.1**	**4,972.9**	**4,170.5**	**3,872.4**	**3,704.2**	**3,798.8**	**2,772.4**	**1,752.6**
Criminal homicide:										
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	11,509	9,743	6,651	1,112	802	524	448	206	1,487	837
Rate per 100,000	8.0	8.9	16.2	8.5	5.0	3.8	2.8	2.3	3.7	4.8
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	3,197	2,239	967	316	363	232	243	118	659	659
Rate per 100,000	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.3	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.7	3.7
Forcible rape	14,428	11,697	7,322	1,194	1,186	845	716	434	2,764	1,098
Rate per 100,000	10.0	10.7	17.8	9.2	7.4	6.2	4.5	4.8	6.9	6.2
Robbery	76,533	69,675	51,076	6,764	5,321	3,279	2,353	882	9,267	1,867
Rate per 100,000	53.2	64.0	124.2	52.0	33.2	24.1	14.7	9.7	23.2	10.6
Aggravated assault	113,724	96,723	54,881	11,098	10,609	7,514	7,686	4,845	20,701	6,147
Rate per 100,000	79.1	88.8	133.4	85.3	66.8	55.2	48.0	53.2	51.9	35.0
Burglary-breaking or entering	255,937	208,043	100,857	27,270	27,091	20,610	20,751	11,464	58,848	19,362
Rate per 100,000	178.0	191.0	245.2	209.6	169.2	151.3	129.5	125.9	147.5	110.1
Larceny-theft	510,660	455,521	182,195	60,254	71,155	57,237	56,730	27,950	114,548	19,122
Rate per 100,000	355.1	418.3	443.0	463.0	444.5	420.2	354.1	306.9	287.1	108.8
Auto theft	125,686	108,706	59,120	13,750	13,614	9,167	8,638	4,417	24,314	6,720
Rate per 100,000	87.4	99.8	143.8	105.7	85.0	67.3	53.9	48.5	60.9	38.2
Violent crime	216,194	187,838	119,930	20,168	18,008	12,162	11,203	6,367	34,219	9,949
Rate per 100,000	150.3	172.5	291.6	155.0	112.5	89.3	69.9	69.9	85.8	56.6
Property crime	892,283	772,270	342,172	101,274	111,860	87,014	86,119	43,831	197,710	45,204
Rate per 100,000	620.4	709.2	832.0	778.3	698.7	638.9	537.5	481.2	495.6	257.2
Subtotal for above offenses	1,111,674	962,347	463,069	121,758	130,231	99,408	97,565	50,316	232,588	55,812
Rate per 100,000	773.0	883.7	1,126.0	935.7	813.5	729.9	608.9	552.4	583.0	317.5
Other assaults	250,825	227,459	101,958	32,982	30,288	24,031	25,205	12,995	52,315	11,278
Rate per 100,000	180.7	208.9	247.9	253.5	189.2	176.4	157.3	142.7	131.1	64.2
Arson	8,692	7,042	3,183	835	1,049	734	850	391	2,207	757
Rate per 100,000	6.0	6.5	7.7	6.4	6.6	5.4	5.3	4.3	5.5	4.3
Forgery and counterfeiting	36,727	29,893	13,999	4,386	4,204	2,922	3,124	1,258	7,417	2,971
Rate per 100,000	25.5	27.5	34.0	33.7	26.3	21.5	19.5	13.8	18.6	16.9
Fraud	63,445	45,630	17,527	7,866	6,347	5,207	6,186	2,497	16,062	8,500
Rate per 100,000	44.1	41.9	42.6	60.4	39.6	38.2	38.6	27.4	40.3	48.4
Embezzlement	6,312	4,857	1,425	1,095	583	1,294	283	177	1,732	464
Rate per 100,000	4.4	4.5	3.5	8.4	3.6	9.5	1.8	1.9	4.3	2.6

See footnote at end of table.

Table 23.—*Arrests, Number and Rate, 1969, by Population Groups*—Continued

[Rate per 100,000; 1969 estimated population]

Offense charged	Cities								Other areas	
	Total (4,759 agencies; total population 143,815,000)	Total city arrests (3,500 cities; population 108,898,000)	Group I (52 cities over 250,000; population 41,126,000)	Group II (88 cities 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,013,000)	Group III (230 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 16,009,000)	Group IV (380 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 13,620,000)	Group V (1,001 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 16,022,000)	Group VI (1,749 cities under 10,000; population 9,108,000)	Suburban area [1] (1,790 agencies; population 39,895,000)	Rural area (1,094 agencies; population 17,578,000)
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	46,176	40,189	21,801	4,329	4,711	3,754	3,581	2,013	9,124	2,701
Rate per 100,000	32.1	36.9	53.0	33.3	29.4	27.6	22.3	22.1	22.9	15.4
Vandalism	106,892	92,753	32,718	10,943	13,612	12,233	14,664	8,583	30,428	5,710
Rate per 100,000	74.3	85.2	79.6	84.1	85.0	89.8	91.5	94.2	76.3	32.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	88,973	80,541	46,464	9,956	8,676	5,943	6,235	3,267	12,819	3,404
Rate per 100,000	61.9	74.0	113.0	76.5	54.2	43.6	38.9	35.9	32.1	19.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	46,410	44,367	40,756	2,100	712	438	157	144	2,008	352
Rate per 100,000	32.3	40.7	99.1	16.6	4.4	3.2	1.0	1.6	5.0	2.0
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	50,143	43,093	23,533	5,974	5,372	3,579	3,185	1,450	9,610	2,391
Rate per 100,000	34.9	39.6	57.2	45.9	33.6	26.3	19.9	15.9	24.1	13.6
Narcotic drug laws	232,690	200,061	120,264	20,752	24,502	15,944	13,210	5,389	51,611	7,084
Rate per 100,000	161.8	183.7	292.4	159.5	153.1	117.1	82.4	59.2	129.4	40.3
Gambling	78,020	73,329	61,235	5,136	3,059	1,854	1,481	564	4,216	2,534
Rate per 100,000	54.3	67.3	148.9	39.5	19.1	13.6	9.2	6.2	10.6	14.4
Offenses against family and children	50,312	34,581	12,518	6,551	5,053	3,786	4,522	2,151	13,472	7,537
Rate per 100,000	35.0	31.8	30.4	50.3	31.6	27.8	28.2	23.6	33.8	42.9
Driving under the influence	349,326	287,042	114,522	27,202	37,571	35,325	42,971	29,451	80,575	32,777
Rate per 100,000	242.9	263.6	278.5	209.0	234.7	259.4	268.2	323.3	202.0	186.5
Liquor laws	212,662	173,786	33,510	16,671	24,113	27,494	40,998	31,000	55,383	25,514
Rate per 100,000	147.9	159.6	81.5	128.1	150.6	201.9	255.9	340.3	138.8	145.1
Drunkenness	1,420,161	1,313,063	566,802	206,478	181,844	124,767	148,712	84,460	168,742	48,458
Rate per 100,000	987.5	1,205.8	1,378.2	1,586.8	1,135.9	916.0	928.2	927.3	423.0	275.7
Disorderly conduct	573,503	530,154	255,430	58,785	59,221	56,799	61,037	38,882	102,880	16,943
Rate per 100,000	398.8	486.8	621.1	451.8	369.9	417.0	380.9	426.9	257.9	96.4
Vagrancy	106,269	100,155	67,326	9,658	7,169	6,263	6,151	3,588	9,222	2,581
Rate per 100,000	73.9	92.0	163.7	74.2	44.8	46.0	38.4	39.4	23.1	14.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	664,634	530,337	192,172	66,610	81,254	67,435	82,007	49,859	168,837	58,507
Rate per 100,000	462.1	495.3	467.3	511.9	507.6	495.1	511.8	547.4	423.2	332.8
Suspicion (not included in totals)	88,265	83,466	51,296	6,462	9,272	7,211	4,881	4,344	13,962	1,623
Rate per 100,000	61.4	76.6	124.7	49.7	57.9	52.9	30.5	47.7	35.0	9.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	101,674	94,279	33,582	7,682	15,127	12,577	15,960	9,342	26,606	1,967
Rate per 100,000	70.7	86.6	81.7	59.0	94.5	92.3	99.7	102.6	66.7	11.2
Runaways	159,468	125,438	43,907	19,297	22,955	15,636	15,409	8,234	48,189	9,828
Rate per 100,000	110.9	115.2	106.8	148.3	143.4	114.8	96.2	90.4	120.8	55.9

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are aslo included in other city groups. Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 24.—*Total Arrest Trends, 1960–69*

[2,474 agencies; 1969 estimated population 94,853,000][1]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1960	1969	Percent change	1960	1969	Percent change	1960	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**3,323,741**	**4,126,216**	**+24.1**	**477,262**	**980,453**	**+105.4**	**2,846,479**	**3,145,763**	**+10.5**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	4,809	8,827	+83.6	364	914	+151.1	4,445	7,913	+78.0
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,931	2,016	+4.4	139	152	+9.4	1,792	1,864	+4.0
Forcible rape	6,862	10,747	+56.6	1,191	2,214	+85.9	5,671	8,533	+50.5
Robbery	32,538	63,534	+95.3	7,837	21,713	+177.1	24,701	41,821	+69.3
Aggravated assault	54,893	84,573	+54.1	6,363	14,209	+122.6	48,510	70,364	+45.1
Burglary—breaking or entering	117,359	178,334	+52.0	54,392	93,728	+72.3	62,967	84,606	+34.4
Larceny—theft	192,450	353,897	+83.9	91,844	184,091	+100.4	100,606	169,806	+68.8
Auto theft	54,369	94,329	+73.5	32,781	53,557	+63.4	21,588	40,772	+88.9
Violent crime	99,102	167,681	+69.2	15,775	39,050	+147.5	83,327	128,631	+54.4
Property crime	364,178	626,560	+72.0	179,017	331,376	+85.1	185,161	295,184	+59.4
Subtotal for above offenses	465,211	796,257	+71.2	194,931	370,578	+90.1	270,280	425,679	+57.5
Other assaults	121,179	187,381	+54.6	12,558	31,627	+151.8	108,621	155,754	+43.4
Forgery and counterfeiting	20,529	26,911	+31.1	1,509	2,937	+94.6	19,020	23,974	+26.0
Embezzlement and fraud	33,114	49,540	+49.6	787	2,505	+218.3	32,327	47,035	+45.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	9,476	34,405	+263.1	2,503	10,343	+313.2	6,973	24,062	+245.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	30,736	66,750	+117.2	6,413	10,969	+71.0	24,323	55,781	+129.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	25,633	41,265	+61.0	393	860	+118.8	25,240	40,405	+60.1
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	45,246	37,452	−17.2	9,297	7,321	−21.3	35,949	30,131	−16.2
Narcotic drug laws	30,904	182,509	+491.9	1,662	42,434	+2,453.2	29,242	140,475	+380.4
Gambling	118,299	67,590	−42.9	1,441	1,333	−7.5	116,858	66,257	−43.3
Offenses against family and children	37,010	35,690	−3.6	488	465	−4.7	36,522	35,225	−3.6
Driving under the influence	138,390	239,776	+73.3	1,080	2,503	+131.8	137,310	237,273	+72.8
Liquor laws	81,029	130,945	+61.6	16,564	40,256	+143.0	64,465	90,689	+40.7
Drunkenness	1,204,668	1,040,493	−13.6	12,500	30,221	+141.8	1,192,168	1,010,272	−15.3
Disorderly conduct	396,155	426,588	+7.7	44,506	78,374	+76.1	351,649	348,214	−1.0
Vagrancy	127,319	83,980	−34.0	6,540	7,752	+18.5	120,779	76,228	−36.9
All other offenses (except traffic)	438,843	678,284	+54.6	164,090	339,975	+107.2	274,753	338,309	+23.1
Suspicion (not included in totals)	89,449	72,391	−19.1	19,416	14,525	−25.2	70,033	57,866	−17.4

[1] Based on comparable reports from 1,832 cities representing 78,027,000 population and 642 counties representing 16,826,000 population.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 25.—*Total Arrest Trends by Sex, 1960–69*

[2,474 agencies; 1969 estimated population 94,853,000] [1]

Offense charged	Males						Females					
	Total			Under 18			Total			Under 18		
	1960	1969	Percent change	1960	1969	Percent change	1960	1969	Percent change	1960	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**2,963,564**	**3,564,368**	**+20.3**	**406,473**	**785,188**	**+93.2**	**360,177**	**561,848**	**+56.0**	**70,789**	**195,265**	**+175.8**
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	3,986	7,466	+87.3	340	838	+146.5	823	1,361	+65.4	24	76	+216.7
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,736	1,794	+3.3	132	135	+2.3	195	222	+13.8	7	17	+142.9
Forcible rape	6,862	10,747	+56.6	1,191	2,214	+85.9						
Robbery	30,953	59,479	+92.2	7,471	20,179	+170.1	1,585	4,055	+155.8	366	1,534	+319.1
Aggravated assault	46,698	73,318	+57.0	5,722	12,341	+115.7	8,195	11,255	+37.3	661	1,868	+182.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	113,559	170,557	+50.2	52,752	89,830	+70.3	3,800	7,777	+104.7	1,640	3,898	+137.7
Larceny—theft	160,696	259,802	+61.7	78,483	140,414	+78.9	31,754	94,095	+196.3	13,361	43,677	+226.9
Auto theft	52,381	89,261	+70.4	31,521	50,632	+60.6	1,988	5,068	+154.9	1,260	2,925	+132.1
Violent crime	88,499	151,010	+70.6	14,724	35,572	+141.6	10,603	16,671	+57.2	1,051	3,478	+230.9
Property crime	326,636	519,620	+59.1	162,756	280,876	+72.6	37,542	106,940	+184.9	16,261	50,500	+210.6
Subtotal for above offenses	416,871	672,424	+61.3	177,612	316,583	+78.2	48,340	123,833	+156.2	17,319	53,995	+211.8
Other assaults	109,336	164,338	+50.3	10,701	25,411	+137.5	11,843	23,043	+94.6	1,857	6,216	+234.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	17,187	20,766	+20.8	1,161	2,235	+92.5	3,342	6,145	+83.9	348	702	+101.7
Embezzlement and fraud	28,088	36,662	+30.5	642	2,001	+211.7	5,026	12,878	+156.2	145	504	+247.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	8,664	31,460	+263.1	2,335	9,638	+312.8	812	2,945	+262.7	168	705	+319.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	29,033	62,326	+114.7	6,225	10,460	+68.0	1,703	4,424	+159.8	188	509	+170.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	7,452	8,512	+14.2	121	261	+115.7	18,181	32,753	+80.1	272	599	+120.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	36,904	32,400	−12.2	6,659	5,747	−13.7	8,342	5,032	−39.4	2,638	1,574	−40.3
Narcotic drug laws	26,384	155,035	+487.6	1,421	33,835	+2,281.1	4,520	27,874	+516.7	241	8,599	+3,468.0
Gambling	107,640	62,116	−42.3	1,399	1,288	−7.9	10,639	5,474	−48.6	42	45	+7.1
Offenses against family and children	33,963	32,237	−5.1	328	351	+7.0	3,047	3,453	+13.3	160	114	−28.8
Driving under the influence	130,288	224,663	+72.4	1,025	2,401	+134.2	8,102	15,113	+86.5	55	102	+85.5
Liquor laws	68,967	113,927	+65.2	14,195	33,664	+137.2	12,062	17,018	+41.1	2,369	6,592	+178.3
Drunkenness	1,110,400	968,746	−12.8	11,210	26,267	+134.3	94,268	71,747	−23.9	1,290	3,954	+206.5
Disorderly conduct	343,189	364,211	+6.1	38,374	65,612	+71.0	52,966	62,377	+17.8	6,132	12,762	+108.1
Vagrancy	117,840	74,351	−36.9	5,885	6,636	+12.8	9,479	9,629	+1.6	655	1,116	+70.4
All other offenses (except traffic)	371,358	540,194	+45.5	127,180	242,798	+90.9	67,485	138,090	+104.6	36,910	97,177	+163.3
Suspicion (not included in totals)	79,693	61,352	−23.0	16,830	12,300	−25.7	9,756	11,030	+13.2	2,586	2,025	−21.7

[1] Based on comparable reports from 1,832 cities representing 78,027,000 population and 642 counties representing 16,826,000 population.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 26.—*Total Arrest Trends, 1968–69*

[3,999 agencies; 1969 estimated population 128,095,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested											
	Total all ages			Under 15 years of age			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**4,918,062**	**5,167,450**	**+5.1**	**517,378**	**517,250**	(1)	**1,301,985**	**1,349,776**	**+3.7**	**3,616,077**	**3,817,674**	**+5.6**
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,223	10,118	+9.7	147	144	−2.0	949	985	+3.8	8,274	9,133	+10.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,508	2,765	+10.2	26	28	+7.7	202	221	+9.4	2,306	2,544	+10.3
Forcible rape	11,070	12,499	+12.9	457	494	+8.1	2,381	2,601	+9.2	8,689	9,898	+13.9
Robbery	59,673	67,290	+12.8	7,597	8,434	+11.0	21,001	23,709	+12.9	38,672	43,581	+12.7
Aggravated assault	92,808	96,945	+4.5	5,561	5,524	−.7	15,920	16,701	+4.9	76,888	80,244	+4.4
Burglary—breaking or entering	223,906	225,217	+.6	60,648	59,218	−2.4	124,715	124,314	−.3	99,191	100,903	+1.7
Larceny—theft	428,053	467,166	+9.1	130,699	132,155	+1.1	239,427	252,278	+5.4	188,626	214,888	+13.9
Auto theft	108,055	108,300	+.2	18,090	17,786	−1.7	66,590	64,330	−3.4	41,465	43,970	+6.0
Violent crime	172,774	186,852	+8.1	13,762	14,596	+6.1	40,251	43,996	+9.3	132,523	142,856	+7.8
Property crime	760,014	800,683	+5.4	209,437	209,159	−.1	430,732	440,922	+2.4	329,282	359,761	+9.3
Subtotal for above offenses	935,296	990,300	+5.9	223,225	223,783	+.2	471,185	485,139	+3.0	464,111	505,161	+8.8
Other assaults	216,965	237,515	+9.5	15,430	16,648	+7.9	38,544	41,999	+9.0	178,421	195,516	+9.6
Arson	8,149	7,836	−3.8	3,655	3,486	−4.6	5,264	4,941	−6.1	2,885	2,895	+.3
Forgery and counterfeiting	28,822	31,137	+8.0	733	774	+5.6	3,652	3,714	+1.7	25,170	27,423	+9.0
Fraud	50,249	56,487	+12.4	741	895	+20.8	2,313	2,842	+22.9	47,936	53,645	+11.9
Embezzlement	5,106	5,749	+12.6	44	39	−11.4	200	220	+10.0	4,906	5,529	+12.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	33,425	42,531	+27.2	4,074	4,472	+9.8	11,661	13,503	+15.8	21,764	29,028	+33.4
Vandalism	99,096	96,416	−2.7	49,023	46,990	−4.1	75,066	71,254	−5.1	24,030	25,162	+4.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	75,923	81,609	+7.5	3,937	3,722	−5.5	13,603	14,049	+3.3	62,320	67,560	+8.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	38,104	42,862	+12.5	80	79	−1.3	769	864	+12.4	37,335	41,998	+12.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	40,883	43,579	+6.6	4,062	4,061	−.5	10,325	10,237	−.9	30,558	33,342	+9.1
Narcotic drug laws	131,605	190,920	+45.1	5,200	6,606	+27.0	35,062	46,612	+32.9	96,523	144,308	+49.5
Gambling	72,014	74,143	+3.0	295	253	−14.2	1,831	1,531	−16.4	70,183	72,612	+3.5
Offenses against family and children	43,829	45,005	+2.7	110	155	+40.9	546	724	+32.6	43,283	44,281	+2.3
Driving under the influence	246,944	285,510	+15.6	48	64	+33.3	2,505	3,216	+28.4	244,439	282,294	+15.5
Liquor laws	184,713	191,312	+3.6	4,829	5,485	+13.6	59,326	64,066	+8.0	125,387	127,246	+1.5
Drunkenness	1,274,021	1,273,323	−.1	3,848	4,703	+22.2	33,528	38,892	+16.0	1,240,493	1,234,431	−.5
Disorderly conduct	548,416	538,164	−1.9	47,226	38,162	−19.2	120,643	109,191	−9.5	427,773	428,973	+.3
Vagrancy	91,177	97,824	+7.3	1,573	1,754	+11.5	9,705	10,187	+5.0	81,472	87,637	+7.6
All other offenses (except traffic)	569,277	595,894	+4.7	72,645	72,695	+.1	182,189	187,261	+2.8	387,088	408,633	+5.6
Suspicion (not included in totals)	85,816	84,899	−1.1	6,008	5,162	−14.1	21,061	20,165	−4.3	64,755	64,734	(1)
Curfew and loitering law violations	87,660	93,243	+6.4	22,479	24,292	+8.1	87,660	93,243	+6.4	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	136,388	146,091	+7.1	54,101	58,132	+7.5	136,388	146,091	+7.1	.....	.....	.....

[1] Decrease of less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 27.—*Total Arrests by Age, 1969*

[4,739 agencies; 1969 estimated population 143,815,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages under 18	Ages 18 and over	Age								
					10 and under	11–12	13–14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	**5,862,246**	**566,406**	**1,590,215**	**4,362,031**	**76,429**	**128,564**	**361,413**	**292,479**	**328,733**	**312,597**	**307,474**	**259,366**	**215,541**
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	9.7	25.6	74.4	1.3	2.2	6.2	5.0	5.6	5.3	5.2	4.4	3.7
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	11,509	157	1,063	10,426	14	25	118	175	341	410	530	584	556
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	3,197	29	241	2,956	1	7	21	38	58	116	195	182	175
Forcible rape	14,428	541	2,902	11,526	29	64	448	577	810	974	1,162	1,035	968
Robbery	76,533	9,022	25,599	50,934	661	2,122	6,239	4,931	5,631	6,015	6,641	5,873	4,913
Aggravated assault	113,724	6,019	18,612	95,112	691	1,421	3,907	3,362	4,354	4,877	5,616	5,011	4,651
Burglary—breaking or entering	255,937	64,723	137,558	118,379	9,061	16,393	39,269	26,396	25,092	21,347	19,673	14,146	10,835
Larceny—theft	510,660	141,426	271,094	239,566	20,985	39,056	81,385	48,917	44,107	36,644	32,849	24,135	18,318
Auto theft	125,686	19,970	72,843	52,843	407	2,228	17,335	19,485	19,191	14,197	10,776	7,503	5,323
Violent crime	216,194	15,739	48,196	167,998	1,395	3,632	10,712	9,045	11,136	12,276	13,949	12,503	11,088
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	7.3	22.3	77.7	.6	1.7	5.0	4.2	5.2	5.7	6.5	5.8	5.1
Property crime	892,283	226,119	481,495	410,788	30,453	57,677	137,989	94,798	88,390	72,188	63,298	45,784	34,476
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	25.3	54.0	46.0	3.4	6.5	15.5	10.6	9.9	8.1	7.1	5.1	3.9
Subtotal for above offenses	1,111,674	241,887	529,932	581,742	31,849	61,316	148,722	103,881	99,584	84,560	77,442	58,469	45,739
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	21.8	47.7	52.3	2.9	5.5	13.4	9.3	9.0	7.6	7.0	5.3	4.1
Other assaults	259,825	18,147	45,728	214,097	2,444	4,520	11,183	7,973	9,532	10,076	11,463	10,341	10,144
Arson	8,691	3,770	5,398	3,293	1,264	979	1,527	654	522	452	331	275	202
Forgery and counterfeiting	36,727	850	4,146	32,581	44	149	657	674	1,137	1,485	2,184	2,244	2,174
Fraud	63,445	923	2,997	60,448	104	265	554	471	634	969	1,700	2,177	2,436
Embezzlement	6,369	44	247	6,062	3	10	31	32	54	117	183	210	239
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	46,176	4,792	14,598	31,578	346	1,037	3,409	2,981	3,412	3,413	3,661	3,145	2,508
Vandalism	106,892	51,426	78,519	28,373	13,164	14,967	23,295	11,147	9,346	6,600	4,393	3,043	2,165
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	88,973	3,989	15,211	73,762	273	765	2,951	2,870	3,854	4,498	5,172	4,497	4,015
Prostitution and commercialized vice	46,410	88	948	45,462	8	8	72	108	255	497	1,664	2,683	2,932
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	50,143	4,313	10,927	39,216	504	879	2,930	2,140	2,239	2,235	2,164	1,932	2,024
Narcotic drug laws	232,690	8,109	57,475	175,215	158	703	7,158	10,320	16,905	22,141	25,536	24,372	20,190
Gambling	78,020	272	1,700	76,320	16	34	222	289	493	646	1,080	1,161	1,062
Offenses against family and children	50,312	173	807	49,505	68	28	77	101	167	366	1,791	1,769	1,909
Driving under the influence	349,326	77	3,891	345,435	18	7	52	194	1,082	2,538	6,085	6,864	7,579
Liquor laws	212,660	6,084	71,159	141,501	97	454	5,533	10,977	22,333	31,765	37,208	29,656	20,188
Drunkenness	1,420,161	5,123	42,903	1,377,258	123	404	4,596	7,305	12,602	17,783	28,557	25,984	24,227
Disorderly conduct	573,592	41,069	117,245	456,257	5,898	9,869	25,302	21,204	25,973	28,999	37,320	30,988	24,402
Vagrancy	106,269	1,951	11,056	95,213	132	312	1,507	1,649	2,790	4,666	7,545	6,019	4,694
All other offenses (except traffic)	664,634	78,793	203,395	461,239	12,541	16,168	50,084	40,984	43,218	40,400	43,158	36,680	31,231
Suspicion	88,265	5,279	20,791	67,474	725	1,072	3,482	3,174	4,245	8,093	8,867	6,857	5,461
Curfew and loitering law violations	101,674	26,147	101,674	----------	1,248	4,375	20,524	22,378	30,947	22,202	----------	----------	----------
Runaways	159,468	63,100	159,468	----------	5,402	10,153	47,545	40,973	37,319	18,076	----------	----------	----------

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 27.—*Total Arrests by Age, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Age													
	21	22	23	24	25–29	30–34	35–39	40–44	45–49	50–54	55–59	60–64	65 and over	Not known
TOTAL	214,961	203,057	165,909	148,000	560,732	429,529	406,454	416,714	363,709	271,398	188,044	112,227	98,032	884
Percent distribution [1]	3.7	3.5	2.8	2.5	9.6	7.3	6.9	7.1	6.2	4.6	3.2	1.9	1.7	(2)
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	549	550	535	463	1,872	1,252	962	829	648	439	278	166	208	5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	181	178	150	117	494	306	250	179	167	134	96	61	78	4
Forcible rape	917	893	791	723	2,199	1,156	704	435	264	122	77	35	42	3
Robbery	4,675	4,217	4,121	2,735	8,685	4,018	2,277	1,446	733	319	137	71	71	2
Aggravated assault	4,874	4,961	5,604	4,137	16,708	11,952	9,609	8,089	5,646	3,553	2,215	1,262	1,220	4
Burglary—breaking or entering	9,616	8,680	7,328	5,782	18,468	9,508	5,963	3,697	2,341	1,132	661	271	253	5
Larceny—theft	16,010	13,858	11,852	9,474	32,901	21,081	16,017	13,475	10,150	7,342	5,082	3,169	3,820	33
Auto theft	4,542	3,860	3,097	2,315	7,025	3,349	2,052	1,394	845	448	190	62	56	6
Violent crime	11,015	10,621	11,051	8,058	29,464	18,378	13,552	10,799	7,291	4,433	2,707	1,534	1,541	14
Percent distribution [1]	5.1	4.9	5.1	3.7	13.6	8.5	6.3	5.0	3.4	2.1	1.3	.7	.7	(2)
Property crime	30,168	26,398	22,277	17,571	58,394	33,938	24,052	18,566	13,336	8,922	5,933	3,502	4,129	44
Percent distribution [1]	3.4	3.0	2.5	2.0	6.5	3.8	2.7	2.1	1.5	1.0	.7	.4	.5	(2)
Subtotal for above offenses	41,364	37,197	33,487	25,746	88,352	52,622	37,854	29,544	20,794	13,489	8,736	5,097	5,748	62
Percent distribution [1]	3.7	3.3	3.0	2.3	7.9	4.7	3.4	2.7	1.9	1.2	.8	.5	.5	(2)
Other assaults	11,202	11,381	10,343	9,515	39,185	28,833	23,270	19,053	13,143	7,747	4,161	2,206	2,090	20
Arson	207	174	152	132	470	377	275	237	178	123	70	44	45	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,332	2,450	1,948	1,817	6,661	3,900	2,705	1,919	1,214	891	263	130	77	2
Fraud	3,038	3,301	2,956	3,064	12,770	9,294	7,028	5,408	3,509	1,905	991	454	351	66
Embezzlement	288	410	275	363	1,143	904	671	527	434	204	105	57	49	.....
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	2,296	2,190	1,677	1,544	5,732	3,079	2,122	1,545	914	576	328	142	119	.....
Vandalism	1,928	1,742	1,339	1,153	4,351	2,417	1,878	1,523	1,083	613	346	186	210	3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	4,358	4,260	3,506	3,382	13,506	8,826	6,742	5,487	4,047	2,527	1,635	892	899	11
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4,986	5,879	4,401	3,636	9,401	3,874	2,294	1,463	905	573	345	186	193	47
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,331	2,412	1,930	1,828	6,727	4,733	3,799	3,167	2,321	1,438	940	667	797	6
Narcotic drug laws	17,846	15,448	10,563	8,251	25,961	12,049	7,073	4,175	1,943	905	477	219	204	3
Gambling	1,575	1,621	1,596	1,642	9,306	9,447	9,228	9,668	8,365	6,773	5,553	3,687	4,502	32
Offenses against family and children	2,170	2,418	2,289	2,327	10,185	7,861	6,236	4,826	2,950	1,548	712	306	201	7
Driving under the influence	11,160	12,507	10,470	10,329	45,839	41,507	43,044	45,195	40,156	28,823	18,990	10,284	6,614	19
Liquor laws	5,864	4,408	2,954	2,341	7,416	5,571	5,223	5,640	4,976	3,961	2,788	1,663	1,645	29
Drunkenness	34,683	32,705	27,531	27,623	120,284	127,460	154,345	192,085	190,062	153,300	112,035	68,771	57,141	445
Disorderly conduct	27,319	25,799	19,736	17,508	62,705	46,065	41,846	40,041	31,718	21,823	13,448	7,848	7,954	37
Vagrancy	5,518	4,794	3,754	3,173	11,402	8,175	7,578	8,219	7,714	6,181	4,813	2,945	2,662	27
All other offenses (except traffic)	29,194	27,243	21,416	19,515	69,503	46,499	39,035	33,471	24,907	17,196	10,373	5,878	5,882	88
Suspicion	5,302	4,718	3,584	3,111	9,833	6,036	4,208	3,521	2,356	1,402	965	505	649	9
Curfew and loitering law violations	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.
[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 28.—*Total Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1969*

[4,759 agencies; 1969 estimated population 143,815,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested					Percentage			
	Grand total all ages	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	**5,862,246**	**566,406**	**1,500,215**	**2,282,596**	**3,014,823**	**9.7**	**25.6**	**38.9**	**51.4**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	11,509	157	1,083	2,753	4,850	1.4	9.4	23.9	42.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	3,197	29	241	793	1,428	.9	7.5	24.8	44.7
Forcible rape	14,428	541	2,902	6,067	9,391	3.7	20.1	42.1	65.1
Robbery	76,533	9,022	25,599	43,026	58,774	11.8	33.4	56.2	76.8
Aggravated assault	113,724	6,019	18,612	33,800	53,466	5.3	16.4	29.8	47.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	255,937	64,723	137,558	182,212	213,618	25.3	53.7	71.2	83.5
Larceny—theft	510,660	141,426	271,094	348,396	397,500	27.7	53.1	67.8	77.9
Auto theft	125,686	19,970	72,843	96,445	110,259	15.9	58.0	76.7	87.7
Violent crime	216,194	15,739	48,196	85,736	126,481	7.3	22.3	39.7	58.5
Property crime	892,283	226,119	481,495	625,053	721,467	25.3	54.0	70.1	80.9
Subtotal for above offenses	1,111,674	241,887	529,932	711,582	849,376	21.8	47.7	64.0	76.4
Other assaults	259,825	18,147	45,728	77,676	120,117	7.0	17.6	29.9	46.2
Arson	8,691	3,770	5,398	6,206	6,871	43.4	62.1	71.4	79.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	36,727	850	4,146	10,718	19,265	2.3	11.3	29.2	52.5
Fraud	63,445	923	2,997	9,310	21,669	1.5	4.7	14.7	34.2
Embezzlement	6,309	44	247	879	2,215	.7	3.9	13.9	35.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	46,176	4,792	14,598	23,912	31,619	10.4	31.6	51.8	68.5
Vandalism	106,892	51,426	78,519	88,120	94,282	48.1	73.5	82.4	88.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	88,973	3,989	15,211	28,895	44,401	4.5	17.1	32.5	49.9
Prostitution and commercialized vice	46,410	88	948	8,227	27,129	.2	2.0	17.7	58.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	50,143	4,313	10,927	17,047	25,548	8.6	21.8	34.0	51.0
Narcotic drug laws	232,690	8,109	57,475	127,573	179,681	3.5	24.7	54.8	77.2
Gambling	78,020	272	1,700	5,023	11,459	.3	2.2	6.4	14.7
Offenses against family and children	50,312	173	807	6,276	15,480	.3	1.6	12.5	30.8
Driving under the influence	349,326	77	3,891	24,419	68,885	(1)	1.1	7.0	19.7
Liquor laws	212,660	6,084	71,159	158,211	173,778	2.9	33.5	74.4	81.7
Drunkenness	1,420,161	5,123	42,903	121,671	244,213	.4	3.0	8.6	17.2
Disorderly conduct	573,562	41,069	117,245	209,955	300,317	7.2	20.4	36.6	52.4
Vagrancy	106,269	1,951	11,056	29,314	46,553	1.8	10.4	27.6	43.8
All other offenses (except traffic)	664,634	78,793	203,395	314,464	411,832	11.9	30.6	47.3	62.0
Suspicion	88,265	5,279	20,791	41,976	58,691	6.0	23.6	47.6	66.5
Curfew and loitering law violations	101,674	26,147	101,674	101,674	101,674	25.7	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways	159,468	63,100	159,468	159,468	159,468	39.6	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 29.—*Total Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1969*

[4,759 agencies; 1969 estimated population 143,815,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested			Percent Male	Percent Female	Percent of total [1]		
	Total	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**5,862,246**	**5,058,200**	**804,046**	**86.3**	**13.7**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Criminal homicide:								
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	11,509	9,763	1,746	84.8	15.2	.2	.2	.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	3,197	2,871	326	89.8	10.2	.1	.1	(2)
Forcible rape	14,428	14,428	----------	100.0	----------	.2	.3	----------
Robbery	76,533	71,757	4,776	93.8	6.2	1.3	1.4	.6
Aggravated assault	113,724	99,402	14,322	87.4	12.6	1.9	2.0	1.8
Burglary—breaking or entering	255,937	244,786	11,151	95.6	4.4	4.4	4.8	1.4
Larceny—theft	510,660	375,530	135,130	73.5	26.5	8.7	7.4	16.8
Auto theft	125,686	119,058	6,628	94.7	5.3	2.1	2.4	.8
Violent crime	216,194	195,350	20,844	90.4	9.6	3.7	3.9	2.6
Property crime	892,283	739,374	152,909	82.9	17.1	15.2	14.6	19.0
Subtotal for above offenses	1,111,674	937,595	174,079	84.3	15.7	19.0	18.5	21.7
Other assaults	259,825	228,330	31,495	87.9	12.1	4.4	4.5	3.9
Arson	8,691	7,901	790	90.9	9.1	.1	.2	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	36,727	28,383	8,344	77.3	22.7	.6	.6	1.0
Fraud	63,445	46,813	16,632	73.8	26.2	1.1	.9	2.1
Embezzlement	6,309	4,997	1,312	79.2	20.8	.1	.1	.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	46,176	42,249	3,927	91.5	8.5	.8	.8	.5
Vandalism	106,892	99,142	7,750	92.7	7.3	1.8	2.0	1.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	88,973	83,172	5,801	93.5	6.5	1.5	1.6	.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	46,410	9,448	36,962	20.4	79.6	.8	.2	4.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	50,143	43,551	6,592	86.9	13.1	.9	.9	.8
Narcotic drug laws	232,690	196,538	36,152	84.5	15.5	4.0	3.9	4.5
Gambling	78,020	71,965	6,055	92.2	7.8	1.3	1.4	.8
Offenses against family and children	50,312	45,675	4,637	90.8	9.2	.9	.9	.6
Driving under the influence	349,326	327,198	22,128	93.7	6.3	6.0	6.5	2.8
Liquor laws	212,660	185,485	27,175	87.2	12.8	3.6	3.7	3.4
Drunkenness	1,420,161	1,319,275	100,886	92.9	7.1	24.2	26.1	12.5
Disorderly conduct	573,502	491,065	82,437	85.6	14.4	9.8	9.7	10.3
Vagrancy	106,269	94,137	12,132	88.6	11.4	1.8	1.9	1.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	664,634	561,338	103,296	84.5	15.5	11.3	11.1	12.8
Suspicion	88,265	75,140	13,125	85.1	14.9	1.5	1.5	1.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	101,674	81,204	20,470	79.9	20.1	1.7	1.6	2.5
Runaways	159,468	77,599	81,869	48.7	51.3	2.7	1.5	10.2

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 30.—*Total Arrest Trends by Sex, 1968–69*

[3,999 agencies; 1969 estimated population 128,095,000]

Offense charged	Males					Females					
	Total			Under 18		Total			Under 18		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**4,280,490**	**4,451,418**	**+4.0**	**1,061,558**	**1,075,101**	**+1.3**	**637,572**	**716,032**	**+12.3**	**240,427**	**274,675**	**+14.2**
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,762	8,579	+10.5	885	903	+2.0	1,461	1,539	+5.3	64	82	+28.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,248	2,480	+10.3	178	193	+8.4	260	285	+9.6	24	28	+16.7
Forcible rape	11,070	12,499	+12.9	2,381	2,601	+9.2						
Robbery	56,531	63,161	+11.7	19,883	22,130	+11.3	3,142	4,129	+31.4	1,118	1,579	+41.2
Aggravated assault	81,119	84,654	+4.4	14,025	14,591	+4.0	11,689	12,291	+5.2	1,895	2,110	+11.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	214,799	215,649	+.4	119,789	119,013	−.6	9,107	9,568	+5.1	4,926	5,301	+7.6
Larceny—theft	324,627	342,630	+5.5	189,400	192,056	+1.4	103,426	124,536	+20.4	50,027	60,222	+20.4
Auto theft	102,829	102,669	−.2	63,179	60,829	−3.7	5,226	5,631	+7.7	3,411	3,501	+2.6
Violent crime	156,482	168,893	+7.9	37,174	40,225	+8.2	16,292	17,959	+10.2	3,077	3,771	+22.6
Property crime	642,255	660,948	+2.9	372,368	371,898	−.1	117,759	139,735	+18.7	58,364	69,024	+18.3
Subtotal for above offenses	800,985	832,321	+3.9	409,720	412,316	+.6	134,311	157,979	+17.6	61,465	72,823	+18.5
Other assaults	191,833	208,581	+8.7	32,040	34,168	+6.6	25,132	28,934	+15.1	6,504	7,831	+20.4
Arson	7,472	7,108	−4.9	4,905	4,549	−7.3	677	728	+7.5	359	392	+9.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	22,619	24,245	+7.2	2,918	2,843	−2.6	6,203	6,892	+11.1	734	871	+18.7
Fraud	38,224	41,589	+8.8	1,870	2,266	+21.2	12,025	14,898	+23.9	443	576	+30.0
Embezzlement	4,063	4,489	+10.5	167	155	−7.2	1,043	1,260	+20.8	33	65	+97.0
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	30,809	38,895	+26.2	10,917	12,516	+14.6	2,616	3,636	+39.0	744	987	+32.7
Vandalism	92,525	89,568	−3.2	70,682	66,845	−5.4	6,571	6,848	+4.2	4,384	4,409	+.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	71,089	76,254	+7.3	13,054	13,389	+2.6	4,834	5,355	+10.8	549	660	+20.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	8,089	8,364	+3.4	262	270	+3.1	30,015	34,498	+14.9	507	594	+17.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	35,794	37,996	+6.2	8,069	7,901	−2.1	5,089	5,583	+9.7	2,256	2,336	+3.5
Narcotic drug laws	112,688	162,525	+44.2	28,457	37,027	+30.1	18,917	28,395	+50.1	6,625	9,585	+44.7
Gambling	66,064	68,473	+3.6	1,775	1,480	−16.6	5,950	5,670	−4.7	56	51	−8.9
Offenses against family and children	40,005	40,898	+2.2	407	544	+33.7	3,824	4,107	+7.4	139	180	+29.5
Driving under influence	231,253	267,442	+15.6	2,391	3,063	+28.1	15,691	18,068	+15.1	114	153	+34.2
Liquor laws	162,387	166,560	+2.6	49,912	53,130	+6.4	22,326	24,752	+10.9	9,414	10,936	+16.2
Drunkenness	1,184,898	1,182,709	−.2	29,758	33,719	+13.3	89,123	90,614	+1.7	3,770	5,173	+37.2
Disorderly conduct	474,780	460,369	−3.0	103,385	91,293	−11.7	73,627	77,795	+5.7	17,258	17,898	+3.7
Vagrancy	81,750	86,498	+5.8	8,378	8,708	+3.9	9,427	11,326	+20.1	1,327	1,479	+11.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	483,181	501,276	+3.7	142,518	143,661	+.8	86,096	94,618	+9.9	39,671	43,600	+9.9
Suspicion (not included in totals)	72,081	72,174	+.1	18,287	17,148	−6.2	13,735	12,725	−7.4	2,774	3,017	+8.8
Curfew and loitering law violations	71,001	74,444	+4.8	71,001	74,444	+4.8	16,659	18,799	+12.8	16,659	18,799	+12.8
Runaways	68,972	70,814	+2.7	68,972	70,814	+2.7	67,416	75,277	+11.7	67,416	75,277	+11.7

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 31.—*Total Arrests by Race, 1969*

[4,627 agencies; 1969 estimated population 133,028,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**5,576,766**	**3,842,895**	**1,558,740**	**115,645**	**1,426**	**3,613**	**54,386**	**68.9**	**28.0**	**2.1**		**0.1**	**1.0**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	10,412	3,743	6,444	63	3	5	154	35.9	61.9	.6			1.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	3,073	2,192	805	21		8	47	71.3	26.2	.7		.3	1.5
Forcible rape	13,396	6,407	6,726	75	3	5	179	47.8	50.2	.6		.1	1.3
Robbery	65,278	21,127	42,980	438	9	20	704	32.4	65.8	.7			1.1
Aggravated assault	100,969	49,443	49,631	819	21	33	1,022	49.0	49.2	.8			1.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	240,833	153,496	82,938	1,612	53	185	2,549	63.7	34.4	.7		.1	1.1
Larceny—theft	482,355	316,592	156,111	3,579	338	674	5,061	65.6	32.4	.7	0.1	.1	1.0
Auto theft	117,197	71,210	42,809	1,021	45	141	1,971	60.8	36.5	.9		.1	1.7
Violent crime	190,057	80,720	105,781	1,395	36	66	2,059	42.5	55.7	.7			1.1
Property crime	840,385	541,298	281,858	6,212	436	1,000	9,581	64.4	33.5	.7	.1	.1	1.1
Subtotal for above offenses	1,633,515	624,210	388,444	7,628	472	1,074	11,687	60.4	37.6	.7		.1	1.1
Other assaults	242,773	143,700	94,402	1,730	39	106	2,796	59.2	38.9	.7			1.2
Arson	7,942	5,553	2,287	38	2	8	54	69.9	28.8	.5		.1	.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	33,016	22,567	10,073	191	7	19	159	68.4	30.5	.6		.1	.5
Fraud	61,339	45,848	14,977	272	9	13	220	74.7	24.4	.4			.4
Embezzlement	5,754	4,426	1,296	17	1	4	10	76.9	22.5	.3		.1	.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	35,998	21,635	13,861	136	14	7	345	60.1	38.5	.4			1.0
Vandalism	100,512	77,462	21,631	440	20	30	929	77.1	21.5	.4			.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	82,806	38,492	42,987	324	9	46	948	46.5	51.9	.4		.1	1.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	37,947	12,484	25,107	109	21	15	211	32.9	66.2	.3	.1		.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	46,697	34,991	10,695	236	26	43	706	74.9	22.9	.5	.1	.1	1.5
Narcotic drug laws	193,743	148,556	42,397	469	74	258	1,989	76.7	21.9	.2		.1	1.0
Gambling	63,228	18,482	42,078	27	86	438	2,117	29.2	66.5		.1	.7	3.3
Offenses against family and children	49,437	33,458	15,329	372	2	3	273	67.7	31.0	.8			.6
Driving under the influence	341,828	274,962	60,102	4,316	82	254	2,092	80.4	17.6	1.3		.1	.6
Liquor laws	209,130	179,338	24,960	3,778	23	51	980	85.8	11.9	1.8			.5
Drunkenness	1,405,757	1,021,817	296,577	77,268	190	277	9,628	72.7	21.1	5.5			.7
Disorderly conduct	551,458	343,688	190,404	8,026	63	85	9,192	62.3	34.5	1.5			1.7
Vagrancy	84,646	62,765	19,918	1,137	22	54	750	74.1	23.5	1.3		.1	.9
All other offenses (except traffic)	643,187	471,865	158,814	6,049	166	434	5,859	73.4	24.7	.9		.1	.9
Suspicion	87,457	47,955	38,773	503		10	216	54.8	44.3	.6			.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	100,571	77,402	20,761	1,030	29	234	1,115	77.0	20.6	1.0		.2	1.1
Runaways	157,964	131,219	22,867	1,549	69	150	2,110	83.1	14.5	1.0		.1	1.3

Table 31.—*Total Arrests by Race, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**1,427,632**	**1,030,239**	**368,257**	**11,513**	**419**	**1,574**	**15,630**	**72.2**	**25.8**	**0.8**		**0.1**	**1.1**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	995	234	730	7		3	21	23.5	73.4	.7		.3	2.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	237	178	49	2			8	75.1	20.7	.8			3.4
Forcible rape	2,685	1,022	1,616	14		4	29	38.1	60.2	.5		.1	1.1
Robbery	20,949	5,085	15,492	92	2	11	267	24.3	74.0	.4		.1	1.3
Aggravated assault	16,029	7,489	8,238	85	1	10	206	46.7	51.4	.5		.1	1.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	131,524	84,953	44,152	799	31	128	1,461	64.6	33.6	.6		.1	1.1
Larceny—theft	253,448	169,201	79,377	1,464	130	442	2,834	66.8	31.3	.6	0.1	.2	1.1
Auto theft	69,361	43,998	23,426	517	34	118	1,268	63.4	33.8	.7		.2	1.8
Violent crime	40,658	13,830	26,076	198	3	28	523	34.0	64.1	.5		.1	1.3
Property crime	454,333	298,152	146,955	2,780	195	688	5,563	65.6	32.3	.6		.2	1.2
Subtotal for above offenses	495,228	312,160	173,080	2,980	198	716	6,094	63.0	34.9	.6		.1	1.2
Other assaults	42,847	23,082	18,954	211	5	22	573	53.9	44.2	.5		.1	1.3
Arson	5,009	3,637	1,321	17	2	5	27	72.6	26.4	.3		.1	.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,865	2,842	981	25		3	14	73.5	25.4	.6		.1	.4
Fraud	2,549	1,564	961	4	1		19	61.4	37.7	.2			.7
Embezzlement	220	163	54	2			1	74.1	24.5	.9			.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	12,630	7,651	4,788	49	5	2	135	60.6	37.9	.4			1.1
Vandalism	73,749	59,152	13,722	261	11	24	579	80.2	18.6	.4			.8
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	14,374	8,033	6,090	51	1	12	187	55.9	42.4	.4		.1	1.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	906	323	579		1		3	35.7	63.9		.1		.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	10,275	6,914	3,143	41	2	5	170	67.3	30.6	.4			1.7
Narcotic drug laws	50,645	43,392	6,422	159	21	102	549	85.7	12.7	.3		.2	1.1
Gambling	1,574	355	1,126			2	91	22.6	71.5			.1	5.8
Offenses against family and children	801	678	113	3		1	6	84.6	14.1	.4		.1	.7
Driving under the influence	3,835	3,469	304	37		1	24	90.5	7.9	1.0			.6
Liquor laws	70,203	66,207	2,581	1,138	4	15	258	94.3	3.7	1.6			.4
Drunkenness	42,155	35,901	4,204	1,768	1	17	264	85.2	10.0	4.2			.6
Disorderly conduct	112,232	74,621	35,811	609	13	20	1,158	66.5	31.9	.5			1.0
Vagrancy	8,846	6,319	2,230	39	6	32	220	71.4	25.2	.4	.1	.4	2.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	196,846	151,003	42,170	1,448	50	203	1,972	76.7	21.4	.7		.1	1.0
Suspicion	20,308	14,152	5,905	92		8	61	69.7	29.5	.5			.3
Curfew and loitering law violations	100,571	77,402	20,761	1,030	29	234	1,115	7.0	20.6	1.0		.2	1.1
Runaways	157,964	131,219	22,867	1,549	69	150	2,110	83.1	14.5	1.0		.1	1.3

Table 31.—*Total Arrests by Race, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**4,149,073**	**2,812,656**	**1,190,483**	**104,132**	**1,007**	**2,039**	**38,756**	**67.8**	**28.7**	**2.5**			**0.9**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,417	3,509	5,714	56	3	2	133	37.3	60.7	.6			1.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,836	2,014	756	19		8	39	71.0	26.7	.7		0.3	1.4
Forcible rape	10,713	5,385	5,110	61	3	4	150	50.3	47.7	.6			1.4
Robbery	44,329	16,042	27,488	346	7	9	437	36.2	62.0	.8			1.0
Aggravated assault	84,940	41,954	41,393	734	20	23	816	49.4	48.7	.9			1.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	109,309	68,543	38,786	813	22	57	1,088	62.7	35.5	.7		.1	1.0
Larceny—theft	228,907	147,391	76,734	2,115	208	232	2,227	64.4	33.5	.9	0.1	.1	1.0
Auto theft	47,836	27,212	19,383	504	11	23	703	56.9	40.5	1.1			1.5
Violent crime	149,399	66,890	79,705	1,197	33	38	1,536	44.8	53.4	.8			1.0
Property crime	386,052	243,146	134,903	3,432	241	312	4,018	63.0	34.9	.9	.1	.1	1.0
Subtotal for above offenses	535,287	312,050	215,364	4,648	274	358	5,593	58.0	40.0	.9	.1	.1	1.0
Other assaults	199,926	120,618	75,448	1,519	34	84	2,223	60.3	37.7	.8			1.1
Arson	2,933	1,916	966	21		3	27	65.3	32.9	.7		.1	.9
Forgery and counterfeiting	29,151	19,725	9,092	166	7	16	145	67.7	31.2	.6		.1	.5
Fraud	58,790	44,284	14,016	268	8	13	201	75.3	23.8	.5			.3
Embezzlement	5,534	4,263	1,242	15	1	4	9	77.0	22.4	.3		.1	.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	23,368	13,984	9,073	87	9	5	210	59.8	38.8	.4			.9
Vandalism	26,763	18,310	7,909	179	9	6	350	68.4	29.6	.7			1.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	68,432	30,459	36,897	273	8	34	761	44.5	53.9	.4			1.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	37,041	12,161	24,528	109	20	15	208	32.8	66.2	.3	.1		.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	36,422	28,077	7,552	195	24	38	536	77.1	20.7	.5	.1	.1	1.5
Narcotic drug laws	143,098	105,164	35,975	310	53	156	1,440	73.5	25.1	.2		.1	1.0
Gambling	61,654	18,127	40,952	27	86	436	2,026	29.4	66.4		.1	.7	3.3
Offenses against family and children	48,636	32,780	15,216	369	2	2	267	67.4	31.3	.8			.5
Driving under the influence	337,993	271,513	59,798	4,279	82	253	2,068	80.3	17.7	1.3		.1	.6
Liquor laws	138,927	113,131	22,379	2,640	19	36	722	81.4	16.1	1.9			.5
Drunkenness	1,363,602	985,916	292,373	75,500	189	260	9,364	72.3	21.4	5.5			.7
Disorderly conduct	439,226	269,067	154,593	7,417	50	65	8,034	61.3	35.2	1.7			1.8
Vagrancy	75,800	56,446	17,688	1,098	16	22	530	74.5	23.3	1.4			.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	446,341	320,862	116,644	4,601	116	231	3,887	71.9	26.1	1.0		.1	.9
Suspicion	67,149	33,803	32,778	411		2	155	50.3	48.8	.6			.2
Curfew and loitering law violations													
Runaways													

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 32.—*City Arrest Trends, 1968–69*

[3,058 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 98,789,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change [1]	1968	1969	Percent change [1]
TOTAL	**4,342,515**	**4,556,674**	**+4.9**	**1,137,489**	**1,181,626**	**+3.9**	**3,205,026**	**3,375,048**	**+5.3**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,982	8,824	+11.0	843	910	+7.9	7,109	7,914	+11.3
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,846	2,080	+12.7	152	184	+21.1	1,694	1,896	+11.9
Forcible rape	8,961	10,266	+14.3	2,055	2,253	+9.6	6,926	8,013	+15.7
Robbery	54,338	61,400	+13.0	19,812	22,368	+12.9	34,526	39,032	+13.1
Aggravated assault	79,917	83,058	+3.9	14,353	14,930	+4.0	65,564	68,128	+3.9
Burglary—breaking or entering	184,068	184,151	(2)	103,446	102,602	−.8	80,622	81,549	+1.1
Larceny—theft	383,310	419,516	+9.4	218,202	231,189	+5.9	165,048	188,327	+14.1
Auto theft	94,142	94,665	+.6	58,721	56,826	−3.2	35,421	37,839	+6.8
Violent crime	151,188	163,548	+8.2	37,063	40,461	+9.2	114,125	123,087	+7.9
Property crime	661,520	698,332	+5.6	380,429	390,617	+2.7	281,091	307,715	+9.5
Subtotal for above offenses	814,554	863,960	+6.1	417,644	431,262	+3.3	396,910	432,698	+9.0
Other assaults	191,107	210,687	+10.2	34,853	38,246	+9.7	156,254	172,441	+10.4
Arson	6,651	6,469	−2.7	4,437	4,220	−4.9	2,214	2,249	+1.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	22,844	25,686	+12.4	3,177	3,175	−.1	19,667	22,511	+14.5
Fraud	37,474	42,027	+12.1	2,080	2,594	+24.7	35,394	39,433	+11.4
Embezzlement	3,877	4,510	+16.3	182	198	+8.8	3,695	4,312	+16.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	29,352	37,406	+27.4	10,548	12,148	+15.2	18,804	25,258	+34.3
Vandalism	85,402	84,068	−1.5	65,122	62,551	−3.9	20,280	21,537	+6.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	69,071	74,692	+8.1	12,252	12,916	+5.4	56,819	61,776	+8.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	36,541	40,897	+11.9	746	840	+12.6	35,795	40,057	+11.9
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	34,957	37,415	+7.0	8,784	8,766	−.2	26,173	28,649	+9.5
Narcotic drug laws	110,637	160,967	+45.5	28,989	39,587	+36.6	81,648	121,380	+48.7
Gambling	67,982	69,795	+2.7	1,734	1,450	−15.9	66,248	68,336	+3.2
Offenses against family and children	30,496	31,906	+4.6	443	579	+30.7	30,053	31,327	+4.2
Driving under the influence	202,179	233,214	+15.4	2,059	2,473	+20.1	200,120	230,741	+15.3
Liquor laws	151,951	158,124	+4.1	48,089	52,342	+8.8	103,862	105,782	+1.8
Drunkenness	1,185,970	1,182,014	−.3	28,288	32,468	+14.8	1,157,682	1,149,546	−.7
Disorderly conduct	513,065	502,802	−2.0	112,423	100,607	−10.5	400,642	402,195	+.4
Vagrancy	84,297	92,702	+10.0	8,691	9,545	+9.8	75,606	83,157	+10.0
All other offenses (except traffic)	474,742	494,334	+4.1	157,602	162,671	+3.2	317,140	331,663	+4.6
Suspicion (not included in totals)	82,332	81,142	−1.4	20,252	18,638	−8.0	62,080	62,504	+.7
Curfew and loitering law violations	80,791	86,840	+7.5	80,791	86,840	+7.5			
Runaways	108,555	116,139	+7.0	108,555	116,139	+7.0			

[1] In 692 cities over 25,000 population, arrests of persons under 18 years of age increased 2.9 percent and arrests of persons 18 and over increased 4.9 percent; in 2,366 cities under 25,000 population, arrests of persons under 18 increased 8.0 percent and arrests of persons 18 and over increased 7.3 percent.

[2] Increase of less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 33.—*City Arrests by Age, 1969*

[3,500 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 108,898,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages under 18	Ages 18 and over	Age								
					10 and under	11–12	13–14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	**5,132,855**	**505,911**	**1,307,850**	**3,825,005**	**68,364**	**116,798**	**320,749**	**254,641**	**281,683**	**265,615**	**258,912**	**219,233**	**182,987**
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	9.9	25.5	74.5	1.3	2.3	6.2	5.0	5.5	5.2	5.0	4.3	3.6
Criminal homicide:													
(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,743	144	986	8,757	13	23	108	155	303	384	451	498	477
(*b*) Manslaughter by negligence	2,239	23	190	2,049	1	5	17	34	44	89	138	119	113
Forcible rape	11,697	489	2,503	9,194	27	56	406	505	708	801	918	798	783
Robbery	69,675	8,645	24,119	45,556	632	2,034	5,979	4,625	5,273	5,576	5,920	5,270	4,370
Aggravated assault	96,723	5,482	16,626	80,097	624	1,302	3,556	3,061	3,864	4,219	4,569	4,189	3,940
Burglary—breaking or entering	208,043	55,016	113,214	94,829	7,840	14,185	32,991	21,539	19,949	16,710	15,085	10,892	8,492
Larceny—theft	455,521	131,752	247,612	207,909	19,814	36,679	75,259	44,755	39,242	31,863	28,088	20,588	15,745
Auto theft	108,706	17,887	63,867	44,839	380	2,035	15,472	17,080	16,599	12,301	9,086	6,393	4,523
Violent crime	187,838	14,760	44,234	143,604	1,296	3,415	10,049	8,346	10,148	10,980	11,858	10,755	9,440
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	7.9	23.5	76.5	.7	1.8	5.3	4.4	5.4	5.8	6.3	5.7	5.0
Property crime	772,270	204,655	424,693	347,577	28,034	52,899	123,722	83,374	75,790	60,874	52,259	37,873	28,769
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	26.5	55.0	45.0	3.6	6.8	16.0	10.8	9.8	7.9	6.8	4.9	3.7
Subtotal for above offenses	962,347	219,438	469,117	493,230	29,331	56,319	133,788	91,754	85,982	71,943	64,255	48,747	38,327
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	22.8	48.7	51.3	3.0	5.9	13.9	9.5	8.9	7.5	6.7	5.1	4.0
Other assaults	227,459	16,724	41,576	185,883	2,252	4,205	10,267	7,232	8,568	9,052	10,039	8,979	8,881
Arson	7,041	3,296	4,585	2,456	1,111	874	1,311	546	433	310	219	172	143
Forgery and counterfeiting	29,893	768	3,535	26,358	42	141	585	581	954	1,232	1,793	1,849	1,799
Fraud	45,630	880	2,700	42,930	99	260	521	437	555	828	1,334	1,681	1,838
Embezzlement	4,854	42	215	4,639	3	10	29	30	46	97	125	171	170
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	40,189	4,425	13,071	27,118	328	965	3,132	2,699	2,982	2,965	3,001	2,670	2,129
Vandalism	92,753	45,796	68,680	24,073	11,564	13,411	20,821	9,732	7,826	5,326	3,444	2,416	1,741
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	80,541	3,668	13,953	66,588	248	725	2,695	2,664	3,505	4,116	4,618	4,049	3,807
Prostitution and commercialized vice	44,367	87	923	43,444	8	8	71	107	242	487	1,617	2,610	2,862
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	43,093	3,787	9,341	33,752	435	775	2,577	1,816	1,866	1,872	1,781	1,610	1,739
Narcotic drug laws	200,061	7,080	49,773	150,288	140	685	6,255	8,959	14,640	19,094	21,167	20,317	16,920
Gambling	73,329	253	1,617	71,712	13	31	209	273	477	614	1,046	1,112	1,028
Offenses against family and children	34,581	137	614	33,967	51	23	63	82	130	265	1,425	1,373	1,455
Driving under the influence	287,042	62	3,027	284,015	18	6	38	129	866	1,970	4,900	5,588	6,201
Liquor laws	173,784	5,111	57,796	115,988	72	371	4,668	9,068	18,290	25,327	29,743	23,856	16,559
Drunkenness	1,313,063	4,366	35,876	1,277,187	111	366	3,889	6,071	10,544	14,895	24,217	22,256	21,083
Disorderly conduct	530,153	37,986	107,639	422,514	5,343	9,194	23,449	19,600	23,636	26,417	33,925	28,321	22,249
Vagrancy	100,155	1,843	10,326	89,829	126	301	1,416	1,546	2,613	4,324	6,913	5,543	4,340
All other offenses (except traffic)	539,337	69,783	174,670	364,667	10,909	14,581	44,293	35,332	36,385	33,170	34,935	29,397	24,703
Suspicion	83,466	4,534	19,099	64,367	675	992	3,167	2,825	3,828	7,612	8,415	6,516	5,184
Curfew and loitering law violations	94,279	24,726	94,279	.....	1,222	4,219	19,285	20,960	28,634	19,959	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	125,438	50,819	125,438	.....	4,263	8,336	38,220	32,198	28,681	13,740	.....	.....	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 33.—*City Arrests by Age, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Age													
	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Not known
TOTAL	**185,287**	**174,595**	**143,491**	**127,910**	**486,629**	**375,577**	**359,117**	**372,524**	**327,571**	**245,312**	**171,453**	**103,037**	**90,569**	**831**
Percent distribution [1]	3.6	3.4	2.8	2.5	9.5	7.3	7.0	7.3	6.4	4.8	3.3	2.0	1.8	[2]
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	460	455	463	392	1,550	1,071	828	690	545	337	220	137	169	5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	127	110	101	90	332	212	176	132	117	100	68	41	64	4
Forcible rape	697	702	647	581	1,787	936	584	340	217	100	64	30	28	3
Robbery	4,163	3,697	3,754	2,438	7,781	3,604	2,032	1,325	658	283	128	64	67	2
Aggravated assault	4,053	4,077	4,921	3,480	14,099	10,125	8,079	6,880	4,832	2,979	1,858	1,057	1,046	4
Burglary—breaking or entering	7,700	6,880	6,021	4,695	15,105	7,960	4,996	3,086	1,978	928	558	229	210	5
Larceny—theft	13,854	11,960	10,343	8,153	28,473	18,371	13,880	11,870	8,956	6,539	4,604	2,900	3,552	33
Auto theft	3,873	3,300	2,668	1,977	5,980	2,845	1,729	1,156	684	364	153	54	48	6
Violent crime	9,373	8,931	9,785	6,891	25,217	15,736	11,523	9,253	6,252	3,699	2,270	1,288	1,310	14
Percent distribution [1]	5.0	4.8	5.2	3.7	13.4	8.4	6.1	4.9	3.3	2.0	1.2	.7	.7	[2]
Property crime	25,427	22,149	19,032	14,825	49,558	29,176	20,605	16,112	11,618	7,831	5,315	3,183	3,810	44
Percent distribution [1]	3.3	2.9	2.5	1.9	6.4	3.8	2.7	2.1	1.5	1.0	.7	.4	.5	[2]
Subtotal for above offenses	34,927	31,190	28,918	21,806	75,107	45,124	32,304	25,497	17,987	11,630	7,653	4,512	5,184	62
Percent distribution [1]	3.6	3.2	3.0	2.3	7.8	4.7	3.4	2.6	1.9	1.2	.8	.5	.5	[2]
Other assaults	9,881	9,911	9,119	8,345	34,207	24,989	20,049	16,272	11,312	6,565	3,585	1,894	1,831	20
Arson	147	129	118	100	350	312	209	186	143	98	54	35	40	1
Forgery and counterfeiting	1,902	2,030	1,600	1,467	5,462	3,104	2,129	1,498	918	441	203	100	61	2
Fraud	2,214	2,372	2,122	2,180	9,216	6,408	4,844	3,685	2,435	1,305	699	329	240	28
Embezzlement	215	342	209	281	914	706	510	387	311	136	78	49	35	.....
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	1,966	1,887	1,448	1,333	5,064	2,704	1,839	1,311	771	482	289	121	103	.....
Vandalism	1,623	1,478	1,128	999	3,861	2,174	1,684	1,308	960	542	308	162	182	3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,929	3,818	3,122	3,024	12,252	7,987	6,136	4,987	3,667	2,266	1,477	834	815	10
Prostitution and commercialized vice	4,703	5,618	4,170	3,437	8,895	3,660	2,211	1,400	869	550	329	182	185	47
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	1,975	2,071	1,615	1,564	5,846	4,139	3,246	2,779	2,062	1,232	820	574	693	6
Narcotic drug laws	15,093	13,044	9,099	7,201	22,905	10,816	6,496	3,809	1,750	818	436	203	193	3
Gambling	1,514	1,558	1,527	1,558	8,868	8,937	8,701	9,037	7,736	6,277	5,142	3,414	4,227	32
Offenses against family and children	1,565	1,718	1,650	1,674	6,864	5,157	4,150	3,119	1,924	1,059	475	215	141	3
Driving under the influence	9,274	10,344	8,675	8,532	38,262	34,421	35,595	37,265	32,875	23,296	15,241	8,270	5,257	19
Liquor laws	4,763	3,629	2,439	1,961	6,268	4,723	4,444	4,853	4,272	3,238	2,387	1,425	1,405	27
Drunkenness	30,982	29,034	24,542	24,894	109,615	117,727	143,768	180,060	178,604	144,282	105,943	65,244	54,492	445
Disorderly conduct	25,157	23,783	18,168	16,104	58,024	42,746	39,040	37,471	29,703	20,146	12,656	7,404	7,594	29
Vagrancy	5,182	4,470	3,554	2,986	10,776	7,714	7,245	7,834	7,368	5,911	4,503	2,822	2,542	27
All other offenses (except traffic)	23,087	21,688	16,843	15,513	54,494	36,244	30,486	26,316	19,629	13,710	8,166	4,673	4,725	58
Suspicion	5,008	4,481	3,425	2,951	9,379	5,776	4,031	3,390	2,266	1,328	919	575	624	9
Curfew and loitering law violations	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

307-633 O - 70 - 9

Table 34.—*City Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1969*

[3,500 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 108,898,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Number of persons arrested				Percentage			
		Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	**5,132,855**	**505,911**	**1,307,850**	**1,968,952**	**2,600,235**	**9.9**	**25.5**	**38.4**	**50.7**
Criminal homicide:									
(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,743	144	986	2,412	4,182	1.5	10.1	24.8	42.9
(*b*) Manslaughter by negligence	2,239	23	190	565	993	1.0	8.5	25.2	44.4
Forcible rape	11,697	480	2,503	4,972	7,599	4.2	21.4	42.5	65.0
Robbery	69,675	8,645	24,119	39,679	53,731	12.4	34.6	56.9	77.1
Aggravated assault	96,723	5,482	16,626	29,233	45,764	5.7	17.2	30.2	47.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	208,043	55,016	113,214	147,683	172,988	26.4	54.4	71.0	83.2
Larceny—theft	455,521	131,752	247,612	312,033	356,343	28.9	54.4	68.5	78.2
Auto theft	108,706	17,887	63,867	83,869	95,687	16.5	58.8	77.2	88.0
Violent crime	187,838	14,760	44,234	76,296	111,276	7.9	23.5	40.6	59.2
Property crime	772,270	204,655	424,693	543,585	625,018	26.5	55.0	70.4	80.9
Subtotal for above offenses	962,347	219,438	469,117	620,446	737,287	22.8	48.7	64.5	76.6
Other assaults	227,459	16,724	41,576	60,479	100,735	7.4	18.3	30.5	46.9
Arson	7,041	3,296	4,585	5,119	5,613	46.8	65.1	72.7	79.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	29,893	768	3,535	8,976	15,975	2.6	11.8	30.0	53.4
Fraud	45,630	880	2,700	7,553	16,441	1.9	5.9	16.6	36.0
Embezzlement	4,854	42	215	681	1,728	.9	4.4	14.0	35.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	40,189	4,425	13,071	20,871	27,505	11.0	32.5	51.9	68.4
Vandalism	92,753	45,796	68,680	76,281	81,509	49.4	74.0	82.2	87.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	80,541	3,668	13,953	26,217	40,110	4.6	17.3	32.6	49.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	44,367	87	923	8,012	26,030	.2	2.1	18.1	58.7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	43,093	3,787	9,341	14,471	21,696	8.8	21.7	33.6	50.3
Narcotic drug laws	200,061	7,080	49,773	108,186	152,623	3.5	24.9	54.1	76.3
Gambling	73,329	253	1,617	4,801	10,958	.3	2.2	6.5	14.9
Offenses against family and children	34,581	137	614	4,867	11,474	.4	1.8	14.1	33.2
Driving under the influence	287,042	62	3,027	19,716	56,541	(1)	1.1	6.9	19.7
Liquor laws	173,784	5,111	57,796	127,950	140,742	2.9	33.3	73.6	81.0
Drunkenness	1,313,063	4,366	35,876	103,431	212,883	.3	2.7	7.9	16.2
Disorderly conduct	530,153	37,986	107,639	192,128	275,340	7.2	20.3	36.2	51.9
Vagrancy	100,155	1,843	10,326	27,131	43,323	1.8	10.3	27.1	43.3
All other offenses (except traffic)	539,337	69,783	174,670	263,705	340,836	12.9	32.4	48.9	63.2
Suspicion	83,466	4,834	19,099	30,214	55,169	5.8	22.9	47.0	66.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	94,279	24,726	94,279	94,279	94,279	26.2	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways	125,438	50,819	125,438	125,438	125,438	40.5	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 35.—*City Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1969*

[3,800 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 108,808,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested			Percent Male	Percent Female	Percent of total [1]		
	Total	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**5,132,855**	**4,423,215**	**709,640**	**86.2**	**13.8**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Criminal homicide:								
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	9,743	8,227	1,516	84.4	15.6	.2	.2	.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,239	1,980	259	88.4	11.6	[2]	[2]	[2]
Forcible rape	11,697	11,697	----	100.0	----	.2	.3	----
Robbery	69,675	65,289	4,386	93.7	6.3	1.4	1.5	.6
Aggravated assault	96,723	83,920	12,803	86.8	13.2	1.9	1.9	1.8
Burglary—breaking or entering	208,043	199,034	9,009	95.7	4.3	4.1	4.5	1.3
Larceny—theft	455,521	331,379	124,142	72.7	27.3	8.9	7.5	17.5
Auto theft	108,706	103,120	5,586	94.9	5.1	2.1	2.3	.8
Violent crime	187,838	169,133	18,705	90.0	10.0	3.7	3.8	2.6
Property crime	772,270	633,533	138,737	82.0	18.0	15.0	14.3	19.6
Subtotal for above offenses	962,347	804,646	157,701	83.6	16.4	18.7	18.2	22.2
Other assaults	227,459	199,326	28,133	87.6	12.4	4.4	4.5	4.0
Arson	7,041	6,361	680	90.3	9.7	.1	.1	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	29,893	22,964	6,929	76.8	23.2	.6	.5	1.0
Fraud	45,630	33,378	12,252	73.1	26.9	.9	.8	1.7
Embezzlement	4,854	3,807	1,047	78.4	21.6	.1	.1	.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	40,189	36,748	3,441	91.4	8.6	.8	.8	.5
Vandalism	92,753	85,994	6,759	92.7	7.3	1.8	1.9	1.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	80,541	75,251	5,290	93.4	6.6	1.6	1.7	.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	44,367	9,117	35,250	20.5	79.5	.9	.2	5.0
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	43,093	37,330	5,763	86.6	13.4	.8	.8	.8
Narcotic drug laws	200,061	169,017	31,044	84.5	15.5	3.9	3.8	4.4
Gambling	73,329	67,713	5,616	92.3	7.7	1.4	1.5	.8
Offenses against family and children	34,581	30,624	3,957	88.6	11.4	.7	.7	.6
Driving under the influence	287,042	268,345	18,697	93.5	6.5	5.6	6.1	2.6
Liquor laws	173,784	151,554	22,230	87.2	12.8	3.4	3.4	3.1
Drunkenness	1,313,063	1,222,042	91,021	93.1	6.9	25.6	27.6	12.8
Disorderly conduct	530,153	453,202	76,951	85.5	14.5	10.3	10.2	10.8
Vagrancy	100,155	88,659	11,496	88.5	11.5	2.0	2.0	1.6
All other offenses (except traffic)	539,337	451,994	87,343	83.8	16.2	10.5	10.2	12.3
Suspicion	83,466	70,965	12,501	85.0	15.0	1.6	1.6	1.8
Curfew and loitering law violations	94,279	75,529	18,750	80.1	19.9	1.8	1.7	2.6
Runaways	125,438	58,649	66,789	46.8	53.2	2.4	1.3	9.4

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 36.—*City Arrest Trends by Sex, 1968–69*

[3,058 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 98,789,000]

Offense charged	Males						Females					
	Total			Under 18			Total			Under 18		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**3,777,255**	**3,923,287**	**+3.9**	**927,918**	**942,619**	**+1.5**	**565,260**	**633,387**	**+12.1**	**209,571**	**239,607**	**+14.3**
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	6,660	7,455	+11.9	788	836	+6.1	1,292	1,369	+6.0	55	74	+34.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,642	1,849	+12.6	130	160	+23.1	204	231	+13.2	22	24	+9.1
Forcible rape	8,981	10,266	+14.3	2,055	2,253	+9.6						
Robbery	51,529	57,622	+11.8	18,776	20,869	+11.1	2,809	3,778	+34.5	1,036	1,499	+44.7
Aggravated assault	69,422	72,078	+3.8	12,622	13,028	+3.2	10,495	10,980	+4.6	1,731	1,902	+9.9
Burglary-breaking or entering	176,809	176,497	−.2	99,424	98,325	−1.1	7,259	7,654	+5.4	4,022	4,277	+6.3
Larceny-theft	288,360	305,267	+5.9	171,689	175,020	+1.9	94,950	114,249	+20.3	46,573	56,169	+20.6
Auto theft	89,719	89,947	+.3	55,777	53,802	−3.5	4,423	4,718	+6.7	2,944	3,024	+2.7
Violent crime	136,592	147,421	+7.9	34,241	36,986	+8.0	14,596	16,127	+10.5	2,822	3,475	+23.1
Property crime	554,888	571,711	+3.0	326,890	327,147	+.1	106,632	126,621	+18.7	53,539	63,470	+18.5
Subtotal for above offenses	693,122	720,981	+4.0	361,261	364,293	+.8	121,432	142,979	+17.7	56,383	66,969	+18.8
Other assaults	168,630	184,648	+9.5	28,896	31,073	+7.5	22,477	26,039	+15.8	5,957	7,173	+20.4
Arson	6,094	5,832	−4.3	4,149	3,877	−6.6	557	637	+14.4	288	343	+19.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	17,874	19,940	+11.6	2,508	2,421	−3.5	4,970	5,746	+15.6	669	754	+12.7
Fraud	28,140	30,797	+9.4	1,672	2,067	+23.6	9,334	11,230	+20.3	408	527	+29.2
Embezzlement	3,109	3,499	+12.5	149	137	−8.1	768	1,011	+31.6	33	61	+84.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	27,050	34,194	+26.4	9,879	11,274	+14.1	2,302	3,212	+39.5	669	874	+30.6
Vandalism	79,606	78,058	−1.9	61,289	58,739	−4.2	5,796	6,030	+4.0	3,833	3,812	−.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	64,670	69,776	+7.9	11,769	12,319	+4.7	4,401	4,916	+11.7	483	597	+23.6
Prostitution and commercialized vice	7,852	8,065	+2.7	253	262	+3.6	28,689	32,832	+14.4	493	578	+17.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	30,446	32,578	+7.0	6,829	6,775	−.8	4,511	4,837	+7.2	1,955	1,991	+1.8
Narcotic drug laws	94,799	137,306	+44.8	23,584	31,506	+33.6	15,838	23,661	+49.4	5,405	8,081	+49.5
Gambling	62,430	64,539	+3.4	1,692	1,418	−16.2	5,552	5,256	−5.3	42	41	−2.4
Offenses against family and children	27,258	28,372	+4.1	318	435	+36.8	3,238	3,534	+9.1	125	144	+15.2
Driving under the influence	189,020	218,171	+15.4	1,975	2,370	+20.0	13,159	15,043	+14.3	84	103	+22.6
Liquor laws	133,560	137,652	+3.1	40,729	43,640	+7.1	18,391	20,472	+11.3	7,360	8,702	+18.2
Drunkenness	1,104,675	1,100,187	−.4	25,146	28,318	+12.6	81,295	81,827	+.7	3,142	4,150	+32.1
Disorderly conduct	443,693	429,693	−3.2	96,532	84,403	−12.6	69,392	73,109	+5.4	15,891	16,204	+2.0
Vagrancy	75,633	81,901	+8.3	7,572	8,168	+7.9	8,664	10,801	+24.7	1,119	1,377	+23.1
All other offenses (except traffic)	401,057	413,222	+3.0	123,179	124,648	+1.2	73,685	81,112	+10.1	34,423	38,023	+10.5
Suspicion (not included in totals)	68,914	68,974	+.1	17,596	15,988	−9.1	13,418	12,168	−9.3	2,656	2,650	−.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	65,614	69,560	+6.0	65,614	69,560	+6.0	15,177	17,280	+13.9	15,177	17,280	+13.9
Runaways	52,923	54,316	+2.6	52,923	54,316	+2.6	55,632	61,823	+11.1	55,632	61,823	+11.1

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 37.—*City Arrests by Race, 1969*

[3,481 cities over 2,500; 1969 estimated population 99,584,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**4,855,565**	**3,238,794**	**1,462,739**	**98,686**	**1,281**	**3,458**	**50,607**	**66.7**	**30.1**	**2.0**		**0.1**	**1.0**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	8,799	2,699	5,929	35	3	5	128	30.7	67.4	.4		.1	1.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	2,151	1,442	665	9		6	29	67.0	30.9	.4		.3	1.3
Forcible rape	10,722	4,408	6,113	42	3	8	148	41.1	57.0	.4		.1	1.4
Robbery	58,563	17,022	40,455	383	9	20	674	29.1	69.1	.7			1.2
Aggravated assault	84,150	37,521	45,004	582	19	29	905	44.6	53.6	.7			1.1
Burglary—breaking or entering	194,094	114,080	76,441	1,012	49	178	2,334	58.8	39.4	.5		.1	1.2
Larceny—theft	427,858	271,968	147,019	3,040	325	646	4,840	63.6	34.4	.7	.1	.2	1.1
Auto theft	101,030	58,091	40,168	719	44	138	1,870	57.5	39.8	.7		.1	1.9
Violent crime	162,234	61,650	97,591	1,042	34	62	1,855	38.0	60.2	.6			1.1
Property crime	722,982	444,150	263,628	4,771	418	962	9,044	61.4	36.5	.7	.1	.1	1.3
Subtotal for above offenses	887,367	507,251	361,884	5,822	452	1,030	10,928	57.2	40.8	.7	.1	.1	1.2
Other assaults	210,938	118,695	88,214	1,301	37	102	2,589	56.3	41.8	.6			1.2
Arson	6,351	4,187	2,068	20	2	8	46	65.9	32.9	.3		.1	.7
Forgery and counterfeiting	26,176	16,962	8,942	119	6	18	129	64.8	34.2	.5		.1	.5
Fraud	43,727	30,653	12,718	163	8	12	173	70.1	29.1	.4			.4
Embezzlement	4,298	3,133	1,150	6		4	5	72.9	26.8	.1		.1	.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	30,152	16,991	12,777	94	13	7	270	56.4	42.4	.3			.9
Vandalism	86,399	64,465	20,662	346	19	28	879	74.6	23.9	.4			1.0
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	74,543	32,781	40,868	273	9	45	870	44.0	54.4	.4		.1	1.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	35,903	11,074	24,496	104	15	13	201	30.8	68.2	.3			.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	39,769	28,864	9,905	185	20	41	664	72.6	25.1	.5	.1	.1	1.7
Narcotic drug laws	161,222	119,154	39,491	384	66	245	1,882	73.9	24.5	.2		.2	1.2
Gambling	58,620	15,068	40,927	26	85	435	2,079	25.7	69.8		.1	.7	3.5
Offenses against family and children	33,720	20,434	12,859	201	1	2	223	60.6	38.1	.6			.7
Driving under the influence	279,697	221,023	53,968	2,548	69	247	1,842	79.0	19.3	.9		.1	.7
Liquor laws	171,246	144,309	23,085	3,002	19	47	784	84.3	13.5	1.8			.5
Drunkenness	1,296,874	935,965	284,208	69,242	141	271	8,957	72.1	21.9	5.3			.7
Disorderly conduct	508,931	308,837	183,796	7,188	57	82	8,971	60.7	36.1	1.4			1.8
Vagrancy	78,542	57,554	19,185	1,010	21	53	719	73.3	24.4	1.3		.1	.9
All other offenses (except traffic)	519,341	366,773	142,526	4,316	153	405	5,168	70.6	27.4	.8		.1	1.0
Suspicion	52,596	43,883	38,106	430		8	169	53.1	46.1	.5			.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	93,197	70,535	20,447	895	29	219	1,072	75.7	21.9	1.0		.2	1.2
Runaways	123,956	100,203	20,560	1,011	59	126	1,997	80.8	16.6	.8		.1	1.6

Table 37.—*City Arrests by Race, 1969—Continued*

Offense charged	Arrests under 18							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	1,237,268	862,343	349,326	8,852	397	1,487	14,863	69.7	28.2	0.7	.....	0.1	1.2
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	911	179	703	6	.....	3	20	19.6	77.2	.7	.....	.3	2.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	188	136	45	1	.....	.....	6	72.3	23.9	.5	.....	.....	3.2
Forcible rape	2,300	740	1,518	9	.....	4	29	32.2	66.0	.4	.....	.2	1.3
Robbery	19,491	4,341	14,790	85	2	11	262	22.3	75.9	.4	.....	.1	1.3
Aggravated assault	14,050	6,126	7,661	64	1	8	190	43.6	54.5	.5	.....	.1	1.4
Burglary—breaking or entering	107,641	64,545	41,058	525	28	122	1,363	60.0	38.1	.5	.....	.1	1.3
Larceny—theft	230,178	149,582	75,977	1,319	126	425	2,749	65.0	33.0	.6	.1	.2	1.2
Auto theft	60,776	36,775	22,243	392	34	115	1,217	60.5	36.6	.6	.1	.2	2.0
Violent crime	36,752	11,386	24,672	164	3	26	501	31.0	67.1	.4	.....	.1	1.4
Property crime	398,595	250,902	139,278	2,236	188	662	5,329	62.9	34.9	.6	.....	.2	1.3
Subtotal for above offenses	435,535	262,424	163,995	2,401	191	688	5,836	60.3	37.7	.6	.....	.2	1.3
Other assaults	38,726	19,905	18,059	187	5	22	548	51.4	46.6	.5	.....	.1	1.4
Arson	4,213	2,954	1,217	14	2	5	21	70.1	28.9	.3	.....	.1	.5
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,252	2,317	904	17	.....	2	12	71.2	27.8	.5	.....	.1	.4
Fraud	2,266	1,316	929	4	1	.....	16	58.1	41.0	.2	.....	.....	.7
Embezzlement	188	134	52	1	.....	.....	1	71.3	27.7	.5	.....	.....	.5
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	11,127	6,416	4,543	40	5	2	121	57.7	40.8	.4	.....	.....	1.1
Vandalism	63,935	50,032	13,117	205	11	22	548	78.3	20.5	.3	.....	.....	.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	13,117	7,046	5,832	43	1	11	184	53.7	44.5	.3	.....	.1	1.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	881	305	572	.....	1	.....	3	34.6	64.9	.....	.1	.....	.3
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	8,713	5,577	2,943	25	2	4	162	64.0	33.8	.3	.....	.....	1.9
Narcotic drug laws	42,967	36,174	6,016	142	21	95	519	84.2	14.0	.3	.....	.2	1.2
Gambling	1,492	304	1,095	.....	.....	2	91	20.4	73.4	.....	.....	.1	6.1
Offenses against family and children	603	501	96	1	.....	.....	5	83.1	15.9	.2	.....	.....	.8
Driving under the influence	2,974	2,642	285	25	.....	1	21	88.8	9.6	.8	.....	.....	.7
Liquor laws	56,929	53,446	2,384	867	4	14	214	93.9	4.2	1.5	.....	.....	.4
Drunkenness	35,139	29,929	3,616	1,339	1	16	238	85.2	10.3	3.8	.....	.....	.7
Disorderly conduct	102,730	66,364	34,729	469	9	20	1,139	64.6	33.8	.5	.....	.....	1.1
Vagrancy	8,116	5,661	2,170	31	6	32	216	69.8	26.7	.4	.1	.4	2.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	168,590	125,578	39,866	1,057	49	190	1,850	74.5	23.6	.6	.....	.1	1.1
Suspicion	18,622	12,580	5,899	78	.....	6	59	67.6	31.7	.4	.....	.....	.3
Curfew and loitering law violations	93,197	70,535	20,447	895	29	219	1,072	75.7	21.9	1.0	.....	.2	1.2
Runaways	123,956	100,203	20,560	1,011	59	136	1,987	80.8	16.6	.8	.....	.1	1.6

Table 37.—*City Arrests by Race, 1969—Continued*

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**3,618,297**	**2,376,451**	**1,113,413**	**89,834**	**884**	**1,971**	**35,744**	**65.7**	**30.8**	**2.5**		**0.1**	**1.0**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	7,888	2,520	5,226	29	3	2	108	31.9	66.3	.4			1.4
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	1,963	1,306	620	8		6	23	66.5	31.6	.4		.3	1.2
Forcible rape	8,422	3,668	4,595	33	3	4	119	43.6	54.6	.4			1.4
Robbery	39,072	12,681	25,665	298	7	9	412	32.5	65.7	.8			1.1
Aggravated assault	70,100	31,395	37,433	518	15	21	715	44.8	53.4	.7			1.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	86,453	49,535	35,383	487	21	56	971	57.3	40.9	.6		.1	1.1
Larceny—theft	197,680	122,406	71,042	1,721	199	221	2,091	61.9	35.9	.9	0.1	.1	1.1
Auto theft	40,254	21,316	17,925	327	10	23	653	53.0	44.5	.8		.1	1.6
Violent crime	125,482	50,264	72,919	878	31	36	1,354	40.1	58.1	.7			1.1
Property crime	324,387	193,257	124,350	2,535	230	300	3,715	59.6	38.3	.8	.1	.1	1.1
Subtotal for above offenses	451,832	244,827	197,889	3,421	261	342	5,092	54.2	43.8	.8	.1	.1	1.1
Other assaults	172,212	98,790	70,155	1,114	32	80	2,041	57.4	40.7	.6			1.2
Arson	2,138	1,233	871	6		3	25	57.7	40.7	.3		.1	1.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	22,924	14,645	8,038	102	6	16	117	63.9	35.1	.4		.1	.5
Fraud	41,461	29,337	11,789	159	7	12	157	70.8	28.4	.4			.4
Embezzlement	4,110	2,999	1,098	5		4	4	73.0	26.7	.1		.1	.1
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	19,025	10,575	8,234	54	8	5	149	55.6	43.3	.3			.8
Vandalism	22,464	14,433	7,545	141	8	6	331	64.2	33.6	.6			1.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	61,426	25,735	34,733	230	8	34	686	41.9	56.5	.4		.1	1.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	35,022	10,769	23,924	104	14	13	198	30.7	68.3	.3			.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	31,056	23,287	7,052	160	18	37	502	75.0	22.7	.5	.1	.1	1.6
Narcotic drug laws	118,255	82,980	33,475	242	45	150	1,363	70.2	28.3	.2		.1	1.2
Gambling	57,128	14,764	39,832	26	85	433	1,988	25.8	69.7		.1	.8	3.5
Offenses against family and children	33,117	19,933	12,763	200	1	2	218	60.2	38.5	.6			.7
Driving under the influence	276,723	218,381	53,683	2,523	69	246	1,821	78.9	19.4	.9		.1	.7
Liquor laws	114,317	90,863	20,701	2,135	15	33	570	79.5	18.1	1.9			.5
Drunkenness	1,263,735	906,036	280,682	67,903	140	255	8,719	71.7	22.2	5.4			.7
Disorderly conduct	406,201	242,473	149,067	6,719	48	62	7,832	59.7	36.7	1.7			1.9
Vagrancy	70,426	51,893	17,015	979	15	21	503	73.7	24.2	1.4			.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	350,751	241,195	102,660	3,259	104	215	3,318	68.8	29.3	.9		.1	.9
Suspicion	63,974	31,303	32,207	352		2	110	48.9	50.3	.6			.2
Curfew and loitering law violations													
Runaways													

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 38.—*Suburban Arrest Trends, 1968–69*

[1,553 agencies, 1969 estimated population 35,563,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**903,804**	**977,254**	**+8.1**	**324,068**	**342,949**	**+5.8**	**579,736**	**634,305**	**+9.4**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,201	1,233	+2.7	133	81	−39.1	1,068	1,152	+7.9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	576	580	+.7	43	51	+18.6	533	529	−.8
Forcible rape	2,251	2,366	+5.1	420	425	+1.2	1,831	1,941	+6.0
Robbery	7,586	8,123	+7.1	2,039	2,193	+7.6	5,549	5,930	+6.9
Aggravated assault	16,048	17,681	+10.2	2,640	3,012	+14.1	13,408	14,669	+9.4
Burglary—breaking or entering	51,579	52,246	+1.3	30,259	30,359	+.3	21,320	21,887	+2.7
Larceny—theft	92,805	102,371	+10.3	54,237	57,715	+6.4	38,568	44,656	+15.8
Auto theft	21,906	21,640	−1.2	13,985	13,222	−5.5	7,921	8,418	+6.3
Violent crime	27,086	29,403	+8.5	5,232	5,711	+9.2	21,856	23,692	+8.4
Property crime	166,290	176,257	+6.0	98,481	101,296	+2.9	67,809	74,961	+10.5
Subtotal for above offenses	193,354	205,240	+6.3	103,756	107,058	+3.2	90,198	99,182	+10.0
Other assaults	42,748	45,493	+6.4	8,049	8,348	+3.7	34,699	37,145	+7.0
Arson	1,976	1,960	−.8	1,446	1,414	−2.2	530	546	+3.0
Forgery and counterfeiting	6,442	6,181	−4.1	737	758	+2.8	5,705	5,423	−4.9
Fraud	12,306	13,288	+8.0	362	448	+23.8	11,944	12,840	+7.5
Embezzlement	1,606	1,588	−1.1	44	40	−9.1	1,562	1,548	−.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	6,450	8,124	+26.0	2,502	2,977	+19.0	3,948	5,147	+30.4
Vandalism	26,798	25,987	−3.0	22,630	21,683	−4.2	4,168	4,304	+3.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	10,668	11,070	+3.8	3,040	2,849	−6.3	7,628	8,221	+7.8
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,469	1,934	+31.7	22	28	+27.3	1,447	1,906	+31.7
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	8,433	8,753	+3.8	2,450	2,343	−4.4	5,983	6,410	+7.1
Narcotic drug laws	34,223	47,228	+38.0	12,044	14,396	+19.5	22,179	32,832	+48.0
Gambling	3,999	3,785	−5.4	200	137	−31.5	3,799	3,648	−4.0
Offenses against family and children	11,312	11,438	+1.1	202	288	+42.6	11,110	11,150	+.4
Driving under the influence	61,581	72,380	+17.5	757	1,003	+32.5	60,824	71,377	+17.4
Liquor laws	44,164	48,634	+10.1	18,059	20,450	+13.2	26,105	28,184	+8.0
Drunkenness	142,364	149,991	+5.4	9,692	12,118	+25.0	132,672	137,873	+3.9
Disorderly conduct	88,880	90,796	+2.2	26,633	27,641	+3.8	62,247	63,155	+1.5
Vagrancy	9,303	7,782	−16.3	1,469	1,239	−15.7	7,834	6,543	−16.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	132,967	147,494	+10.9	47,813	50,623	+5.9	85,154	96,871	+13.8
Suspicion (not included in totals)	10,419	12,415	+19.2	3,619	5,145	+42.2	6,800	7,270	+6.9
Curfew and loitering law violations	22,891	23,673	+3.4	22,891	23,673	+3.4	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	39,270	43,435	+10.6	39,270	43,435	+10.6	.....	.....	.....

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 39.—*Suburban Arrests by Age, 1969*

[1,700 agencies; 1969 estimated population 39,895,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages under 18	Ages 18 and over	Age								
					10 and under	11–12	13–14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	1,120,002	144,683	389,232	730,770	20,115	31,831	92,737	77,355	87,925	79,269	73,781	56,948	45,423
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	12.9	34.8	65.2	1.8	2.8	8.3	6.9	7.9	7.1	6.6	5.1	4.1
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,487	11	96	1,391	4	.....	7	19	30	36	68	74	76
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	659	7	54	605	.....	2	5	2	15	30	47	34	45
Forcible rape	2,764	63	474	2,290	2	8	53	88	132	191	257	214	196
Robbery	9,267	736	2,428	6,839	52	159	525	459	557	676	977	832	721
Aggravated assault	20,701	1,006	3,425	17,276	126	228	652	582	854	983	1,311	1,099	902
Burglary—breaking or entering	55,843	15,219	33,497	25,351	1,927	3,610	9,682	6,678	6,318	5,282	4,897	3,320	2,477
Larceny—theft	114,548	32,769	64,128	50,420	5,075	8,961	18,733	11,396	10,969	8,994	7,726	5,186	3,953
Auto theft	24,314	3,779	14,699	9,615	64	361	3,354	4,175	4,020	2,725	2,221	1,469	1,051
Violent crime	34,219	1,816	6,423	27,796	184	395	1,237	1,148	1,573	1,886	2,613	2,219	1,895
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	5.3	18.8	81.2	.5	1.2	3.6	3.4	4.6	5.5	7.6	6.5	5.5
Property crime	197,710	51,767	112,324	85,386	7,066	12,932	31,769	22,249	21,307	17,001	14,844	9,975	7,481
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	26.2	56.8	43.2	3.6	6.5	16.1	11.3	10.8	8.6	7.5	5.0	3.8
Subtotal for above offenses	232,588	53,590	118,801	113,787	7,250	13,329	33,011	23,399	22,895	18,917	17,504	12,228	9,421
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	23.0	51.1	48.9	3.1	5.7	14.2	10.1	9.8	8.1	7.5	5.3	4.1
Other assaults	52,315	3,703	9,507	42,808	521	896	2,286	1,712	1,994	2,098	2,345	2,070	1,936
Arson	2,207	1,135	1,586	621	407	285	443	182	147	122	108	67	43
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,417	155	846	6,571	5	17	133	138	253	300	416	432	459
Fraud	16,062	108	495	15,567	11	19	78	80	114	193	326	495	571
Embezzlement	1,732	3	44	1,688	.....	.....	3	7	10	24	60	57	87
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	9,124	1,063	3,309	5,815	74	208	781	668	706	782	855	668	508
Vandalism	30,428	16,478	25,265	5,163	4,263	4,601	7,614	3,761	3,033	1,993	1,109	702	449
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	12,819	1,024	3,232	9,587	80	221	723	580	789	839	905	731	640
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,008	2	34	1,974	.....	.....	2	5	18	9	44	70	71
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	9,610	954	2,545	7,065	118	177	659	519	565	507	481	407	401
Narcotic drug laws	51,611	2,322	15,756	35,855	28	221	2,073	2,960	4,671	5,803	6,846	5,983	4,753
Gambling	4,216	36	162	4,054	2	3	31	31	48	47	54	71	57
Offenses against family and children	13,472	84	326	13,146	28	16	40	46	69	127	404	393	427
Driving under the influence	80,575	8	1,116	79,459	2	.....	6	50	334	724	1,719	1,774	1,830
Liquor laws	55,381	2,082	23,227	32,154	26	139	1,917	3,748	7,492	9,905	10,905	7,941	5,141
Drunkenness	168,742	1,819	13,357	155,385	25	125	1,669	2,501	4,011	4,936	7,044	5,741	4,830
Disorderly conduct	102,879	11,604	31,263	71,616	1,794	2,738	7,072	5,861	7,072	6,726	8,277	6,184	4,800
Vagrancy	9,222	245	1,318	7,904	22	43	180	237	318	518	998	743	528
All other offenses (except traffic)	168,837	22,334	56,723	112,114	3,482	4,752	14,100	11,512	12,307	10,570	11,774	9,056	7,733
Suspicion	13,962	1,666	5,525	8,437	188	319	1,159	1,107	1,392	1,360	1,607	1,135	740
Curfew and loitering law violations	26,606	5,871	26,606	.....	198	821	4,852	5,667	7,912	7,156	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	48,189	18,397	48,189	.....	1,591	2,901	13,905	12,494	11,685	5,613	.....	.....	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 39.—*Suburban Arrests by Age, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Age												
	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Not known
TOTAL	**41,369**	**38,810**	**29,808**	**27,037**	**97,523**	**69,759**	**62,532**	**59,024**	**48,933**	**34,434**	**22,266**	**12,784**	**10,291**	**48**
Percent distribution [1]	3.7	3.5	2.7	2.4	8.7	6.2	5.6	5.3	4.4	3.1	2.0	1.1	.9	(2)
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	68	77	58	63	257	181	126	112	75	61	37	27	31	.....
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	31	34	37	21	93	69	52	51	29	21	19	13	9	.....
Forcible rape	203	199	156	142	443	217	115	67	37	21	10	7	6	.....
Robbery	685	605	465	407	1,117	497	239	153	74	40	11	11	5	.....
Aggravated assault	1,044	999	747	749	3,002	2,081	1,722	1,399	921	586	365	178	171	.....
Burglary—breaking or entering	2,144	1,903	1,385	1,230	3,830	1,717	1,111	630	355	163	97	42	41	.....
Larceny—theft	3,242	2,925	2,265	2,046	6,842	4,389	3,363	2,695	2,052	1,463	979	613	661	.....
Auto theft	820	678	465	410	1,116	518	357	243	147	71	33	8	8	.....
Violent crime	2,000	1,880	1,426	1,361	4,819	2,976	2,202	1,731	1,107	708	423	223	213	.....
Percent distribution [1]	5.8	5.5	4.2	4.0	14.1	8.7	6.4	5.1	3.2	2.1	1.2	.7	.6	.....
Property crime	6,206	5,506	4,115	3,695	11,788	6,624	4,831	3,568	2,554	1,697	1,109	663	730	.....
Percent distribution [1]	3.1	2.8	2.1	1.9	6.0	3.4	2.4	1.8	1.3	.9	.6	.3	.4	.....
Subtotal for above offenses	8,237	7,420	5,578	5,077	16,700	9,609	7,085	5,350	3,690	2,426	1,551	899	952	.....
Percent distribution [1]	3.5	3.2	2.4	2.2	7.2	4.2	3.0	2.3	1.6	1.0	.7	.4	.4	.....
Other assaults	2,101	2,190	1,884	1,820	7,739	5,816	4,838	4,144	2,785	1,569	830	396	345	.....
Arson	44	36	23	32	74	45	53	39	27	12	7	7	4	.....
Forgery and counterfeiting	487	502	409	380	1,262	817	577	395	260	103	39	19	14	.....
Fraud	757	858	796	769	3,349	2,475	1,925	1,450	912	489	213	86	71	23
Embezzlement	71	162	70	83	267	244	198	129	132	68	28	16	16	.....
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	452	397	329	307	918	475	330	257	150	89	36	27	19	.....
Vandalism	383	304	205	208	645	345	267	195	162	90	42	29	28	.....
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	630	616	499	458	1,554	1,062	780	625	441	280	186	75	95	1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	186	251	226	215	506	201	85	46	29	19	12	7	7	.....
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	481	471	380	371	1,208	765	638	447	346	236	152	118	154	.....
Narcotic drug laws	3,886	3,283	2,111	1,542	4,119	1,624	796	449	226	122	58	28	19	.....
Gambling	90	82	93	104	526	511	496	500	516	365	257	151	181	.....
Offenses against family and children	529	552	595	613	2,753	2,166	1,720	1,378	861	409	202	76	38	.....
Driving under the influence	2,708	2,991	2,401	2,503	10,486	9,311	9,924	10,262	9,096	6,631	4,192	2,227	1,404	.....
Liquor laws	1,261	884	580	427	1,205	735	653	633	614	461	322	198	194	.....
Drunkenness	6,056	5,816	4,455	4,008	16,143	14,587	16,151	18,429	17,882	14,016	9,731	5,886	4,603	7
Disorderly conduct	4,862	4,401	3,348	3,024	9,917	6,615	5,627	5,071	3,895	2,581	1,484	869	658	3
Vagrancy	473	410	291	248	813	569	469	498	534	448	392	257	233	.....
All other offenses (except traffic)	6,996	6,582	5,098	4,461	16,369	11,166	9,519	8,403	6,134	3,861	2,434	1,346	1,170	12
Suspicion	670	572	428	387	971	561	401	324	241	149	98	67	86	.....
Curfew and loitering law violations	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[2] Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 40.—*Suburban Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1969*

[1,790 agencies; 1969 estimated population 39,895,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested					Percentage			
	TOTAL	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	**1,120,002**	**144,683**	**389,232**	**565,384**	**702,408**	**12.9**	**34.8**	**50.5**	**62.7**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,487	11	96	314	550	.7	6.5	21.1	39.0
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	659	7	54	190	303	1.1	8.2	27.3	46.0
Forcible rape	2,764	63	474	1,141	1,841	2.3	17.1	41.3	66.6
Robbery	9,267	736	2,428	4,958	7,120	7.9	26.2	53.5	76.8
Aggravated assault	20,701	1,006	3,425	6,737	10,276	4.9	16.5	32.5	49.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	58,848	15,219	33,497	44,191	50,862	25.9	56.9	75.1	86.4
Larceny—theft	114,548	32,769	64,128	80,993	91,471	28.6	56.0	70.7	79.9
Auto theft	24,314	3,779	14,099	19,440	21,813	15.5	60.5	80.0	89.7
Violent crime	34,219	1,816	6,423	13,150	19,817	5.3	18.8	38.4	57.9
Property crime	197,710	51,767	112,324	144,624	164,146	26.2	56.8	73.1	83.0
Subtotal for above offenses	232,588	53,590	118,801	157,954	184,266	23.0	51.1	67.9	79.2
Other assaults	52,315	3,703	9,507	15,858	23,853	7.1	18.2	30.3	45.6
Arson	2,207	1,135	1,586	1,804	1,939	51.4	71.9	81.7	87.9
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,417	155	846	2,153	3,931	2.1	11.4	29.0	53.0
Fraud	16,062	108	495	1,887	5,067	.7	3.1	11.7	31.5
Embezzlement	1,732	3	44	248	634	.2	2.5	14.3	36.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	9,124	1,063	3,309	5,338	6,823	11.7	36.3	58.5	74.8
Vandalism	30,428	16,478	25,265	27,525	28,625	54.2	83.0	90.5	94.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	12,819	1,024	3,232	5,508	7,720	8.0	25.2	43.0	60.2
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,008	2	34	219	1,097	.1	1.7	10.9	54.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	9,610	954	2,545	3,834	5,546	9.9	26.5	39.9	57.7
Narcotic drug laws	51,611	2,322	15,756	33,338	44,160	4.5	30.5	64.6	85.6
Gambling	4,216	36	162	344	713	.9	3.8	8.2	16.9
Offenses against family and children	13,472	84	326	1,550	3,809	.6	2.4	11.5	28.7
Driving under the influence	80,575	8	1,116	6,439	17,042	(1)	1.4	8.0	21.2
Liquor laws	55,381	2,082	23,227	47,214	50,366	3.8	41.9	85.3	90.9
Drunkenness	168,742	1,819	13,357	30,972	51,307	1.1	7.9	18.4	30.4
Disorderly conduct	102,879	11,604	31,263	50,524	66,159	11.3	30.4	49.1	64.3
Vagrancy	9,222	245	1,318	3,587	5,009	2.7	14.3	38.9	54.3
All other offenses (except traffic)	168,537	22,334	56,723	85,286	108,423	13.2	33.6	50.5	64.2
Suspicion	13,962	1,666	5,525	9,007	11,064	11.9	39.6	64.5	79.2
Curfew and loitering law violations	26,606	5,871	26,606	26,606	26,606	22.1	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways	48,189	18,397	48,189	48,189	48,189	38.2	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 41.—*Suburban Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1969*

[1,790 agencies; 1969 estimated population 39,895,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested			Percent Male	Percent Female	Percent of total [1]		
	TOTAL	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**1,120,002**	**958,312**	**161,690**	**85.6**	**14.4**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Criminal homicide:								
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,487	1,260	227	84.7	15.3	.1	.1	.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	659	602	57	91.4	8.6	.1	.1	(2)
Forcible rape	2,764	2,764		100.0		.2	.3	
Robbery	9,267	8,761	506	94.5	5.5	.8	.9	.3
Aggravated assault	20,701	18,741	1,960	90.5	9.5	1.8	2.0	1.2
Burglary—breaking or entering	58,848	56,246	2,602	95.6	4.4	5.3	5.9	1.6
Larceny—theft	114,548	84,454	30,094	73.7	26.3	10.2	8.8	18.6
Auto theft	24,314	22,966	1,348	94.5	5.5	2.2	2.4	.8
Violent crime	34,219	31,526	2,693	92.1	7.9	3.1	3.3	1.7
Property crime	197,710	163,666	34,044	82.8	17.2	17.7	17.1	21.1
Subtotal for above offenses	232,588	195,794	36,794	84.2	15.8	20.8	20.4	22.8
Other assaults	52,315	46,440	5,875	88.8	11.2	4.7	4.8	3.6
Arson	2,207	2,060	147	93.3	6.7	.2	.2	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,417	5,674	1,743	76.5	23.5	.7	.6	1.1
Fraud	16,062	11,650	4,412	72.5	27.5	1.4	1.2	2.7
Embezzlement	1,732	1,327	405	76.6	23.4	.2	.1	.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	9,124	8,466	658	92.8	7.2	.8	.9	.4
Vandalism	30,428	28,390	2,038	93.3	6.7	2.7	3.0	1.3
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	12,819	12,138	681	94.7	5.3	1.1	1.3	.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,008	294	1,714	14.6	85.4	.2	(2)	1.1
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	9,610	8,529	1,081	88.8	11.2	.9	.9	.7
Narcotic drug laws	51,611	43,210	8,401	83.7	16.3	4.6	4.5	5.2
Gambling	4,216	3,788	428	89.8	10.2	.4	.4	.3
Offenses against family and children	13,472	12,564	908	93.3	6.7	1.2	1.3	.6
Driving under the influence	80,575	75,104	5,471	93.2	6.8	7.2	7.8	3.4
Liquor laws	55,381	48,724	6,657	88.0	12.0	4.9	5.1	4.1
Drunkenness	168,742	154,012	14,730	91.3	8.7	15.1	16.1	9.1
Disorderly conduct	102,879	90,038	12,841	87.5	12.5	9.2	9.4	7.9
Vagrancy	9,222	8,378	844	90.8	9.2	.8	.9	.5
All other offenses (except traffic)	168,837	143,791	25,046	85.2	14.8	15.1	15.0	15.5
Suspicion	13,962	12,221	1,741	87.5	12.5	1.2	1.3	1.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	26,606	20,468	6,138	76.9	23.1	2.4	2.1	3.8
Runaways	48,189	25,252	22,937	52.4	47.6	4.3	2.6	14.2

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.
[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 42.—Suburban Arrests by Race, 1969

[1,784 agencies; 1969 estimated population 30,750,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**1,114,085**	**953,058**	**159,884**	**5,688**	**230**	**353**	**3,844**	**85.5**	**13.5**	**0.5**			**0.3**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,487	941	527	9			10	63.3	35.4	.6			.7
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	685	555	93	1			6	84.7	14.2	.2			.9
Forcible rape	2,754	1,904	722	13	1	1	23	72.4	26.2	.5			.8
Robbery	9,229	5,212	3,943	34		4	36	58.5	42.7	.4			.4
Aggravated assault	20,677	14,939	5,512	91	3	10	122	72.2	26.7	.4			.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	58,628	48,432	9,814	155	11	36	180	82.6	16.7	.3		.1	.3
Larceny—theft	114,135	92,439	20,921	237	52	62	404	81.0	18.3	.2		.1	.4
Auto theft	24,219	19,497	4,471	97	7	8	138	80.5	18.5	.4			.6
Violent crime	34,147	23,086	10,704	147	4	15	191	67.6	31.3	.4			.6
Property crime	196,981	160,368	35,206	509	70	106	722	81.4	17.9	.3		.1	.4
Subtotal for above offenses	231,783	184,009	46,003	657	74	121	919	79.4	19.8	.3		.1	.4
Other assaults	51,993	41,051	10,599	147	14	7	175	79.0	20.4	.3			.3
Arson	2,397	1,924	284	15		1	3	87.2	12.0	.7			.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	7,387	5,869	1,471	16	3	2	26	79.5	19.9	.2			.4
Fraud	16,667	13,345	2,656	30	2		24	83.1	16.5	.2			.1
Embezzlement	1,705	1,445	249	4	1		6	84.8	14.6	.2	.1		.4
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	9,073	7,084	1,927	10	4		48	78.1	21.2	.1			.5
Vandalism	30,325	27,877	2,337	30	2	5	74	91.9	7.7	.1			.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	12,752	9,317	3,352	22		5	56	73.1	26.3	.2			.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	2,007	1,422	567	1	6	3	8	70.9	28.3		.3	.1	.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	9,555	8,537	937	19	8	7	47	89.3	9.8	.2	.1	.1	.5
Narcotic drug laws	51,202	46,871	4,068	67	12	43	141	91.5	7.9	.1		.1	.3
Gambling	4,189	2,624	1,535		1	3	26	62.6	36.6			.1	.6
Offenses against family and children	13,295	10,882	2,326	46		1	40	81.9	17.5	.3			.3
Driving under the influence	80,183	72,577	6,906	366	16	28	290	90.5	8.6	.5			.4
Liquor laws	55,139	51,951	2,815	216	8	7	142	94.2	5.1	.4			.3
Drunkenness	166,599	143,942	19,193	2,910	17	36	501	86.4	11.5	1.7			.3
Disorderly conduct	102,760	86,677	15,362	206	15	8	432	84.3	14.9	.3			.4
Vagrancy	9,221	7,750	1,365	73	1		32	84.0	14.8	.8			.3
All other offenses (except traffic)	167,965	145,855	20,823	521	31	52	683	86.8	12.4	.3			.4
Suspicion	14,193	12,270	1,879	30		3	11	86.5	13.2	.2			.1
Curfew and loitering law violations	26,430	25,231	1,022	90	5	18	54	95.5	3.9	.3		.1	.2
Runaways	48,075	44,546	3,228	152	10	33	106	92.7	6.7	.3		.1	.2

Table 42.—*Suburban Arrests by Race, 1969—Continued*

Offense charged	Arrests under 18							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**387,719**	**344,748**	**40,862**	**895**	**64**	**197**	**953**	**88.9**	**10.5**	**0.2**	.....	**0.1**	**0.2**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	94	62	31	.....	.....	.....	1	66.0	33.0	.....	.....	.....	1.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	53	49	2	.....	.....	.....	2	92.5	3.8	.....	.....	.....	3.8
Forcible rape	471	344	126	1	.....	.....	.....	73.0	26.8	.2	.....	.....	.....
Robbery	2,419	1,182	1,221	3	.....	3	10	48.9	50.5	.1	.....	.1	.4
Aggravated assault	3,409	2,511	864	10	.....	5	19	73.7	25.3	.3	.....	.1	.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	33,384	28,137	5,078	67	5	23	74	84.3	15.2	.2	.....	.1	.2
Larceny—theft	63,943	53,434	10,158	113	16	31	191	83.6	15.9	.2	.....	.....	.3
Auto theft	14,630	12,123	2,378	56	4	4	65	82.9	16.3	.4	.....	.....	.4
Violent crime	6,393	4,099	2,242	14	.....	8	30	64.1	35.1	.2	.....	.1	.5
Property crime	111,957	93,694	17,614	236	25	58	330	83.7	15.7	.2	.....	.1	.3
Subtotal for above offenses	118,403	97,842	19,858	250	25	66	362	82.6	16.8	.2	.....	.1	.3
Other assaults	9,494	7,279	2,194	10	1	1	9	76.7	23.1	.1	.....	.....	.1
Arson	1,579	1,392	180	3	.....	1	3	88.2	11.4	.2	.....	.1	.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	844	710	128	1	.....	1	4	84.1	15.2	.1	.....	.1	.5
Fraud	491	396	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	80.7	19.3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Embezzlement	43	35	6	1	.....	.....	1	81.4	14.0	2.3	.....	.....	2.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	3,287	2,571	704	1	.....	.....	11	78.2	21.4	.....	.....	.....	.3
Vandalism	25,171	23,372	1,727	18	2	4	48	92.9	6.9	.1	.....	.....	.2
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,217	2,728	475	3	.....	3	8	84.8	14.8	.1	.....	.1	.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	34	22	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	64.7	35.3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,536	2,228	296	6	1	2	3	87.9	11.7	.2	.....	.1	.1
Narcotic drug laws	15,683	14,902	695	16	2	24	44	95.0	4.4	.1	.....	.2	.3
Gambling	163	123	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	75.5	24.5	.....	.....	.....	.....
Offenses against family and children	317	283	30	2	.....	1	1	89.3	9.5	.6	.....	.3	.3
Driving under the influence	1,094	1,055	30	2	.....	.....	7	96.4	2.7	.2	.....	.....	.6
Liquor laws	23,199	22,467	502	77	1	2	51	97.3	2.2	.3	.....	.....	.2
Drunkenness	13,252	12,378	747	84	.....	6	37	93.4	5.6	.6	.....	.....	.3
Disorderly conduct	31,199	27,067	4,012	48	8	3	61	86.8	12.9	.2	.....	.....	.2
Vagrancy	1,319	1,160	149	5	.....	.....	5	87.9	11.3	.4	.....	.....	.4
All other offenses (except traffic)	56,481	51,928	4,260	116	9	30	138	91.9	7.5	.2	.....	.1	.2
Suspicion	5,517	5,033	472	10	.....	2	.....	91.2	8.6	.2	.....	.....	.....
Curfew and loitering law violations	26,422	25,231	1,022	90	5	18	54	95.5	3.9	.3	.....	.1	.2
Runaways	48,075	44,546	3,228	152	10	33	106	92.7	6.7	.3	.....	.1	.2

Table 42.—*Suburban Arrests by Race, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over							Percent distribution					
	TOTAL	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**726,366**	**588,308**	**110,022**	**4,793**	**166**	**186**	**2,891**	**83.7**	**15.1**	**0.7**			**0.4**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,393	879	496	9			9	63.1	35.6	.6			.6
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	662	506	91	1			4	84.1	15.1	.2			.7
Forcible rape	2,283	1,650	596	12	1	1	23	72.3	26.1	.5			1.0
Robbery	6,810	4,090	2,722	31		1	26	59.2	40.0	.5			.4
Aggravated assault	17,268	12,428	4,648	81	3	5	103	72.0	26.9	.5			.6
Burglary—breaking or entering	25,344	20,295	4,736	88	6	13	106	80.4	18.8	.3		.1	.4
Larceny—theft	50,192	39,005	10,763	144	36	31	213	77.7	21.4	.3	.1	.1	.4
Auto theft	9,588	7,374	2,093	41	3	4	73	76.9	21.8	.4			.8
Violent crime	27,754	18,987	8,462	133	4	7	161	68.4	30.5	.5			.6
Property crime	85,024	66,674	17,592	273	45	48	392	78.4	20.7	.3	.1	.1	.5
Subtotal for above offenses	113,380	86,167	26,145	407	49	55	557	76.0	23.1	.4			.5
Other assaults	42,499	33,772	8,405	137	13	6	166	79.5	19.8	.3			.4
Arson	628	532	84	12				84.7	13.4	1.9			
Forgery and counterfeiting	6,543	5,159	1,343	15	3	1	22	78.8	20.5	.2			.3
Fraud	15,566	12,949	2,561	30	2		24	83.2	16.5	.2			.2
Embezzlement	1,662	1,410	243	3	1		5	84.8	14.6	.2	.1		.3
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	5,786	4,513	1,223	9	4		37	78.0	21.1	.2	.1		.6
Vandalism	5,154	4,505	610	12		1	26	87.4	11.8	.2			.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	9,535	6,580	2,877	19		2	48	69.1	30.2	.2			.5
Prostitution and commercialized vice	1,973	1,400	555	1	6	3	8	71.0	28.1	.1	.3	.2	.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	7,019	6,309	641	13	7	5	44	89.9	9.1	.2	.1	.1	.6
Narcotic drug laws	35,519	31,969	3,373	51	10	19	97	90.0	9.5	.1		.1	.3
Gambling	4,026	2,801	1,195		1	3	26	62.1	37.1			.1	.6
Offenses against family and children	12,978	10,599	2,296	44			39	81.7	17.7	.3			.3
Driving under the influence	79,089	71,522	6,876	364	16	28	283	90.4	8.7	.5			.4
Liquor laws	32,639	29,484	2,313	139	7	5	91	92.0	7.2	.4			.3
Drunkenness	153,347	131,564	18,446	2,826	17	30	464	85.8	12.0	1.8			.3
Disorderly conduct	71,561	59,610	11,350	218	7	5	371	83.3	15.9	.3			.5
Vagrancy	7,902	6,590	1,216	68	1		27	83.4	15.4	.9			.3
All other offenses (except traffic)	111,484	93,927	16,563	405	22	22	545	84.3	14.9	.4			.5
Suspicion	8,676	7,237	1,407	20		1	11	83.4	16.2	.2			.1
Curfew and loitering law violations													
Runaways													

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 43.—*Rural Arrest Trends, 1968–69*

[800 agencies; 1969 estimated population 13,853,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested								
	Total all ages			Under 18 years of age			18 years of age and over		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**234,665**	**244,061**	**+4.0**	**50,285**	**51,732**	**+2.9**	**184,380**	**192,329**	**+4.3**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	560	536	−4.3	37	19	−48.6	523	517	−1.1
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	414	429	+3.6	28	14	−50.0	386	415	+7.5
Forcible rape	858	847	−1.3	123	101	−17.9	735	746	+1.5
Robbery	1,203	1,416	+17.7	157	194	+23.6	1,046	1,222	+16.8
Aggravated assault	4,798	4,676	−2.5	332	343	+3.3	4,466	4,333	−3.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	14,513	15,572	+7.3	6,643	7,263	+9.3	7,870	8,309	+5.6
Larceny—theft	14,564	15,221	+4.5	5,423	5,319	−1.9	9,141	9,902	+8.3
Auto theft	4,570	4,320	−5.5	2,387	2,270	−4.9	2,183	2,050	−6.1
Violent crime	7,419	7,475	+.8	649	657	+1.2	6,770	6,818	+.7
Property crime	33,647	35,113	+4.4	14,453	14,852	+2.8	19,194	20,261	+5.6
Subtotal for above offenses	41,480	43,017	+3.7	15,130	15,523	+2.6	26,350	27,494	+4.3
Other assaults	8,685	8,949	+3.0	672	619	−7.9	8,013	8,330	+4.0
Arson	623	566	−9.1	278	210	−24.5	345	356	+3.2
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,541	2,427	−4.5	241	269	+11.6	2,300	2,158	−6.2
Fraud	6,295	7,135	+13.3	88	95	+8.0	6,207	7,040	+13.4
Embezzlement	279	315	+12.9	10	6	−40.0	269	309	+14.9
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	1,959	2,167	+10.6	450	572	+27.1	1,509	1,595	+5.7
Vandalism	5,596	4,953	−11.5	3,522	3,077	−12.6	2,074	1,876	−9.5
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	2,646	2,625	−.8	307	263	−14.3	2,339	2,362	+1.0
Prostitution and commercialized vice	256	301	+17.6	11	14	+27.3	245	287	+17.1
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	1,806	1,878	+4.0	347	325	−6.3	1,459	1,553	+6.4
Narcotic drug laws	3,151	5,823	+84.8	637	1,044	+63.9	2,514	4,779	+90.1
Gambling	1,747	2,375	+35.9	39	16	−59.0	1,708	2,359	+38.1
Offenses against family and children	6,551	6,439	−1.7	57	85	+49.1	6,494	6,354	−2.2
Driving under the influence	21,997	25,275	+14.9	199	398	+100.0	21,798	24,877	+14.1
Liquor laws	21,967	21,828	−.6	7,210	7,178	−.4	14,757	14,650	−.7
Drunkenness	39,982	39,168	−2.0	1,553	1,709	+10.0	38,429	37,459	−2.5
Disorderly conduct	13,552	12,862	−5.1	1,888	1,733	−8.2	11,664	11,129	−4.6
Vagrancy	2,712	2,114	−22.1	227	196	−13.7	2,485	1,918	−22.8
All other offenses (except traffic)	41,503	44,533	+7.3	8,082	9,089	+12.5	33,421	35,444	+6.1
Suspicion (not included in totals)	1,153	1,215	+5.4	438	552	+26.0	715	663	−7.3
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,673	1,554	−7.1	1,673	1,554	−7.1	----	----	----
Runaways	7,664	7,757	+1.2	7,664	7,757	+1.2	----	----	----

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 44.—*Rural Arrests by Age, 1969*

[1,094 agencies; 1969 estimated population 17,578,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Ages under 15	Ages under 18	Ages 18 and over	Age								
					10 and under	11–12	13–14	15	16	17	18	19	20
TOTAL	309,693	15,386	64,588	245,105	2,147	2,885	10,354	12,095	17,365	19,742	21,496	18,167	14,732
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	5.0	20.9	79.1	.7	.9	3.3	3.9	5.6	6.4	6.9	5.9	4.8
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	837	6	32	805	.....	2	4	4	14	8	36	42	28
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	659	1	27	632	.....	.....	1	4	5	17	37	45	31
Forcible rape	1,098	16	139	959	1	4	11	26	37	60	91	101	95
Robbery	1,867	31	260	1,607	3	2	26	49	79	101	194	141	149
Aggravated assault	6,147	57	440	5,707	7	12	38	61	118	204	358	248	311
Burglary—breaking or entering	19,362	2,796	8,736	10,626	337	630	1,829	1,668	2,143	2,129	2,118	1,535	1,090
Larceny—theft	19,122	1,863	6,465	12,657	226	462	1,175	1,105	1,625	1,872	2,166	1,638	1,087
Auto theft	6,720	692	3,275	3,445	12	64	616	825	1,002	756	680	448	313
Violent crime	9,949	110	871	9,078	11	20	79	140	248	373	679	532	583
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	1.1	8.8	91.2	.1	.2	.8	1.4	2.5	3.7	6.8	5.3	5.9
Property crime	45,204	5,351	18,476	26,728	575	1,156	3,620	3,508	4,770	4,757	4,964	3,621	2,490
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	11.8	40.9	59.1	1.3	2.6	8.0	8.0	10.6	10.5	11.0	8.0	5.5
Subtotal for above offenses	55,812	5,462	19,374	36,438	586	1,176	3,700	3,742	5,023	5,147	5,680	4,198	3,104
Percent distribution [1]	100.0	9.8	34.7	65.3	1.0	2.1	6.6	6.7	9.0	9.2	10.2	7.5	5.6
Other assaults	11,278	147	762	10,516	22	32	93	124	232	259	489	459	455
Arson	757	125	265	492	40	32	53	29	40	71	60	61	34
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,971	37	311	2,660	.....	6	31	55	91	128	166	189	180
Fraud	8,569	12	131	8,369	1	2	9	9	42	68	204	250	295
Embezzlement	464	2	14	450	.....	.....	2	1	4	7	8	12	14
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	2,701	131	701	2,000	6	22	103	131	215	224	320	211	171
Vandalism	5,710	1,624	3,503	2,207	466	452	706	554	670	655	541	366	243
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3,494	74	308	3,096	9	8	57	44	82	108	192	162	163
Prostitution and commercialized vice	352	1	14	338	.....	.....	1	1	6	6	14	18	14
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,391	114	401	1,990	14	24	76	68	104	115	162	132	104
Narcotic drug laws	7,064	109	1,309	5,775	1	17	91	191	391	618	944	1,036	837
Gambling	2,534	7	22	2,512	2	1	4	1	4	10	12	15	23
Offenses against family and children	7,537	28	113	7,424	16	3	9	11	25	49	168	201	233
Driving under the influence	32,777	12	498	32,279	.....	1	11	47	128	311	632	843	728
Liquor laws	25,514	508	8,223	17,291	17	54	437	1,069	2,401	4,245	4,985	4,030	2,573
Drunkenness	48,458	159	2,073	46,385	7	13	139	284	673	957	1,219	1,183	1,171
Disorderly conduct	16,943	486	2,220	14,723	88	108	290	352	640	742	1,317	992	898
Vagrancy	2,581	26	236	2,345	2	1	23	34	51	125	226	192	122
All other offenses (except traffic)	58,507	3,125	11,695	46,812	704	511	1,910	2,274	2,815	3,481	3,982	3,707	3,341
Suspicion	1,623	177	620	1,003	34	42	101	124	164	155	175	110	89
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,967	390	1,967	.....	8	59	323	410	638	529	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	9,828	2,630	9,828	.....	124	321	2,185	2,540	2,926	1,732	.....	.....	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

397-633 O - 70 - 10

Table 44.—*Rural Arrests by Age, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Age													
	21	22	23	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Not known
TOTAL	12,754	12,226	9,948	8,889	31,719	23,817	21,247	20,755	17,396	13,489	8,905	5,952	4,409	33
Percent distribution [1]	4.1	3.9	3.2	2.9	10.2	7.7	6.9	6.7	5.6	4.4	2.9	1.6	1.4	(2)
Criminal homicide:														
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	43	41	33	40	149	80	55	69	60	61	35	8	25	.....
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	42	56	39	20	115	59	52	26	36	26	22	15	11	.....
Forcible rape	105	69	67	52	140	91	53	45	27	8	5	1	9	.....
Robbery	149	157	110	81	279	151	100	41	32	15	4	3	1	.....
Aggravated assault	283	332	314	283	982	673	561	497	315	243	147	97	83	.....
Buglary—breaking or entering	876	828	803	469	1,350	687	416	293	184	109	41	25	13	.....
Larceny—theft	910	760	618	514	1,672	959	736	574	403	286	173	79	82	.....
Auto theft	286	244	197	148	462	244	150	108	88	50	21	4	2	.....
Violent crime	580	599	524	436	1,550	995	769	652	434	327	191	109	118	.....
Percent distribution [1]	5.8	6.0	5.3	4.4	15.6	10.0	7.7	6.6	4.4	3.3	1.9	1.1	1.2	.....
Property crime	2,072	1,832	1,408	1,121	3,493	1,890	1,302	975	675	445	235	108	97	.....
Percent distribution [1]	4.6	4.1	3.1	2.5	7.7	4.2	2.9	2.2	1.5	1.0	.5	.2	.2	.....
Subtotal for above offenses	2,694	2,487	1,971	1,577	5,158	2,944	2,123	1,663	1,145	798	448	232	226	.....
Percent distribution [1]	4.8	4.5	3.5	2.8	9.2	5.3	3.8	3.0	2.1	1.4	.8	.4	.4	.....
Other assaults	463	598	466	453	1,816	1,405	1,164	1,000	664	517	234	142	151	.....
Arson	33	25	26	17	78	42	32	24	19	19	13	6	3	.....
Forgery and counterfeiting	162	171	136	142	463	306	237	196	155	96	36	17	8	.....
Fraud	394	419	389	411	1,545	1,382	1,043	838	540	316	165	69	71	38
Embezzlement	25	21	17	31	75	66	43	61	37	21	10	4	5	.....
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	140	139	98	98	275	177	116	109	61	47	24	6	8	.....
Vandalism	149	147	115	83	208	94	71	68	49	27	16	13	17	.....
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	197	197	172	156	536	354	254	228	191	140	73	32	46	1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	29	32	26	17	74	35	19	24	14	7	9	3	3	.....
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	107	127	107	96	292	200	200	150	92	90	54	39	38	.....
Narcotic drug laws	716	597	352	223	601	198	114	84	38	16	11	3	5	.....
Gambling	26	24	29	43	210	251	280	323	327	308	278	184	179	.....
Offenses against family and children	309	372	299	329	1,546	1,270	976	800	470	249	112	45	41	4
Driving under the influence	1,012	1,104	962	917	3,888	3,588	3,620	4,051	3,836	2,982	2,215	1,180	921	.....
Liquor laws	768	513	357	256	735	529	509	523	448	511	228	163	161	2
Drunkenness	1,331	1,501	1,295	1,310	4,804	4,554	5,084	5,885	5,646	4,651	3,221	1,953	1,607	.....
Disorderly conduct	939	889	691	645	2,044	1,482	1,204	1,165	909	673	432	240	201	8
Vagrancy	133	127	72	73	248	189	160	196	180	138	134	76	73	.....
All other offenses (except traffic)	3,047	2,665	2,306	1,973	7,012	4,670	3,908	3,330	2,537	1,834	1,170	635	635	.....
Suspicion	60	71	42	39	109	81	60	47	38	40	22	10	10	.....
Curfew and loitering law violations	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Runaways	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.
[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 45.—*Rural Arrests of Persons Under 15, Under 18, Under 21, and Under 25 Years of Age, 1969*

[1,004 agencies; 1969 estimated population 17,578,000]

Offense charged	Grand total all ages	Number of persons arrested				Percentage			
		Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25	Under 15	Under 18	Under 21	Under 25
TOTAL	**309,633**	**15,386**	**64,588**	**119,043**	**162,869**	**5.0**	**20.9**	**38.4**	**52.6**
Criminal homicide:									
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	837	6	32	138	295	.7	3.8	16.5	35.2
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	659	1	27	140	297	.2	4.1	21.2	45.1
Forcible rape	1,098	16	139	426	719	1.5	12.7	38.8	65.5
Robbery	1,867	31	260	744	1,241	1.7	13.9	39.9	66.5
Aggravated assault	6,147	57	440	1,357	2,549	.9	7.2	22.1	41.5
Burglary—breaking or entering	19,362	2,796	8,736	13,479	16,235	14.4	45.1	69.6	83.8
Larceny—theft	19,122	1,853	6,465	11,356	14,158	9.7	33.8	59.4	74.0
Auto theft	6,720	692	3,275	4,716	5,591	10.3	48.7	70.2	83.2
Violent crime	9,949	110	871	2,665	4,804	1.1	8.8	26.8	48.3
Property crime	45,204	5,351	18,476	29,551	35,984	11.8	40.9	65.4	79.6
Subtotal for above offenses	55,812	5,462	19,374	32,356	41,085	9.8	34.7	58.0	73.6
Other assaults	11,278	147	762	2,165	4,185	1.3	6.8	19.2	37.1
Arson	757	125	265	420	521	16.5	35.0	55.5	68.8
Forgery and counterfeiting	3,971	37	311	846	1,457	1.2	10.5	28.5	49.0
Fraud	8,500	12	131	880	2,493	.1	1.5	10.4	29.3
Embezzlement	464	2	14	48	142	.4	3.0	10.3	30.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	2,701	131	701	1,403	1,878	4.9	26.0	51.9	69.5
Vandalism	5,710	1,624	3,503	4,653	5,147	28.4	61.3	81.5	90.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3,404	74	308	825	1,547	2.2	9.0	24.2	45.4
Prostitution and commercialized vice	352	1	14	60	164	.3	4.0	17.0	46.6
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,391	114	401	799	1,236	4.8	16.8	33.4	51.7
Narcotic drug laws	7,084	109	1,309	4,126	6,014	1.5	18.5	58.2	84.9
Gambling	2,534	7	22	72	194	.3	.9	2.8	7.7
Offenses against family and children	7,537	28	113	715	2,024	.4	1.5	9.5	26.9
Driving under the influence	32,777	12	498	2,501	6,496	(1)	1.5	7.6	19.8
Liquor laws	25,514	508	8,223	19,811	21,705	2.0	32.2	77.6	85.1
Drunkenness	48,458	159	2,073	5,646	11,083	.3	4.3	11.7	22.9
Disorderly conduct	16,943	486	2,220	5,421	8,585	2.9	13.1	32.0	50.7
Vagrancy	2,581	26	236	782	1,187	1.0	9.1	30.3	46.0
All other offenses (except traffic)	58,507	3,125	11,696	22,725	32,716	5.3	20.0	38.8	55.9
Suspicion	1,623	177	620	994	1,206	10.9	38.2	61.2	74.3
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,967	390	1,967	1,967	1,967	19.8	100.0	100.0	100.0
Runaways	9,828	2,630	9,828	9,828	9,828	26.8	100.0	100.0	100.0

[1] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 46.—*Rural Arrests, Distribution by Sex, 1969*

[1,094 agencies; 1969 estimated population 17,578,000]

Offense charged	Number of persons arrested			Percent Male	Percent Female	Percent of total [1]		
	Total	Male	Female			Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**309,693**	**279,870**	**29,823**	**90.4**	**9.6**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Criminal homicide:								
(*a*) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	837	735	102	87.8	12.2	.3	.3	.3
(*b*) Manslaughter by negligence	659	614	45	93.2	6.8	.2	.2	.2
Forcible rape	1,098	1,098		100.0		.4	.4	
Robbery	1,867	1,767	100	94.6	5.4	.6	.6	.3
Aggravated assault	6,147	5,732	415	93.2	6.8	2.0	2.0	1.4
Burglary—breaking or entering	19,362	18,669	693	96.4	3.6	6.3	6.7	2.3
Larceny—theft	19,122	17,220	1,902	90.1	9.9	6.2	6.2	6.4
Auto theft	6,720	6,384	336	95.0	5.0	2.2	2.3	1.1
Violent crime	9,949	9,332	617	93.8	6.2	3.2	3.3	2.1
Property crime	45,204	42,273	2,931	93.5	6.5	14.6	15.1	9.8
Subtotal for above offenses	55,812	52,219	3,593	93.6	6.4	18.0	18.7	12.0
Other assaults	11,278	10,454	824	92.7	7.3	3.6	3.7	2.8
Arson	757	713	44	94.2	5.8	.2	.3	.1
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,971	2,460	511	82.8	17.2	1.0	.9	1.7
Fraud	8,500	6,744	1,756	79.3	20.7	2.7	2.4	5.9
Embezzlement	464	398	66	85.8	14.2	.1	.1	.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	2,701	2,506	195	92.8	7.2	.9	.9	.7
Vandalism	5,710	5,396	314	94.5	5.5	1.8	1.9	1.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	3,404	3,208	196	94.2	5.8	1.1	1.1	.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	352	119	233	33.8	66.2	.1	[2]	.8
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,391	2,186	205	91.4	8.6	.8	.8	.7
Narcotic drug laws	7,084	6,117	967	86.3	13.7	2.3	2.2	3.2
Gambling	2,534	2,381	153	94.0	6.0	.8	.9	.5
Offenses against family and children	7,537	7,228	309	95.9	4.1	2.4	2.6	1.0
Driving under the influence	32,777	31,316	1,461	95.5	4.5	10.6	11.2	4.9
Liquor laws	25,514	22,469	3,045	88.1	11.9	8.2	8.0	10.2
Drunkenness	48,458	44,855	3,603	92.6	7.4	15.6	16.0	12.1
Disorderly conduct	16,943	15,242	1,701	90.0	10.0	5.5	5.4	5.7
Vagrancy	2,581	2,358	223	91.4	8.6	.8	.8	.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	58,507	52,372	6,135	89.5	10.5	18.9	18.7	20.6
Suspicion	1,623	1,432	191	88.2	11.8	.5	.5	.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,967	1,536	431	78.1	21.9	.6	.5	1.4
Runaways	9,828	6,161	3,667	62.7	37.3	3.2	2.2	12.3

[1] Because of rounding, the percentages may not add to total.

[2] Less than one-tenth of one percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 47.—*Rural Arrests by Race, 1969*

[981 agencies; 1969 estimated population 16,105,000]

Offense charged	Total arrests							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**301,520**	**253,215**	**30,816**	**14,770**	**75**	**58**	**2,586**	**84.0**	**10.2**	**4.9**			**0.9**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	679	443	195	22			19	65.2	28.7	3.2			2.8
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	625	490	105	11		2	17	78.4	16.8	1.8		.3	2.7
Forcible rape	1,043	827	177	20			19	79.3	17.0	1.9			1.8
Robbery	1,724	1,235	439	32			18	71.6	25.5	1.9			1.0
Aggravated assault	5,962	4,288	1,404	194	1		77	71.9	23.5	3.3			1.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	18,242	15,990	1,613	491	1	3	144	87.7	8.8	2.7			.8
Larceny—theft	18,434	15,954	1,899	450		8	123	86.5	10.3	2.4			.7
Auto theft	5,912	5,034	545	262		3	68	85.1	9.2	4.4		.1	1.2
Violent crime	9,408	6,791	2,215	268	1		133	72.2	23.5	2.8			1.4
Property crime	42,588	36,978	4,057	1,203	1	14	335	86.8	9.5	2.8			.8
Subtotal for above offenses	52,621	44,259	6,377	1,482	2	16	485	84.1	12.1	2.8			.9
Other assaults	10,880	8,168	2,181	347		3	181	75.1	20.0	3.2			1.7
Arson	695	615	68	6			6	88.5	9.8	.9			.9
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,975	2,542	353	60		1	19	85.4	11.9	2.0			.6
Fraud	8,291	7,422	740	85		1	34	89.5	9.0	1.0			.4
Embezzlement	463	436	18	8			1	94.2	3.9	1.7			.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	2,560	1,946	514	35			65	76.0	20.1	1.4			2.5
Vandalism	5,685	5,362	202	75	1	2	43	94.3	3.6	1.3			.8
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	3,232	2,150	975	39			68	66.5	30.2	1.2			2.1
Prostitution and commercialized vice	351	201	141	4			5	57.3	40.2	1.1			1.4
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	2,263	2,022	180	38			23	89.4	8.0	1.7			1.0
Narcotic drug laws	6,976	6,430	454	43	6	1	42	92.2	6.5	.6	.1		.6
Gambling	2,459	2,119	306	1			33	86.2	12.4				1.3
Offenses against family and children	7,522	6,404	957	136	1		24	85.1	12.7	1.8			.3
Driving under the influence	32,611	27,899	2,944	1,602	6	5	155	85.6	9.0	4.9			.5
Liquor laws	24,518	22,910	755	701	1		151	93.4	3.1	2.9			.6
Drunkenness	48,245	36,070	4,490	7,106	49		530	74.8	9.3	14.7	.1		1.1
Disorderly conduct	16,109	12,681	2,503	763		1	161	78.7	15.5	4.7			1.0
Vagrancy	2,570	2,253	197	99		1	20	87.7	7.7	3.9			.8
All other offenses (except traffic)	57,062	49,129	6,051	1,494	6	13	389	86.1	10.6	2.6			.7
Suspicion	1,684	1,464	107	69			44	86.9	6.4	4.1			2.6
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,946	1,715	66	123		11	31	88.1	3.4	6.3		.6	1.6
Runaways	9,782	9,018	228	454	3	3	76	92.2	2.3	4.6			.8

Table 47.—*Rural Arrests by Race, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests under 18							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	**62,619**	**56,222**	**3,576**	**2,304**	**4**	**30**	**483**	**89.8**	**5.7**	**3.7**			**0.8**
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	21	14	6	1				66.7	28.6	4.8			
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	25	18	4	1			2	72.0	16.0	4.0			8.0
Forcible rape	125	89	32	4				71.2	25.6	3.2			
Robbery	238	172	59	5			2	72.3	24.8	2.1			.8
Aggravated assault	431	326	83	16			6	75.6	19.3	3.7			1.4
Burglary—breaking or entering	8,311	7,401	604	230	1	2	73	89.1	7.3	2.8			.9
Larceny—theft	6,254	5,543	556	111		4	40	88.6	8.9	1.8		.1	.6
Auto theft	2,891	2,582	165	103		3	38	89.3	5.7	3.6		.1	1.3
Violent crime	815	601	180	26			8	73.7	22.1	3.2			1.0
Property crime	17,456	15,526	1,325	444	1	9	151	88.9	7.6	2.5		.1	.9
Subtotal for above offenses	18,296	16,145	1,509	471	1	9	161	88.2	8.2	2.6			.9
Other assaults	731	560	128	20			23	76.6	17.5	2.7			3.1
Arson	248	220	22	2			4	88.7	8.9	.8			1.6
Forgery and counterfeiting	312	282	21	7		1	1	90.4	6.7	2.2		.3	.3
Fraud	117	108	6				3	92.3	5.1				2.6
Embezzlement	14	14						100.0					
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	677	533	122	8			14	78.7	18.0	1.2			2.1
Vandalism	3,479	3,313	94	44		2	26	95.2	2.7	1.3		.1	.7
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	307	246	51	8			2	80.1	16.6	2.6			.7
Prostitution and commercialized vice	14	12	2					85.7	14.3				
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	377	314	44	13			6	83.3	11.7	3.4			1.6
Narcotic drug laws	1,290	1,248	25	7			10	96.7	1.9	.5			.8
Gambling	21	6	15					28.6	71.4				
Offenses against family and children	113	108	4				1	95.6	3.5				.9
Driving under the influence	495	471	10	12			2	95.2	2.0	2.4			.4
Liquor laws	8,133	7,813	49	244			27	96.1	.6	3.0			.3
Drunkenness	2,062	1,569	73	412			8	76.1	3.5	20.0			.4
Disorderly conduct	2,114	1,743	228	133			10	82.5	10.8	6.3			.5
Vagrancy	235	221	5	5			4	94.0	2.1	2.1			1.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	11,243	9,984	855	328		4	72	88.8	7.6	2.9			.6
Suspicion	613	579	19	13			2	94.5	3.1	2.1			.3
Curfew and loitering law violations	1,946	1,715	66	123		11	31	88.1	3.4	6.3		.6	1.6
Runaways	9,782	9,018	228	454	3	3	76	92.2	2.3	4.6			.8

Table 47.—*Rural Arrests by Race, 1969*—Continued

Offense charged	Arrests 18 and over							Percent distribution					
	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)	White	Negro	Indian	Chinese	Japanese	All others (includes race unknown)
TOTAL	238,901	196,993	27,249	12,466	71	28	2,193	82.5	11.4	5.2			0.9
Criminal homicide:													
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	658	429	189	21			19	65.2	28.7	3.2			2.9
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	600	472	101	10		2	15	78.7	16.8	1.7		.3	2.5
Forcible rape	918	738	145	16			19	80.4	15.8	1.7			2.1
Robbery	1,486	1,063	380	27			16	71.5	25.6	1.8			1.1
Aggravated assault	5,531	3,960	1,321	178	1		71	71.6	23.9	3.2			1.3
Burglary—breaking or entering	9,931	8,589	1,009	261		1	71	86.5	10.2	2.6			.7
Larceny—theft	12,180	10,411	1,343	339		4	83	85.5	11.0	2.8			.7
Auto theft	3,021	2,482	380	159			30	81.2	12.6	5.3			1.0
Violent crime	8,593	6,190	2,035	242	1		125	72.0	23.7	2.8			1.5
Property crime	25,132	21,482	2,732	759		5	184	85.4	10.9	3.0			.7
Subtotal for above offenses	34,325	28,114	4,866	1,011	1	7	324	81.9	14.2	2.9			.9
Other assaults	10,149	7,608	2,063	327		3	158	75.0	20.2	3.2			1.6
Arson	447	395	46	4			2	88.4	10.3	.9			.4
Forgery and counterfeiting	2,663	2,260	332	53			18	84.9	12.5	2.0			.7
Fraud	8,174	7,314	743	85		1	31	89.5	9.1	1.0			.4
Embezzlement	449	422	18	8			1	94.0	4.0	1.8			.2
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	1,883	1,413	392	27			51	75.0	20.8	1.4			2.7
Vandalism	2,206	2,049	108	31	1		17	92.9	4.9	1.4			.8
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	2,925	1,904	924	31			66	65.1	31.6	1.1			2.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	337	189	139	4			5	56.1	41.2	1.2			1.5
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	1,886	1,708	136	25			17	90.6	7.2	1.3			.9
Narcotic drug laws	5,686	5,182	429	36	6	1	32	91.1	7.5	.6	.1		.6
Gambling	2,438	2,113	291	1			33	86.7	11.9				1.4
Offenses against family and children	7,409	6,296	953	136	1		23	85.0	12.9	1.8			.3
Driving under the influence	32,116	27,423	2,934	1,590	6	5	153	85.4	9.1	5.0			.5
Liquor laws	16,385	15,007	706	457	1		124	92.1	4.3	2.8			.8
Drunkenness	46,183	34,501	4,417	6,604	49		822	74.7	9.6	14.5	.1		1.1
Disorderly conduct	13,995	10,938	2,275	630		1	151	78.2	16.3	4.5			1.1
Vagrancy	2,335	2,032	192	94		1	16	87.0	8.2	4.0			.7
All other offenses (except traffic)	45,839	39,145	5,196	1,166	6	9	317	85.4	11.3	2.5			.7
Suspicion	1,071	885	88	56			42	82.6	8.2	5.2			3.9
Curfew and loitering law violations													
Runaways													

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Table 48.—*Suburban and Rural Arrest Trends*[1] *by Sex, 1968–69*

Offense charged	1,553 suburban agencies; 1969 estimated population 35,563,000						800 rural agencies; 1969 estimated population 13,853,000					
	Males			Females			Males			Females		
	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change	1968	1969	Percent change
TOTAL	**731,097**	**833,636**	**+6.7**	**122,707**	**143,624**	**+17.0**	**213,335**	**220,068**	**+3.2**	**21,330**	**23,973**	**+12.4**
Criminal homicide:												
(a) Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	1,024	1,052	+2.7	177	181	+2.3	487	467	−4.1	73	69	−5.5
(b) Manslaughter by negligence	514	531	+3.3	62	49	−21.0	387	395	+2.1	27	34	+25.9
Forcible rape	2,244	2,366	+5.4	7	.....	.....	858	847	−1.3	.....	.....	.....
Robbery	7,167	7,659	+6.9	421	464	+10.2	1,140	1,339	+17.5	63	77	+22.2
Aggravated assault	14,469	15,934	+10.1	1,579	1,747	+10.6	4,442	4,352	−2.0	356	324	−9.0
Burglary—breaking or entering	49,371	49,894	+1.1	2,208	2,352	+6.5	13,967	15,018	+7.5	546	554	+1.5
Larceny—theft	71,074	74,882	+5.4	21,731	27,489	+26.5	13,234	13,615	+2.9	1,330	1,606	+20.8
Auto theft	20,854	20,399	−2.2	1,052	1,241	+18.0	4,312	4,062	−5.3	258	238	−7.8
Violent crime	24,904	27,011	+8.5	2,184	2,392	+9.5	6,927	7,005	+1.1	492	470	−4.5
Property crime	141,299	145,175	+2.7	24,991	31,082	+24.4	31,513	32,715	+3.8	2,134	2,398	+12.4
Subtotal for above offenses	166,717	172,717	+3.6	27,237	33,523	+23.1	38,827	40,115	+3.3	2,653	2,902	+9.4
Other assaults	35,295	40,363	+5.4	4,453	5,130	+15.2	8,009	8,279	+3.4	676	670	−.9
Arson	1,861	1,819	−2.3	115	141	+22.6	560	537	−4.1	63	29	−54.0
Forgery and counterfeiting	4,550	4,694	−5.2	1,492	1,487	−.3	2,144	2,004	−6.5	397	423	+6.5
Fraud	9,279	9,571	+3.1	3,027	3,717	+22.8	5,179	5,608	+8.3	1,116	1,527	+36.8
Embezzlement	1,207	1,199	−.7	399	389	−2.5	246	258	+4.9	33	57	+72.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	5,990	7,526	+25.6	460	598	+30.0	1,813	2,014	+11.1	146	153	+4.8
Vandalism	25,229	24,381	−3.3	1,578	1,606	+1.8	5,396	4,681	−12.3	260	272	+4.6
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc	10,183	10,472	+2.8	485	598	+23.3	2,484	2,478	−.2	162	147	−9.3
Prostitution and commercialized vice	220	278	+26.4	1,249	1,656	+32.6	70	96	+37.1	186	205	+10.2
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	7,673	7,752	+1.0	760	1,001	+31.7	1,665	1,725	+3.6	141	153	+8.5
Narcotic drug laws	29,055	39,510	+36.0	5,168	7,718	+49.3	2,695	5,031	+86.7	456	792	+73.7
Gambling	3,586	3,385	−5.6	413	400	−3.1	1,651	2,236	+35.4	96	139	+44.8
Offenses against family and children	10,585	10,650	+.6	727	788	+8.4	6,264	6,171	−1.5	287	268	−6.6
Driving under the influence	57,243	67,432	+17.8	4,338	4,948	+14.1	21,005	24,100	+14.7	992	1,175	+18.4
Liquor laws	39,994	42,805	+9.5	5,070	5,829	+15.0	19,601	19,172	−2.2	2,366	2,656	+12.3
Drunkenness	130,301	136,584	+4.8	12,063	13,407	+11.1	37,219	36,175	−2.8	2,763	2,993	+8.3
Disorderly conduct	78,458	79,488	+1.3	10,422	11,308	+8.5	12,311	11,550	−6.2	1,241	1,312	+5.7
Vagrancy	8,287	7,028	−15.2	1,016	754	−25.8	2,505	1,942	−22.5	207	172	−16.9
All other offenses (except traffic)	113,466	125,078	+10.2	19,501	22,416	+14.9	37,325	39,893	+6.9	4,178	4,640	+11.1
Suspicion (not included in totals)	9,376	10,870	+15.9	1,043	1,545	+48.1	1,004	1,055	+5.1	149	160	+7.4
Curfew and loitering law violations	17,908	18,128	+1.2	4,983	5,545	+11.3	1,361	1,223	−10.1	312	331	+6.1
Runaways	21,519	22,770	+5.8	17,751	20,665	+16.4	5,065	4,800	−5.2	2,599	2,957	+13.8

[1] In suburban agencies male arrests under 18 increased 2.8 percent and female arrests under 18 increased 19.7 percent. In rural agencies male arrests under 18 increased 0.9 percent and female arrests under 18 increased 13.7 percent.

Violent crime is offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.
Property crime is offenses of burglary, larceny $50 and over and auto theft.

Police Employee Data

This section contains tables relating to police personnel. Figures showing police strength by number of full-time police officers and civilian employees are based on national averages. These figures should not be interpreted as indicating recommended or desirable police strength. Adequate police requirements for a specific place can only be determined following careful study and analysis of the local situation together with a thorough evaluation of the numerous factors which affect local police needs.

Two tables containing police employee rates are set forth. In the first, total employees including civilian personnel are used, whereas in the second table only sworn personnel are used to compute rates.

The police employee rate ranges in Table 49, which include civilians, show the interquartile range between the upper limits of the lowest quartile and the lower limits of the highest quartile. In other words, 50 percent of the cities shown in each population group and geographic division have a police strength within the rate ranges shown. By arraying rates in this manner, extremes are eliminated.

In Table 50 where rates are published for police officers, complete rate ranges are provided as supplemental data for those who may be interested in using these figures to make limited comparisons.

Another table is presented showing police strength for all state police and state highway patrol organizations. This table is designed to show, by state, the number of miles of state and Federal highway per sworn employee, as well as the number of registered vehicles per officer. These rates are only a rough yardstick as to comparative workload and personnel strength because of widely differing functions and other factors. The wide variations in sworn and civilian personnel among the various states can be accounted for in part by the differences in responsibilities assigned to the departments. It is pointed out, for instance, that state police generally are responsible not only for traffic patrol, but also conduct a major portion of the criminal investigative work in the unincorporated areas of the states. On the other hand, the activities of the state highway patrol organizations for the most part are limited to traffic and highway patrol, which includes handling all types of crime which come to their attention during the performance of their patrol functions. Many of these state highway patrol groups also are authorized to and do participate in criminal investigative work when requested to do so by local departments or sheriffs' offices.

The annual collection of police employee data provides figures for police killed and assaulted. Collection of these data is supplemented with respect to police killed in the line of duty through the use of a special questionnaire, by means of which additional details on this important subject are accumulated. Data relative to police killed and assaulted are also presented in the Summary Section of this publication.

Table 49.—*Full-Time Police Department Employees,[1] December 31, 1969, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,832 cities; population 117,815,000)	Population group					
		Group I (56 cities over 250,000; population 43,186,000)	Group II (93 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,794,000)	Group III (252 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 17,631,000)	Group IV (439 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,709,000)	Group V (1,085 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 17,373,000)	Group VI (1,907 cities under 10,000; population 10,122,000)
TOTAL: 3,832 cities; population 117,815,000:							
Number of police employees	**254,984**	**131,723**	**25,293**	**29,029**	**24,642**	**27,154**	**17,123**
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	**2.2**	**3.1**	**1.8**	**1.6**	**1.6**	**1.6**	**1.7**
Interquartile range	**1.3-2.0**	**1.7-2.8**	**1.5-2.0**	**1.3-1.9**	**1.3-1.8**	**1.3-1.8**	**1.3-2.1**
New England: 331 cities; population 8,453,000:							
Number of police employees	17,685	2,939	3,070	4,332	3,413	3,012	919
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.1	5.0	2.7	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.4
Interquartile range	1.3-1.9	([2])	2.5-2.8	1.7-2.1	1.5-2.0	1.3-1.7	.9-1.7
Middle Atlantic: 927 cities; population 26,529,000:							
Number of police employees	73,964	48,853	3,515	5,317	5,578	6,278	4,423
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.8	4.0	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6
Interquartile range	1.1-2.0	3.5-4.1	1.9-2.5	1.2-2.1	1.3-2.2	1.2-1.9	.9-2.0
East North Central: 817 cities; population 25,116,000:							
Number of police employees	54,731	30,339	4,198	6,007	4,705	5,858	3,624
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.2	3.3	1.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7
Interquartile range	1.2-1.8	2.0-2.9	1.6-1.9	1.2-1.8	1.2-1.6	1.3-1.7	1.2-1.9
West North Central: 405 cities; population 8,792,000:							
Number of police employees	14,957	6,391	1,445	1,221	1,687	2,392	1,821
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.7	2.4	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.8
Interquartile range	1.1-1.7	1.7-1.9	1.3-1.5	1.1-1.5	1.1-1.4	1.2-1.6	1.2-1.9
South Atlantic: 346 cities; population 12,217,000:							
Number of police employees	28,469	13,036	4,695	3,305	2,521	2,943	1,970
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.3	3.2	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0
Interquartile range	1.6-2.3	1.9-2.2	1.6-1.9	1.7-2.0	1.6-1.9	1.6-2.2	1.5-2.6
East South Central: 139 cities; population 4,696,000:							
Number of police employees	8,307	3,287	1,534	760	1,083	981	662
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.8	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.6	1.5	1.8
Interquartile range	1.4-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.8-1.9	1.8-2.1	1.4-1.8	1.4-1.8	1.5-2.0
West South Central: 267 cities; population 11,142,000:							
Number of police employees	17,231	8,684	2,291	2,137	1,503	1,658	958
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
Interquartile range	1.1-1.7	1.4-1.8	1.3-1.4	1.1-1.5	1.1-1.4	1.1-1.5	1.1-1.9
Mountain: 190 cities; population 4,797,000:							
Number of police employees	8,177	2,661	1,443	970	1,070	885	1,148
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.7	2.0	1.7	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.7
Interquartile range	1.2-1.9	1.9-2.0	1.5-1.6	1.1-1.4	1.3-1.7	1.2-1.7	1.3-2.1
Pacific: 410 cities; population 16,630,000:							
Number of police employees	31,472	15,533	3,102	4,800	3,102	3,147	1,788
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.0	2.4	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	2.1
Interquartile range	1.5-2.1	2.0-2.4	1.4-1.8	1.4-1.9	1.3-1.7	1.5-1.9	1.6-2.6

Suburban Police and County Sheriff Departments

Suburban: [3] 1,953 agencies; population 44,445,000:		**Sheriffs: 1,158 agencies; population 32,716,000:**	
Number of police employees	74,040	Number of police employees	44,824
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.7	Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	1.4
Interquartile range	1.1-1.9	Interquartile range	0.4-1.2

[1] Includes civilians.
[2] Only one city this size in geographic division.
[3] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.
Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 50.—*Full-Time Police Department Officers, December 31, 1969, Number and Rate per 1,000 Inhabitants, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups*

[1969 estimated population]

Geographic division	TOTAL (3,832 cities; population 117,815,000)	Population group					
		Group I (56 cities over 250,000; population 43,186,000)	Group II (93 cities, 100,000 to 250,000; population 13,794,000)	Group III (252 cities, 50,000 to 100,000; population 17,631,000)	Group IV (439 cities, 25,000 to 50,000; population 15,709,000)	Group V (1,085 cities, 10,000 to 25,000; population 17,373,000)	Group VI (1,907 cities under 10,000; population 10,122,000)
TOTAL: 3,832 cities; population 117,815,000:							
Number of police officers	**223,135**	**114,280**	**21,750**	**25,373**	**22,108**	**24,579**	**15,045**
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	**1.9**	**2.6**	**1.6**	**1.4**	**1.4**	**1.4**	**1.5**
Rate range	**0.1–9.8**	**1.1–4.8**	**1.0–3.0**	**0.4–3.5**	**0.3–3.3**	**0.1–5.5**	**0.1–9.8**
New England: 331 cities; population 8,493,000:							
Number of police officers	16,342	2,610	2,760	4,029	3,211	2,892	840
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.9	4.5	2.4	1.8	1.7	1.4	1.2
Rate range	0.1–4.5	(1)	2.1–2.9	1.1–2.8	1.1–2.8	.1–2.6	.2–4.1
Middle Atlantic: 927 cities; population 26,529,000:							
Number of police officers	68,360	45,118	3,129	4,832	5,220	5,947	4,114
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	2.6	3.7	2.1	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5
Rate range	0.1–9.8	2.2–3.9	1.3–3.0	.5–3.5	.5–3.2	.1–5.5	.1–9.8
East North Central: 817 cities; population 25,116,000:							
Number of police officers	47,515	26,014	3,725	5,331	4,202	5,200	3,043
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.9	2.8	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
Rate range	0.2–4.6	1.4–3.4	1.0–1.9	.4–1.8	.3–2.9	.3–3.1	.2–4.6
West North Central: 405 cities; population 8,792,000:							
Number of police officers	12,565	5,131	1,190	1,084	1,508	2,115	1,541
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.4	2.0	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3
Rate range	0.4–5.1	1.2–3.0	1.0–1.5	.7–1.8	.7–1.6	.6–2.9	.4–5.1
South Atlantic: 346 cities; population 12,217,000:							
Number of police officers	24,449	10,991	4,052	2,902	2,211	2,651	1,642
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	2.0	2.7	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8
Rate range	0.4–6.9	1.3–4.8	1.0–2.2	.8–3.2	.8–3.0	.5–5.4	.4–6.9
East South Central: 139 cities; population 4,658,000:							
Number of police officers	7,109	2,794	1,209	645	969	905	587
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.6
Rate range	0.4–3.9	1.2–2.0	1.0–1.9	1.4–2.4	1.1–1.9	.4–2.3	.7–3.9
West South Central: 267 cities; population 11,142,000:							
Number of police officers	14,733	7,326	1,968	1,891	1,305	1,437	806
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.3
Rate range	0.4–7.2	1.1–2.0	1.0–1.8	.8–1.9	.6–2.0	.5–2.5	.4–7.2
Mountain: 190 cities; population 4,797,000:							
Number of police officers	6,723	2,130	1,175	802	900	773	943
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4
Rate range	0.3–5.0	1.2–2.0	1.2–2.1	.9–2.4	.9–1.7	.6–2.2	.3–5.0
Pacific: 410 cities; population 16,630,000:							
Number of police officers	25,335	12,166	2,542	3,857	2,582	2,659	1,529
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.8
Rate range	0.5–6.1	1.2–2.3	1.0–1.8	.8–2.0	.5–3.3	.7–3.2	.7–6.1

Suburban Police and County Sheriff Departments

Suburban: [2] 1,953 agencies; population 44,445,000:		**Sheriffs: 1,158 agencies; population 32,716,000:**	
Number of police officers	63,651	Number of officers	36,771
Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.4	Average number of officers per 1,000 inhabitants	1.1
Rate range	0.1–9.7	Rate range	0.1–8.7

[1] Only one city this size in geographic division.
[2] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups. Population figures rounded to the nearest thousand. All rates were calculated on the population before rounding.

Table 51.—*Civilian Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Percentage of Total by Population Groups*

Population group	Percentage civilian employees	Population group	Percentage civilian employees
TOTAL, ALL CITIES	12.5	Group IV (25,000–50,000)	10.4
		Group V (10,000–25,000)	9.5
Group I (Over 250,000)	13.2	Group VI (2,500–10,000)	12.3
(Over 1,000,000)	11.9		
(500,000–1,000,000)	14.2	Suburban agencies	14.0
(250,000–500,000)	16.2	Sheriffs	17.4
Group II (100,000–250,000)	14.0		
Group III (50,000–100,000)	12.6		

Table 52.—*Number of Police Officers Killed,[1] 1969, by Geographic Division and Population Groups*

Geographic division	Total	Population group						
		Group I	Group II	Group III	Group IV	Group V	Group VI	County, State Police, and Highway Patrol
		Over 250,000	100,000 to 250,000	50,000 to 100,000	25,000 to 50,000	10,000 to 25,000	Under 10,000	
TOTAL	125	39	16	6	3	9	10	42
New England	3	1	1			1		
Middle Atlantic	15	3	3	3			4	2
East North Central	31	15	4			5	2	5
West North Central	10	5	1	1				3
South Atlantic	15	4	2	1	1	1	1	5
East South Central	9	4	1			1		3
West South Central	19	2	2	1	1	1	1	11
Mountain	6						1	5
Pacific	17	5	2		1		1	8

[1] 86 killed by felons; 39 killed in accidents.

Table 53.—*Assaults on Police Officers, 1969, by Geographic Divisions and Population Groups*

[4,807 agencies; 1969 estimated population 123,638,000]

Geographic division	Total assaults	Rate per 100 police officers	Assaults with injury	Rate per 100 police officers	Population group	Total assaults	Rate per 100 police officers	Assaults with injury	Rate per 100 police officers
TOTAL	35,202	16.9	11,949	5.7	**TOTAL**	35,202	16.9	11,949	5.7
New England	2,207	16.4	760	5.6	Group I (Over 250,000)	17,110	19.1	5,723	6.4
Middle Atlantic	8,561	12.8	3,652	5.5	Group II (100,000 to 250,000)	4,100	29.1	1,512	10.7
East North Central	9,042	22.0	2,726	6.6	Group III (50,000 to 100,000)	3,499	16.7	1,370	6.5
West North Central	1,792	13.3	676	5.0	Group IV (25,000 to 50,000)	2,869	14.1	975	4.9
South Atlantic	4,843	18.3	1,426	5.4	Group V (10,000 to 25,000)	3,392	14.0	1,156	4.9
East South Central	1,634	20.8	244	4.9	Group VI (Under 10,000)	1,906	12.8	542	3.6
West South Central	2,554	18.8	629	4.6					
Mountain	1,517	18.9	560	7.0	Suburban agencies [1]	5,992	12.1	1,914	3.9
Pacific	3,652	18.1	1,276	6.3	Sheriffs	2,386	9.9	671	2.8

[1] Includes suburban, city, and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.

Table 54.—*Assaults on Police Officers, 1969, Percent Distribution of Weapons Used*

[4,750 agencies; 1969 estimated population 117,405,000]

Population group	Total assaults	Firearms	Knife or cutting instrument	Other dangerous weapon	Hands, fists, feet, etc.
TOTAL ALL AGENCIES	31,634	1,637	929	3,959	25,109
	100.0	5.2	2.9	12.5	79.4
Group I (Over 250,000)	15,562	6.1	3.3	17.8	72.8
(Over 1,000,000)	9,358	5.3	3.4	21.5	69.8
(500,000 to 1,000,000)	2,422	9.7	4.3	14.5	71.5
(250,000 to 500,000)	3,122	5.6	2.2	8.6	83.5
Group II (100,000 to 250,000)	2,547	2.6	2.0	10.2	85.2
Group III (50,000 to 100,000)	3,302	4.0	2.8	8.8	84.4
Group IV (25,000 to 50,000)	2,802	2.7	2.2	4.9	90.1
Group V (10,000 to 25,000)	3,320	3.7	2.0	5.0	89.3
Group VI (under 10,000)	1,877	5.3	2.7	4.3	87.7
Suburban agencies [1]	5,885	4.4	2.9	6.9	85.7
Sheriffs	2,284	8.7	4.2	11.5	75.6

Geographic division	Total assaults	Firearms	Knife or cutting instrument	Other dangerous weapon	Hands, fists, feet, etc.
TOTAL	31,634	1,637	929	3,959	25,109
	100.0	5.2	2.9	12.5	79.4
New England	1,862	4.4	2.5	9.9	83.2
Middle Atlantic	9,261	2.6	3.0	16.7	77.8
East North Central	6,455	8.4	3.6	16.3	71.7
West North Central	1,498	6.5	1.7	6.9	84.8
South Atlantic	4,616	6.0	3.1	9.2	81.7
East South Central	1,019	5.1	2.4	5.2	87.3
West South Central	2,249	5.1	2.8	9.7	82.4
Mountain	1,442	8.3	4.1	8.8	78.7
Pacific	3,232	4.8	2.4	11.0	81.8

[1] Includes suburban, city and county police agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes core cities. Suburban cities are also included in other city groups.

Table 55.—*Full-Time State Police and Highway Patrol Employees, December 31, 1969*

State	Total	Police officers	Civilians	Police killed	Miles of primary highway per police officer	State motor vehicle registration per police officer
Total	52,812	38,718	14,094	16	12.3	2,706
Alabama	825	599	226	1	16.6	3,106
Alaska	218	139	79		15.5	945
Arizona	755	583	172	1	9.3	1,757
Arkansas	499	377	122	1	37.7	2,521
California	7,026	5,398	1,628	4	2.7	2,149
Colorado	672	446	226		19.5	3,080
Connecticut	976	740	236		1.7	2,266
Delaware	401	331	70		1.9	896
Florida	1,802	887	915		13.1	4,391
Georgia	1,167	706	461		24.6	3,523
Idaho	188	167	21		29.1	2,854
Illinois	2,057	1,551	506	1	10.6	3,328
Indiana	1,149	877	272	1	12.7	3,392
Iowa	638	410	228		24.8	4,278
Kansas	400	308	92		33.8	4,919
Kentucky	853	589	264		41.7	2,908
Louisiana	899	645	254		7.1	2,714
Maine	354	301	53		12.9	1,647
Maryland	1,572	1,087	485		1.9	1,652
Massachusetts	995	845	150		3.2	2,871
Michigan	2,222	1,721	501		5.4	2,608
Minnesota	555	456	97		26.3	4,681
Mississippi	741	516	225		20.7	2,104
Missouri	1,373	745	628	1	10.5	3,105
Montana	240	177	63		34.3	2,701
Nebraska	379	292	87		33.0	3,182
Nevada	109	81	28		26.5	4,061
New Hampshire	181	147	34		13.4	2,564
New Jersey	1,853	1,439	414	1	1.4	2,425
New Mexico	373	263	110		41.5	2,322
New York	3,577	3,129	448		4.3	2,079
North Carolina	1,102	852	250		15.5	3,189
North Dakota	95	80	15		83.9	5,247
Ohio	1,839	990	849		19.0	5,934
Oklahoma	539	453	86		26.3	3,643
Oregon	712	608	104		7.9	2,195
Pennsylvania	3,743	3,229	514		4.9	1,784
Rhode Island	175	147	28		7.0	3,196
South Carolina	663	577	86	1	16.5	2,273
South Dakota	161	116	45		72.6	3,603
Tennessee	874	673	201	1	13.9	2,929
Texas	3,710	2,044	1,666	3	32.1	3,183
Utah	303	297	6		19.2	2,025
Vermont	263	180	83		13.7	1,192
Virginia	1,223	899	324		10.4	2,404
Washington	1,077	673	404		10.2	3,130
West Virginia	528	372	156		14.2	2,248
Wisconsin	656	477	179		24.9	4,349
Wyoming	100	97	3		50.3	2,452

Table 56.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities 25,000 and over in Population

City by State	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians
ALABAMA			
Anniston	77	67	10
Bessemer	59	57	2
Birmingham	628	549	79
Dothan	73	65	8
Florence	59	55	4
Gadsden	89	85	4
Huntsville	239	171	68
Mobile	346	255	91
Montgomery	283	221	62
Phenix City	45	41	4
Selma	48	46	2
ALASKA			
Anchorage	94	83	11
ARIZONA			
Glendale	57	48	9
Mesa	67	61	6
Phoenix	1,030	827	203
Scottsdale	78	64	14
Tempe	68	57	11
Tucson	382	304	78
Yuma	57	47	10
ARKANSAS			
Blytheville	31	29	2
El Dorado	45	37	8
Fayetteville	36	34	2
Fort Smith	91	87	4
Little Rock	210	190	20
North Little Rock	115	109	6
Pine Bluff	75	72	3
CALIFORNIA			
Alameda	89	79	10
Alhambra	103	85	18
Anaheim	297	244	53
Arcadia	77	68	9
Azusa	53	46	7
Bakersfield	189	147	42
Baldwin Park	64	53	11
Berkeley	246	212	34
Beverly Hills	105	94	11
Burbank	194	136	58
Burlingame	43	33	10
Chula Vista	93	75	18
Compton	159	119	40
Concord	119	89	30
Coronado	34	26	8
Costa Mesa	127	109	18
Covina	49	40	9
Daly City	82	64	18
Downey	122	98	24
El Cajon	75	57	18
El Cerrito	46	38	8
El Monte	102	77	25
Escondido	50	42	8
Eureka	41	39	2
Fairfield	55	43	12
Fremont	120	103	17
Fresno	306	253	53
Fullerton	141	104	37
CALIFORNIA—Con.			
Gardena	69	58	11
Garden Grove	146	119	27
Glendale	192	149	43
Glendora	43	37	6
Hayward	117	98	19
Huntington Beach	151	120	31
Inglewood	167	130	37
La Habra	55	43	12
La Mesa	48	41	7
Livermore	36	29	7
Lodi	42	32	10
Long Beach	821	680	141
Los Angeles	8,235	6,194	2,041
Lynwood	63	50	13
Manhattan Beach	57	47	10
Modesto	105	80	25
Monrovia	59	51	8
Montebello	68	59	9
Monterey	61	47	14
Monterey Park	69	59	10
Mountain View	75	58	17
Napa	53	42	11
National City	59	50	9
Novato	32	26	6
Oakland	929	694	235
Oceanside	72	59	13
Ontario	90	69	21
Orange	119	98	21
Oxnard	102	88	14
Pacifica	33	25	8
Palo Alto	107	94	13
Pasadena	256	191	65
Pleasant Hill	13	13	.....
Pomona	136	116	20
Redlands	60	49	11
Redondo Beach	83	62	21
Redwood City	79	68	11
Rialto	33	30	3
Richmond	187	153	34
Riverside	208	169	39
Sacramento	556	454	102
Salinas	96	68	28
San Bernardino	233	194	39
San Bruno	45	36	9
San Carlos	30	27	3
San Diego	1,147	950	197
San Francisco	2,095	1,795	300
San Gabriel	49	42	7
San Jose	567	508	59
San Leandro	107	79	28
San Luis Obispo	43	34	9
San Mateo	125	104	21
San Rafael	69	51	18
Santa Ana	250	190	60
Santa Barbara	134	109	25
Santa Clara	107	94	13
Santa Cruz	56	47	9
Santa Maria	53	43	10
Santa Monica	174	133	41
Santa Rosa	60	57	3
South Gate	106	93	13
South San Francisco	62	49	13
Stockton	222	196	26
Sunnyvale	100	75	25
Torrance	228	179	49
Upland	46	37	9
CALIFORNIA—Con.			
Vallejo	106	91	15
Ventura	83	64	19
Walnut Creek	76	59	17
West Covina	89	72	17
Westminster	73	57	16
Whittier	104	80	24
COLORADO			
Arvada	58	50	8
Aurora	83	71	12
Colorado Springs	202	161	41
Denver	1,176	975	201
Englewood	58	48	10
Fort Collins	50	43	7
Greeley	56	42	14
Pueblo	150	141	9
CONNECTICUT			
Bridgeport	461	439	22
Bristol	68	63	5
Danbury	87	84	3
East Hartford	91	84	7
Enfield	50	47	3
Fairfield	94	91	3
Greenwich	149	129	20
Hamden	90	87	3
Hartford	461	409	52
Manchester Township	72	67	5
Meriden	95	85	10
Middletown	74	71	3
Milford Town	106	95	11
New Britain	165	145	20
New Haven	456	391	65
New London	76	72	4
Norwalk	158	134	24
Norwich	57	53	4
Southington Town	37	36	1
Stamford	238	229	9
Stratford	101	97	4
Torrington	60	57	3
Trumbull	46	40	6
Wallingford	41	38	3
Waterbury	264	253	11
West Hartford	124	116	8
West Haven	84	80	4
Westport	53	50	3
Wethersfield	40	35	5
DELAWARE			
Wilmington	323	274	49
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA			
Washington	4,543	3,868	675
FLORIDA			
Clearwater	120	84	36
Coral Gables	129	110	19
Daytona Beach	136	96	40
Fort Lauderdale	392	303	89
Fort Myers	68	55	13

Table 56.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Con.

City by State	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians
FLORIDA—Con.			
Fort Pierce	56	40	16
Gainesville	124	97	27
Hialeah	144	102	42
Hollywood	277	196	81
Jacksonville	928	663	265
Key West	51	40	11
Miami	878	678	200
Miami Beach	292	231	61
North Miami	59	48	11
North Miami Beach	56	49	7
Orlando	274	233	41
Panama City	61	50	11
Pensacola	127	109	18
Pompano Beach	98	76	22
St. Petersburg	418	300	118
Sarasota	98	72	26
Tallahassee	116	108	8
Tampa	687	559	128
Titusville	44	36	8
West Palm Beach	171	134	37
Winter Park	49	40	9
GEORGIA			
Albany	100	98	2
Atlanta	1,055	906	149
Augusta	148	132	16
Columbus	247	229	18
Decatur	34	30	4
East Point	79	76	3
La Grange	49	48	1
Macon	174	167	7
Marietta	62	55	7
Rome	62	54	8
Savannah	240	208	32
Valdosta	45	44	1
Warner Robins	80	78	2
HAWAII			
Hilo	108	90	18
Honolulu	1,049	854	195
IDAHO			
Boise	108	80	28
Idaho Falls	66	58	8
Pocatello	61	51	10
ILLINOIS			
Alton	59	51	8
Arlington Heights	65	58	7
Aurora	114	102	12
Belleville	54	48	6
Berwyn	62	58	4
Bloomington	55	48	7
Calumet City	40	32	8
Champaign	71	66	5
Chicago	15,124	12,205	2,919
Chicago Heights	76	58	18
Cicero	105	101	4
Decatur	120	96	24
De Kalb	42	33	9
Des Plaines	75	72	3
Downers Grove	38	37	1
East St. Louis	126	109	17
Elgin	91	68	23
Elmhurst	67	61	6
Evanston	161	127	34
Evergreen Park	35	30	5
Freeport	39	35	4
Galesburg	48	43	5
Granite City	43	41	2
Harvey	52	46	6
Highland Park	58	48	10
Joliet	133	120	13
Kankakee	52	51	1
Lombard	40	32	8
Maywood	46	44	2
Moline	65	58	7
Morton Grove	37	33	4
Mount Prospect	39	34	5
Niles	53	46	7
North Chicago	29	25	4
Oak Lawn	79	67	12
Oak Park	101	88	13
Park Forest	31	25	6
Park Ridge	49	47	2
Pekin	44	38	6
Peoria	228	199	29
Quincy	54	53	1
Rantoul	17	12	5
Rockford	242	212	30
Rock Island	87	72	15
Skokie	130	113	17
Springfield	142	114	28
Urbana	37	33	4
Villa Park	32	27	5
Waukegan	88	78	10
Wheaton	49	39	10
Wilmette	45	36	9
INDIANA			
Anderson	131	119	12
Bloomington	59	48	11
Columbus	50	49	1
Elkhart	122	104	18
Evansville	249	234	15
Fort Wayne	272	254	18
Gary	387	342	45
Hammond	203	181	22
Indianapolis	1,225	1,089	136
Kokomo	99	98	1
Lafayette	75	71	4
Michigan City	79	71	8
Mishawaka	58	56	2
Muncie	124	109	15
New Albany	55	51	4
Richmond	77	71	6
South Bend	233	209	24
Terre Haute	114	109	5
IOWA			
Ames	40	37	3
Burlington	47	37	10
Cedar Falls	35	32	3
Cedar Rapids	149	123	26
Clinton	48	45	3
Council Bluffs	84	73	11
Des Moines	319	277	42
Dubuque	73	68	5
Fort Dodge	43	35	8
Iowa City	49	36	13
Mason City	48	38	10
Ottumwa	39	38	1
Sioux City	128	106	22
Waterloo	138	120	18
KANSAS			
Hutchinson	47	39	8
Kansas City	345	254	91
Lawrence	57	46	11
Leavenworth	26	26	----
Overland Park	66	53	13
Prairie Village	33	29	4
Salina	66	54	12
Topeka	203	154	49
Wichita	445	335	110
KENTUCKY			
Ashland	40	40	----
Covington	98	93	5
Lexington	252	211	41
Louisville	754	621	133
Newport	57	43	14
Owensboro	86	72	14
Paducah	61	58	3
LOUISIANA			
Alexandria	70	64	6
Baton Rouge	367	317	50
Bossier City	55	50	5
Houma	42	37	5
Lafayette	78	68	10
Lake Charles	71	71	----
Monroe	112	89	23
New Iberia	35	32	3
New Orleans	1,643	1,388	255
Shreveport	358	306	52
MAINE			
Auburn	38	36	2
Bangor	63	52	11
Lewiston	81	71	10
Portland	126	112	14
MARYLAND			
Annapolis	69	64	5
Baltimore	3,829	3,377	452
Cumberland	73	67	6
Hagerstown	72	65	7
MASSACHUSETTS			
Arlington	100	90	10
Attleboro	54	51	3
Belmont	56	53	3
Beverly	69	67	2
Boston	2,930	2,610	320
Braintree	67	63	4

Table 56.—*Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Con.*

City by State	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians
MASSACHUSETTS—Con.			
Brockton	175	166	9
Brookline	165	152	13
Cambridge	281	246	35
Chelsea	79	76	3
Chicopee	107	104	3
Danvers	33	32	1
Dedham	54	52	2
Everett	119	115	4
Fall River	249	232	17
Fitchburg	79	73	6
Framingham	99	97	2
Gloucester	51	49	2
Haverhill	81	77	4
Holyoke	114	111	3
Lawrence	137	130	7
Leominster	42	40	2
Lexington	54	46	8
Lowell	193	179	14
Lynn	196	187	9
Malden	118	117	1
Medford	137	131	6
Melrose	57	55	2
Methuen	42	41	1
Milton	56	55	1
Natick	57	54	3
Needham	45	44	1
New Bedford	258	243	15
Newton	212	202	10
Northampton	44	43	1
Norwood	45	45	----
Pittsfield	84	76	8
Quincy	208	194	14
Revere	109	104	5
Salem	87	85	2
Somerville	160	155	5
Springfield	370	344	26
Taunton	71	68	3
Wakefield	43	41	2
Waltham	114	111	3
Watertown	88	84	4
Wellesley	42	40	2
Westfield	51	48	3
West Springfield	60	59	1
Weymouth	94	93	1
Woburn	63	57	6
Worcester	451	389	62
MICHIGAN			
Allen Park	54	52	2
Ann Arbor	160	118	42
Battle Creek	94	80	14
Bay City	87	81	6
Birmingham	50	42	8
Bloomfield Township	44	43	1
Dearborn	218	192	26
Dearborn Heights	78	74	4
Detroit	5,431	4,926	505
East Detroit	64	56	8
Ferndale	53	48	5
Flint	432	371	61
Garden City	40	35	5
Grand Rapids	361	303	58
Hamtramck	69	66	3
Hazel Park	41	37	4
Highland Park	125	106	19
Holland	44	39	5
Inkster	52	46	6
MICHIGAN—Con.			
Jackson	100	91	9
Kalamazoo	181	145	36
Lansing	278	238	40
Lincoln Park	68	63	5
Livonia	128	109	19
Madison Heights	48	43	5
Midland	40	38	2
Monroe	44	43	1
Muskegon	92	75	17
Oak Park	73	64	9
Pontiac	182	158	24
Portage	36	29	7
Port Huron	61	51	10
Redford Township	74	61	13
Roseville	74	69	5
Royal Oak	122	103	19
Saginaw	173	160	13
St. Clair Shores	95	90	5
Southfield	105	92	13
Southgate	42	38	4
Sterling Heights	71	55	16
Warren	229	204	25
Waterford Township	33	29	4
Westland	68	60	8
Wyandotte	64	58	6
Wyoming	62	53	9
MINNESOTA			
Austin	39	37	2
Bloomington	71	65	6
Brooklyn Center	32	26	6
Coon Rapids	25	23	2
Crystal	27	26	1
Duluth	145	129	16
Edina	45	40	5
Mankato	41	41	----
Minneapolis	855	799	56
Minnetonka	24	23	1
Moorhead	30	29	1
Richfield	44	41	3
Rochester	104	97	7
Roseville	35	34	1
St. Cloud	50	47	3
St. Louis Park	51	47	4
St. Paul	513	458	55
Winona	41	37	4
MISSISSIPPI			
Columbus	52	44	8
Greenville	115	95	20
Greenwood	38	36	2
Gulfport	64	58	6
Hattiesburg	58	47	11
Jackson	341	277	64
Meridian	120	89	31
Pascagoula	48	45	3
Vicksburg	45	43	2
MISSOURI			
Cape Girardeau	42	39	3
Columbia	72	66	6
Ferguson	50	46	4
Florissant	72	65	7
Independence	127	105	22
Jefferson City	45	44	1
MISSOURI—Con.			
Joplin	71	52	19
Kansas City	1,280	956	324
Kirkwood	51	40	11
Overland	40	31	9
St. Charles	32	31	1
St. Joseph	113	101	12
St. Louis	2,709	2,068	641
Sedalia	35	35	----
Springfield	157	148	9
University City	69	66	3
Webster Groves	40	36	4
MONTANA			
Billings	83	71	12
Great Falls	82	68	14
Missoula	45	38	7
NEBRASKA			
Grand Island	46	42	4
Omaha	589	515	74
NEVADA			
Las Vegas	395	312	83
North Las Vegas	76	71	5
Reno	233	189	44
NEW HAMPSHIRE			
Concord	47	43	4
Manchester	146	140	6
Nashua	97	88	9
Portsmouth	48	47	1
NEW JERSEY			
Atlantic City	256	212	44
Bayonne	240	192	48
Belleville	83	78	5
Bergenfield	46	45	1
Bloomfield	119	113	6
Bridgewater Township	33	29	4
Camden	408	345	63
Cherry Hill	89	77	12
Clifton	135	128	7
Cranford Township	48	47	1
Dover Township	82	76	6
East Brunswick Township	50	45	5
East Orange	192	182	10
Edison	100	95	5
Elizabeth	291	271	20
Englewood	91	77	14
Ewing Township	45	42	3
Fair Lawn	51	49	2
Fort Lee	55	54	1
Franklin Township	38	36	2
Garfield	57	54	3
Hackensack	92	79	13
Hamilton Township	127	115	12
Hoboken	140	140	----
Irvington	135	120	15
Jersey City	938	855	83
Kearny	119	118	1
Linden	124	121	3

Table 56.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities 25,000 and over in Population—Con.

City by State	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians
NEW JERSEY—Con.			
Livingston	43	42	1
Lodi	46	45	1
Long Branch	60	55	5
Madison Township	67	66	1
Middletown Township	58	52	6
Montclair	103	96	7
Neptune Township	43	42	1
Newark	1,663	1,412	251
New Brunswick	97	88	9
North Bergen Township	117	106	11
Nutley	51	50	1
Orange	93	91	2
Paramus	85	76	9
Parsippany-Troy Hills Township	57	56	1
Passaic	140	121	19
Paterson	420	383	37
Pennsauken	53	46	7
Perth Amboy	108	97	11
Piscataway Township	54	52	2
Plainfield	114	101	13
Rahway	65	62	3
Ridgewood	45	42	3
Sayreville	53	50	3
Teaneck Township	86	79	7
Trenton	296	266	30
Union City	108	98	10
Union Township	118	114	4
Vineland	63	60	3
Wayne Township	77	73	4
Westfield	57	53	4
West New York	85	85	----
West Orange	102	100	2
Willingboro Township	32	27	5
Woodbridge Township	141	125	16
NEW MEXICO			
Alamogordo	33	25	8
Albuquerque	455	328	127
Carlsbad	35	35	----
Clovis	46	33	13
Farmington	48	36	12
Hobbs	43	39	4
Las Cruces	56	49	7
Roswell	72	63	9
Santa Fe	89	64	25
NEW YORK			
Albany	249	223	26
Amherst	99	96	3
Auburn	68	60	8
Binghamton	152	137	15
Brighton	37	33	4
Buffalo	1,872	1,450	422
Cheektowaga	102	98	4
Clarkstown	74	74	----
Colonie Town	45	44	1
Elmira	108	107	1
Freeport	73	69	4
Garden City	59	53	6
Glen Cove	55	50	5
Greece	47	43	4
Greenburgh	99	95	4
Hempstead	74	71	3
Irondequoit	40	39	1
Ithaca	57	50	7
Jamestown	75	72	3
Lackawanna	79	76	3
Lockport	46	44	2
Long Beach	82	76	6
Mount Pleasant	33	33	----
Mount Vernon	204	183	21
Newburgh	70	63	7
New York	33,595	31,578	2,017
Niagara Falls	225	201	24
North Tonawanda	45	40	5
Orangetown	62	62	----
Port Chester	62	57	5
Poughkeepsie	88	80	8
Ramapo Town	61	60	1
Rochester	750	636	114
Rome	67	60	7
Rotterdam	28	27	1
Schenectady	172	156	16
Syracuse	520	442	78
Tonawanda Town	110	108	2
Troy	130	128	2
Utica	198	183	15
Vestal	19	15	4
Watertown	64	61	3
West Seneca	46	45	1
White Plains	179	176	3
Yonkers	533	474	59
NORTH CAROLINA			
Asheville	120	115	5
Burlington	71	65	6
Charlotte	505	418	87
Durham	166	151	15
Fayetteville	103	88	15
Gastonia	82	78	4
Goldsboro	56	55	1
Greensboro	271	237	34
Greenville	50	49	1
High Point	128	113	15
Kannapolis	31	31	----
Kinston	59	53	6
Raleigh	254	215	39
Rocky Mount	71	66	5
Wilmington	76	56	20
Wilson	58	57	1
Winston-Salem	260	221	39
NORTH DAKOTA			
Bismarck	52	51	1
Fargo	87	80	7
Grand Forks	67	67	----
Minot	45	42	3
OHIO			
Akron	466	441	25
Alliance	41	36	5
Ashtabula	39	35	4
Barberton	43	41	2
Canton	211	197	14
Chillicothe	40	36	4
Cincinnati	1,032	944	88
Cleveland	2,600	2,402	198
Cleveland Heights	78	68	10
Columbus	951	806	145
Cuyahoga Falls	61	56	5
Dayton	512	404	108
Delhi Township	8	7	1
East Cleveland	71	64	7
Elyria	49	47	2
Fairborn	40	37	3
Findlay	47	37	10
Garfield Heights	45	44	1
Hamilton	102	99	3
Kent	24	20	4
Kettering	73	62	11
Lakewood	80	75	5
Lancaster	45	42	3
Lima	91	81	10
Lorain	74	74	----
Mansfield	103	85	18
Maple Heights	47	44	3
Marion	53	48	5
Massillon	43	43	----
Mentor	33	26	7
Middletown	91	81	10
North Olmsted	33	31	2
Norwood	50	50	----
Parma	93	80	13
Parma Heights	26	22	4
Portsmouth	46	44	2
Sandusky	50	43	7
Shaker Heights	72	67	5
South Euclid	44	38	6
Springfield	126	115	11
Steubenville	54	51	3
Toledo	795	755	40
Upper Arlington	35	33	2
Warren	93	82	11
Whitehall	35	32	3
Xenia	38	31	7
Youngstown	316	292	24
Zanesville	51	39	12
OKLAHOMA			
Bartlesville	51	48	3
Del City	26	20	6
Enid	63	51	12
Lawton	123	93	30
Midwest City	54	45	9
Muskogee	81	65	16
Norman	54	51	3
Oklahoma City	527	476	51
Ponca City	49	47	2
Shawnee	34	34	----
Stillwater	37	34	3
Tulsa	549	455	94
OREGON			
Corvallis	38	32	6
Eugene	149	124	25
Medford	59	48	11
Portland	894	734	160
Salem	138	101	37
PENNSYLVANIA			
Abington Township	74	68	6
Aliquippa	32	32	----
Allentown	171	151	20
Altoona	99	89	10

397-833 O - 70 - 11

Table 56.—*Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities 25,000 and over in Population*—Con.

City by State	Number of police department employees		
	Total	Police officers	Civilians
PENNSYLVANIA—Continued			
Baldwin Borough	23	19	4
Bensalem Township	38	35	3
Bethel Park	33	29	4
Bethlehem	136	122	14
Bristol Township	69	60	9
Cheltenham Township	62	60	2
Chester	112	97	15
Easton	53	49	4
Erie	238	214	24
Falls Township	40	39	1
Harrisburg	171	163	8
Haverford Township	73	70	3
Hazleton	42	38	4
Johnstown	89	79	10
Lancaster	121	109	12
Lebanon	40	39	1
Lower Marion Township	137	123	14
Marple Township	33	29	4
McKeesport	82	79	3
Middletown Township	37	32	5
Millcreek Township	35	29	6
Mount Lebanon Township	49	44	5
New Castle	61	57	4
Norristown	72	70	2
North Huntingdon Township	15	15	----
Penn Hills Township	61	55	6
Philadelphia	8,259	7,439	820
Pittsburgh	1,776	1,748	28
Pottstown	40	32	8
Radnor Township	52	50	2
Reading	191	159	32
Ridley Township	36	30	6
Ross Township	39	37	2
Scranton	191	177	14
Shaler Township	22	22	----
Springfield Township	29	26	3
State College	33	31	2
Upper Darby Township	176	144	32
Warminster Township	36	31	5
West Mifflin	27	25	2
Wilkes-Barre	98	96	2
Wilkinsburg	40	34	6
Williamsport	69	66	3
York	100	99	1
RHODE ISLAND			
Cranston	112	101	11
East Providence	88	82	6
Newport	92	83	9
Pawtucket	173	151	22
Providence	481	407	74
Warwick	159	144	15
Woonsocket	111	105	6
SOUTH CAROLINA			
Anderson	59	51	8
Charleston	173	140	33
Columbia	204	188	16
Florence	53	47	6
Greenville	150	142	8
Rock Hill	67	58	9
Spartanburg	101	87	14
Sumter	45	43	2
SOUTH DAKOTA			
Aberdeen	33	32	1
Rapid City	62	58	4
Sioux Falls	93	77	16
TENNESSEE			
Chattanooga	280	252	28
Clarksville	60	58	2
Jackson	77	71	6
Johnson City	62	56	6
Kingsport	75	55	20
Knoxville	328	254	74
Memphis	1,241	1,068	173
Nashville	664	556	108
Oak Ridge	44	41	3
TEXAS			
Abilene	134	113	21
Amarillo	220	180	40
Arlington	93	87	6
Austin	444	327	117
Baytown	75	61	14
Beaumont	183	165	18
Big Spring	50	43	7
Brownsville	91	74	17
Bryan	36	34	2
Corpus Christi	287	244	43
Dallas	1,886	1,541	345
Denison	35	27	8
Denton	52	44	8
El Paso	450	376	74
Fort Worth	724	632	92
Galveston	108	101	7
Garland	91	76	15
Grand Prairie	57	48	9
Greenville	26	26	----
Harlingen	55	38	17
Houston	1,913	1,609	304
Irving	97	81	16
Killeen	50	39	11
Kingsville	38	26	12
Laredo	81	81	----
Longview	69	65	4
Lubbock	236	208	28
Marshall	40	38	2
McAllen	31	30	1
Mesquite	56	48	8
Midland	123	114	9
Odessa	111	89	22
Orange	34	30	4
Pampa	23	15	8
Pasadena	106	93	13
Port Arthur	90	79	11
Richardson	66	61	5
San Angelo	110	95	15
San Antonio	992	849	143
Sherman	46	38	8
Temple	50	49	1
Texarkana	49	42	7
Texas City	38	37	1
Tyler	67	66	1
Victoria	68	54	14
Waco	161	134	27
Wichita Falls	135	111	24
UTAH			
Ogden	112	92	20
Provo	50	48	2
Salt Lake City	314	257	57
VERMONT			
Burlington	57	46	11
VIRGINIA			
Alexandria	212	176	36
Arlington	291	246	45
Charlottesville	66	65	1
Chesapeake	129	121	8
Danville	106	94	12
Hampton	142	124	18
Lynchburg	115	105	10
Newport News	181	171	10
Norfolk	611	522	89
Portsmouth	200	182	18
Richmond	539	487	52
Roanoke	173	162	11
Virginia Beach	223	203	20
WASHINGTON			
Bellevue	64	62	2
Bellingham	56	45	11
Bremerton	63	56	7
Everett	111	98	13
Longview	40	40	----
Richland	43	40	3
Seattle	1,335	1,098	237
Spokane	293	260	33
Tacoma	296	262	34
Vancouver	64	53	11
Walla Walla	46	31	15
Yakima	97	80	17
WEST VIRGINIA			
Charleston	161	149	12
Huntington	118	110	8
Parkersburg	42	39	3
Weirton	39	37	2
Wheeling	93	92	1
WISCONSIN			
Appleton	96	87	9
Beloit	62	59	3
Eau Claire	76	61	15
Fond du Lac	60	52	8
Green Bay	148	136	12
Janesville	67	63	4
Kenosha	153	135	18
La Crosse	80	73	7
Madison	266	227	39
Manitowoc	63	59	4
Milwaukee	2,203	2,042	161
Oshkosh	81	79	2
Racine	237	176	61
Sheboygan	99	90	9
Superior	65	61	4
Waukesha	79	72	7
Wausau	55	54	1
Wauwatosa	102	91	11
West Allis	152	132	20
WYOMING			
Casper	50	43	7
Cheyenne	66	51	15

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000

City by State	Total police employees
ALABAMA	
Albertville	21
Alexander City	26
Athens	27
Boaz	12
Chickasaw	19
Evergreen	12
Fairfield	21
Fayette	9
Fort Payne	19
Graysville	6
Hartselle	11
Homewood	32
Hueytown	6
Irondale	8
Jasper	29
Leeds	11
Midfield	14
Mountain Brook	30
Northport	19
Oneonta	9
Oxford	8
Pleasant Grove	6
Prattville	16
Saraland	14
Tallassee	11
Troy	26
Tuscumbia	17
Union Springs	13
ALASKA	
Fairbanks	57
Ketchikan	14
Kodiak	14
Petersburg	8
Sitka	13
ARIZONA	
Avondale	11
Bisbee	23
Casa Grande	19
Chandler	32
Douglas	18
Globe	11
Huachuca City	3
Kingman	17
Miami	8
Nogales	18
Page	6
Peoria	6
Prescott	25
Safford	9
Sierra Vista	18
Tolleson	4
Willcox	11
Williams	12
Winslow	25
ARKANSAS	
Arkadelphia	11
Bentonville	12
Booneville	4
Brinkley	9
Camden	17
Conway	17
Harrison	7
Hope	15
Mena	9
Monticello	9
Morrilton	9
Nashville	4
Prescott	5
Rogers	13
Russellville	13
Springdale	28
Walnut Ridge	8
West Helena	10
West Memphis	42
CALIFORNIA	
Anderson	11
Antioch	30
Arroyo Grande	10
Arvin	10
Atherton	20
Atwater	16
Auburn	19
Banning	21
Barstow	37
Beaumont	9
Bell	29
Belmont	33
Belvedere	5
Benicia	20
Bishop	11
Blythe	20
Brea	29
Broadmoor	8
Calipatria	3
Calistoga	6
Campbell	29
Carlsbad	24
Carmel	18
Carpinteria	14
Ceres	10
Chico	39
Chino	30
Chowchilla	9
Claremont	33
Cloverdale	8
Coalinga	13
Colfax	3
Colma	2
Colton	36
Corcoran	12
Corning	7
Corte Madera	14
Crescent City	9
Cypress	39
Davis	29
Delano	28
Dinuba	16
Dixon	10
Dorris	1
Dos Palos	7
Dunsmuir	9
El Centro	40
El Segundo	65
Elsinore	11
Emeryville	25
Escalon	6
Etna	1
Exeter	7
Fairfax	10
Farmersville	6
Ferndale	3
Fillmore	11
Firebaugh	7
Folsom	13
Fontana	29
Fort Bragg	12
Fortuna	7
Galt	7
Gilroy	24
Gonzales	5
Grass Valley	16
Greenfield	5
Gridley	12
Grover City	10
Half Moon Bay	7
Hanford	31
Hemet	24
Hermosa Beach	37
Hollister	13
Holtville	11
Huron	4
Imperial	10
Imperial Beach	24
Indio	37
Ione	1
Irwindale	17
Isleton	2
Jackson	5
Kensington	8
Kerman	5
King City	11
Kingsburg	10
Lafayette	10
Lakeport	6
La Palma	16
Larkspur	12
Lemoore	11
Lindsay	13
Live Oak	6
Livingston	8
Lompoc	35
Los Alamitos	21
Los Altos	27
Los Banos	23
Los Gatos	28
Madera	28
Manteca	25
Maywood	26
McFarland	8
Mendota	6
Merced	47
Millbrae	24
Mill Valley	18
Milpitas	33
Montclair	43
Morro Bay	14
Needles	14
Nevada City	6
Newark	34
Newman	5
Orange Cove	9
Orland	8
Oroville	21
Pacific Grove	20
Palm Springs	75
Palos Verdes Estates	22
Parlier	4
Perris	14
Petaluma	32
Piedmont	21
Pinole	21
Pismo Beach	13
Pittsburg	35
Pleasanton	23
Port Hueneme	18
Portola	2
Red Bluff	20
Redding	43
Reedley	14
Ridgecrest	15
Ripon	7
Riverbank	7
Rohnert Park	7
Roseville	31
Saint Helena	9
San Anselmo	19
San Clemente	37
Sand City	2
San Fernando	39
Sanger	21
San Jacinto	11
San Juan Bautista	2
San Marino	29
San Pablo	30
Santa Paula	32
Seal Beach	42
Seaside	41
Sebastopol	13
Selma	15
Shafter	12
Sierra Madre	19
Signal Hill	24
Soledad	5
Sonoma	7
Sonora	11
South Lake Tahoe	39
South Pasadena	38
Stanton	34
Suisun City	9
Susanville	11
Sutter Creek	3
Taft	12
Tehachapi	6
Tracy	26
Turlock	25
Ukiah	23
Union City	22
Vacaville	31
Vernon	62
Visalia	45
Wasco	14
Watsonville	33
Westmorland	2
Wheatland	3
Willits	12
Willows	8
Winters	5
Woodlake	5
Woodland	32
Yreka City	10
Yuba City	26
COLORADO	
Alamosa	10
Aspen	14
Brighton	12
Broomfield	8
Brush	12
Cherry Hills	9
Cortez	15
Delta	6

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
COLORADO—Con.	
Durango	22
Florence	4
Fort Morgan	17
Glendale	10
Golden	12
Grand Junction	42
Gunnison	10
La Junta	11
Lamar	14
Leadville	5
Littleton	33
Longmont	36
Loveland	22
Manitou Springs	11
Monte Vista	8
Montrose	11
Rifle	4
Rocky Ford	7
Salida	8
Sterling	18
Thornton	17
Westminster	22
CONNECTICUT	
Avon	14
Bethel	15
Bloomfield	28
Cheshire	21
Clinton	10
Danielson	9
Darien	44
East Haven	39
Farmington	27
Glastonbury	30
Granby	5
Groton	22
Groton Town	43
Monroe	18
Naugatuck	39
New Canaan	34
North Haven	33
Old Saybrook	16
Orange	23
Plainville	21
Putnam	11
Ridgefield	22
Seymour	19
Shelton	32
Simsbury	22
Sprague Town	1
Stafford Springs	3
Stonington	21
Waterford	24
Wilton	22
Windsor	35
Wolcott	20
Woodbridge	17
DELAWARE	
Dover	49
Laurel	6
Milford	18
Newark	39
Seaford	14
Smyrna	14
FLORIDA	
Apopka	16
Atlantic Beach	7
Auburndale	11
Bartow	26
Biscayne Park	4
Boca Raton	56
Boynton Beach	31
Bradenton	42
Clewiston	7
Cocoa	35
Cocoa Beach	34
Dania	23
De Land	28
Dunedin	28
Eustis	14
Frostproof	7
Green Cove Springs	8
Gulfport	15
Hallandale	46
Holly Hill	13
Jacksonville Beach	37
Kissimmee	23
Lake City	18
Lake Park	15
Lake Wales	17
Lake Worth	54
Lantana	12
Lighthouse Point	17
Maitland	16
Margate	13
Marianna	11
Miami Springs	34
Miramar	24
Mount Dora	14
Neptune Beach	5
New Smyrna Beach	31
North Palm Beach	13
Oakland Park	33
Ocala	50
Ocoee	10
Opa Locka	26
Ormond Beach	30
Palatka	18
Palm Beach	60
Palm Beach Gardens	16
Palmetto	21
Palm Springs	6
Perry	11
Pinellas Park	32
Plantation	42
Quincy	28
Riviera Beach	42
Safety Harbor	4
Saint Augustine	31
Saint Cloud	10
Saint Petersburg Beach	22
Sanford	33
South Miami	30
South Pasadena	8
Stuart	13
Tarpon Springs	16
Tavares	6
Temple Terrace	14
Treasure Island	14
Vero Beach	37
Windermere	2
Winter Haven	55
Zephyrhills	9
GEORGIA	
Adel	12
Barnesville	9
Bremen	11
Brunswick	45
Calhoun	14
Canton	8
Cartersville	23
Dublin	27
Elberton	17
Gainesville	30
Garden City	6
Greensboro	4
Griffin	58
Hinesville	8
Jesup	14
Jonesboro	6
Lafayette	13
Lawrenceville	9
Lyons	7
Milledgeville	29
Monroe	20
Montezuma	12
Rossville	11
Statesboro	15
Sylvania	11
Thomaston	22
Villa Rica	12
Waynesboro	9
West Point	15
Winder	18
IDAHO	
American Falls	3
Blackfoot	22
Buhl	4
Caldwell	20
Coeur d'Alene	20
Emmett	7
Grace	1
Grangeville	6
Jerome	9
Kellogg	10
Lewiston	30
Montpelier	6
Moscow	21
Mountain Home	17
Nampa	26
Payette	8
Preston	4
Rexburg	6
Rupert	12
Saint Anthony	4
Salmon	4
Sandpoint	9
Shelley	5
Soda Springs	8
Twin Falls	31
Weiser	10
ILLINOIS	
Abingdon	4
Addison	35
Algonquin	9
Antioch	7
Barrington	22
Bartonville	10
Batavia	15
Bellwood	32
Belvidere	18
Benld	1
Bensenville	19
Berkeley	10
Bethalto	5
Bolingbrook	23
Bourbonnais	3
Bradley	11
Bridgeview	21
Broadview	22
Brookfield	26
Cahokia	15
Calumet Park	26
Canton	19
Carbondale	40
Carmi	13
Carol Stream	11
Carpentersville	20
Carterville	8
Cary	9
Casey	5
Caseyville	4
Centralia	20
Chester	8
Chicago Ridge	14
Chillicothe	8
Clarendon Hills	12
Coal City	6
Columbia	10
Crest Hill	15
Crete	5
Deerfield	20
Dixon	25
Du Quoin	8
East Alton	16
East Moline	26
East Peoria	27
Effingham	10
Eldorado	5
Elk Grove Village	35
Elmwood Park	25
Fairmont City	4
Flossmoor	12
Forest Park	27
Franklin Park	35
Galena	5
Galva	2
Geneva	17
Genoa	4
Georgetown	4
Gibson City	6
Glencoe	22
Glen Ellyn	30
Glenview	37
Golf	0
Grayslake	8
Hanover Park	15
Harvard	9
Harwood Heights	16
Hazel Crest	8
Highland	9
Highwood	7
Hillsboro	7
Hinsdale	26
Hoffman Estates	24
Homewood	22
Hoopeston	13
Huntley	3
Itasca	12
Jerseyville	14
Justice	4
Kenilworth	12
La Grange	32

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
ILLINOIS—Con.	
La Grange Park	26
Lake Forest	37
Lakemoor	4
Lake Zurich	11
Lansing	17
Lawrenceville	9
Lebanon	3
Libertyville	23
Lincolnwood	28
Lisle	13
Litchfield	7
Loves Park	16
Lyons	16
Macomb	19
Maple Park	2
Markham	31
Matteson	7
Mattoon	33
McHenry	15
Melrose Park	45
Milan	7
Momence	4
Morris	8
Morton	13
Mount Morris	10
Mount Olive	3
Mount Vernon	22
Mundelein	25
Murphysboro	10
Naperville	28
Nashville	5
New Lenox	4
Nokomis	4
Normal	29
North Aurora	5
Northbrook	34
Northfield	16
Northlake	20
North Riverside	17
Oak Forest	15
O'Fallon	6
Oglesby	5
Olney	19
Orland Park	8
Paxton	8
Pittsfield	5
Plano	9
Polo	3
Posen	3
Riverdale	20
River Forest	28
Riverside	19
Robinson	8
Rock Falls	21
Rolling Meadows	23
Roselle	12
Round Lake Beach	10
Round Lake Park	4
Saint Charles	27
Salem	12
Sandwich	6
Sauk Village	7
Schaumburg	22
Schiller Park	24
Shelbyville	9
Silvis	10
South Beloit	9
South Elgin	4
South Holland	18
Spring Valley	8
Staunton	3
Stone Park	15
Streator	25
Sycamore	8
Tuscola	5
Vandalia	11
Venice	14
Washington	10
Washington Park	6
Watseka	11
Wauconda	13
Westchester	27
West Dundee	5
Western Springs	18
Westmont	14
Westville	3
Wheeling	35
White Hall	5
Wilmington	9
Winfield	4
Winnetka	28
Wood Dale	13
Woodstock	18
Worth	20
Zion	24
INDIANA	
Angola	6
Attica	6
Auburn	12
Batesville	3
Bedford	36
Beech Grove	22
Berne	3
Bicknell	4
Bluffton	13
Brookville	5
Brownsburg	10
Charlestown	6
Chesterfield	4
Chesterton	10
Clinton	10
Connersville	44
Corydon	3
Crawfordsville	26
Crown Point	16
Decatur	14
Dunkirk	6
East Gary	13
Fairmount	5
Frankfort	24
Garrett	6
Gas City	7
Goshen	20
Greencastle	17
Greenfield	18
Greenwood	16
Griffith	19
Hartford City	10
Highland	27
Hobart	24
Huntingburg	6
Jasper	10
Jeffersonville	28
Knox	5
La Porte	38
Lawrence	24
Lawrenceburg	8
Lebanon	18
Logansport	34
Madison	20
Mooresville	10
Mount Vernon	12
Munster	21
New Castle	45
New Haven	10
New Whiteland	8
North Manchester	10
North Vernon	10
Plainfield	13
Portage	27
Portland	12
Princeton	13
Rensselaer	10
Rochester	7
Rushville	13
Sellersburg	6
Seymour	18
Shelbyville	25
Speedway	25
Tipton	8
Valparaiso	30
Wabash	24
Warsaw	16
West Lafayette	28
West Terre Haute	5
Whiting	26
IOWA	
Algona	9
Anamosa	4
Ankeny	8
Atlantic	9
Audubon	7
Belle Plaine	4
Belmond	3
Bloomfield	5
Boone	15
Centerville	11
Chariton	9
Clarion	6
Clear Lake	14
Coralville	5
Decorah	15
Eldora	3
Estherville	12
Evansdale	7
Fort Madison	24
Grinnell	9
Hampton	11
Harlan	9
Humboldt	10
Independence	11
Indianola	13
Jefferson	7
Keokuk	26
Knoxville	11
Le Mars	11
Manchester	7
Maquoketa	13
Marion	17
Marshalltown	34
Missouri Valley	3
Monticello	8
Mount Pleasant	12
Mount Vernon	2
Muscatine	27
Newton	22
Oelwein	16
Osceola	5
Oskaloosa	12
Pella	10
Perry	12
Red Oak	11
Sheldon	5
Shenandoah	8
Sibley	4
Spencer	14
Spirit Lake	6
Storm Lake	13
Tama	3
Urbandale	16
Washington	6
Waverly	12
Webster City	17
West Burlington	2
West Des Moines	22
West Union	4
Windsor Heights	8
Winterset	5
KANSAS	
Abilene	8
Anthony	4
Arkansas City	24
Atchison	18
Augusta	19
Belleville	7
Caney	6
Chanute	15
Cherryvale	3
Coffeyville	29
Colby	11
Columbus	5
Concordia	11
Council Grove	3
Derby	11
Dodge City	22
Ellinwood	4
Ellis	3
Emporia	31
Eureka	8
Fairway	6
Fort Scott	14
Fredonia	8
Garden City	26
Gardner	2
Garnett	7
Goodland	11
Great Bend	29
Haysville	7
Herington	6
Hiawatha	8
Hillsboro	3
Hoisington	7
Holton	7
Horton	7
Hugoton	7
Humboldt	5
Independence	16
Iola	11
Junction City	36
Larned	7
Leawood	15
Lenexa	4
Liberal	19
Lyons	9

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
KANSAS—Con.	
Manhattan	40
Marysville	6
McPherson	15
Merriam	10
Neodesha	5
Norton	4
Oakley	7
Olathe	19
Osage City	4
Osawatomie	6
Ottawa	13
Paola	10
Parsons	19
Phillipsburg	4
Pittsburg	34
Pratt	12
Roeland Park	8
Russell	11
Scott City	8
Shawnee	16
Ulysses	9
Valley Center	3
WaKeeney	8
Wellington	13
Westwood	5
Winfield	16
KENTUCKY	
Barbourville	5
Bardstown	9
Benton	8
Berea	8
Campbellsville	14
Catlettsburg	4
Cynthiana	10
Danville	25
Dawson Springs	3
Erlanger	15
Falmouth	5
Flatwoods	8
Florence	13
Fort Thomas	18
Frankfort	30
Georgetown	10
Glasgow	22
Greenville	6
Henderson	30
Hopkinsville	55
Lancaster	7
Ludlow	8
Madisonville	24
Maysville	26
Middlesboro	19
Monticello	4
Morganfield	6
Mount Sterling	13
Murray	20
Paris	15
Russellville	16
Saint Matthews	13
Somerset	21
Winchester	21
LOUISIANA	
Berwick	10
Bogalusa	36
Delhi	3
De Ridder	12
Donaldsonville	10
Franklin	23
Hammond	20
Haynesville	7
Jonesboro	8
Kaplan	11
Mamou	11
Marksville	4
Minden	15
New Roads	6
Plaquemine	17
Rayne	14
Ruston	23
Sulphur	13
Thibodaux	30
Vivian	8
Welsh	6
West Monroe	28
MAINE	
Bath	17
Brewer	14
Calais	5
Camden	8
Caribou	12
Dexter	3
Ellsworth	7
Falmouth	9
Farmington	4
Gardiner	9
Hallowell	3
Hampden	3
Houlton	11
Kittery	9
Limestone	2
Lincoln	4
Madawaska	3
Madison	3
Millinocket	9
Old Town	13
Orono	8
Pittsfield	2
Presque Isle	16
Rockland	12
Rumford	14
Saco	14
Sanford	21
Scarborough	7
Skowhegan	10
South Portland	42
Topsham	4
Waterville	33
Wells	4
Westbrook	20
Winthrop	4
Yarmouth	4
MARYLAND	
Aberdeen	18
Bel Air	11
Bladensburg	11
Brunswick	6
Cambridge	32
Chestertown	6
Crisfield	9
District Heights	6
Easton	15
Elkton	7
Frederick	53
Frostburg	12
Greenbelt	22
Havre de Grace	17
Hyattsville	21
Laurel	22
Mount Rainier	14
Salisbury	41
Sparrows Point	208
Takoma Park	27
Westminster	14
MASSACHUSETTS	
Acton	14
Acushnet	8
Adams	18
Agawam	35
Amesbury	16
Amherst	15
Andover	36
Ashburnham	2
Athol	17
Auburn	18
Avon	6
Ayer	11
Barnstable	48
Bedford	22
Berlin	1
Blackstone	10
Bourne	20
Boylston	4
Bridgewater	20
Burlington	32
Chatham	14
Chelmsford	33
Clinton	24
Cohasset	14
Concord	25
Dalton	8
Dartmouth	29
Dover	7
Dracut	21
Dudley	10
Duxbury	11
East Bridgewater	19
East Brookfield	8
Easthampton	18
East Longmeadow	19
Easton	17
Fairhaven	16
Falmouth	34
Foxboro	17
Franklin	20
Gardner	30
Grafton	11
Greenfield	30
Groveland	6
Harwich	15
Hingham	45
Holden	10
Holliston	17
Hopkinton	9
Hudson	21
Hull	25
Ipswich	15
Lincoln	8
Littleton	6
Ludlow	21
Lynnfield	17
Mansfield	14
Marblehead	37
Marion	8
Marlboro	34
Marshfield	30
Mashpee	9
Mattapoisett	11
Maynard	17
Medfield	11
Medway	12
Merrimac	8
Middleboro	24
Milford	27
Millbury	12
Montague	12
Nahant	9
Newburyport	24
North Adams	34
North Andover	23
North Attleboro	25
Northboro	13
Northbridge	14
Norwell	8
Orange	8
Oxford	7
Palmer	16
Pepperell	3
Provincetown	11
Reading	36
Rehoboth	8
Rockport	12
Salisbury	13
Saugus	34
Scituate	23
Seekonk	16
Sharon	17
Shrewsbury	21
Southboro	7
Southbridge	33
South Hadley	22
Southwick	8
Sterling	2
Stoneham	36
Stoughton	33
Stow	7
Sudbury	20
Sutton	8
Swampscott	31
Swansea	13
Templeton	1
Topsfield	4
Tyngsborough	11
Uxbridge	9
Walpole	28
Ware	9
Wareham	24
Wayland	20
Webster	27
West Boylston	1
Weston	22
Westport	16
Westwood	24
Wilbraham	19
Williamstown	12
Wilmington	31
Winchendon	12
Winchester	43
Winthrop	36
Wrentham	8
Yarmouth	27

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
MICHIGAN	
Adrian	32
Algonac	6
Alma	14
Alpena	20
Augusta	1
Battle Creek Township	15
Bedford Township	4
Belding	8
Benton Harbor	57
Benton Township	23
Berkley	24
Bessemer	4
Beverly Hills	25
Big Rapids	15
Blissfield	2
Bloomfield Hills	19
Buchanan	14
Cadillac	14
Center Line	21
Charlevoix	5
Charlotte	11
Chelsea	5
Chesaning	4
Clawson	25
Clay Township	3
Clinton Township	39
Coldwater	16
Davison	5
Dowagiac	17
Durand	8
East Grand Rapids	20
Ecorse	50
Escanaba	24
Fenton	14
Flat Rock	12
Fraser	28
Fremont	6
Gibraltar	11
Grand Ledge	10
Grandville	12
Green Oak	1
Greenville	13
Grosse Pointe	19
Grosse Pointe Park	36
Grosse Pointe Woods	51
Hancock	7
Harper Woods	37
Hastings	12
Hillsdale	15
Houghton	8
Howell	7
Hudson	3
Huntington Woods	16
Ionia	8
Iron River	6
Ironwood	18
Ishpeming	16
Lake Linden	2
Lake Orion	8
L'Anse	3
Lapeer	15
Lathrup Village	7
Laurium	4
Lowell	4
Mackinac Island	2
Manistique	6
Marquette	34
Marshall	13
Marysville	9
Mason	9
Melvindale	23
Menominee	15
Middleville	3
Milford	11
Mount Clemens	46
Mount Pleasant	17
Munising	6
Muskegon Heights	39
Nashville	2
Negaunee	12
New Baltimore	5
Niles	27
North Muskegon	4
Northville	14
Norway	4
Otsego	5
Owosso	29
Oxford	9
Petoskey	13
Pleasant Ridge	9
Plymouth	19
River Rouge	45
Riverview	23
Rochester	13
Rogers City	5
Romeo	9
Roosevelt Park	4
Saint Clair	5
Saint Johns	9
Saint Joseph	24
Saint Louis	5
Sault Ste. Marie	38
Scottville	3
South Haven	16
South Range	1
Sparta	8
Springfield	11
Stambaugh	3
Sturgis	13
Swarts Creek	8
Tecumseh	14
Three Rivers	17
Traverse City	23
Trenton	51
Troy	58
Utica	11
Vassar	4
Wakefield	4
Walled Lake	11
Woodhaven	14
Wixom	6
Ypsilanti	46
Zeeland	5
MINNESOTA	
Albert Lea	32
Alexandria	11
Anoka	19
Arden Hills	4
Aurora	4
Babbitt	4
Bayport	7
Bemidji	19
Benson	8
Blue Earth	6
Brainerd	18
Breckenridge	9
Brooklyn Park	18
Burnsville	19
Cloquet	13
Columbia Heights	20
Cottage Grove	10
Crookston	17
Crosby	4
Deephaven	3
Detroit Lakes	9
Eagan Township	8
Ely	9
Eveleth	10
Fairmont	15
Faribault	25
Forest Lake	5
Fridley	27
Glenwood	8
Golden Valley	30
Grand Rapids	10
Hastings	13
Hibbing	25
Hopkins	21
Hoyt Lakes	5
Hutchinson	10
International Falls	13
Inver Grove Heights	8
Jackson	5
La Crescent	2
Lake City	5
Lauderdale	2
Little Falls	10
Luverne	10
Maplewood	22
Marshall	20
Mendota Heights	6
Montevideo	8
Morris	7
Mound	8
Mounds View	8
New Brighton	16
New Hope	16
Newport	2
New Prague	2
New Ulm	20
Northfield	11
North Mankato	6
North Saint Paul	11
Orono	3
Ortonville	3
Owatonna	19
Park Rapids	5
Pipestone	12
Plymouth	12
Red Wing	18
Redwood Falls	5
Robbinsdale	16
Saint Anthony	11
Saint James	6
Saint Paul Park	6
Saint Peter	11
Sauk Rapids	5
Silver Bay	4
Sleepy Eye	5
South Saint Paul	33
Springfield	2
Spring Lake Park	6
Spring Valley	6
Staples	5
Stillwater	11
Tracy	5
Two Harbors	9
Virginia	24
Wabasha	2
Wayzata	6
West Saint Paul	24
White Bear Lake	21
Willmar	19
Worthington	15
MISSISSIPPI	
Aberdeen	14
Batesville	8
Belzoni	12
Brookhaven	17
Charleston	5
Cleveland	20
Clinton	10
Durant	5
Ellisville	4
Indianola	20
McComb	22
New Albany	11
Newton	6
Ocean Springs	17
Port Gibson	6
Senatobia	6
Tupelo	41
Waynesboro	6
MISSOURI	
Ballwin	14
Bellefontaine Neighbors	18
Berkeley	39
Bonne Terre	3
Boonville	13
Breckenridge Hills	11
Brentwood	22
Bridgeton	40
Brookfield	7
Cameron	4
Carrollton	6
Carthage	17
Charlack	8
Clayton	48
Clinton	8
Crestwood	22
Dellwood	9
De Soto	10
Eldon	6
Excelsior Springs	17
Farmington	6
Fenton	7
Frontenac	11
Gladstone	33
Glendale	12
Hanley Hills	9
Hannibal	22
Harrisonville	5
Hazelwood	20
Higginsville	6
Hillsdale	4
Jackson	8
Jennings	42
Ladue	25
Lamar	6
Liberty	14
Maplewood	24
Marceline	5
Marshall	15
Maryville	15

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
MISSOURI—Con.	
Mexico	23
Moberly	22
Moline Acres	8
Monett	8
Neosho	13
Nevada	18
Normandy	6
North Kansas City	28
Olivette	17
Pagedale	9
Poplar Bluff	31
Potosi	6
Raytown	43
Richmond Heights	25
Riverview	3
Rock Hill	10
Rolla	21
Saint Ann	25
Sainte Genevieve	6
Saint George	8
Saint John Village	13
Shrewsbury	12
Slater	4
Valley Park	5
Vinita Park	6
Warrensburg	13
Warson Woods	6
Washington	10
Webb City	12
Wellston	22
West Plains	10
MONTANA	
Anaconda	13
Baker	4
Bozeman	21
Choteau	3
Conrad	3
Cut Bank	10
Dillon	8
Glasgow	10
Glendive	14
Helena	34
Kalispell	21
Laurel	8
Lewistown	11
Libby	8
Livingston	14
Miles City	15
Red Lodge	4
Shelby	5
Sidney	11
Wolf Point	4
NEBRASKA	
Alliance	16
Aurora	4
Beatrice	27
Bellevue	22
Chadron	9
Columbus	21
Crawford	3
Crete	6
Falls City	11
Fremont	33
Gering	13
Hastings	41
Holdrege	10
NEBRASKA—Con.	
Kearney	27
Kimball	8
McCook	18
Nebraska City	10
North Platte	38
Plattsmouth	10
Ralston	4
Scottsbluff	25
Sidney	14
Superior	4
Valentine	8
Wayne	10
York	12
NEVADA	
Boulder City	12
Carson City	34
Elko	20
Fallon	11
Henderson	30
Sparks	46
Winnemucca	10
NEW HAMPSHIRE	
Berlin	30
Claremont	19
Conway	12
Durham	7
Exeter	16
Gilford	8
Goffstown	12
Hooksett	2
Keene	22
Laconia	29
Lebanon	18
Littleton	6
Milford	5
Newmarket	4
Newport	12
Peterborough	4
Somersworth	14
NEW JERSEY	
Absecon	14
Allendale	13
Allenhurst	9
Allentown	1
Alpha	1
Alpine	7
Asbury Park	47
Atlantic Highlands	12
Audubon	16
Audubon Park	3
Avalon	18
Avon-by-the-Sea	8
Barrington	14
Bay Head	5
Beach Haven	10
Beachwood	6
Bedminster Township	4
Bellmawr	15
Belmar	20
Belvidere	3
Berkeley Heights	24
Berkeley Township	11
Berlin	4
Bernards Township	16
NEW JERSEY—Con.	
Bernardsville	13
Beverly	7
Bloomingdale	9
Bogota	17
Boonton	21
Boonton Township	5
Bordentown	9
Bound Brook	19
Bradley Beach	17
Bridgeton	40
Brielle	16
Brigantine	14
Brooklawn	3
Burlington	26
Burlington Township	15
Butler	9
Caldwell	23
Cape May	17
Carlstadt	21
Carteret	43
Cedar Grove Township	21
Chatham	18
Chatham Township	17
Chester	2
Chester Township	4
Cinnaminson Township	23
Clark	34
Clayton	10
Clementon	5
Cliffside Park	31
Clinton	1
Clinton Township	2
Closter	15
Collingswood	26
Cranbury Township	5
Cresskill	15
Deal	17
Delanco Township	4
Delran Township	12
Demarest	10
Denville Township	26
Deptford Township	19
Dover	27
Dumont	32
Dunellen	15
East Greenwich Township	2
East Hanover Township	17
East Newark	10
East Paterson	32
East Rutherford	25
East Windsor Township	24
Eatontown	22
Edgewater	19
Edgewater Park Township	5
Egg Harbor City	7
Emerson	15
Englewood Cliffs	21
Essex Fells	11
Evesham Township	12
Fairfield	19
Fair Haven	9
Fairview	27
Fanwood	15
Far Hills	1
Flemington	6
Florence Township	13
Florham Park	20
Franklin	4
NEW JERSEY—Con.	
Franklin Lakes	13
Freehold	21
Freehold Township	10
Frenchtown	1
Galloway Township	11
Garwood	12
Glassboro	20
Glen Ridge	26
Glen Rock	23
Gloucester City	24
Gloucester Township	23
Green Brook	8
Greenwich Township	13
Guttenberg	14
Hackettstown	12
Haddonfield	27
Haddon Heights	16
Haddon Township	22
Haledon	8
Hamilton Township	4
Hammonton	20
Hanover Township	26
Harding Township	6
Hardyston Township	5
Harrington Park	7
Harrison	65
Harvey Cedars	3
Hasbrouck Heights	28
Haworth	10
Hawthorne	22
Hazlet Township	20
Helmetta	1
High Bridge Boro	2
Highland Park	29
Highlands	7
Hightstown	12
Hillsborough Township	13
Hillsdale	22
Hillside Township	67
Ho-Ho-Kus	12
Holland Township	1
Holmdel Township	6
Hopatcong	8
Hopewell	1
Interlaken	4
Island Heights	1
Jackson Township	25
Jamesburg	5
Jefferson Township	20
Keansburg	14
Kenilworth	21
Keyport	14
Kinnelon	8
Lacey Township	15
Lakehurst	3
Lakewood	47
Lambertville	6
Laurel Springs	1
Lavallette	8
Lawnside	5
Lawrence Township (Cumberland County)	1
Lawrence Township (Mercer County)	26
Lebanon Township	1
Leonia	18
Lincoln Park	17
Lindenwold	15
Linwood	13

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
NEW JERSEY—Con.	
Little Egg Harbour Township	3
Little Falls Township	19
Little Ferry	14
Little Silver	14
Long Beach Township	21
Longport	9
Lower Township	18
Lyndhurst Township	37
Madison	30
Magnolia	4
Mahwah Township	24
Manasquan	12
Manchester Township	12
Mantoloking	5
Mantua Township	5
Manville	18
Maple Shade Township	20
Maplewood Township	55
Margate City	23
Marlboro Township	11
Matawan	18
Matawan Township	31
Maywood	26
Medford Lakes	5
Medford Township	14
Mendham	5
Mendham Township	4
Merchantville	12
Metuchen	32
Middlesex	25
Middle Township	15
Midland Park	11
Milford	1
Millburn Township	50
Milltown	9
Millville	31
Mine Hill Township	5
Monmouth Beach	5
Monroe	7
Monroe Township	18
Montvale	12
Montville Township	21
Moonachie	5
Moorestown Township	28
Morris Plains	14
Morristown	42
Morris Township	33
Mountain Lakes	10
Mountainside	19
Mount Arlington	5
Mount Ephraim	8
Mount Holly	26
Mount Laurel Township	17
Mount Olive Township	10
Mullica Township	1
Neptune	12
Netcong	3
New Milford	32
New Providence	23
New Shrewsbury	13
Newton	12
North Arlington	36
North Brunswick Township	24
North Caldwell	10
Northfield	16
North Haledon	10
North Hanover Township	1
North Plainfield	34
Northvale	6
North Wildwood	19
Norwood	8
Oakland	24
Oaklyn	11
Ocean City	47
Ocean Gate	1
Ocean Grove	12
Oceanport	12
Ocean Township (Monmouth County)	29
Ocean Township (Ocean County)	5
Ogdensburg	2
Old Tappan	6
Oradell	19
Oxford Township	1
Palisades Park	25
Palmyra	13
Park Ridge	16
Passaic Township	18
Paulsboro	15
Peapack and Gladstone	3
Pemberton	1
Pemberton Township	24
Pennington	1
Penns Grove	14
Pennsville	19
Pequannock Township	20
Phillipsburg	25
Pine Beach	2
Pine Hill	7
Pitman	18
Pleasantville	36
Plumsted Township	1
Pohatcong	4
Point Pleasant	23
Point Pleasant Beach	19
Pompton Lakes	22
Princeton	28
Princeton Township	27
Prospect Park	5
Ramsey	24
Randolph Township	18
Raritan	13
Raritan Township	1
Readington Township	3
Red Bank	38
Ridgefield	28
Ridgefield Park	27
Ringwood	12
Riverdale	6
River Edge	20
Riverside	9
Riverton	4
River Vale	18
Rochelle Park Township	16
Rockaway	10
Rockaway Township	26
Roseland	13
Roselle	45
Roselle Park	29
Roxbury Township	16
Rumson	14
Runnemede	16
Rutherford	46
Saddle Brook Township	23
Saddle River	8
Salem	19
Scotch Plains	32
Sea Bright	7
Sea Girt	9
Sea Isle City	12
Seaside Heights	16
Seaside Park	13
Secaucus	36
Ship Bottom	8
Shrewsbury	10
Somerdale	6
Somers Point	18
Somerville	30
South Amboy	21
South Belmar	6
South Bound Brook	8
South Brunswick Township	22
South Hackensack	14
South Orange	48
South Plainfield	37
South River	28
South Toms River	2
Sparta Township	20
Spotswood	12
Springfield	40
Spring Lake	15
Spring Lake Heights	10
Stafford Township	7
Stanhope	4
Stone Harbor	13
Stratford	8
Summit	44
Surf City	7
Sussex	2
Swedesboro	4
Tenafly	32
Teterboro	3
Teuksbury Township	1
Totowa	17
Tuckerton	2
Union Beach	10
Upper Deerfield Township	1
Upper Penns Neck	13
Upper Saddle River	17
Ventnor City	27
Verona	28
Voorhees Township	8
Waldwick	15
Wallington	17
Wall Township	34
Wanaque	9
Washington	7
Washington Township (Bergen County)	16
Washington Township (Gloucester County)	13
Washington Township (Morris County)	8
Watchung	17
Weehawken Township	42
Wenonah	3
West Caldwell	26
West Cape May	1
West Deptford Township	18
West Long Branch	13
West Milford Township	22
West Paterson	17
Westville	7
West Wildwood	1
West Windsor Township	7
Westwood	25
Wharton	9
Wildwood	37
Wildwood Crest	15
Winfield Township	24
Winslow Township	2
Woodbine	2
Woodbury	26
Woodcliff Lake	13
Woodlynne	4
Wood Ridge	20
Woodstown	3
Woolwich	1
Wrightstown	2
Wyckoff	18
NEW MEXICO	
Artesia	17
Aztec	9
Belen	11
Bernalillo	5
Clayton	6
Deming	12
Espanola	17
Eunice	6
Gallup	49
Las Vegas City	22
Las Vegas Town	14
Los Alamos	34
Milan	5
Portales	18
Raton	15
Silver City	18
Socorro	10
State University	14
Truth or Consequences	10
Tucumcari	20
Tularosa	3
Zuni	12
NEW YORK	
Alfred	5
Amityville	20
Amsterdam	39
Angola	4
Ardsley	14
Asharoken	4
Attica	1
Baldwinsville	8
Ballston Spa	4
Batavia	38
Bath	14
Beacon	30
Bethlehem	25
Blasdell	6
Briarcliff Manor	17
Bronxville	28
Camden	3
Canajoharie	4
Canandaigua	21
Canastota	7
Canisteo	2
Canton	8
Carmel	18
Carthage	6
Catskill	11
Cayuga Heights	6
Cazenovia	5
Chittenango	3
Clyde	2

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
NEW YORK—Con.	
Cobleskill	3
Cohoes	31
Cooperstown	3
Corinth	3
Corning	22
Cornwall	3
Cortland	32
Coxsackie	1
Croton-on-Hudson	16
Dansville	11
Delhi	1
Depew	27
Dobbs Ferry	22
Dolgeville	2
Dryden	2
Dunkirk	31
East Aurora	13
Eastchester	61
East Rochester	9
Ellenville	16
Elmira Heights	9
Elmsford	13
Endicott	44
Evans	17
Fairport	8
Fayetteville	4
Floral Park	38
Fort Edward	4
Frankfort	5
Fredonia	12
Fulton	24
Glens Falls	33
Gloversville	39
Gouverneur	8
Gowanda	5
Green Island	11
Greenport	5
Hamburg	17
Hamilton	4
Harrison	72
Hastings-on-Hudson	22
Haverstraw	17
Haverstraw Town	8
Herkimer	17
Highland	1
Highland Falls	9
Hoosick Falls	3
Hornell	22
Horseheads	13
Hudson	22
Hudson Falls	13
Ilion	14
Irvington	13
Johnson City	35
Johnstown	17
Kenmore	31
Lake Placid	11
Lancaster Town	19
Lancaster Village	15
Larchmont	30
Le Roy	5
Liberty	17
Liverpool	5
Lynbrook	50
Lyons	8
Malone	14
Malverne	20
Mamaroneck	80
Massena	26
Medina	11
Middletown	51
Minoa	1
Mohawk	3
Mount Kisco	20
Newark	19
New Castle	26
North Castle	21
North Pelham	18
Northport	20
North Syracuse	9
North Tarrytown	26
Nunda	2
Ogdensburg	22
Olean	29
Oneida	24
Oneonta	25
Orchard Park	18
Oswego	36
Owego	14
Painted Post	3
Palmyra	5
Pelham	16
Pelham Manor	29
Penn Yan	10
Plattsburgh	39
Pleasantville	18
Port Jervis	17
Poughkeepsie Town	47
Queensbury	4
Rensselaer	24
Riverhead Town	36
Rye	47
Sag Harbor	3
Saint Johnsville	4
Salamanca	14
Sands Point	15
Saranac Lake	13
Saratoga Springs	39
Scarsdale	56
Scotia	13
Sherrill	3
Skaneateles	4
Sloan	6
Sloatsburg	2
Sodus Point	1
Solvay	12
Southampton	19
South Glens Falls	4
South Nyack	4
Spring Valley	32
Springville	5
Suffern	17
Ticonderoga	6
Tonawanda	34
Tuckahoe	22
Tupper Lake	10
Tuxedo	4
Tuxedo Park	8
Walton	6
Wappingers Falls	5
Warsaw	3
Warwick	6
Waterloo	6
Waverly	12
Westfield	6
Whitehall	2
Yorkville	1
NORTH CAROLINA	
Ahoskie	13
Albemarle	28
Asheboro	28
Ayden	8
Belhaven	5
Blowing Rock	7
Brevard	11
Canton	11
Clayton	6
Clinton	18
Concord	37
Davidson	4
Dunn	17
Eden	34
Edenton	12
Elizabeth City	30
Elkin	9
Enfield	7
Forest City	13
Garner	6
Granite Falls	10
Hamlet	12
Henderson	25
Hendersonville	22
Jacksonville	34
Kernersville	7
Laurinburg	20
Lenoir	30
Lexington	36
Lincolnton	16
Lumberton	34
Marion	15
Monroe	24
Morehead City	12
Morganton	32
Mount Airy	20
Mount Holly	11
Mount Olive	8
Red Springs	6
Rockingham	13
Roxboro	17
Salisbury	48
Scotland Neck	6
Shelby	33
Siler City	10
Smithfield	22
Southern Pines	13
Spencer	3
Statesville	50
Tarboro	20
Thomasville	30
Valdese	6
Wake Forest	6
Washington	20
Waynesville	16
Zebulon	4
NORTH DAKOTA	
Bottineau	3
Devils Lake	12
Dickinson	17
Grafton	11
Jamestown	27
Mandan	17
Rugby	3
Valley City	13
Wahpeton	8
West Fargo	7
Williston	21
OHIO	
Amberley	15
Arlington Heights	4
Ashland	28
Avon Lake	16
Bay Village	19
Beachwood	22
Beavercreek Township	10
Bedford	25
Bedford Heights	24
Bellaire	16
Bellevue	14
Berea	28
Bexley	23
Blanchester	4
Bowling Green	23
Brecksville	17
Broadview Heights	11
Brunswick	14
Bryan	17
Bucyrus	19
Cambridge	22
Campbell	24
Canfield	6
Carrollton	3
Centerville	19
Chagrin Falls	13
Chardon	8
Cheviot	9
Clyde	9
Coal Grove	1
Coldwater	3
Columbiana	6
Conneaut	15
Crestline	9
Crooksville	1
Darbydale	1
Deer Park	9
Defiance	26
Delaware	21
Dover	18
Eastlake	25
East Liverpool	27
Eaton	9
Elmwood Place	6
Fairfax	7
Fairfield	23
Fairview Park	30
Fayette	2
Forest Park	8
Fostoria	26
Franklin	13
Fremont	31
Gahanna	14
Galion	21
Gallipolis	14
Germantown	7
Girard	18
Glendale	6
Greenfield	9
Greenhills	6
Greenville	14
Heath	13
Highland Heights	10
Hillsboro	10
Hubbard	10
Huron	13
Indian Hill	18
Jackson	13
Leetonia	4

Table 57.—*Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.*

City by State	Total police employees
OHIO—Con.	
Leipsic	5
Lockland	15
Logan	14
Loudonville	4
Louisville	8
Lyndhurst	24
Madeira	6
Mariemont	8
Marietta	24
Marysville	7
Maumee	21
Medina	17
Mentor-on-the-Lake	5
Miamisburg	23
Middleburg Heights	17
Middleport	3
Mingo Junction	8
Mogadore	5
Montgomery	6
Moraine	22
Mount Gilead	4
Mount Healthy	5
Mount Vernon	27
Napoleon	15
Navarre	2
New Boston	11
Newburgh Heights	7
Newcomerstown	8
New Lexington	4
New Philadelphia	19
Newton Falls	9
Newtown	3
Niles	27
North Baltimore	4
North Canton	18
North Ridgeville	12
North Royalton	17
Oak Harbor	3
Oakwood	36
Oakwood Village	5
Oberlin	13
Ontario	8
Oregon	23
Orrville	13
Ottawa Hills	12
Oxford	15
Painesville	23
Perrysburg	16
Piqua	27
Port Clinton	14
Ravenna	13
Reading	18
Reynoldsburg	16
Rocky River	31
Rossford	6
Russell Township	5
Saint Bernard	16
Salem	21
Sebring	7
Seven Hills	11
Shadyside	6
Sheffield Lake	7
Shelby	15
Sidney	23
Silver Lake	5
Silverton	9
Solon	29
South Charleston	2
South Russell	3
Springdale	8
Stow	19
Strongsville	18
Tallmadge	14
Tiffin	33
Trenton	9
Trotwood	14
Troy	26
Twinsburg	16
Uhrichsville	6
Vandalia	17
Van Wert	14
Vermilion	17
Wadsworth	20
Wapakoneta	12
Warrensville Heights	35
Washington Court House	17
Wauseon	5
Waverly	9
Wellington	11
Wellsville	7
West Carrollton	15
Westerville	16
Westlake	26
Wickliffe	23
Willard	12
Willoughby	30
Willoughby Hills	7
Willowick	20
Wilmington	18
Windham	6
Woodlawn	8
Wooster	30
Worthington	20
Wyoming	13
OKLAHOMA	
Ada	26
Alva	11
Ardmore	37
Blackwell	20
Cherokee	4
Chickasha	30
Cleveland	4
Clinton	14
Collinsville	5
Dewey	5
Drumright	8
Duncan	32
Edmond	20
El Reno	20
Hominy	6
Idabel	11
Kingfisher	5
Madill	6
McAlester	31
Miami	29
Nichols Hills	12
Nowata	5
Okmulgee	22
Pauls Valley	11
Pawhuska	13
Purcell	11
Sallisaw	7
Sand Springs	19
Sapulpa	26
Tahlequah	19
Tecumseh	7
Tonkawa	10
Village	15
Wagoner	6
Warr Acres	13
Weatherford	14
Wewoka	13
Woodward	12
Yukon	10
OREGON	
Albany	33
Ashland	19
Astoria	24
Beaverton	28
Bend	25
Burns	10
Canby	5
Cannon Beach	1
Canyonville	3
Central Point	7
Coos Bay	25
Coquille	10
Cottage Grove	12
Dallas	7
Drain	7
Florence	5
Forest Grove	14
Grants Pass	27
Gresham	13
Hermiston	11
Hillsboro	19
Hood River	11
Joseph	1
Klamath Falls	30
Lake Oswego	24
Lakeview	5
Lebanon	18
McMinnville	14
Mill City	2
Milton-Freewater	11
Milwaukie	21
Monmouth	4
Myrtle Creek	5
Newberg	11
Newport	13
North Bend	16
Nyssa	5
Ontario	15
Pendleton	26
Prineville	12
Redmond	8
Reedsport	9
Roseburg	31
St. Helens	8
Seaside	12
Silverton	8
Springfield	30
Sweet Home	12
The Dalles	23
Tigard	18
Tillamook	8
Toledo	9
Winston	8
Woodburn	13
PENNSYLVANIA	
Ambler	11
Ambridge	18
Annville	4
Arnold	12
Ashland	4
Ashley	4
Athens	7
Avalon	12
Baldwin Township	4
Bangor	5
Barnesboro	2
Beaver Falls	27
Bedford	4
Bellefonte	10
Bellevue	21
Bentleyville	2
Berwick	13
Birdsboro	4
Boyertown	5
Bradford	25
Brentwood	18
Bristol	19
Butler Township	17
Caernarvon Township	1
California	6
Caln Township	5
Cambridge Springs	2
Camp Hill	10
Canonsburg	19
Carlisle	25
Center Township	10
Chambersburg	26
Churchill	9
Clairton	29
Clarion	7
Clearfield	9
Columbia	10
Conewago Township	1
Connellsville	19
Coplay	3
Coraopolis	18
Corry	11
Coudersport	2
Crafton	13
Cressona	1
Cumru Township	8
Curwensville	3
Dallastown	4
Danville	7
Donora	13
Du Bois	14
Duquesne	25
East Lansdowne	3
East Stroudsburg	9
East Whiteland Township	8
Edgewood	10
Edgeworth	9
Ellwood City	16
Emmaus	9
Emporium	3
Ephrata	12
Etna	5
Fairview Township	4
Farrell	5
Ferndale	2
Fleetwood	3
Forest City	2
Forty Fort	7
Franklin Township	11
Freeland	5
Freeport	7
Gallitzin	1
Gettysburg	10

Table 57.—*Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.*

City by State	Total police employees
PENNSYLVANIA—Con.	
Glassport	10
Greencastle	2
Green Tree	9
Greenville	13
Hamburg	3
Hanover	24
Hatboro	15
Hegins Township	1
Heidelberg	3
Hellertown	8
High Spire	1
Honesdale	7
Horsham Township	21
Hummelstown	3
Huntingdon	10
Indiana	20
Jeannette	21
Jenkintown	14
Jim Thorpe	5
Kennedy Township	11
Kennett Square	8
Kingston	20
Kulpmont	2
Kutztown	5
Lansdale	22
Lansford	4
Latrobe	21
Lawrence Park Township	4
Leetsdale	4
Lehighton	7
Lemoyne	5
Lewisburg	6
Lewistown	21
Ligonier	4
Littlestown	2
Lock Haven	17
Lower Allen Township	8
Lower Burrell	9
Lower Makefield Township	13
Lower Paxton Township	19
Lower Providence Township	11
Lower Saucon Township	2
Lower Southampton Township	20
Loyalhanna Township	2
Manheim	3
Mansfield	3
Marcus Hook	8
Masontown	5
McAdoo	6
McCandless Township	24
McConnellsburg	3
Meadville	22
Mechanicsburg	9
Millersville	4
Milton	9
Minersville	6
Monaca	10
Monessen	20
Montoursville	2
Morrisville	11
Mount Oliver	9
Mount Pleasant	11
Mount Union	4
Muhlenberg Township	12
Munhall	21
Myerstown	2
Narberth	6
Nether Providence Township	13
New Brighton	10
New Cumberland	7
New Eagle	1
New Holland	2
Northampton Township	11
North Belle Vernon	1
North Braddock	17
North Catasauqua	2
North East	5
North Versailles Township	13
Oakmont	12
Oil City	26
Olyphant	6
Palmer Township	10
Palmyra	6
Parkesburg	4
Patton	1
Penbrook	3
Penn Township	5
Pitcairn Township	4
Plains	10
Pleasant Hills	17
Plymouth	12
Portage	3
Port Allegany	2
Port Carbon	1
Pottsville	32
Prospect Park	5
Punxsutawney	11
Quakertown	11
Republic	2
Reserve Township	4
Reynoldsville	4
Richland Township	8
Rochester	10
Rockledge	1
Roselyn Farms Boro	2
Royersford	4
Saint Marys	8
Salisbury Township	6
Schuylkill Haven	7
Scottdale	11
Selinsgrove	5
Sharon	34
Sharon Hill	10
Sharpsburg	7
Shenandoah	15
Shippensburg	8
Slippery Rock	3
Somerset	10
South Fork	1
South Greensburg	2
South Lebanon Township	3
Southmont	2
South Williamsport	3
Speers Boro	1
Spring City	2
Springdale	5
Springettsbury Township	16
Springfield Township	26
Spring Garden Township	17
Steelton	14
Stowe Township	13
Sunbury	12
Swissvale	21
Tamaqua	9
Titusville	12
Towanda	5
Trafford	4
Tredyffin Township	32
Tyrone	9
Union City	7
Uniontown	35
Upper Gwynedd Township	13
Upper Merion Township	40
Upper Moreland Township	29
Upper Saucon Township	2
Upper Southampton Township	16
Upper Yoder Township	2
Vandergrift	8
Verona	6
Washington	32
Waynesburg	5
Wellsboro	4
West Chester	32
West Goshen Township	14
West Homestead	13
West Lampeter Township	2
Westmont	8
West Newton	2
West Norriton Township	9
West Reading	6
West View	8
Whitehall	17
Whitehall Township	23
Whitemarsh Township	22
Whitpain Township	9
Wilkins Township	11
Williamstown	2
Willistown Township	8
Wilson	6
Windber	7
Winton	3
Wyomissing	12
Yeadon	16
Youngwood	3
Zelienople	5
RHODE ISLAND	
Barrington	26
Bristol	23
Burrillville	11
East Greenwich	19
Jamestown	8
Johnston	37
Lincoln	18
Narragansett	20
North Kingstown	29
Portsmouth	16
Smithfield	18
South Kingstown	26
Tiverton	13
West Warwick	35
SOUTH CAROLINA	
Bamberg	6
Barnwell	8
Batesburg	5
Bennettsville	13
Camden	24
Chester	13
Clemson	12
Conway	25
Darlington	20
Duncan	1
Gaffney	20
Great Falls	5
Greenwood	43
Greer	20
Lake City	14
Laurens	27
Liberty	4
Marion	16
Newberry	17
North Augusta	15
Orangeburg	33
Seneca	15
Union	21
Winnsboro	11
SOUTH DAKOTA	
Belle Fourche	6
Brookings	20
Deadwood	11
Flandreau	3
Hot Springs	8
Huron	19
Lead	7
Madison	13
Mitchell	17
Pierre	16
Vermillion	13
Webster	4
Yankton	22
TENNESSEE	
Alcoa	20
Bristol	30
Columbia	30
Crossville	8
Dickson	13
Gallatin	23
Greeneville	28
Humboldt	21
Lawrenceburg	19
Lebanon	23
Lenoir City	12
Lexington	19
Loudon	11
Maryville	19
McKenzie	6
McMinnville	23
Millington	16
Morristown	37
Paris	16
Red Bank	9
Ripley	12
Savannah	12
Sevierville	7
Signal Mountain	15
South Fulton	7
Springfield	15

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
TEXAS	
Alamo Heights	18
Alice	25
Andrews	10
Angleton	11
Aransas Pass	13
Atlanta	5
Azle	11
Ballinger	6
Bellmead	8
Bellville	5
Belton	9
Benbrook	13
Borger	23
Brady	6
Brownfield	20
Brownwood	24
Burkburnett	13
Cameron	10
Carrollton	23
Castle Hills	7
Cisco	12
Cleburne	25
Clute	9
Cockrell Hill	8
College Station	13
Comanche	6
Crane	4
Crockett	9
Cuero	4
Deer Park	16
Diboll	2
Dimmitt	3
Donna	8
Dumas	16
Duncanville	19
Eagle Pass	17
Eastland	5
Edinburg	20
Elgin	7
Euless	22
Farmers Branch	33
Georgetown	7
Gilmer	10
Graham	12
Grapevine	13
Hamlin	9
Henderson	14
Hereford	17
Highland Park	26
Hillsboro	12
Huntsville	11
Hurst	25
Ingleside	6
Iowa Park	9
Jacinto City	11
Kenedy	4
Kennedale	4
Kermit	15
Lake Jackson	9
Lake Worth	10
La Marque	13
Lamesa	19
Lancaster	15
La Porte	14
League City	14
Lewisville	15
Littlefield	11
Lufkin	29
Mathis	3
McGregor	3
Mercedes	10
Mexia	13
Mineola	5
Mission	16
Mount Pleasant	15
Muleshoe	4
Nacogdoches	37
New Braunfels	28
North Richland Hills	21
Olmos Park	8
Olney	4
Palestine	26
Paris	36
Pearland	10
Pecos	13
Plainview	30
Plano	31
Port Isabel	8
Portland	9
Port Lavaca	20
Raymondville	9
Richland Hills	14
Richmond	6
Robstown	27
Rosenberg	17
Rusk	3
San Benito	15
Seguin	25
Seminole	7
Sinton	9
Slaton	13
Snyder	17
Stamford	6
Stephenville	15
Sweetwater	20
Taft	3
Taylor	12
Terrell Hills	8
Tulia	5
Uvalde	14
Waxahachie	19
Weatherford	19
Winters	3
Yoakum	7
UTAH	
American Fork	6
Bountiful	19
Helper	4
Layton	10
Midvale	7
Pleasant Grove	5
Richfield	6
Roy	12
Saint George	5
Sandy	5
South Ogden	7
South Salt Lake	12
Spanish Fork	7
Sunset	5
Tooele	16
Vernal	6
Washington Terrace	4
Brattleboro	25
Colchester	4
Essex Junction	10
Hartford	12
Manchester Center	4
Manchester Village	1
Montpelier	12
Newport	8
Poultney	2
Proctor	1
Randolph	2
Saint Albans	12
Saint Johnsbury	10
Windsor	7
Winooski	11
Woodstock	5
VIRGINIA	
Abingdon	12
Bedford	18
Big Stone Gap	6
Bluefield	11
Bristol	28
Buena Vista	13
Cape Charles	3
Chase City	9
Christiansburg	10
Clifton Forge	14
Covington	18
Culpeper	10
Dublin	4
Emporia	16
Falls Church	30
Franklin	17
Fredericksburg	30
Front Royal	17
Harrisonburg	25
Hopewell	37
Lexington	18
Luray	8
Manassas	14
Manassas Park	7
Marion	14
Martinsville	41
Norton	13
Pulaski	17
Radford	19
Saltville	8
South Boston	18
Staunton	49
Suffolk	31
Vienna	25
Vinton	9
Warrenton	13
Waynesboro	33
Williamsburg	23
Winchester	37
WASHINGTON	
Aberdeen	31
Anacortes	15
Auburn	41
Blaine	4
Bothell	12
Buckley	4
Burlington	5
Camas	11
Centralia	17
Chehalis	10
Clarkston	12
Cle Elum	3
Clyde Hill Town	4
Colfax	4
College Place	6
Colville	5
Des Moines	9
Edmonds	30
Ellensburg	22
Enumclaw	11
Ephrata	11
Goldendale	4
Grand Coulee	2
Grandview	8
Hoquiam	17
Issaquah	8
Kennewick	25
Kent	28
Kirkland	26
Lacey	14
Marysville	11
Mercer Island	28
Moses Lake	18
Mountlake Terrace	24
Mount Vernon	14
Oak Harbor	10
Ocean Shores	9
Othello	8
Pasco	30
Port Angeles	28
Pullman	19
Puyallup	26
Raymond	7
Redmond	20
Renton	69
Sedro Woolley	7
Selah	4
Shelton	13
Sumner	8
Toppenish	15
Town of Mercer Island	4
Wapato	9
Washougal	4
Wenatchee	25
WEST VIRGINIA	
Beckley	28
Benwood	7
Bluefield	23
Bridgeport	5
Buckhannon	6
Charles Town	7
Grafton	7
Morgantown	31
Moundsville	16
Mount Hope	2
Philippi	4
Point Pleasant	7
Ravenswood	9
Ripley	4
Spencer	5
Summersville	9
Williamstown	1

Table 57.—Number of Full-Time Police Department Employees, December 31, 1969, Cities with Population under 25,000—Con.

City by State	Total police employees
WISCONSIN	
Algoma	5
Antigo	15
Ashland	15
Baraboo	19
Bayside	16
Beaver Dam	23
Berlin	9
Black River Falls	6
Brown Deer	21
Burlington	19
Cedarburg	11
Chilton	4
Chippewa Falls	22
Clintonville	9
Columbus	5
Cornell	3
Cudahy	35
De Forest	2
Delavan	12
De Pere	16
Dodgeville	5
Elkhorn	7
Elm Grove	16
Evansville	8
Fort Atkinson	15
Fox Point	21
Franklin	17
Germantown	13
Glendale	31
Grafton	10
WISCONSIN—Con.	
Greendale	18
Greenfield	23
Hales Corners	11
Hartford	12
Horicon	5
Hurley	5
Jefferson	10
Kaukauna	16
Kewaunee	5
Kiel	5
Kimberly	6
Lake Geneva	15
Lake Mills	4
Lancaster	5
Little Chute	5
Marinette	20
Marshfield	32
Mayville	5
Menomonee Falls	53
Menomonie	21
Mequon	21
Merrill	17
Middleton	10
Monona	12
Monroe	19
Muskego	17
Neenah	39
Nekoosa	6
New Berlin	40
New Holstein	4
WISCONSIN—Con.	
Oak Creek	34
Oconomowoc	15
Oconto	6
Onalaska	2
Park Falls	5
Peshtigo	4
Platteville	14
Plymouth	9
Port Washington	12
Prairie du Chien	10
Reedsburg	11
Rhinelander	17
Rice Lake	14
Richland Center	8
Ripon	14
River Falls	8
Rothschild	4
Saint Francis	13
Schofield	4
Shawano	12
Sheboygan Falls	7
Shorewood	27
South Milwaukee	31
Sparta	11
Spooner	6
Stevens Point	30
Stoughton	11
Sturgeon Bay	11
Tomah	11
Two Rivers	25
WISCONSIN—Con.	
Viroqua	6
Waterford	5
Watertown	26
Waupaca	9
Waupun	10
West Bend	20
West Milwaukee	28
Whitefish Bay	31
Whitewater	18
Wisconsin Rapids	40
WYOMING	
Buffalo	7
Gillette	23
Lander	12
Laramie	30
Newcastle	10
Powell	13
Rawlins	13
Riverton	16
Rock Springs	18
Sheridan	19
Thermopolis	10
Torrington	12
Worland	14

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities over 250,000 in population										
Akron, Ohio	12,750	23	12	91	747	433	3,943	4,288	4,545	3,227
Albuquerque, N. Mex	13,248	11	26	98	402	849	5,427	4,710	6,639	1,751
Atlanta, Ga	21,254	173	71	173	1,107	1,192	8,740	5,839	10,841	4,008
Austin, Tex	6,823	27	17	44	233	744	3,091	1,373	7,073	1,011
Baltimore, Md	61,355	236	98	675	8,864	9,023	19,367	12,829	17,291	10,361
Birmingham, Ala	11,843	92	35	87	305	1,800	3,724	4,230	3,800	1,906
Boston, Mass	35,397	91	31	253	2,984	1,829	9,002	6,348	4,385	15,190
Buffalo, N. Y	16,783	44		140	1,057	780	5,622	5,310	5,303	3,330
Charlotte, N. C	11,258	56	22	67	422	2,063	4,392	3,148	3,416	1,068
Chicago, Ill	128,426	715	320	1,334	21,476	12,767	36,465	19,641	70,880	36,028
Cincinnati, Ohio	13,154	66	32	179	860	700	5,068	4,449	7,654	1,832
Cleveland, Ohio	49,623	266	48	303	5,638	2,073	11,867	7,197	11,055	22,279
Columbus, Ohio	21,865	52	34	270	1,384	769	8,124	6,928	8,187	4,338
Dallas, Tex	42,446	232	108	431	2,531	3,666	19,848	8,037	29,550	7,701
Dayton, Ohio	12,368	58	25	83	1,017	784	5,068	3,077	5,919	2,281
Denver, Colo	30,594	68	56	330	1,702	1,822	11,415	8,903	9,805	6,394
Detroit, Mich	109,638	430	43	913	17,414	4,934	41,264	22,236	25,970	22,438
El Paso, Tex	8,429	15	30	41	223	397	4,054	2,008	7,727	1,603
Fort Worth, Tex	13,949	57	10	92	965	611	6,371	2,194	12,206	3,429
Honolulu, Hawaii	14,428	17	10	56	230	118	6,194	4,646	7,004	3,167
Houston, Tex	57,887	281	72	405	5,395	2,753	24,684	11,796	16,530	12,373
Indianapolis, Ind	21,265	65	50	165	1,651	859	8,926	4,665	11,069	4,933
Jacksonville, Fla	20,782	71		214	1,145	1,948	9,059	5,709	7,573	2,636
Jersey City, N.J	6,318	33	8	41	579	231	1,455	282	651	3,697
Kansas City, Mo	31,946	105	50	375	2,579	1,995	12,269	7,597	10,238	6,926
Long Beach, Calif	14,767	29	4	189	903	516	5,834	4,433	6,100	2,863
Los Angeles, Calif	169,742	377	206	2,115	11,909	14,798	64,515	43,879	47,014	32,149
Louisville, Ky	19,869	76	66	96	1,443	694	5,168	6,592	4,404	5,802
Memphis, Tenn	18,556	88	44	108	1,175	688	8,507	5,494	5,539	2,496
Miami, Fla	20,723	72	35	89	2,749	2,548	7,094	5,092	6,366	3,079
Milwaukee, Wis	19,219	43	28	78	643	688	4,381	8,350	8,640	5,036
Minneapolis, Minn	23,179	30	9	174	1,646	582	9,382	5,766	8,455	5,899
Nashville, Tenn	16,619	73	53	132	837	1,306	6,295	4,590	3,775	3,387
Newark, N.J	30,491	101	43	234	3,888	2,213	10,884	5,826	5,749	7,345
New Orleans, La	28,383	76	48	323	2,539	2,253	8,459	8,181	7,426	6,522
New York, N.Y	478,357	1,043	73	2,120	59,182	29,717	171,308	129,136	61,404	85,796
Norfolk, Va	12,418	36	19	82	917	1,043	4,206	4,224	4,139	1,910
Oakland, Calif	30,900	74	28	197	2,572	1,118	14,182	6,488	13,702	6,269
Oklahoma City, Okla	10,540	44	60	98	534	783	5,565	1,339	7,032	2,180
Omaha, Nebr	11,006	28	15	51	648	983	3,398	2,850	6,423	3,136
Philadelphia, Pa	37,060	271	98	505	4,859	3,617	14,063	3,377	17,376	10,368
Phoenix, Ariz	25,980	46	60	166	1,167	1,969	11,659	6,796	16,846	4,178
Pittsburgh, Pa	32,113	46	20	249	2,841	1,730	10,125	7,867	4,689	9,246
Portland, Oreg	20,260	30	39	118	1,292	793	7,782	7,221	8,546	3,064
Rochester, N.Y	9,850	35	7	59	360	508	3,391	4,309	7,321	1,188
Sacramento, Calif	11,195	21	15	47	589	385	4,245	3,607	7,047	2,301
St. Louis, Mo	47,164	254	43	604	4,957	3,493	19,073	4,349	29,397	14,434
St. Paul, Minn	15,718	16	14	88	984	590	6,015	3,978	4,992	4,047
San Antonio, Tex	26,989	95	96	215	868	2,057	11,533	7,058	16,060	5,136
San Diego, Calif	19,498	36	63	155	763	789	5,002	9,286	13,069	3,467
San Francisco, Calif	53,781	127	69	598	6,502	2,966	18,637	7,418	25,555	17,533
San Jose, Calif	12,697	13	14	161	369	547	6,274	2,263	16,549	3,070
Seattle, Wash	35,186	58	13	248	2,559	1,096	14,820	10,514	13,302	5,891
Tampa, Fla	12,297	29	33	64	760	986	5,508	3,632	6,441	1,318
Toledo, Ohio	10,178	19	17	75	819	422	3,743	3,633	7,889	1,467

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities over 250,000 in population—Con.										
Tulsa, Okla	11,431	18	21	70	362	522	3,817	4,707	4,470	1,926
Washington, D.C	62,229	287	28	336	12,366	3,609	22,933	11,508	20,402	11,190
Wichita, Kans	8,553	12	7	46	285	371	3,310	3,265	3,887	1,264
Cities 100,000 to 250,000 in population										
Abilene, Tex	1,415	8	3	3	28	26	679	541	1,430	130
Albany, N.Y	3,163	5	1	4	134	89	1,276	448	466	1,207
Alexandria, Va	3,680	8	5	45	273	348	1,111	1,248	2,551	647
Allentown, Pa	2,031	2	8	12	60	119	622	982	1,203	294
Amarillo, Tex	3,327	2	12	15	56	207	1,418	1,269	2,004	360
Anaheim, Calif	6,151	4	9	33	181	143	2,783	2,332	4,063	671
Arlington, Va	4,442	5	8	32	129	84	1,277	2,134	2,294	781
Baton Rouge, La	7,976	23	7	76	241	516	3,880	2,034	4,011	1,206
Beaumont, Tex	3,194	13	7	12	128	566	1,668	432	3,461	355
Berkeley, Calif	6,525	10	2	111	455	193	3,780	793	5,600	1,183
Bridgeport, Conn	8,245	12	9	8	394	192	2,651	3,290	2,254	1,606
Camden, N.J	5,115	23	4	35	345	203	2,101	682	1,635	1,726
Canton, Ohio	3,182	6	8	23	188	130	809	1,533	1,674	468
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	1,606	2	10	7	48	47	400	634	2,285	468
Chattanooga, Tenn	4,957	34	11	18	408	169	2,474	365	1,428	1,469
Colorado Springs, Colo	3,532	9	13	32	187	144	1,448	1,531	2,155	481
Columbia, S.C	5,515	23	2	28	238	343	2,318	1,323	2,702	1,242
Columbus, Ga	2,218	19	7	8	103	80	828	864	961	518
Corpus Christi, Tex	3,045	13	----	37	186	761	3,136	2,949	3,819	963
Dearborn, Mich	3,428	7	----	10	138	68	847	1,414	2,833	944
Des Moines, Iowa	5,917	8	14	36	245	100	1,901	2,588	3,633	1,039
Duluth, Minn	2,257	1	3	10	48	14	923	783	1,546	478
Elizabeth, N.J	4,524	7	9	38	192	299	1,882	782	1,666	1,334
Erie, Pa	1,926	3	1	15	129	102	753	560	2,118	364
Evansville, Ind	4,708	14	9	43	206	384	1,614	1,792	1,636	655
Flint, Mich	10,936	30	16	69	846	1,408	3,689	3,842	5,266	1,083
Fort Lauderdale, Fla	6,387	27	13	48	223	260	2,434	2,168	3,613	1,217
Fort Wayne, Ind	4,885	14	6	40	182	78	1,893	2,315	4,707	693
Fresno, Calif	9,012	12	5	35	303	185	3,322	3,336	5,780	1,819
Garden Grove, Calif	4,464	5	1	20	133	111	1,765	2,014	2,182	418
Gary, Ind	10,301	49	18	125	770	479	3,026	2,345	2,175	3,408
Glendale, Calif	3,838	3	5	27	106	78	1,553	1,373	1,812	701
Grand Rapids, Mich	6,415	14	10	49	270	434	3,327	1,495	2,535	826
Greensboro, N.C	4,678	26	20	22	129	963	1,498	1,463	2,512	575
Hammond, Ind	3,906	6	11	27	201	112	926	1,402	1,629	1,022
Hampton, Va	2,166	9	4	19	58	70	739	1,022	1,626	249
Hartford, Conn	9,163	15	----	32	419	549	3,168	2,479	4,721	2,581
Huntington Beach, Calif	3,665	2	----	29	80	148	1,338	1,713	2,275	355
Huntsville, Ala	4,005	6	----	10	68	297	1,686	1,564	2,132	464
Independence, Mo	1,848	1	4	19	31	145	742	685	1,066	255
Jackson, Miss	2,642	20	11	14	58	97	1,149	926	2,214	378
Kansas City, Kans	7,238	24	13	104	440	404	3,470	935	5,128	1,881
Knoxville, Tenn	4,573	23	21	11	110	286	2,018	1,099	1,801	1,023
Lansing, Mich	5,442	5	----	27	155	256	2,230	1,964	3,648	806
Las Vegas, Nev	3,906	21	8	28	309	133	1,733	1,005	1,699	737
Lincoln, Nebr	2,316	3	8	16	48	151	729	1,034	2,916	333
Little Rock, Ark	7,269	21	16	60	314	653	2,821	2,927	3,566	464
Livonia, Mich	2,591	1	11	8	45	121	1,193	890	856	333
Lubbock, Tex	5,030	12	10	34	64	301	2,264	2,020	2,489	333
Macon, Ga	4,673	26	9	30	189	151	2,182	1,433	1,327	663

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population*—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 100,000 to 250,000 in population—Con.										
Madison, Wis.	3,288	2		23	55	20	992	1,770	3,502	426
Mobile, Ala.	8,104	33	21	53	300	551	4,005	1,541	1,651	1,021
Montgomery, Ala.	3,765	17	15	20	140	90	1,712	1,412	2,117	374
New Bedford, Mass.	4,520		6	9	126	135	1,625	1,084	1,198	1,541
New Haven, Conn.	7,760	10	3	34	180	339	3,275	1,750	3,925	2,172
Newport News, Va.	3,830	15	5	27	174	283	1,528	1,329	2,336	474
Orlando, Fla.	4,529	17	5	16	171	379	2,052	1,467	2,043	427
Pasadena, Calif.	6,856	11	3	74	420	355	2,999	1,994	3,676	1,003
Paterson, N.J.	4,858	18	6	24	456	213	2,079	498	1,051	1,570
Peoria, Ill.	4,830	7	4	32	408	439	1,904	1,401	2,473	639
Portsmouth, Va.	3,633	7	1	21	239	193	1,502	1,088	1,538	583
Providence, R.I.	11,322	14	2	16	804	377	3,809	1,975	5,096	4,627
Pueblo, Colo.	2,236	3	9	12	42	181	698	972	1,842	330
Raleigh, N.C.	3,202	11		18	110	438	816	1,546	1,360	263
Richmond, Va.	10,947	43	20	82	763	523	4,234	2,788	4,904	2,514
Riverside, Calif.	7,490	4	19	32	216	347	3,748	2,246	3,884	897
Roanoke, Va.	3,144	12	8	8	153	211	1,252	857	2,411	651
Rockford, Ill.	4,293	9	7	27	264	158	1,561	1,501	3,175	783
Saginaw, Mich.	3,575	14	3	21	390	299	1,671	522	3,884	668
St. Petersburg, Fla.	7,362	14	1	52	510	736	3,626	1,908	4,956	821
Salt Lake City, Utah	9,234	9	18	59	346	272	3,648	3,430	5,855	1,461
San Bernardino, Calif.	6,146	6	3	20	267	192	2,240	2,547	2,585	874
Santa Ana, Calif.	4,530	8	3	30	184	209	2,523	883	4,253	603
Savannah, Ga.	5,778	28		63	365	363	2,366	1,950	2,122	643
Scranton, Pa.	1,580		1	5	20	87	557	502	633	400
Shreveport, La.	4,123	43		9	161	654	1,700	894	4,018	653
South Bend, Ind.	4,007	7	7	10	353	114	1,414	1,470	2,972	729
Spokane, Wash.	4,801	6	1	20	164	116	2,113	1,737	4,716	645
Springfield, Mass.	7,367	6	31	17	65	171	2,302	1,806	2,508	2,850
Springfield, Mo.	2,283	2	8		27	30	1,072	907	2,346	185
Stamford, Conn.	2,865	4	1	19	116	101	1,700	375	374	580
Syracuse, N.Y.	5,621	7	1	35	376	301	2,270	2,025	3,901	607
Tacoma, Wash.	6,007	7	9	49	332	339	2,448	1,840	2,370	972
Topeka, Kans.	4,382	10	13	31	190	371	1,584	1,872	2,699	315
Torrance, Calif.	4,968	3	7	29	162	109	1,766	2,208	1,938	691
Trenton, N.J.	5,628	20	15	35	724	199	2,357	1,247	1,434	1,045
Tucson, Ariz.	7,173	17	14	60	263	384	3,264	1,791	7,694	1,424
Utica, N.Y.	998	8		3	40	23	561	204	945	134
Virginia Beach, Va.	3,670	3	4	24	61	191	1,149	1,972	2,478	270
Waco, Texas	3,446	11	10	25	96	286	1,681	1,007	2,163	340
Warren, Mich.	4,680	2	3	25	122	243	1,536	1,990	1,968	752
Waterbury, Conn.	3,386	6	1	3	111	63	1,285	903	553	1,015
Wichita Falls, Tex.	1,429	10	5	6	46	133	642	421	2,296	171
Winston-Salem, N.C.	4,401	31	13	28	121	1,001	1,489	1,282	1,984	449
Worcester, Mass.	9,932	8	13	21	345	124	3,981	1,601	2,180	3,852
Yonkers, N.Y.	5,936	5	3	8	237	187	1,844	2,212	2,582	1,443
Youngstown, Ohio	4,893	23	16	25	415	268	1,738	892	3,525	1,532
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population										
Abington Township, Pa.	1,066	1	5	5	28	9	466	301	313	186
Alameda, Calif.	1,164	7	1	4	57	22	531	226	1,818	317
Albany, Ga.	713	7		3	33	31	425	103	34	111
Alhambra, Calif.	1,920	1	1	13	73	64	717	779	752	282
Altoona, Pa.	499		1	7	14	19	256	107	105	96

397-633 O - 70 - 12

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.										
Amherst, N.Y.	1,163	3		1	15	33	478	467	823	188
Anderson, Ind.	1,137			6	31	30	545	331	216	188
Ann Arbor, Mich.	4,107	5		25	126	147	1,488	1,734	2,328	570
Appleton, Wis.	504		1	2	3	6	332	187	1,044	64
Arlington, Mass.	514		3	4	7	27	233	101	53	142
Arlington, Tex.	2,616	3	6	5	37	55	644	1,595	1,526	277
Arlington Heights, Ill.	569	1	1	2	4	10	222	273	856	57
Asheville, N.C.	1,577	10	7	7	57	84	440	705	581	274
Atlantic City, N.J.	5,094	7	2	21	165	101	1,790	1,864	935	1,148
Augusta, Ga.	1,087	17	5	10	85	236	344	95	87	300
Aurora, Colo.	1,975	1	1	17	34	85	687	888	1,319	263
Aurora, Ill.	1,618	3	1	6	127	217	387	602	824	276
Bakersfield, Calif.	3,291	12	3	13	110	139	1,115	1,419	3,382	483
Bay City, Mich.	1,298			5	104	47	438	539	1,312	165
Bayonne, N.J.	993	4	3	5	37	19	375	285	230	266
Bensalem Township, Pa.	825			2	12	12	281	276	191	242
Berwyn, Ill.	807	1	1	3	31	9	331	270	195	162
Bethlehem, Pa.	968	2		1	13	86	341	376	583	169
Billings, Mont.	1,905	1	5	9	40	56	707	871	1,622	221
Biloxi, Miss.	503	2			8	59	277	100	194	57
Binghamton, N.Y.	1,022			5	36	24	501	348	939	106
Bloomfield, N.J.	1,015	1			26	4	373	436	358	175
Bloomington, Minn.	1,531			7	20	12	311	961	1,503	220
Boise, Idaho	1,930	1	1	11	23	102	719	902	1,883	172
Boulder, Colo.						Incomplete				
Bristol, Conn.	758	1	4	3	3	24	433	212	273	82
Bristol Township, Pa.	1,727	4		7	24	29	730	580	904	353
Brockton, Mass.	2,586	1		21	48	154	1,102	588	737	673
Brookline, Mass.	2,680		2	3	53	9	1,307	541	945	767
Brownsville, Tex.	1,376	1	1		4	52	654	373	1,197	292
Buena Park, Calif.	1,421			3	50	38	607	513	883	201
Burbank, Calif.	2,655	5	4	6	97	77	1,107	817	1,464	546
Cambridge, Mass.	6,175	9	2	25	160	199	2,018	1,248	907	2,518
Champaign, Ill.	1,625	2	2	9	87	205	696	460	1,106	108
Charleston, S.C.	3,237	20	1	27	183	191	1,344	1,065	1,906	407
Charleston, W. Va.	2,453	10	11	8	98	155	927	973	1,047	223
Cheektowaga, N.Y.	907	2	1	6	8	12	330	345	855	195
Cherry Hill, N.J.	2,095	1		4	25	19	825	746	369	475
Chesapeake, Va.	1,600	8	16	25	55	98	849	418	1,051	147
Chester, Pa.	3,142	13	6	41	353	457	917	292	504	1,069
Chicopee, Mass.	703	1			4	22	192	197	118	287
Chula Vista, Calif.	1,712	2	2	16	42	57	749	667	1,647	179
Cicero, Ill.						Incomplete				
Clarkstown, N.Y.	868	1		1	10	8	329	430	373	89
Clearwater, Fla.	1,657	6		16	57	79	619	712	1,167	188
Cleveland Heights, Ohio	1,389	1	4	12	48	70	305	349	748	514
Clifton, N.J.	1,107	1	2	2	24	18	302	299	774	371
Colonie Town, N.Y.	876			1	7	3	320	461	410	84
Columbia, Mo.	744			2	33	25	245	350	1,016	89
Compton, Calif.						Incomplete				
Concord, Calif.	2,793	9	5	13	40	52	1,166	1,211	2,235	302
Costa Mesa, Calif.	2,900	1		14	46	64	1,259	1,271	1,901	245
Council Bluffs, Iowa	1,890	1	8	2	32	55	622	847	1,191	331
Covington, Ky.	1,809	7		4	74	65	701	558	764	400
Cranston, R.I.	1,338		1	1	9	37	509	514	779	288

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population*—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.										
Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio	639	3	1	4	10	27	166	319	532	110
Daly City, Calif.	2,376	1	3	7	97	63	757	734	978	717
Davenport, Iowa	1,984	3	4	18	64	48	908	533	2,574	415
Dearborn Heights, Mich.	1,774		3	12	80	94	739	622	1,230	217
Decatur, Ill.	2,237	6		13	98	211	935	649	1,738	325
Des Plaines, Ill.	1,078	1	1	1	14	52	342	546	589	122
Downey, Calif.	3,114	1	2	11	67	104	1,061	1,447	1,247	423
Dubuque, Iowa	985			1	7	1	301	467	1,004	208
Durham, N.C.	2,754	11	3	22	118	421	1,174	751	1,348	257
East Chicago, Ind.	2,222	3	3	27	130	191	379	429	438	1,063
East Detroit, Mich.	1,111	2	1	6	51	30	303	561	761	156
East Hartford, Conn.	1,023	1	1	5	11	12	360	491	407	134
East Orange, N.J.	3,300	3	5	25	255	166	1,276	934	1,117	631
East St. Louis, Ill.	4,389	46		49	500	263	1,576	507	462	1,446
Edison, N.J.	1,394		7	3	37	19	456	622	538	257
Elgin, Ill.	1,135	2	5	7	51	95	246	523	808	211
El Monte, Calif.	2,103	5	2	20	95	123	850	472	705	538
Elyria, Ohio	723	3		2	38	43	340	162	341	134
Euclid, Ohio	704	2	8	3	21	3	172	79	896	424
Eugene, Oreg.	2,951	1	6	16	39	34	950	1,637	2,456	274
Evanston, Ill.	1,620	5	6	13	115	119	594	393	2,451	381
Everett, Wash.	2,348	1		11	58	90	748	1,161	1,899	279
Fairfield, Conn.	1,366			1	16	1	487	646	540	215
Fall River, Mass.	3,324	1	1	2	44	69	1,488	544	410	1,176
Fargo, N. Dak.	723		2	3	13	18	201	390	817	98
Fayetteville, N.C.	2,649	17		18	151	400	833	972	1,072	258
Florissant, Mo.	680	1	1	2	8	21	224	329	769	95
Fort Smith, Ark.	1,299	8	6	8	32	79	463	511	795	198
Framingham, Mass.	944	1	1	2	9	32	264	434	576	202
Fremont, Calif.	2,453	1	3	13	37	56	1,139	950	2,799	257
Fullerton, Calif.	2,478	3	3	10	66	46	588	1,495	2,095	270
Gadsden, Ala.	1,167	7		2	19	77	461	438	401	163
Gainesville, Fla.	2,529	9	5	5	84	193	1,199	906	1,707	133
Galveston, Tex.	3,436	13	8	26	296	329	1,137	1,355	1,117	280
Garland, Tex.	1,652	1	4	15	24	93	628	723	1,123	168
Gastonia, N.C.	1,687	11	2	7	13	148	692	619	1,099	197
Grand Prairie, Tex.	1,620	4	14	10	45	110	581	673	782	197
Great Falls, Mont.	1,296	2		3	30	31	498	405	1,236	327
Greece, N.Y.	552	1		5	5	12	119	384	525	26
Green Bay, Wis.	985				7	10	490	333	549	145
Greenville, Miss.	634	7		6	10	16	339	228	560	28
Greenville, S. C.	2,971	10	3	25	195	198	1,156	1,003	790	384
Greenwich, Conn.	664	1			10	13	274	275	273	91
Hamilton Township, N.J.	1,574	1	7	4	39	9	682	557	677	282
Hamilton, Ohio	1,880	4	4	3	60	180	647	820	1,380	178
Harrisburg, Pa.	2,833	5	1	21	148	159	1,106	584	895	810
Haverford Township, Pa.	532		1		6	5	155	208	261	96
Hawthorne, Calif.	2,263	2	2	8	102	54	732	923	592	442
Hayward, Calif.	4,816	3	7	15	151	152	1,591	2,131	2,684	723
Hialeah, Fla.	3,331	8	8	11	160	185	1,095	1,351	1,258	821
High Point, N.C.	1,489	11	4	4	27	47	552	649	754	169
Hollywood, Fla.	4,060	7	8	11	150	183	1,485	1,345	2,859	879
Holyoke, Mass.	1,930	3	6	4	64	52	731	448	491	628
Huntington, W. Va.	2,094	5		14	68	219	791	744	1,476	253
Inglewood, Calif.	4,925	4	2	27	406	121	1,494	1,844	1,345	1,027

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.										
Irondequoit, N.Y.	575		3	2	6	14	131	367	802	55
Irving, Tex.	2,250	6	7	8	38	150	767	1,003	1,355	276
Irvington, N.J.	1,664	1	2	2	100	45	655	420	837	441
Jackson, Mich.	1,462	5	1	8	66	126	512	586	940	157
Joliet, Ill.	2,272	5	10	28	199	180	843	745	1,028	272
Kalamazoo, Mich.	3,214	4	1	18	101	456	1,088	1,227	2,524	320
Kenosha, Wis.	1,536	3		3	62	27	547	480	1,485	414
Kettering, Ohio	1,006	1		5	28	58	443	393	1,243	135
Key West, Fla.	642	1		1	30	53	279	212	323	93
Kokomo, Ind.	836	3	1	4	20	9	249	427	647	124
La Crosse, Wis.	644	1			4	2	231	313	1,103	93
Lafayette, La.	1,921	5		19	63	206	797	629	807	203
Lake Charles, La.	1,311	5	2	7	62	90	574	425	847	148
Lakeland, Fla.	1,211	6	1	1	47	19	454	544	942	140
Lakewood, Ohio	482	1		2	15	14	197	27	600	226
Lancaster, Pa.	718	4	3	9	45	48	284	229	896	99
Laredo, Tex.	1,074	3		3	15	56	486	415	422	128
Las Cruces, N. Mex.	1,245	1	5	5	25	13	473	582	797	148
Lawrence, Mass.	1,546	3	4	6	23	15	636	237	150	626
Lawton, Okla.	2,436	4	6	31	100	297	853	873	1,748	278
Lexington, Ky.	4,429	10	4	18	116	197	1,888	2,066	1,755	632
Lima, Ohio	1,516	2	2	1	84	29	678	574	1,180	146
Lincoln Park, Mich.	1,707			13	56	57	354	906	1,208	319
Longview, Tex.	796	4	1	5	33	58	330	295	146	62
Lorain, Ohio	2,733	3	8	25	156	129	946	663	537	811
Lowell, Mass.	2,156	1	4	11	67	58	714	501	573	804
Lower Merion Township, Pa.	1,355	1	3	3	29	22	493	446	515	361
Lynchburg, Va.	917	7	4	9	60	46	424	301	886	61
Lynn, Mass.	3,867	1	3	32	120	143	1,707	724	1,375	1,140
Malden, Mass.	853		3	6	22	16	228	225	140	356
Manchester, N.H.	1,259	1	3	7	22	22	608	359	754	240
Mansfield, Ohio	1,705	4	5	9	69	300	622	519	890	183
Medford, Mass.	812		6		11		234	313	145	254
Meriden, Conn.	1,133	6	6	4	9	36	428	493	429	187
Meridian, Miss.	403	3	5	8	7	40	206	76	637	64
Mesa, Ariz.	1,739	4	2	4	12	29	536	954	1,515	309
Mesquite, Tex.	1,077	4	3	4	23	40	335	517	968	184
Miami Beach, Fla.	2,594	2	10	11	130	45	1,298	776	1,804	322
Middletown, Ohio	1,428	2	1	7	36	30	649	508	947	196
Middletown Township, N.J.	494		8	3	5	12	245	187	203	42
Midland, Tex.	973	11	3	14	25	56	551	234	502	83
Modesto, Calif.	2,574	1	6	10	56	88	806	1,350	2,416	264
Monroe, La.	882	6		7	23	179	294	226	2,007	147
Mountain View, Calif.	1,320			11	29	30	337	665	1,260	248
Mount Vernon, N.Y.	1,960	2		8	87	41	539	776	579	507
Muncie, Ind.	1,803	4	4	14	91	91	717	653	485	323
Muskegon, Mich.	2,187	1	5	13	129	183	878	816	1,438	167
Nashua, N.H.	415		1	2	8	9	129	125	185	143
National City, Calif.	1,342	3		10	90	27	366	538	994	308
New Britain, Conn.	2,330	1	1	6	47	78	1,172	597	489	438
New Rochelle, N.Y.	2,012		2	4	86	49	796	786	598	291
Newton, Mass.	1,986			2	9	61	868	530	513	487
Niagara Falls, N.Y.	3,006	6	4	5	216	198	1,006	1,209	1,450	308
Norman, Okla.	919			1	7	39	377	435	494	60
North Little Rock, Ark.	2,370	15	1	13	100	245	1,030	769	635	196

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population*—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.										
Norwalk, Conn.	2,196	2	2	13	54	114	369	842	905	302
Oak Lawn, Ill.	889	1	4	2	16	60	315	353	851	112
Oak Park, Ill.	653	4		3	63	25	263	189	573	106
Odessa, Tex.	1,262	4	2	6	29	54	203	226	2,554	140
Ogden, Utah	2,064	2	3	11	66	80	822	716	2,608	387
Ontario, Calif.	2,387	1	2	21	53	106	930	982	1,170	294
Orange, Calif.	1,946		2	14	34	47	1,004	710	1,912	137
Oshkosh, Wis.	567	1			2		172	305	1,275	87
Overland Park, Kans.	1,153		3	5	11	31	303	704	801	99
Owensboro, Ky.	868	6	1	2	12	68	324	404	544	82
Oxnard, Calif.	2,810	5	1	25	87	150	1,202	904	1,060	437
Palo Alto, Calif.	2,161	3	3	15	75	38	730	1,045	1,672	255
Parma, Ohio	1,337		1	1	19	45	423	587	530	202
Parsippany-Troy Hills, N.J.	722	1	5	5	8	4	299	306	230	99
Pasadena, Tex.	1,167		2	3	16	39	499	376	946	234
Passaic, N.J.	2,743	2	4	5	144	179	526	719	619	868
Pawtucket, R.I.	1,643	1	3	2	29	15	550	301	1,042	655
Penn Hills Township, Pa.	854		3	2	41	15	416	200	143	130
Pensacola, Fla.	2,094	9	4	18	89	127	840	813	1,201	193
Pine Bluff, Ark.	1,829	10	2	19	41	83	876	661	636	149
Pittsfield, Mass.	817	1	3	1	8	11	381	295	324	120
Pomona, Calif.	3,552	3	5	23	182	236	1,413	1,167	1,550	508
Pontiac, Mich.	5,418	12	13	45	302	805	2,053	1,425	2,363	718
Port Arthur, Tex.	1,620	1	2	10	80	79	741	543	602	166
Portland, Maine	1,360	2	1	2	35	21	553	432	1,060	315
Prichard, Ala.						Incomplete				
Quincy, Mass.	2,868	1	2	9	61	36	984	876	1,125	929
Racine, Wis.	2,741	5	2	17	145	300	1,086	818	2,427	370
Reading, Pa.	1,868	4	1	26	113	101	817	496	738	321
Redford Township, Mich.	1,519	1	1	1	37	63	398	782	1,174	267
Redondo Beach, Calif.	2,879	4		14	134	96	1,061	1,100	1,334	480
Redwood City, Calif.	1,739	2		6	42	27	617	676	531	369
Reno, Nev.	2,746	3	6	9	131	82	1,045	1,051	2,041	425
Richmond, Calif.	6,068	10	3	52	373	475	2,586	1,586	2,073	906
Rochester, Minn.	810			2	13	3	250	375	1,172	108
Rock Island, Ill.	1,425	2	1	10	80	93	462	503	705	176
Rome, N.Y.	489		1	1		4	143	108	267	143
Roseville, Mich.	1,431	2	1	9	30	33	461	606	1,434	290
Royal Oak, Mich.	2,055	1		9	63	212	797	743	1,463	230
St. Clair Shores, Mich.	1,748	2	2	6	43	51	706	757	1,188	181
St. Joseph, Mo.	1,301	4	1	1	6	63	529	498	1,497	200
St. Louis Park, Minn.	1,053		2	2	17	3	310	603	727	115
Salem, Oreg.	1,968	5	5	12	55	128	585	580	1,880	134
Salinas, Calif.	2,160	5	2	8	56	65	634	1,019	921	373
San Angelo, Tex.	1,248	2		5	7	47	789	274	1,311	124
San Leandro, Calif.	2,912	2	2	12	110	87	1,208	1,114	1,238	319
San Mateo, Calif.	2,927	1	1	15	136	116	1,218	902	2,452	479
Santa Barbara, Calif.	2,175		1	8	41	67	915	856	2,137	288
Santa Clara, Calif.	2,672	1		21	54	74	902	1,249	1,971	371
Santa Monica, Calif.	4,936	4	3	54	229	277	1,736	1,971	1,813	648
Schenectady, N.Y.	1,152	1		2	58	43	512	282	935	254
Scottsdale, Ariz.	2,028	3	3	4	24	49	711	1,082	1,147	185
Sioux City, Iowa	2,979	2	4	4	15	90	640	716	1,794	622
Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	1,192	1	1	10	22	33	346	391	1,206	190
Skokie, Ill.	1,890	1	4	1	20	72	477	879	904	140

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 50,000 to 100,000 in population—Con.										
Somerville, Mass.	2,223	4	2	7	57	48	781	531	665	725
Southfield, Mich.	2,083	1	14	2	34	16	536	1,065	1,368	429
South Gate, Calif.	2,335	8	6	11	132	33	900	770	825	421
Spartanburg, S.C.	1,454	5	2	24	43	117	551	528	807	185
Springfield, Ill.	2,364	2		3	82	77	1,191	655	1,189	364
Springfield, Ohio	1,727	3	8	17	154	61	825	424	1,798	242
Sterling Heights, Mich.	1,435	1		9	23	57	501	669	611	175
Stockton, Calif.	5,129	12	2	30	364	193	2,127	1,307	3,605	1,009
Sunnyvale, Calif.	1,565	1	1	14	35	60	554	542	3,046	359
Tallahassee, Fla.	1,441	6		6	46	134	681	450	1,034	113
Tempe, Ariz.	1,786		1	12	12	102	483	985	1,104	122
Terre Haute, Ind.	1,794	2	1	1	86	35	612	763	1,577	286
Tonawanda Town, N.Y.	979			7	28	15	373	378	643	178
Troy, N.Y.	1,379	3	1	13	32	82	565	368	455	310
Tuscaloosa, Ala.	1,667	8	2	11	50	170	843	467	422	130
Tyler, Texas	1,391	2		13	22	147	572	531	937	104
Union City, N.J.	1,633	4		4	33	31	749	244	183	868
Union Township, N.J.	1,314		5	1	40	6	411	584	606	272
University City, Mo.	1,292	5		12	79	22	673	260	980	241
Upper Darby Township, Pa.	1,201	1	5	4	26	34	520	189	1,491	427
Vallejo, Calif.	3,383	10	5	23	168	59	1,493	1,146	2,299	494
Victoria, Texas	453	4	3	2	7	53	206	143	442	30
Waltham, Mass.	1,223			4	7	8	611	251	283	342
Warren, Ohio	1,850	4	2	9	126	108	675	744	481	193
Warwick, R.I.	1,942		8	2	10	72	550	977	842	322
Waterford Township, Mich.	1,724	2	7	12	28	84	590	847	980	182
Waterloo, Iowa	1,246	3		19	48	116	373	504	1,304	183
Waukegan, Ill.	2,079	4	4	11	115	150	580	878	964	341
Wauwatosa, Wis.	1,006			1	11	12	353	514	596	115
West Allis, Wis.	991		1	3	10	9	309	490	1,410	170
West Covina, Calif.	2,237		7	10	62	57	827	1,017	1,026	284
West Hartford, Conn.	861		2	2	8	13	420	249	203	169
West Haven, Conn.	1,281	2		2	9	7	444	542	306	275
Westland, Mich.	1,675	1	1	11	33	127	529	683	1,182	291
Westminster, Calif.	1,839			9	56	50	880	640	1,010	264
West Palm Beach, Fla.	2,054	10	2	11	65	137	872	736	1,953	223
Weymouth, Mass.	266			3	7	7	123	80	37	46
White Plains, N.Y.	1,805	2		4	78	150	443	909	746	219
Whittier, Calif.	2,280	3	2	9	36	71	1,011	908	1,233	242
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	543	2		1	15	24	133	243	227	125
Wilmington, Del.	4,878	18	7	18	448	92	1,663	1,148	1,933	1,491
Woodbridge Township, N.J.	1,551		4	5	27	17	558	610	638	334
Wyoming, Mich.	1,102		1	9	10	59	367	563	1,091	94
York, Pa.	1,453	6		8	120	76	560	313	785	370
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population										
Aberdeen, S. Dak.	222			4	4	10	100	83	435	21
Alamogordo, N. Mex.	424	3	2	2	6	11	109	195	538	36
Alexandria, La.	1,561	5		18	78	126	753	342	782	229
Aliquippa, Pa.						Incomplete				
Allen Park, Mich.	938	2	5	5	19	49	268	465	637	130
Alliance, Ohio	660	2	5	4	58	29	182	294	537	111
Alton, Ill.	927	2	1	6	47	23	494	230	677	135
Ames, Iowa	568	1		3	2	34	81	425	459	43
Anchorage, Alaska	2,303	7	3	35	100	116	707	827	1,510	511
Anderson, S.C.	670	10		4	12	50	180	346	388	68

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Annapolis, Md.	1,191	2		5	56	39	350	573	640	186
Anniston, Ala.	657	12	1	8	19	95	211	203	172	100
Arcadia, Calif.	1,112	1		5	25	20	309	574	998	118
Arvada, Colo.	570	2	1	1	2	5	175	344	614	41
Ashland, Ky.	477	2			6	15	191	221	257	43
Ashtabula, Ohio	899	1	2	4	13	88	238	210	438	85
Athens, Ga.	1,654	11	2	3	36	65	511	828	491	200
Athens, Ohio						Incomplete				
Attleboro, Mass.	606	1			7	26	250	206	298	116
Auburn, Maine	329		1	1	2	4	147	138	306	37
Auburn, N.Y.	230	2		1		3	116	87	87	21
Austin, Minn.	343			1	4	8	147	126	681	57
Azusa, Calif.	927	1		8	30	51	405	331	486	104
Baldwin Borough, Pa.	200			4	5	10	90	64	126	27
Baldwin Park, Calif.	1,363	4	7	18	82	72	637	351	457	229
Bangor, Maine	238				4	6	99	52	517	77
Barberton, Ohio	897	3		5	48	99	246	267	506	229
Bartlesville, Okla.	251		1	1	2	31	82	123	220	12
Battle Creek, Mich.	1,880	6	2	20	74	213	576	473	1,223	218
Baytown, Tex.	1,142			12	27	127	450	416	470	110
Belleville, Ill.	555		1	2	13	3	166	281	357	90
Belleville, N.J.	586	1	2	1	9	8	185	234	73	148
Bellevue, Wash.	1,273			2	12	62	667	453	1,046	77
Bellingham, Wash.	1,066			7	13	26	317	502	1,074	111
Belmont, Mass.	245			1	4	3	107	81	91	49
Beloit, Wis.	908	1	3	1	40	21	235	521	1,003	84
Bergenfield, N.J.	296				3	7	92	148	221	45
Bessemer, Ala.	1,048	3	2	8	64	193	348	296	271	136
Bethel Park, Pa.	370				1	2	144	178	139	54
Beverly, Mass.	757				6	5	234	250	415	162
Beverly Hills, Calif.	1,287	1		4	47	21	544	474	422	196
Big Spring, Tex.	519	2		1	9	43	218	204	329	42
Birmingham, Mich.	516				13	20	175	258	481	50
Bismarck, N. Dak.	436			1	3		90	275	614	67
Bloomfield Township, Mich.	634	1		3	17	10	200	270	563	43
Bloomington, Ill.	977	1	2	2	40	47	400	363	622	115
Bloomington, Ind.	467			7	7	9	119	231	304	94
Blytheville, Ark.	638		1	4	6	108	232	221	308	57
Bossier City, La.	900	2	3	4	12	95	278	420	621	80
Bowling Green, Ky.	1,028	1		3	27	114	269	421	277	193
Braintree, Mass.	577				3	13	182	306	210	283
Bremerton, Wash.	632		3	6	18	18	347	341	815	102
Bridgewater Township, N.J.	305		2	1	6	1	110	150	89	28
Brighton, N.Y.	357	1			1	13	97	225	187	20
Brooklyn Center, Minn.	738			1	5	3	242	391	628	96
Brook Park						Incomplete				
Bryan, Texas	578	2	1	7	25	63	223	185	324	73
Burlingame, Calif.	869	1		6	22	25	355	324	364	136
Burlington, Iowa	227	1			4		119	77	304	26
Burlington, N.C.	590	3	1	3	9	75	109	334	361	57
Burlington, Vt.	657		2	1	10	8	330	179	648	129
Butte, Mont.	560	1	2	5	11	5	219	177	281	142
Calumet City, Ill.	1,391	2	3	6	74	116	326	449	431	418
Cape Girardeau, Mo.	720	1		3	13	14	269	345	453	75
Carlsbad, N. Mex.	523	1		1	4	14	221	247	365	35

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Casper, Wyo.	838	5		3	12		364	340	560	114
Cedar Falls, Iowa	302				1	13	66	193	405	29
Charlottesville, Va.	763	1	3	11	8	45	193	422	589	83
Chelsea, Mass.	884	1		1	36	29	304	146	98	367
Cheltenham Township, Pa.	1,315		2	2	22	12	350	600	687	239
Cheyenne, Wyo.	867	2		8	15	22	386	330	1,221	104
Chicago Heights, Ill.	1,352	4	1	8	76	279	343	331	496	311
Chillicothe, Ohio	205		1		4	9	91	83	139	18
Clarksburg, W. Va.						Incomplete				
Clarksville, Tenn.	636	3		1	9	19	271	219	181	114
Clinton, Iowa	648			4	9	17	200	325	931	98
Clovis, N. Mex.	538				2	16	260	228	290	22
Columbus, Ind.	616	2		1	9	24	278	212	670	90
Columbus, Miss.	398	2		2	2	42	208	81	308	31
Concord, N.H.	244		4		3		104	84	65	53
Coon Rapids, Minn.	473			2	4	20	145	246	498	56
Coral Gables, Fla.	1,547	2		3	49	26	377	930	931	100
Corona, Calif.	909		1	5	13	23	314	380	542	94
Coronado, Calif.	511		2	2	1	2	176	292	600	36
Corvallis, Oreg.	298			1		16	81	185	843	15
Covina, Calif.	873			5	14	28	407	323	357	96
Cranford Township, N.J.	214			1	2	1	83	95	187	32
Crystal, Minn.	540		1	1	7	8	209	233	476	92
Culver City, Calif.	1,752	2	5	10	145	45	507	725	828	318
Cumberland, Md.	225			2	6	17	63	91	137	46
Danbury, Conn.	1,086	2	1	4	12	31	326	580	537	122
Danvers, Mass.	346				4	7	96	181	151	35
Danville, Ill.	1,085	1		10	82	32	376	475	506	109
Danville, Va.	917	1	1	2	9	100	335	382	591	96
Daytona Beach, Fla.	2,488	5	6	22	75	158	1,186	826	1,969	216
Decatur, Ala.						Incomplete				
Decatur, Ga.	303		1	1	6	12	89	100	40	95
Dedham, Mass.	532		1	2	2	12	221	279	249	316
De Kalb, Ill.	232				2	3	64	147	208	16
Del City, Okla.	414			2	6	23	127	209	427	47
Delhi Township, Ohio	143	4	1			22	62	50	117	5
Denison, Tex.	174	1	1	1	10	26	61	46	222	29
Denton, Tex.	701	1		10	9	50	179	389	432	63
DeWitt, N.Y.						Incomplete				
Dothan, Ala.	992	5	1	3	15	46	363	468	228	92
Dover Township, N.J.	416	1	3	1	7	5	185	172	66	45
Downers Grove, Ill.	404				7	21	160	188	399	28
East Brunswick Township, N.J.	510		1	3	4	5	164	265	277	60
East Cleveland, Ohio	1,121	4	2	7	90	33	284	77	810	626
East Lansing, Mich.	725			7	4	14	208	412	323	80
Easton, Pa.	630	3		2	14	6	278	201	508	126
East Point, Ga.	841			8	17	111	293	306	236	166
East Providence, R.I.	1,194		6	1	21	17	336	461	932	338
Eau Claire, Wis.	438			3	3	5	139	233	542	55
Edina, Minn.	637				6	23	149	369	590	90
El Cajon, Calif.	1,045	3		12	18	26	454	413	474	119
El Cerrito, Calif.	894			5	53	9	410	265	611	122
El Dorado, Ark.	629	7		2	9	101	238	245	273	27
Elkhart, Ind.	1,123	3		9	53	69	356	519	604	114
Elmhurst, Ill.	579	3	6	2	4	40	204	268	526	60

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities $5,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Elmira, N.Y.	706			3	13	17	243	370	752	60
Enfield, Conn.	546		3	2	3	17	288	162	280	74
Englewood, Colo.	1,099		1	4	14	29	371	489	946	192
Englewood, N.J.	815	1		3	19	19	334	355	183	84
Enid, Okla.	800	2	1	1	11	42	342	332	708	70
Escondido, Calif.	593	1			13	21	261	198	307	99
Eureka, Calif.	662	2	1	1	9	21	221	346	733	62
Everett, Mass.	690			2	26	4	291	140	92	227
Evergreen Park, Ill.	608				10	3	60	394	670	136
Ewing Township, N.J.	778	2		3	26	13	241	373	396	120
Fairborn, Ohio	402		2	1	7	9	110	205	645	70
Fairfield, Calif.	708	1	2	2	18	30	355	306	1,006	75
Fair Lawn, N.J.	476			2	3	5	177	253	300	36
Fairmont, W. Va.	130	1		3	6	7	46	62	45	5
Falls Township, Pa.	582				5	1	315	186	523	75
Farmington, N. Mex.	661	2		10	26	135	202	232	374	84
Fayetteville, Ark.	418	1		1		7	133	250	295	26
Ferguson, Mo.	616			2	8	10	225	260	436	111
Ferndale, Mich.	1,063		2	1	52	92	489	293	421	136
Findlay, Ohio	561	1	2	6	5	14	227	257	343	71
Fitchburg, Mass.	1,349		1	2	21	36	549	372	403	367
Flagstaff, Ariz.					Incomplete					
Florence, Ala.	434				9		289	105	408	51
Florence, S.C.	626	9		2	26	21	293	190	342	85
Fond du Lac, Wis.	178	1			2	3	64	79	364	29
Fort Collins, Colo.	902			5	1	70	208	466	903	52
Fort Dodge, Iowa	829			3	18	11	351	350	522	96
Fort Lee, N.J.	867			3	25	5	214	354	124	366
Fort Myers, Fla.	871	3		2	14	39	350	333	575	120
Fort Pierce, Fla.					Incomplete					
Fountain Valley, Calif.	889	1		4	15	24	428	373	476	44
Franklin Township, N.J.	621		2	9	31	12	309	166	263	94
Freeport, Ill.	344	3	1	1	11	33	128	137	247	31
Freeport, N.Y.	1,555	2		6	66	43	478	649	578	311
Galesburg, Ill.	462	2		3	16	33	167	209	435	32
Gardena, Calif.	1,621	3		14	86	53	418	625	382	422
Garden City, Mich.	727		2	7	25	29	199	335	923	133
Garden City, N.Y.	586				5	4	105	418	220	54
Garfield, N.J.	261	1			7	8	60	83	91	102
Garfield Heights, Ohio	463	4		1	20	6	211	121	377	100
Glen Cove, N.Y.	567			2	14	41	175	245	79	90
Glendale, Ariz.	1,275	2	1	4	15	68	535	494	670	167
Glendora, Calif.	809	2		2	13	23	357	342	343	70
Gloucester, Mass.	294	2		1		9	151	26	71	105
Goldsboro, N.C.	982	6	4	4	28	49	343	391	479	131
Grand Forks, N. Dak.	884			4	7	17	163	592	959	101
Grand Island, Nebr.	727				3	3	284	362	512	75
Granite City, Ill.	1,287			2	22	40	552	343	802	328
Greeley, Colo.	980	2			13	76	221	562	1,061	107
Greenburgh, N.Y.	1,184	1		9	39	42	389	551	308	133
Greenville, N.C.	801	3	2	1	10	76	250	361	442	100
Greenville, Tex.	523	5	1	5	7	33	232	208	276	33
Greenwood, Miss.	629	6	2	14	21	147	231	141	153	69
Gulfport, Miss.	716	3	7		10	5	327	276	501	95
Hackensack, N.J.	1,106	1	1	3	35	23	337	436	323	271

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population*—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Hagerstown, Md.	754	1		3	36	66	357	226	477	68
Haltom City, Tex.						Incomplete				
Hamburg Town, N.Y.	310			1	7	3	102	166	230	31
Hamden, Conn.	1,064			6	12	19	369	525	446	133
Hamtramck, Mich.	1,647	3		12	261	203	353	420	670	305
Harlingen, Tex.	800	1	4	1	3	66	371	291	507	67
Harvey, Ill.	1,624	2		24	186	144	457	484	572	367
Hattiesburg, Miss.	547	3	1	3	9	32	214	232	293	54
Haverhill, Mass.	1,051				18		576	236	179	221
Hazel Park, Mich.						Incomplete				
Hazleton, Pa.	194				5		80	84	75	25
Hempstead, N.Y.	1,864	2	1	9	75	35	485	820	364	438
Highland Park, Ill.	503	1		1	3	8	108	344	266	38
Highland Park, Mich.	3,383	18	1	28	390	226	949	1,132	1,113	631
Hilo, Hawaii	441		3	4	6	11	251	126	378	43
Hobbs, N. Mex.	960	3		2	15	26	355	516	390	43
Hoboken, N.J.	1,582	4	5	2	82	122	716	102	80	584
Holland, Mich.	438		2		5	38	130	224	551	41
Hot Springs, Ark.	716	3		2	34	33	355	248	318	41
Houma, La.	561		1	4	26	57	240	212	152	22
Huntington Park, Calif.	2,086		1	19	202	69	747	521	804	523
Hutchinson, Kans.	515	3	7	8	10	23	280	133	905	38
Idaho Falls, Idaho	989	1		6	12	25	296	575	1,065	74
Inkster, Mich.	2,302	11		37	116	270	1,076	594	645	286
Iowa City, Iowa	803			3	9	10	218	463	559	109
Ithaca, N.Y.	621		2	1	15	30	254	261	442	60
Jackson, Tenn.	1,070	5		17	47	111	402	337	483	151
Jamestown, N.Y.	364	1	1		3	2	159	137	158	62
Janesville, Wis.	561	4	1	4	5	4	168	337	804	30
Jefferson City, Mo.	700			6	7	39	278	310	484	60
Johnson City, Tenn.	806	3		6	18	89	151	195	213	74
Johnstown, Pa.	386	1	2	2	29	21	174	83	176	78
Jonesboro, Ark.	192	1		1	5	2	102	68	143	13
Joplin, Mo.	1,028		4		12	81	335	523	917	77
Kankakee, Ill.	1,201			7	126	166	392	412	423	98
Kannapolis, N.C.	401	4		2	3	97	144	122	221	29
Kearny, N.J.	649	3	3	2	25	10	202	244	183	163
Kent, Ohio	392	1	1	9	1	7	160	130	496	84
Killeen, Tex.	1,389	4	1	12	52	104	427	608	546	162
Kingsport, Tenn.	343	7	2	1	16	41	135	79	358	64
Kingston, N.Y.	448	2	1	1	10	27	144	200	176	64
Kingsville, Tex.	485			1	6	39	160	233	388	46
Kinston, N.C.	529	4		2	17	99	182	161	246	64
Kirkwood, Mo.	451			2	7	12	197	196	396	37
Lackawanna, N.Y.	785			2	48	49	279	192	196	215
Lafayette, Ind.	955	1		3	22	10	311	506	697	102
La Grange, Ga.	230	8		7	1	37	57	94	207	26
La Habra, Calif.	1,156	2	1	7	28	24	442	580	625	73
La Mesa, Calif.	860			6	5	12	314	435	723	88
Lancaster, Ohio	600		2	3	8	61	248	165	377	115
Laurel, Miss.	570	4		2	12	113	221	189	265	29
Lawrence, Kans.	1,319		2	6	16	52	310	829	1,098	106
Leavenworth, Kans.	395	1		2	20	48	82	187	208	55
Lebanon, Pa.	375				2	7	179	142	287	45
Leominster, Mass.	732			2	7	5	383	237	401	198

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Lewiston, Maine	626		1	5	23	47	276	201	654	74
Lexington, Mass	438			3	5	2	200	174	267	45
Linden, N.J	1,061	2	3	2	45	15	438	264	469	285
Livermore, Calif	680			3	6	23	401	209	1,105	47
Livingston, N.J	216				4	1	121	65	96	25
Lockport, N.Y	317	2			4	19	74	131	83	87
Lodi, Calif	476	2	1	5	15	18	149	217	321	70
Lodi, N.J	546		1	2	20	17	153	217	86	137
Lombard, Ill	298				3	15	68	176	218	36
Long Beach, N.Y	1,554	2	1	2	40	74	535	677	640	234
Long Branch, N.J	1,177	3		4	31	35	423	504	438	177
Longview, Wash	437	1		4		1	207	134	970	90
Lynwood, Calif	2,211	5		18	154	82	775	685	615	492
Madison Heights, Mich	806	1		9	22	14	268	353	466	139
Madison Township, N.J	651		3	4	3	12	263	284	193	85
Manchester Township, Conn	864			8	10	45	363	368	371	70
Manhattan Beach, Calif	1,240			4	41	15	612	403	379	165
Manitowoc, Wis	432			1	1	5	240	155	683	24
Mankato, Minn	678			2	8	7	237	359	650	65
Maple Heights, Ohio	662		2		24	19	196	132	480	291
Marietta, Ga	1,118	4	1	11	24	65	399	378	420	237
Marion, Ind	1,083	1	1	2	43	3	354	513	821	167
Marion, Ohio	791	3		13	10	38	249	306	760	90
Marple Township, Pa	327			1	4	1	118	158	282	55
Marshall, Tex	343	5		1	7	18	135	155	186	22
Mason City, Iowa	668		1	2	8	2	286	337	527	53
Massillon, Ohio	677	1	1	5	25	23	205	312	452	106
Maywood, Ill	857	2	2	6	78	71	342	230	205	128
McAllen, Tex	264	1			2		186	44	531	31
McKeesport, Pa	662			6	36	104	255	138	258	123
Medford, Oreg	957	2		5	17	27	405	407	927	94
Melbourne, Fla	412	1			15	26	187	133	759	50
Melrose, Mass	364			3	2	2	170	131	172	56
Menlo Park, Calif	1,049			8	35	77	447	372	485	110
Mentor, Ohio	561			2	3	3	206	288	441	60
Methuen, Mass	695		5	2	12	25	331	146	243	179
Michigan City, Ind	1,208	4	3	2	30	79	359	565	681	169
Middletown, Conn	699	1	3	4	25	33	257	211	200	166
Middletown Township, Pa	626				3	2	283	211	260	127
Midland, Mich	461		1	2	5	5	155	249	906	45
Midwest City, Okla	848	1	1	1	6	82	232	441	522	85
Milford Town, Conn	1,403	2		1	10	23	389	743	717	235
Millcreek Township, Pa	357		2	3	1	11	142	156	317	44
Milton, Mass	314		1		7	4	171	70	56	62
Minnetonka, Minn	419	1			3	2	178	191	147	44
Minot, N. Dak	276				3	10	61	148	339	54
Mishawaka, Ind	661			4	14	25	239	254	780	125
Missoula, Mont	634			7	9	3	184	276	1,164	155
Moline, Ill	1,202	1		6	31	36	535	444	783	149
Monroe, Mich	384			1	13	29	182	125	339	34
Monrovia, Calif	855	3	2	8	62	59	340	255	314	128
Montclair, N.J	1,169	3	4	2	48	10	515	438	280	153
Montebello, Calif	1,452	1	1	9	42	42	540	563	375	255
Monterey, Calif	1,503	1		3	40	42	452	808	641	157
Monterey Park, Calif	1,192	1		5	32	16	458	509	447	171

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities $5,000 to $0,000 in population—Con.										
Moorhead, Minn.	628				2	12	201	372	481	41
Morton Grove, Ill.	541			1	7	17	178	290	322	48
Mount Lebanon Township, Pa.	209	1			1	1	119	52	46	35
Mount Pleasant, N.Y.	215				3		93	107	62	12
Mount Prospect, Ill.	550		3		8	39	93	231	270	79
Muskogee, Okla.	838	6	7	11	25	50	248	350	340	138
Napa, Calif.	961	8			18	43	547	285	873	80
Natchez, Miss.	324	3		4	3	21	146	81	97	66
Natick, Mass.	457			1	3	2	125	222	170	94
Needham, Mass.	481		1		1	1	179	230	297	70
Neptune Township, N.J.	1,033	1		10	54	47	472	323	364	126
New Albany, Ind.	1,144	3		3	50	8	330	498	671	282
Newark, Ohio					Incomplete					
New Brunswick, N.J.	2,787	3	3	9	285	105	1,025	673	904	667
Newburgh, N.Y.	1,440	2		2	75	260	446	430	333	225
New Castle, Pa.	767		4		15	23	311	230	217	188
New Iberia, La.	172	1	1	2	1	15	72	56	389	25
New London, Conn.	1,107	3		10	25	101	434	433	461	101
Newport, Ky.	697	2	1	2	24	28	350	177	413	114
Newport, R.I.	1,613		3		35	87	555	744	792	192
Newport Beach, Calif.	2,755	1		17	24	74	1,129	1,372	1,721	138
Niles, Ill.	603		2		13	43	160	304	263	53
Norristown, Pa.					Incomplete					
Northampton, Mass.	278		2	1	6	5	104	104	110	38
North Bergen Township, N.J.	1,228		2		21	12	377	415	199	403
North Chicago, Ill.	519	1		3	22	42	118	207	214	126
North Huntingdon Township, Pa.	296	1		1	9	6	129	98	125	82
North Las Vegas, Nev.	1,629	1	2	22	81	73	618	573	602	261
North Miami, Fla.	1,439			4	80	49	525	549	529	223
North Miami Beach, Fla.	1,215		1	2	40	52	397	518	513	200
North Olmsted, Ohio	316			2	4	1	101	136	265	72
North Tonawanda, N.Y.	304			1	4	5	148	105	91	41
Norwich, Conn.	1,168	1		10	19	19	611	403	506	105
Norwood, Mass.	510				6	15	142	204	188	143
Norwood, Ohio	612	2	1	3	33	6	163	253	204	152
Novato, Calif.	558	1	1	5	9	39	232	220	631	52
Nutley, N.J.	318			3	3	2	108	153	104	40
Oak Park, Mich.	833		1	4	34	31	262	397	647	105
Oak Ridge, Tenn.	281	2	2	2	1	24	99	122	170	31
Oceanside, Calif.	1,784	5	4	10	83	73	649	707	988	237
Orange, N.J.	1,387	2		7	102	64	426	489	990	297
Orange, Texas	677	1			25	90	327	189	310	45
Orangetown, N.Y.	561	1			1	37	171	206	206	55
Ottumwa, Iowa	350	1	2		5	11	123	133	188	77
Overland, Mo.	870			6	9	7	253	231	331	64
Pacifica, Calif.	1,260	3		5	8	32	745	253	475	204
Paducah, Ky.	741	6	2	1	8	43	216	337	410	120
Pampa, Tex.	422			4		52	186	185	344	25
Panama City, Fla.	618	3			19	105	223	232	577	36
Paramus, N.J.	1,319	1	1	2	17	2	194	881	633	222

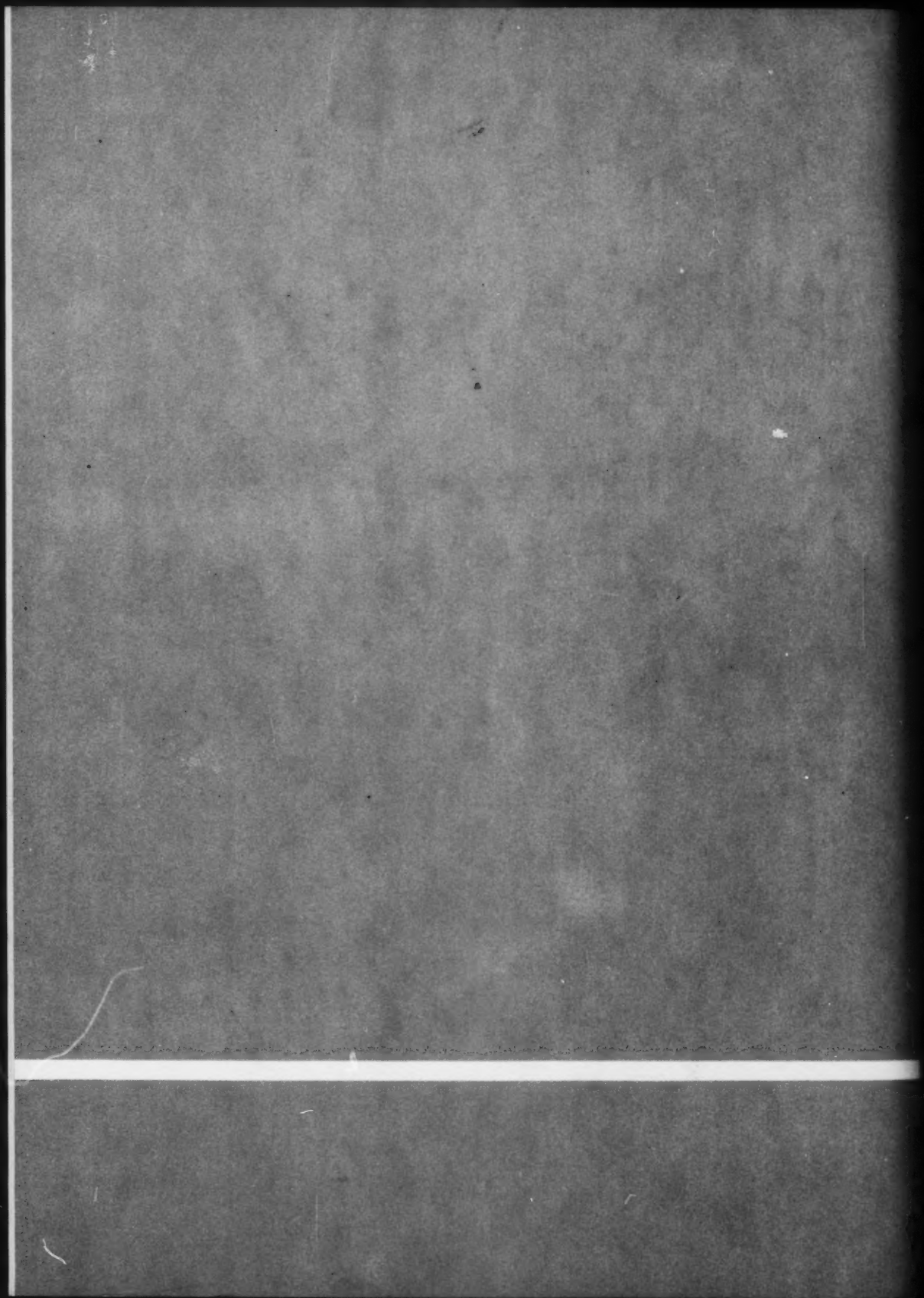
Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Parkersburg, W. Va.						Incomplete				
Park Forest, Ill.	142	1			3	1	41	68	523	28
Park Ridge, Ill.	584			2	10	19	180	311	436	62
Parma Heights, Ohio	434			1	6	20	110	247	238	41
Pascagoula, Miss.	564	1			11	54	210	234	135	54
Peabody, Mass.	920			1	5	8	579	88	63	348
Pekin, Ill.	439	2			9	10	190	175	427	53
Pennsauken, N.J.	1,315	2	8	6	21	20	574	304	318	298
Perth Amboy, N.J.	965	3	1	2	27	51	261	339	230	282
Petersburg, Va.	919	6	2	14	65	113	391	224	880	106
Phenix City, Ala.	415	8	12	5	6	40	133	166	235	57
Piscataway Township, N.J.	642		1		13	26	282	277	220	74
Plainfield, N.J.	2,368	2		7	127	118	1,102	607	951	405
Pleasant Hill, Calif.	1,043			6	11	30	412	471	858	113
Pocatello, Idaho	962		1	6	18	54	255	511	751	118
Pompano Beach, Fla.	1,296	6		11	44	46	597	414	402	180
Ponca City, Okla.	319			2	2	10	144	102	212	30
Portage, Mich.	510		2	6	2	51	201	223	827	27
Port Chester, N.Y.	516	1			67	49	214	72	400	113
Port Huron, Mich.	1,032	2	1	5	80	30	440	378	994	121
Portsmouth, N.H.	800	1		1	8	15	220	220	169	95
Portsmouth, Ohio	1,051	2		3	43	43	431	390	461	139
Pottstown, Pa.	396	1	3	8	17	36	122	157	287	55
Poughkeepsie, N.Y.	1,213	4		2	72	80	535	422	642	80
Prairie Village, Kans.	431			2	2	26	138	245	235	18
Provo, Utah	418			1	1	4	64	270	995	78
Quincy, Ill.	732	1		3	34	13	269	336	121	76
Radnor Township, Pa.	590			3	11	37	147	272	218	120
Rahway, N.J.	663		3	2	41	18	309	145	200	148
Ramapo Town, N.Y.	526			2	11	4	217	208	87	26
Rantoul, Ill.	185			5	3	15	65	66	353	11
Rapid City, S. Dak.	1,278	2	1	2	21	18	501	580	822	134
Redlands, Calif.	1,243	1		9	19	33	517	537	780	127
Revere, Mass.	1,555	2		5	24	44	540	335	194	605
Rialto, Calif.	1,064	1		4	16	13	650	283	544	97
Richardson, Texas	711	1	2	2	10	28	208	321	880	81
Richfield, Minn.	914			3	21	7	319	390	314	174
Richland, Wash.	138			1	1	1	58	69	130	8
Richmond, Ind.	1,196	2			48	49	421	514	726	162
Ridgewood, N.J.	209		1		1	2	142	55	36	9
Ridley Township, Pa.	595			4	12	23	208	214	532	134
Rock Hill, S.C.	859	10	2	7	8	32	403	206	606	133
Rockville Centre, N.Y.	688		1	1	19	2	135	383	172	148
Rocky Mount, N.C.	668	5	3	6	4	100	241	244	383	66
Rome, Ga.	819	7	1	3	16	123	282	296	275	92
Roseville, Minn.	638				13		116	402	535	107
Ross Township, Pa.	641			2	8	28	271	188	204	144
Roswell, N. Mex.	818	5	1		9	29	313	306	417	64
Rotterdam, N.Y.	209			1		1	94	88	163	25
St. Charles, Mo.	386	1		1	9	1	138	171	156	65
St. Cloud, Minn.	804		2	3	4	2	236	434	1,231	135
Salem, Mass.	579	1		2	13	23	320	182	344	29
Salina, Kans.	532			6	7	11	174	287	929	47
San Bruno, Calif.	664	3	7	2	20	11	342	118	386	188
San Carlos, Calif.	627		1	2	8	5	276	255	325	81

Table 58.—Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities 25,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Sandusky, Ohio	607	2		9	18	33	286	181	727	78
San Gabriel, Calif.	845			1	30	19	336	359	328	109
San Luis Obispo, Calif.	468			1	9	9	147	234	116	68
San Rafael, Calif.	1,530		1	7	23	5	438	776	855	281
Santa Cruz, Calif.	1,447			9	33	60	570	609	1,117	166
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	1,323	2	2	15	12	40	637	422	754	195
Santa Maria, Calif.	1,335			5	18	75	590	562	820	86
Santa Rosa, Calif.	1,409	1	1	9	30	12	452	759	1,552	146
Sarasota, Fla.	1,499	5	1	14	65	67	716	487	1,033	145
Sayreville, N.J.	330	1	7	4	5	4	82	162	144	72
Sedalia, Mo.	364			1	13	3	106	199	292	42
Selma, Ala.	735	4	1	7	14	97	400	188	377	25
Shaker Heights, Ohio					Incomplete					
Shaler Township, Pa.	285		3		3	4	123	69	156	86
Shawnee, Okla.	422			3	1	21	154	174	312	69
Sheboygan, Wis.	434		3	3	6	7	161	201	974	58
Sherman, Tex.	250	4		2	8	1	86	128	153	21
South Euclid, Ohio	211	1			3	2	99	62	212	44
Southgate, Mich.	956		4	2	22	32	272	477	569	181
Southington Town, Conn.	309		2		3	10	201	153	175	32
South San Francisco, Calif.	1,459		1	6	27	20	487	619	588	300
Springfield Township, Ohio	322	2	2	4	5	16	140	121	312	34
Springfield Township, Pa.	379				4	10	88	176	258	161
State College, Pa.	439			1	2	31	166	206	362	33
Steubenville, Ohio	687			5	69	12	285	240	437	76
Stillwater, Okla.	344	1			2	9	95	220	261	17
Stratford, Conn.	1,161			1	16	22	387	566	361	169
Sumter, S.C.	463	2		2	12	22	235	131	393	80
Superior, Wis.	968	1		7	18	96	403	264	832	179
Taunton, Mass.	1,310		1	4	9	30	543	204	511	530
Teaneck Township, N.J.	761		3	3	29	19	316	321	364	73
Temple, Tex.	753	4		7	30	52	256	319	449	85
Texarkana, Tex.	935	4		1	13	32	323	497	219	65
Texas City, Tex.	616	3	2	6	20	68	237	222	669	66
Titusville, Fla.	742	2		2	7	34	279	353	412	65
Torrington, Conn.	225		2	2	1	4	87	86	162	45
Trumbull, Conn.	301		2	2	4	12	131	103	313	49
Upland, Calif.	563			6	14	35	241	204	609	68
Upper Arlington, Ohio	308				1	2	142	153	717	10
Urbana, Ill.	520			1	26	23	199	205	354	66
Valdosta, Ga.	557	1	2	6	13	56	153	237	367	91
Vancouver, Wash.	846	2	1	4	9	37	386	330	446	78
Ventura, Calif.	1,918	3		12	26	56	720	903	947	198
Vestal, N.Y.	261	1				3	86	156	134	15
Vicksburg, Miss.	450	3		2	10	11	222	156	130	46
Villa Park, Ill.	201			3	7	8	109	54	149	20
Vineland, N.J.	960	3	7	9	26	38	356	358	378	170
Wakefield, Mass.	348			1	1	15	125	156	154	30
Walla Walla, Wash.	518	1		4	6	28	182	265	718	33
Wallingford, Conn.	684	1	1	7	9	33	292	255	288	87
Walnut Creek, Calif.	967			4	16	19	260	523	858	145
Warminster Township, Pa.	689			5	10	61	292	222	293	99
Warner Robins, Ga.	224				1		25	158	193	40
Watertown, Mass.	756	1	2		20	7	293	268	195	167
Watertown, N.Y.	517			1	4	9	254	216	309	39

Table 58.—*Number of Offenses Known to the Police, 1969, Cities and Towns 25,000 and over in Population—Continued*

City	Total Crime Index	Criminal homicide		Forcible rape	Robbery	Aggravated assault	Burglary—breaking or entering	Larceny—theft		Auto theft
		Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	Manslaughter by negligence					$50 and over	Under $50	
Cities $5,000 to 50,000 in population—Con.										
Waukesha, Wis.	322	1		1	5	3	101	173	441	38
Wausau, Wis.	252				2	12	72	119	650	47
Wayne Township, N.J.	1,023			1	10	5	394	323	401	90
Webster Groves, Mo.	318	2		1	8	13	135	133	328	26
Weirton, W. Va.	477			2	10	25	224	129	148	87
Wellesley, Mass.	376	1		1	4	7	124	185	125	84
Westfield, Mass.	524	1	7		7	5	223	207	208	72
Westfield, N.J.	300		1		5	15	120	134	219	26
West Mifflin, Pa.	272	1	4	3	13	6	110	83	75	56
West New York, N.J.	776	3			6	6	260	227	112	274
West Orange, N.J.	572	1	2	2	18	6	201	270	227	74
Westport, Conn.	1,169			1	8	8	553	490	304	109
West Seneca, N.Y.	613		4	2	15	10	223	279	337	84
West Springfield, Mass.	932	1		2	6	45	308	319	171	251
Wethersfield, Conn.	373	1	1		7	9	171	141	133	44
Wheaton, Ill.	312		2	2	3	30	139	109	402	29
Wheeling, W. Va.	783	3	1	3	37	27	216	410	404	87
Whitehall, Ohio.	673			4	22	8	292	267	516	80
Wilkinsburg, Pa.	630			3	44	54	228	169	171	132
Williamsport, Pa.	723			2	8	20	309	343	629	41
Willingboro Township, N.J.	488			4	3	12	339	49	17	51
Wilmette, Ill.	447		2		2	6	179	220	682	40
Wilmington, N.C.	1,961	11	1	6	92	263	810	592	906	187
Wilson, N.C.	702	4		5	16	152	177	238	646	110
Winona, Minn.	323				4	2	86	158	231	73
Winter Park, Fla.	737	3		8	20	37	239	358	628	72
Woburn, Mass.	569				3		239	189	97	138
Woonsocket, R.I.	703	1			15	2	207	172	126	308
Wyandotte, Mich.	793	2	3	1	20	15	290	290	760	175
Xenia, Ohio.	488				11	25	147	245	594	60
Yakima, Wash.	2,204	2	3	10	77	155	897	892	2,375	171
Yuma, Ariz.	1,511	4	2	5	55	97	502	705	797	143
Zanesville, Ohio.	657	2			18	7	346	171	397	113
Other Areas										
Dade County, Fla.	21,370	64	47	81	1,356	1,640	7,019	7,669	7,804	3,541
Guam	942	1	14	6	26	31	435	294	601	149
Puerto Rico	54,067	191	422	598	1,662	11,766	20,657	11,826	9,406	7,367

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1970 O - 397-633